

The Learner's Pökot – English Dictionary

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With the assistance of
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Table of Contents

Acknowledgements.....	3
Abbreviations used in this Dictionary.....	4
Special Arrangements of this Dictionary.....	5-6
Understanding English and Pöket Grammar, Parts of Speech,	
Nominal forms of the verb.....	7-27
A, a.....	29-35
Ch, ch.....	35-51,
D, d.....	51-52
E, e.....	53
Gh, gh.....	53-56,
I, i.....	56-57
K, k.....	58-93
L, l.....	93-108
M, m.....	109-124
N, n.....	125-138
O, o.....	139-141
P, p.....	141-156
R, r.....	157-165
S, s.....	165-183
T, t.....	184-197
U, u.....	198
W, w.....	198-205
Y, y.....	206-209
Ket - Trees.....	210-214
Sus - Grass.....	215
Appendix.....	216-224
Pokot Circumcision age sets, Pokot calendar.....	225
Miscellaneous	226-229

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Abbreviations used in this Dictionary

adj.	adjective(s).
adj. par.	adjectival participle(s).
adv.	adverb.
conj.	conjunction.
prep.	preposition.
pron.	pronoun.
dem. pron.	demonstrative pronoun.
int. pron.	interrogative pronoun.
pers. pron.	personal pronoun.
poss. pron.	possessive pronoun.
v.	verb(s).
der. v.	derivative verb.
pron. v.	pronominal verb.
recip. v.	reciprocal verb.
rep. v.	verb with repeated root.
stat. v.	stative verb.
pass. form	passive form.
v. form	verbal form.
n. par.	nominal participle.
n.	noun(s).
n. pl.	noun in plural.
pl.	plural.
sg.	singular.
expr.	expression.
interj.	interjection.
cf.	compare.
e.g.	exempli gratia (for example).
n.w.	nko walak (and others, etc.).
Eng.	English (derived from English language).
Kis.	Kiswahili (derived from Swahili language).
Turk.	Turkana (derived from Turkana language).

Special Arrangements of this Dictionary

In order to understand the words of this dictionary the reader must consider, besides the above abbreviations, the meaning of the arrangements followed for each word.

The Pöket alphabet: Consonants in Pöket language are the following: *d, ch, gh, k, l, m, n, ng, ny, p, r, s, t, w, y*. Vowels are the following: *a, e, i, o, u, ï, ö* (ï and ö can be both close or open; but we do not make any written difference).

Pöket language is a tonal language. However, to make matters simple, we have accentuated some words in a special way only when it was very necessary. The vowels supporting special intonation are the following *‘a, ‘e, ‘o, ‘u, ‘i, ‘ö*. The accent shows whether the intonation is high pitch, low pitch, or goes up and down.

Interchangeability of some consonants: In Pöket language some words can change the quality of their consonants. When the new word is commonly used in some sections of Pöket land we give it between (); e.g., *waghak* (*wa-ghagh*), to change.

The most common changes are the following: *ch-k; w-y; gh-k-y*.

Nouns (n.): Original nouns are given in their ‘accusative singular form’. Though there are other forms according to article, possession, number and case (that is the function of that noun in a clause; subject = nominative; object

= accusative), we just give the plural of each noun between (). Plural forms are usually formed by additional suffixes to the singular. We indicate that the syllable is a suffix with the symbol <; e.g., *par(paren)*.

If the syllable is not preceded by that symbol, it means that it takes the place of the last syllable of the singular form of the word; e.g., *lisin/lisi:n/* (*lisii*).

If the plural form of a noun is different from the singular, or the vowel a changes in plural for o, we have given the plural as a separate entry as well; e.g., *chi/tʃi:/*,
(pl.pich); pich n. pl. (see chi).

Adjectives (adj.): Adjectives are written in singular with their plural form between //. Verbs and nouns derived from adjectives appear as different entries; e.g., *karam/kara:m/, karamach/karamatʃ/*; *karamit, köromitu v.*

Verbs (v.): Verbs are presented in their ‘original root’. But if the stem of the continuous tenses of a verb presents changes, we have also entered this stem as a new word, and explained: (see . . . (root)). When the stem of the continuous tenses varies from the root, it is written aside the root after a ‘;’; e.g., *cham, chöm*.

After the enunciation of a verb we give its classification between [], that is whether it is a *ki-* or *ku-*verb, plus its conjugation; e.g., *[1.ki]*.

The meaning of the verb in English is given in infinitive, that is with the word ‘to’. In order to increase the vocabulary of students we have written a good number of words that can be translated for the Pöket one. They are separated by a ‘,’. If the separation is a ‘;’, it

means that the new word is a variation from the previous one.

We have written in the same paragraph all the words derived from that verb. Thus, after the meaning of the word in English, we give in bold type the following derived words:

Nominal participle; e.g., *chamat*, and between // the plural form; e.g., (*chö-* mut) (if the plural differs only in the suffix it is written (<*ut*).

Intransitive noun, which is done with the suffix <*syö*; e.g., *chorsyö/tʃɔrsiɔ:/* (only when the noun has a used plural form we give the plural *chorsyewut /tʃɔrsiewut:/*

What follows is the ‘acting derived subject/word’; e.g., *chömin* lover. And the ‘receiving derived subject/word’; e.g., *chaman* beloved (since the plural form of this word varies only in intonation we prefer not to write it; e.g.,

/cham'an/).

Then we give ‘derived adjectives’; adjectival participle (if the plural varies only in the last syllable we give the suffix; e.g., (<*at*). And ‘able adjective’; e.g., *chömo/tʃɔmo:/*, (<*isyot*) lovable (however, remember that the plural can be done with suffixes: <(is)yot, <*chot*).

We give as many derived words as possible, provided they are used some times in ordinary language.

Finally, we present the ‘prepositional suffixes’ that verb accepts. All of them are the following:

- <*otö*, repetitious action;
- <*sy*, intransitive function of the verb;
- <*u*, on behalf of you/I;
- <*chi*, on behalf of he/she/it/they or referring to place;
- <*egh*, referring to instrument, place, or reason for the action;
- <*o*, referring to instrument, topic, origin from;
- <*u*, <*i*, moving towards the speaker;
- <*t*, moving away from the speaker, doing something for the benefit for someone else;
- <*eghu*, <*eghchi*, (compound prepositional suffixes).

If there are roots that are ‘homonyms’ (pronounced in the same way) we write different entries, and distinguish them as (A), (B), etc.

Notice that our alphabetical order places *i* before *i*, and *ö* before *o*, but immediately after each other; e.g., *pít*, and *pit*. The only exception is with *ki*. Since many of those entries are derived words (written to be of better assistance to the learner), they are placed together at the end of all words starting with *ki*. Compound nouns make the plural of both nouns making a new one: *wawakech/wawaketʃ/, warakechir/waraketʃi:r/*.

When a Pöket word has several very different English meanings, but there is no change in any of its forms, we have numbered the different meanings; e.g., 1, 2, etc.

Understanding English and Pöket Grammar

By Lodow T.

Grammar: Grammar is the science that explains how language works. It describes the components of a language and standard rules for using them.

What we intend to do with this introduction is to help the reader of this dictionary to understand how the grammatical components of the Pöket language operate. And, at the same time, to help Pöket speaking students to gain basic grammatical knowledge based on their own language.

The structure of this introduction is as follows:

- A/ A definition of the meaning of the grammatical term in English.
- B/ How it works in English.
- C/ How it works in Pöket.

Parts of Speech

In grammatical terms ‘speech’ has the following parts: nouns, adjectives, pro- nouns, verbs, adverbs, prepositions, conjunctions, interjections.

Nouns

A/ A noun is a word that names a person, place, thing or idea.

- Person: James; *Pkech*.
- Place: Eldoret; *Kapenkurya*.
- Thing: home; *kaw/kə:u:/*.
- Idea: love; *chomnyogh/tʃomnɔx/*.

Nouns are classified as: proper, common, concrete, abstract, collective, mass.

Proper: Names of specific people (James, *Pkech*), places (Eldoret, *Kapenkurya*), or things (especially in stories). The first letter is always capitalised.

Common: Names of ordinary people (teacher, *konetin/koneti:n/*), places (mountain, *kutinq/kutɪn/*), or things (cow, *tany/tanŋ/*).

Concrete: Names of things that can be seen, touched, heard, smelled, tasted (food, *omisyö*; house, *kö/kɔ:/*; song, *tum/tu:m/*).

Abstract: Names of things that are only known through reasoning (*kinanat/kinanat/*) (love, *chomnyogh/tʃomnɔx/*; beauty, *pīchighyö/pitʃixɔ:/*).

Collective: Names of groups in general (committee, *kokwö/kokwɔ:/*; family, *kaw/kaw/*, *tii-lyay/tri:pai/*). Pöket language has few collective nouns, therefore uses ‘people

of' -*pipö/pipɔ/*, and 'things of' -*tiku/tıku/*; e.g., domestic -*tiku kaw/tiku kau/*, Kenyans -*pipö/pipɔ/* Kenya.

Mass: Names of uncountable things (water, *pögh*; sand, *nyıngutyan*; milk, *chö*).

Nouns change form to show number. There are two forms: singular and plural. In Pöket they also change according to the article, possession and the syntactical function of the noun (i.e., whether the noun is subject or object of the clause).

Article

B/ In English these short words are: the; a, an (a book, the chair, the roads, an antelope). 'The' is called definite article, 'a, an' are called indefinite articles. They always go preceding the noun. 'A, an' are used only in singular and with countable nouns. 'The' can be used with any noun in singular or plural. Plural countable nouns can go without 'the', but singular countable nouns cannot.

C/ In Pöket there is no individual word that can be called article. However, any given word is understood to be with an indefinite article; e.g., *müryan* means 'a rat'; *kingörokin* means 'an assistant'.

If this noun needs to be defined or concretised, then the noun is put into its definite article form. This form consists in the addition of a 'suffix' (a syllable after the original word). This suffix can be: <e, <te, <ye; <u; <tö, <kö (only for plural). The proper suffix is determined phonetically. This article is used only when both the speaker and the listener know the object the speaker refers to. Otherwise the speaker would use other kind of determiners: demonstrative or possessive adjectives. (We only present the article form of the noun in the English Pöket Dictionary after the word in form of suffix).

Possessive Form of the Noun or Genitive

B/ When an object belongs to a concrete noun, English can use two forms: one with the preposition 'of'; the other with the addition after the noun of "s" in singular, or -s' in plural; e.g., the cow of my mother, my mother's cow; the kids of the goats, the goats' kids. The genitive can also be used without a noun after it; e.g.: Whose is that? Chepar's.

C/ In Pöket the preposition equivalent to the 'of' is *pö*. However unlike English it cannot be used to substitute the genitive form of the noun, unless this form is missing (*). So the learner of Pöket needs to learn the genitive form of the nouns. This form is a suffix added to the noun. Those suffixes can be: <o, <to, <yo, <a, <ta, <ya; <i; <u. Like for the article phonetics rule what kind of suffix to use.

omisyö, omisyo; konetin, konetinto; aran, arta: chorii, chori; piikan, pikantis-po; aryon, aryonto; takar, takarya; kreswö, kreswo; runki, runku; ngöt, ngöt-pö*; ngotwö, ngotwo; pany, panya.*

Besides the suffixes, some nouns have a different word as their genitive; e.g., *kaw, kaa; ngaror, nepö; chi, chito; pich, pipö; kigh, kipo; tikun, tiku*.

If the learner finds it hard to know the genitive form of nouns he/she can make use of the relative pronouns: *nyo pö* (for singular), or *cho pö* (for plural); e.g.,

nepö paponyan, ngaror cho pö paponyan (my father's goats); *konet-* *into sïkul, konetin* *nyo pö sïkul* (a school teacher).

In answering a question there is no need to use the genitive form for the noun, the preposition *pö* plus the possessor is enough; e.g., *Pö ngo kukiÿ? Pö Pkech* (Whose is the dog? It's Pkech's).

Derived Nouns

B/ English can make nouns derived from other nouns with the addition of suffixes like: *-ty, -hood, -ship, -tion, -dom, -tude*; e.g., humanity, boyhood, friendship, freedom, action, solitude.

C/ Pököt makes nouns derived from other nouns adding suffixes like: *<n(t)ön, <n(t)an*. Most of these nouns are abstract nouns; e.g., *moniñgnön, sölwöntön/sölwäntön/, tilyantan/tiljantan/, pöropnan/päröppnan/*

Plural

B/ In English the plural is done adding *-s* to the singular form. If the word ends in *-ch, -s, -sh, -x, or -z* the addition is *-es*. Also: potato, potatoes; hero, heroes; tomato, tomatoes.

Nouns ending in *-f, -fe* change it for *-ves*; e.g., wife, wives; life, lives; leaf, leaves. But not all of them; e.g., belief, beliefs.

C/ In Pököt the plural of the noun is done in many ways (in this dictionary the plural form is placed between '//'):

1. Adding one of the following suffixes to the singular form *<en; <on; <(t)in; <(t)in; <is; <os; <ot; <ay; <oy (<öy)*:

Par /par/, paren /paren/; söt /sät/, söton/säton/; kokwö /kokwə/, kokwon /kokwən/; mu/mu:/, mutin/mutin/; wuw/wuw/, wudin /wudin/; taa/ta:/, taatin /ta:tin/; pöröy/päroi/, pöröyis/päräis/; lik /lik/, likos liko; pürim, pürimpot; renkar, renkeray; ghat, ghatoy; sikiiryö, sikiiröy.

2. Dropping the last syllable of the singular in words ending in: *-yan* (*-yon*); *-wö*; *-on* (sometimes the vowels of the word also change):

müryan /mirjan/, mîr /mir/; seröwon/serəwon/, seröw/serəw/; sekeyon /sekejon/, sekey/sekei/; kreswö/kreswə/, kres/kres/; köghökwö/kayäkwa/, kaghak/kayak/.

3. Changing the last syllable of the singular form, as is the case of words ending in: *-in* for *ii*; *-at, -öt* for *-ut*; *-yö* for *ewut*; *-ï* for *-un*:

lisii/lisi/, lisin/lisi/; kinetat/kinetat, kinetut/kinetut/; tipöt/tipat/, tiput/tiput/; omisyö/omisjo/, omisyewut/omisjewut/; sö- mew/sa.mew/, sömewut/sämewut/; pkireri/pkireri/, pkirerun/pkirerun/.

4. Changing the vowels of the word:
peny, pany; asis, osis; makal, mökol.

Or changing the intonation:

k'et/ket/, ket; t'echan/tetʃan/, teka/teka/; kin'etan/kinetin/, kineta'n/kinetin/.

5. Changing the word altogether:

Aran/arán/, ngaror/ŋaror/; tany/tan/, tich/titʃ/; chi/tʃi/, pich/pitʃ/; okin/oki:n/, akwa/akwa/; kaw/kaw/, keston/keston/.

6. ‘Mass nouns’ do not have plural:

pögh, chö.

Nouns used as Adjectives

B/ It is common in English to use nouns as adjectives just by putting them before other nouns. Used in this way it is like using ‘of’; e.g., school teacher, house door, bicycle wheel, football ball.

C/ In Pöket there are words that seem to be adjectives, but they are nouns; e.g., *meywon/meiwon/, sikon/síkon/, sölwö*. They can be used as adjectives by placing them after the noun with *nyole* (sg.); *chole* (pl.); e.g., *chi nyole meywón; möning chole sölwöy*.

The English construction mentioned in ‘B’, in Pöket goes with the noun in ‘genitive’; e.g., *konetinto síkul, kuka kö, körope pö paskil*.

Adjectives

A/ Adjectives are words that modify nouns, pronouns, and phrases by describing them or modifying them; e.g., good, *karam*; kind, *talas*; green, *nyaril*. Descriptive adjectives give qualities of the noun or pronoun they go with. Limiting adjectives determine the situation of that same noun or pronoun.

Position of adjectives

B/ In English any adjective precedes the noun or pronoun it describes or limits; e.g., beautiful girl; big house; this book; her dress; the first student.

C/ In Pöket descriptive adjectives usually follow the noun, but are preceded by the word *nyo* (sg.), *cho* (pl.); e.g., *chi nyo karam; pich cho koghöch; cheptö nyo püchigh; kö nyo wow*. If the adjective precedes the noun means that the quality of the adjective belongs to the noun always; e.g., *karam omisyö; owesöch mürön*.

Limiting adjectives in Pöket language appear in the form of ‘suffixes’ attached to the noun; e.g., *rötwenyan* (my knife); *kamasunara* (that mountain); *ngötwechan* (my spears). These suffixes are added to the ‘article form of the noun’; e.g., *rötwe* (the knife); *kamasu* (the mountain); *ngötwe* (the spears).

Plural of adjectives:

B/ In English adjectives do not have a plural form, but the noun in plural shows the number of the adjective as well; e.g., my book (sg.), my books (pl.); bad student, bad students; spoiled fruits (past participle); drinkable/drinking water.

C/ In Pöket descriptive adjectives have two main ways to make the plural.

1. Adding *ach*, *öch* to the singular form; e.g., *karam* (sg.), *karamach* (pl.); *nyaril*, *nyörilöch*; *wow*, *wowöch* (or *echönöch*). Most adjectives describing physical condition follow this way.
2. Adding *-e* to the singular form; e.g., *talen* (sg.), *tölene* (plural); *talas*, *tölose*; *payas* *payose*. Most adjectives describing a non-physical condition follow this pattern.

Adjectives derived from verbs have two extra ways to make the plural.

1. Adjectival participles (in English they are called ‘past participles’) in plural end in *-’ot*, *-ote*. If the singular was finishing in *-t* all *a*’s change into *ö*’s; e.g., *ngaracha’t* (sg.), *ngöröcho’t* (pl.); *chipo’t*, *chipote*.
2. Adjectives ending in ‘-able’ are translated into Pöket with the ending *-o* (sg.), and *-(is)yot* (pl.); e.g., *gheghisyot* (drinkable); *muko*, *mukisyot* (possible); *longo*, *longisyot*.

Classification of limiting adjectives:

B/ We can classify them in the same way for English and Pöket.

- Demonstrative: *this* (sg.), *these* (pl.), *that* (sg.), *those* (pl.).
- Possessive: *my*, *your*, *his*, *hers*, *our*, *your* (pl.), *their*, *its*, *one’s*.
- Relative: *what*, *which*, *whose*, *whatever*, *whichever*, *whosoever*.
- Interrogative: *What?* *Which?* *Whose?*
- Indefinite: *any*, *each*, *other*, *some*, *other*, *(another)*, *few*, *a lot*, *enough*, *many*.
- Numerical: *one*, *two*, *etc.*; *first*, *second*, *etc.*

C/ In Pöket language we need to give the suffixes that are attached to the nouns for the demonstrative and possessive adjectives (we present just the main adjectives).

Pronouns

A/ A pronoun is a word that takes the place of a noun. The word (or words) a pronoun replaces is called antecedent. The antecedent and the pronoun must agree in number (in English also in gender, it is incorrect to say, *she* (*Cepar*) took his books; one has to say, *she* took her books).

When a particular pronoun has a plural form, this becomes a different word (it is not done adding *-s*).

B/ Pronouns in English are classified as:

- Personal: I, you, he/she/it (sg.); we, you, they (pl.) (as subject of a clause); me, him/her (sg.); us, them (pl.) (as object of a clause); e.g., give me; give us.
- Possessive: mine, yours, his/hers/its (sg.); ours, yours (pl.), theirs.
- Reflexive, Intensive: myself, yourself, his/her/itself (sg.); ourselves, your- selves, themselves.
- Reciprocal: each other, one another.
- Demonstrative: this, that (sg.); these, those (pl.).
- Relative: who, that, what, which, whoever, whatever, whichever, where, when, wherever, whenever, whom.
- Interrogative: who? whose? what? which?
- Indefinite: all, any, anyone, anybody, some, someone, somebody, everyone, everything, each, other (another).

C/ We can follow the same classification of English; but notice that there is no gender in Pöket pronouns:

- **Personal:** ani, nyi, nyinte (sg.); acha, akwa, chane (pl.) . . . plus suffixes added to the verb, as in the same way as when the pronoun is the object of a clause: -ante, -o, -nyi, -cha, -kwa; e.g., konante; konecha; okoninyi.
 - **Possessive:** nyinyan, nyengu, nyenyi, nyincha, nyinkwa (sg.); chichan, cheku, chechi, chicha, chikwa (pl.).
 - **Reflexive, Intensive:** ante, ante kegh, nyi kegh, nyinte kegh (sg.); achane, akwane, chane kegh (pl.).
 - **Reciprocal:** kegh; e.g., ochomyenö kegh.
 - **Demonstrative:** nyï, nyara, nyona, nyinö (sg.); chiï, chara, chona, chi- nö (pl.); and the locatives: wölete, wöli, wölara, wölinö, tonete, toninö, n.w.
 - **Relative:** nyo (sg.); cho (pl.).
- And the attributive relatives: nyole (sg.); chole (pl.); wölole; atole (see Structure of the Sentence, p. xxxii).
- **Interrogative:** ngo? pö ngö? ne? nyono? (sg.), chono? (pl.), onö?, oyï?
 - **Indefinite:** lapay, löwir, tïkwil, anka tïkwil, kitïkon, anka (sg.), walak (pl.), onkit (sg.), opïn (pl.), kareran.

(The following adjectives need to follow the noun; without noun they are pro- nouns).

- Relative: nyo(le) (sg.); cho(le) (pl.).
- Interrogative: nyono? (sg.); chono? (pl.), ne?
- Indefinite: kitïkon, lapay, löwir, anka, walak, tïkwil, anka tïkwil, ngorï, chang.
- Numerical: akonga, odeny (n.w.). Nyo pö tagh, nyo pö odeny, (n.w.).

Verbs

A/ A verb is a word that expresses action, occurrence, or state of being; e.g., I am happy, I run, you are working, it rained.

B/ In English we can differentiate between:

- Linking verbs which connect a subject to an object, its main representative is the verb 'to be' (but there are others as well).

- Auxiliary verbs are verbal forms from ‘to be, do, have, can, may, will, shall, might, must, ought’ that combine with other main verbs to make verbal phrases (or verbal forms). The main verb goes in ‘infinitive’; e.g., She must go (not she must goes), I ought to be here (not I ought am here), they can come. There are, finally:
- Ordinary verbs, which are all the others.

C/ In Pöket we must be aware of the existence of an original root of the verb, and that from now onwards we will call the verb by such original root.

We can classify Pöket verbs in the same way as in English:

- Linking verbal forms: ochan, ichinyi, kï, kïchicha, ochikwa, kï (‘to be’).
- Auxiliary verbs: nya, kanya; roko; mïchini; much; cham; mach; lentöy. With the exception of lentöy all the other ones rule the main verb in ‘subjunctive’ (like in Kiswahili).
- Ordinary verbs: nyal, nyorï, cheng, mwagh, etc.

Verbal forms

A/ A verb usually changes form by adding suffixes (at the end) of the root, or prefixes at the beginning.

Thanks to its many forms a verb conveys a lot of information like:

- **Meaning:** It is given by the ‘root’ of the verb (also called ‘stem’).
- **Person:** It explains who or what acts or experiences the action of the verb. There are three persons: 1st (the one speaking), 2nd (the one being spoken to), 3rd (the thing or person spoken about).
- **Number:** It specifies how many people or things perform or experience the action of the verb: one (singular), many (plural).
- **Tense:** When an action occurs: past, present or future.
- **Mood:** The attitude of the writer or speaker regarding the action: indicative, subjunctive, imperative, potential (and Pöket adds ‘permanent’).
- **Voice:** It shows whether the subject acts (active), or receives the action of the verb (passive).

Meaning

B/ In English the meaning is given by the word that actually constitutes the verb; e.g., eat, drink, climb, be, ate, etc. Only in the ‘3rd person present continuous’ of all verbs we can differentiate between the stem, the verb and its suffix -s; e.g., climbs, eats, drinks. We see suffixes also in the ‘past tenses of regular verbs’: -ed (irregular verbs change the stem even for these past tenses); e.g., climbed, danced, (ate, drunk).

C/ Pöket language uses many suffixes and prefixes plus ‘infixes’, that is syllables that are added between the stem and personal suffixes.

In Pöket many verbs change the stem according to the way the action is done: continuously, or simply; e.g., inyölenyi (you are dancing), kenyalanyi (you danced). Because of that we distinguish between: stem, the central section of the verbal form which carries the meaning; and root, the original stem of the verb, which is found in its ‘simple way tenses’ (Dictionaries use this ‘root’ to give the meaning of the verb, and might enter the

'continuous stem' as a different word, though referring the reader to the 'root-word' for its full meaning).

Verbs in Pöket language change their forms according to some fixed patterns that are called conjugations (English does not have them, but Roman languages like French, Spanish, Italian, etc. do). There are three main conjugations, which are numbered [1], [2], and [3]; though [3] presents nine additional variations depending on infixes like: <sy, <t, <o, <egh, <ii, <it(u), <otö, <u, <chii. Most of the verbs of conjugation [3] are derived from other verbs from [1] or [2]; e.g., net, onetan (I teach). The infixes convey a prepositional meaning.

Verbs of conjugation [2] never change the vowel of the root. Thus it remains that only verbs from conjugation [1] with an a in the root change this vowel into o or ö in the stem of the continuous way. The same happens to verbs of the conjugation [3] derived from verbs belonging to [1]; e.g.,

Kenyaranyi tïkwïn lapay (You spoiled everything).

Inyorennyi tïkwïn lapay (You are spoiling everything).

Inyorennyi tïkwïn likip (You are spoiling things with the rod).

Tomönye inyarennyi tïkwïn likïngu (You have not spoiled things with your rod yet).

Apart from the changes caused by conjugations, Pöket verbs have another characteristic that conditions their changes: type. Again English does not has it. However, Indo-European languages classify their verbs in transitive and intransitive.

With a transitive verb the action falls onto a direct object; e.g., I teach you English. With an intransitive verb there is no direct object; e.g., I teach in the class room.

Most verbs can be both transitive and intransitive; but few can be either/or (dictionaries write tr. or intr.). This difference is important for some verbs like:

Intransitive	Transitive
sit sat sat	set set set (or seat)
rise rose risen	lie lay lain raise raised raised

Pöket language makes verbs from adjectives and nouns as well by adding suffixes like it, itu to the singular and plural of the adjectives; e.g., karam/karamach /karamit, köromitu/karamachitu, köromöchitu.

There are two types of verbs: ki- and ku- (thus in your dictionaries you find [1.ki], [3.ku], etc. the number shows the conjugation, the syllable the type). These two types of verbs present the following distinct peculiarities:

- Ki-verbs: The personal prefix of the 3rd person in 'simple way and sub-junctive' is ki.
- The personal prefix for the 1st person plural continuous way is ki.
- The negative of the verb is done with the prefix mö.
- Nouns derived from verbs do not have the prefix ki; e.g., nömin, naman, namat.
- Ku-verbs: The personal prefix of the 3rd person in 'simple way and sub-junctive' is ku.

- The personal prefix of the 1st person plural continuous way is kï.
- The negative of the verb is done with the prefix me.

Nouns derived from verbs do have the prefix ki; e.g., kinetin, kinetan, kinetat.

Person and number

B/ In English verbs do not change much according to the person, only the 3rd person singular in present continuous changes by adding -s or -es; e.g., he loves, it wants, she studies. Therefore the only way to distinguish the person of the verbal form is the ‘personal pronoun’ which must always precede the verb; e.g., we wanted, you went, they go, he reads.

C/ In Pöket each person (three) can modify the verb with ‘prefixes and suffixes’, both in singular and plural. The ordinary prefixes and suffixes for continuous way are the following.

Singular	Plural
1st o-...-an	kï/ki-...-cha.
2nd i-...-nyi	o-...-kwa.
3rd -öy	-öy.

And for simple way and subjunctive:

1st a/o-...-an/ön	ke-...-cha.
2nd i-...-nyi	a/o-...-kwa.
3rd kï/ku-	kï/ku-.

(/ means that verbs can use one or the other, the alternative depends on whether the verb belongs to the 1st or 2nd conjugation).

Tenses

B/ English has three main tenses: present, past and future.

1. Present: is done with the stem of the verb. It describes what is happening at the moment.
2. Past: is done adding the suffix ‘-ed’; e.g., danced, jumped. However, English has many irregular verbs that make the past in their own particular way; e.g., ate, caught, built, drew. The student must learn them all. It speaks of an action completed, or a condition ended.
3. Future: is done putting the auxiliary verbs will or shall before the main verbal form; e.g., I will study, it shall happen, you will see. It indicates action yet to be taken, or a condition not yet experienced.

In addition to those which are called simple tenses, English has three other perfect tenses, which describe actions or happenings that have been completed, or will be completed. All of them are formed with the auxiliary verb ‘to have’, plus the Person and number

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And for simple way and subjunctive:

1st a/o-... -an/ön	ke-... -cha.
2nd i-... -nyi	a/o-... -kwa.
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1. Present perfect: shows that the action begun in the past continues into the present; e.g., Pkiror has milked the cow.
2. Past perfect: indicates that an action was completed before another took place; e.g., I had studied when you came.
3. Future perfect: tells of an action that will be completed before something else happens; e.g., The cows will have died before the rains arrive.

C/ Pöket language has two main tenses: present and past, but there are two past tenses: recent past and distant past. Future in Pöket is made by using the present continuous tense of the verb and adding asiyech (tomorrow), or the specific time when the action will occur. The verbal forms of the examples are written in full, but keep in mind that Pöket speakers prefer to cut them short.

1. Present: e.g., Onetan kegh ngala Pöket, kitöngecha kadongot. (continuous way). Tomönye kipa chane, kitomö anetan (simple way).
2. Future: e.g., Onetan kegh asiyech (I will learn tomorrow sometimes in the future).

3. Recent past: is done with the prefixes 'ka/kö', which contract with personal prefixes. It refers to events that happened not before yesterday; e.g., Kenetenyi kegh osis. Koporchniekwa to kaw (continuous way). Kenetanyi monïng. Kopor-chikwa to kaw, kakichamacha (simple way).
4. Distant past: is formed with the prefix ki, which contracts with personal prefixes; and if it does not, it is written ky. It refers to any action or state that occurred before yesterday; e.g., kiroponöy osiswechay osis, kyosomonönan ato kengwïnanyi (continuous way). Kiropannyoman kö-nyinay, kilanganyiketchochang (simple way).

Like English Pöket also has 'perfect tenses', though they are not very much used, except the 'perfect past'.

1. Perfect past: is done with ka, kö which contract with personal prefixes (though it is similar to the 'recent past' the intonation is different; e.g., K`omunyön tany (I have beaten the cow). K`akenetacha monïng (We have taught the children)).
2. Recent pluperfect: is formed adding the prefix kö- to the 'perfect past'; e.g., Kokakunkit ato kimwoghchinyi (she had already known when you told her).
3. Distant pluperfect: is done adding the prefix ki- to the 'perfect past'; e.g., Kikike-chamacha lö kipetechä sikul (We had agreed that we shall go to school).

Mood

B/ In English there are three main moods:

1. Indicative mood: used for statements about reality; e.g., The house fell down. Chemïning is going home. We will play.
2. Imperative mood: used to convey an order in direct speech. Therefore there are two persons only; e.g., Send them out (you). Let us go (we)
3. —though this is not a strong order.
- 4.

Subjunctive mood: it expresses conditions, wishes, recommendations, indirect requests, and speculations (it is not used frequently in English). The present subjunctive uses the simple form of the verb for all persons (thus the 3rd person never adds -s); e.g., The elders ask that he come (not comes) (more common 'the elders ask him to come). Come what may.

The subjunctive of the verb 'to be' is 'were'; e.g., I wish I were a student (not was): And of the verb 'to have' 'had'; e.g., I wish that I had a car.

It is used for conjectures introduced by 'if, unless, as if, as though'; e.g., It looks as if it were broken. Unless she plays I will not go.

'Would' is an auxiliary verb that demands subjunctive; e.g., If you had called us, we would have heard your voice. It would rain if there were clouds.

C/ In Pöket there are five moods:

1. Indicative mood: as found in English; all the examples mentioned up to now are in this mood.
2. Subjunctive mood: used as in English, but in Pöket it creates different verbal forms, both in ‘simple and continuous ways’. Its most common use is with auxiliary verbs like: mi, mito, cham, mach, much; e.g., imitenyi inetöy, kechamanyi ingwün, omöchekwa onete kegh.

The persons of the ‘simple way’ do not have suffixes. While the suffixes for the ‘continuous ways’ can be both e and öy.

Simple way	Continuous way
a/o-	a/o-... -öy/e
i-	i-... -öy/e
kü/ku-	kü/ku-... -öy
ke-	ke-... -öy/e
a/o-	a/o-... -öy/e
kü/ku-	kü/ku-... -öy/e

English sentences like ‘I like to eat meat’ are translated in subjunctive; e.g., Ochöman omöy peny/otʃöman omɔj pen/S.

3. Imperative mood: done in Pöket by adding personal suffixes and imperative prefixes to the root of the verb (see the examples):
4. Potential mood: done in Pöket by adding the prefix tö- which contracts with the personal prefixes of the verb. It shows that the action or state mentioned by the verb is only possible but not real. In English the tenses of this mood are translated with would. It has all the three tenses and two ways of Pöket verbs. Keep in mind that the particle tö- is always close to the personal prefixes; e.g., torurön (I would advice – present simple), kötoruran (recent past simple), kitorurön (distant past simple); terurenyi (present continuous), köterurenyi (recent past continuous), kiterurenyi (distant past continuous).
5. Permanent mood: done again by adding the prefix tö-, but only with continuous tenses. It means that the action is/was ‘still being done’ when something else happened; e.g., Tenetenyi ngala pöket? (Are you still teaching Pöket language?). Kötomitenekwa kö otini kiropönöy (You were still in the house when it rained). Kitokesoghecha otinö kitu nyinte (We were still praying when he arrived).

Though these forms are similar to the continuous tenses of the ‘potential mood’ the intonation is different (a Pöket learner is advised to use the continuous tense for permanent mood, and simple tenses for potential or ‘would’).

Voice

Voice shows whether a subject performs or receives the action mentioned by the verb. Both English and Pöket languages have two voices: active and passive. Active is when the subject performs the action (all the examples up to now are in this form); passive when the subject receives the action of the verb.

English uses passive voice much more than Pökot, which prefers to use pronominal forms.

B/ In English Passive voice is made with the auxiliary verb ‘to be’ plus the main verb in ‘past participle’. If the agent of the action is mentioned, it is preceded by the preposition ‘by’; e.g., They were beaten by the teacher. The cows have been vaccinated (perfect past of ‘to be’). She is exalted by all her companions. I am called Pkech.

Do not confuse these forms with ‘attributive sentences’; e.g., She is educated (‘educated’ functions as an adjective, not as a verb); she is being educated (passive voice).

Passive forms can be changed into active forms; e.g., The teacher is beating them. They call me Pkech.

C/ Pökot makes the Passive voice with the addition of prefixes ke, kï, or ki (for ku-verbs); plus the pronominal form of the personal pronouns:

1st -anïn (sg.) -cha (pl.)

2nd -inyi (sg). -kwa (pl.) 3rd

E.g., kïkurenanïn Chepkiyach (I am called Chepkiyach). Tomanye kurosecha chepsakityan (We have not been looked by the doctor). Kakinetinyi omotu (You were taught it yesterday).

Passive verbal forms do not have personal prefixes, the pronominal prefix shows the ‘receiving subject’.

Do not confuse passive forms with ‘pronominal forms’, which do not have passive prefixes; e.g., Kurenaniñ pich Chepkiyach (People call me Chepkiyach) (pronominal). Koninyi yoo omisyö (Mother gives you food).

Way

B/ All tenses in English present two forms (in Pökot they are called ‘ways’): simple and continuous, or progressive.

1. The progressive form uses the ‘present participle’ (see nominal forms of the verb, p. xxix), which is done with the suffix -ing, preceded by the various forms of ‘to be’, and other auxiliary verbs; e.g., mother is cooking (present); We were studying (past). I will be working (future). You have been sleeping (present perfect). They had been running (past perfect). He shall be have been waiting there by the time you arrive (future perfect).
2. For simple forms see the paragraph on ‘tenses’ (p. xix).

C/ Pökot verbs have two ways to make the progressive (continuous) way.

1. With the auxiliary verb mi, mito preceding the main verb in subjunctive mood; e.g., omitan ochilöy omisyö; kikimitecha kesomönöy (short form: kimitecha).
2. With forms of their own for all the tenses. These forms are done with the continuous way stem, continuous way joining vowel e- -en-, plus the corresponding tense prefixes (see p. xvii).

1st conjugation: Any ‘a’ in the root of the verb (given in the simple way) changes into ö or o. The joining vowel is e-; e.g., osomönan (-e- has contracted with -an).

2nd conjugation: The root of verbs never changes; e.g., ikurenyi, orurekwa.

3rd conjugation: All `a’s found in the root of the verb change into o or ö. The joining vowel is aided with the addition of an n becoming ene-, or becomes u, i, e if the root ended in -i (u), i, ö; e.g.,

ipörchinenyi (from pörchii); oyokunan (from yokii); kipöryenecha (from pöryö); omtenan (from omto, e contracts with a).

All tenses possess this way, but many of them are rarely used; e.g.,

Chilöy yoo pante – Mother is cooking (present). Kakisomönecha (recent past). Kikisomönecha – We were studying (distant past). Oghan kasii asiyech – I will be working (future). Keriwenyi – You have been sleeping (perfect past). Kokiryeghöy – They had been running (recent pluperfect). Kikikeyontenecha (distant pluperfect).

In Pöket verbs have a distinct construction for the simple way, which is done based on the ‘root of the verb’. It has all the tenses, and it shows that the action was done and completed. The present simple is used only with subordinate clauses, and auxiliary verbs; e.g.,

tömöye owan, kötömö ingwiniyani, omitekwa osusöy nyoman.

The 1st and 2nd conjugation use the joining vowel -a-, -ö respectively; e.g., ikurönyi, kachaman (contraction with -an), kakechilöcha, kyachamakwa.

The 3rd conjugation uses the same joining vowels without the -n- of its continuous way; e.g., katarochan (contraction i+an), keyontenyi, kengetunyi, kopete-kwa.

Adverbs

A/ Adverbs are words that modify verbs, adjectives, adverbs, and entire sentences by describing or limiting.

B/ In English most of them are formed by adding -ly to adjectives: badly, loudly, normally, happily. However, there are adjectives ending in -ly which are not adverbs: lovely, brotherly.

In English they can be placed: before the verb, or as part of it; at the end of a clause; at the beginning of a clause. Nevertheless not all adverbs can go in all those three positions. Other adverbs: sometimes, here, there, down, up, never, often, ever, yesterday, today, tomorrow, least, more or less, perhaps, so, too, well, yes, no.

Besides the above mentioned adverbs, there are many others which often show logical connections between clauses.

- Of action: again, well, always, only, even, outside, towards, besides, also, moreover, furthermore.
- Of contrast: however, still, nonetheless, nevertheless, instead.
- Of time: once, next, meanwhile, always, then, first, finally.
- Of emphasis: indeed, certainly.
- Of comparison: similarly, likewise, as, like.

C/ In Pöket adverbs are always placed after the word they modify (verb, adjective); and before the sentence they modify.

Kimpur nyinte nyo kogh ompö kaw; kängat tömanyé älíman lökoyo Lokeno kängeta otini kiperta korkenyi.

There are two kind of adverbs:

1. Original adverbs:

- nyoman, nyu, kile, kitenö, tenö, tikte, onö? oyï?, owöy, ewo,
- and many adverbs with lö or la, which demand particular verbs; rel la-kaa; kighütö lö-chip; kituwit lö-yuk; kicheng tïkwïn la-chak (see dictionary).

2. Derived adverbs:

- Those formed with nyo plus adjective, which actually are adjectives modifying the verb; e.g.,
nyo karam, nyo kogh, nyo tagh.
- Those formed with the preposition ompö and adjective; e.g.,
ompö kiteghat, ompö onyinyö, ompö körömnyö, ompö ngö- rekyö.
- Those which are verbal forms:
ngat, kängat, kinyil, kïtil, kilim, karakegh, kinomnyö, ki- nyam, karik.

Prepositions

A/ A Preposition is a word placed in front of nouns or phrases to show the relation between them.

B/ English has many prepositions, and some of them change the meaning of the verb they follow. However, with nouns and pronouns they always go before them.

Common English prepositions: about, above, according to, across, after, against, along, along with, among, apart from, around, as, as for, at, because of, before, behind, below, beneath, beside, between, beyond, but, by, by means of, concerning, despite, down, during, except, except for, excepting, for, from, in, in addition to, in back of, in case of, in front of, in place of, inside, in spite of, instead of, into, like, near, next, of, off, on, onto, on top of, out, out of, outside. over, past, regarding, round, since, through, throughout, till, to, toward, under, underneath, unlike, until, up, upon, upto, with, within, without.

C/ In Pöket prepositions are few, and one of them can be used to translate many of the English ones. We distinguish three kind of prepositions:

1. Original prepositions: kamas, karakegh, kwen, kwenuyo, lata, lekit, lekitö, lenye,

low, nko, ompöö, ompöwölo, ori, orito, pö, paraku, puryö, sany, to, tömö, kitömö, tömanyé, wölo, yona (these days also mpaka (Kis.)).

2. Derived from verbs: kiwer, kïngata, köröy kegh, kuyegh, kwitu, lelöy kegh.
3. Verbal infixes: <n, from, about (coming from, talking about); <egh, <o, with (doing with); <t, instead of, for (doing instead of, for); <t, away from (moving away from); <i, towards (moving towards); <u, <chii for someone (doing for someone).

Conjunctions

A/ A conjunction connects words, phrases, or clauses. Both in English and Pöket languages they introduce a clause. They are classified according to their use as follows:

- Coordinating conjunctions:

B/ and, but, for, or, nor, so, yet.

C/ nko, wölo, ompöö, anta, anta ana, tömanyé.

- Subordinating conjunctions:

B/ after, although, as, because, before, even though, if, once, since, so that, though, unless, until, when, where, whether, while.

C/ nyinö, otinö, ato, kitil, otino, tömanyé, nya, tamanyl, ompöwölo, kilenyona, pökö, poto, opö, pö, tökö, atolapay, le, wölo, le ato, kir- kegh, lö, ntö-, tö- (as prefix, it contracts with personal prefixes), tökinyini.

These conjugations receive a particular name according to their function; e.g., temporal, concessive, intentional, etc.

Interjections

A/ Interjections are words or expressions conveying surprise, or emotions. They are punctuated with '!' at the end.

B/ Alas!, oh!, hooray!, indeed!, yes!, no!

C/ Ayo!, wena!, wedo!, wechara!, nya wey!, köny!, wechi!, kichi!, ewa!, nka!, owöy!, ay!, och!, kokay!

Demonstratives

-i (-ni), -ara, -ona, -inö (sg.); -chii, -chara, -chona, chinö:

kokoni, kokonara, kokoninö (sg.), koruchi, koruchara, koruchinö (pl.).

Possessives

-nyan, -ngu, -nyi, -chan, -ngkwa, -kwa (sg.); chan, -ku, -chi, -cha, -kw, -kwa (pl.):

paponyan, papongu, paponyi, paponcha, papongwa, paponkwa (sg.); papotinechan, papotineku, papotinechi, papotinecha, papotinekwa (pl.).

Making nouns

A/ Both English and Pöket language can make nouns derived from adjectives.

B/ English likes to add the suffix '-ness'; e.g., good, goodness; tall, tallness; holy, holiness; bad, badness; small, smallness; dark, darkness.

C/ Pöket adds one of the following suffixes -yo, -in to the adjective in its plural form without the plural suffix (-öch, ach, -e); e.g., karam, körömyö; kögh, köghin; tilil, tililin; nyaril, nyörilyö; gha, ghöyin; talas, tölösyö.

Making nouns from verbs

A/ English likes to make nouns derived from verbs with suffixes like -er, -or; e.g., actor, reader, writer, player, doctor. These nouns name the person who performs the action meant by the verb. Few of those nouns ending in -or have a feminine form (for women) made with the suffix -ess; e.g., actress.

There are other nouns derived from verbs with a more passive meaning. These ones are formed with the suffix -ant, -ent; e.g., participant, celebrant, patient. C/ Pöket makes nouns from verbs in two ways:

1. When the noun refers to the performer of the action meant by the verb, it is made by adding the suffix -in to the continuous stem of the verb. If the verb belongs to the ku-type also with the prefix ki-; e.g., kinetin, ighin, poryeghin. The plural form of these nouns is done by changing the last syllable in for i.
2. When the noun refers to the subject receiving the action of the verb it is done by adding the suffix -an (1st conjugation) or ön (2nd conjugation) to the root of the verb. Again if the verb belongs to ku, the noun is preceded by ki-; e.g., kinetan, chaman, ighan, pakachan.

Pöket has another way to make nouns from verbs somehow equivalent to the English gerund. It consists in adding the suffix -(s)yö to the continuous stem of the verb. However, not all verbs can do this, only verbs that can be intransitive; e.g., kinetsyö, omisyö, ngörekyö, porsyö.

These nouns have also a plural form done with the addition of -ewut; e.g., kinetsyewut, omisyewut (but only when they can be counted).

Nominal forms of the verb

A/ Besides the many forms presented up to now, verbs have other forms which change very little or nothing, and that act as 'nouns or adjectives'. These forms are: infinitive, present participle and past participle.

B/ The infinitive in English is made with the verb preceded by the word 'to', but not always. It acts always as a noun; e.g., To play is my job. I will see how to work.

C/ In Pöket the infinitive is made by adding the prefix ke- before the root of the verb; e.g., kecham, keghan, kelit, kewudoghchi, keyoki. There is also a continuous infinitive which

is made with the same prefix added to the ‘continuous stem’ and the suffix -öy; e.g., kechömöy, keghönöy, kelitöy, keyoku. This form is rarely used, and always as an abstract noun; e.g., karam kecham, karam kechömöy, gha keghan chi nyole chelosyon.

The present participle in English is formed by adding -ing to the simple form of the verb; aiming, loving, liking. Some verbs repeat the last consonant; e.g., sitting, getting, popping.

Used after the verb ‘to be’ it helps to make the continuous or progressive forms; e.g., you are working too much, they will be coming tomorrow, we had been studying.

If it precedes a noun it functions as an adjective; e.g., driving school, teaching skills, learning process.

It can function alone as a noun. In this case it is called gerund; e.g., Writing is very interesting. Thinking can be tiresome.

D/ In Pöket it is made by adding the following suffixes to the root of the verb:

- -at for verbs of the first conjugation.
- -öt for verbs of the second conjugation.
- -agh, -ogh, -at, -öt for verbs of the third conjugation.

Unlike English the present participle in Pöket does have a plural form when it ends in -at or -öt; this plural is made with the suffix -ut added to the continuous stem of the verb.

This participle has also the ‘possessive case’ of the noun. It is made by adding an extra -a or -o.

A/ At the same time, verbs belonging to ku-type add the prefix ki-.

In Pöket it is used only as a noun, therein it is called nominal participle; e.g., kisomönut pö kanisa (church readings), kinetata ngala pöket (pöket language instruction), mwaghata chi (someone’s saying), mwoghut pö pitch (people’s say- ings).

B/ The past participle in English is made like the past tense, that is, adding ‘-ed’ to the verb. But again there are many irregular verbs that need to be learnt.

It combines with the verb to have to make verbal phrases, or compound tenses; e.g., I have studied, you had danced, he has broken.

Before a noun it functions as an adjective; e.g., learned person, fallen trees, cracked houses.

C/ In Pöket the past participle is formed by adding the following suffixes to the root of the verb (plural suffixes are written between //):

- -`at, -`ot for the first conjugation.
- -`ot, -ote for the second conjugation.
- -`at, -`ot for the third conjugation.

This participle functions always as an adjective, therein its name adjectival participle; e.g., Net`ate monïngï (This child has been taught). Nkit`ote nga- lechi (These issues are known).

Structure of the Sentence

A/ A sentence is a phrase containing an independent clause, a group of words with a verb that makes sense by itself.

In a sentence we distinguish:

- Subject: the word that acts or is acted upon, the action of the verb.
- Predicate: the section of the sentence with the verb, modifiers and complement.
- Direct object: the part of the sentence that receives the action of a transitive verb.
- Indirect object: the part of the sentence that answers a to whom? or for whom? question about the verb.
- Complements are words like adjectives and adverbs.

The old man gave the student a green book under the tree.

sub. v. ind. obj. dir. obj. compl.

B/ In English the ordinary order of the sentence is: subject, verb, objects and complements. Modifiers go together with their respective nouns or verbs (see adjectives, p. xii and adverbs, xxv).

C/ In Pöket the order of the sentence is: verb, subject, objects and complements.

kingwín Chepar kaw ompö teksi.

v. sub. compl.

Chepar came home by bus.

A/ Clauses can be independent or dependent. Among the independent clauses we call your attention to attributive clauses. The latter are clauses with the verb 'to be'.

B/ Attributive clauses in English are made with a subject, verb and adjective or noun.

Peter is a teacher.

sub. v. noun

The tree is tall.

sub. v. adj.

C/ In Pöket these clauses follow the same pattern as in English:

Peter kí konetin.

sub. v. noun

Ket kí kogh.

sub. v. adj.

Or they can just put the modifier before the noun:

Konetin Peter. Kogh ket. or Ket nyō kogh.
 noun sub. adj. sub. sub. rel. adj.

They can also be made with the relative nyole/chole/; wöhole, atole, and without verb (which is included in the relative).

Kurunö Peter nyole konetin (Call Peter the teacher).
 Ape akwa chole puti (Go away, you liars).
 Wiyö wöhole rurwo ket (Go where the tree shadow is).
 Kingwönö nyinte atole oghö (He came during night).

Subordinate Clauses

A/ Dependent clauses, also called subordinate clauses, contain a subject and a predicate, but they cannot make sense without a main clause. They are related to the main clause through a conjunction. They are called after the dependence they show in the conjunction:

- Time: after, before, once, since, until, when, while, etc.
- Cause: because, as.
- Effect: in order that, so, so that, that.
- Condition: if, even if, unless.
- Concession: although, even though, whether.
- Location: where.
- Choice: rather than, whether. I came when you told me.

Kangwänan otino kemwowaninyi.

B/ These clauses are classified as in English; however, notice that often the verb of the dependent clause goes into a subjunctive, and preferably simple way.

- Time: otino, ato, tömö, kitömö, tömanyé (subjunctive), tö-.
- Cause: kílenyona, ompöwölo.
- Effect (reason): ntö-, tö-, tömanyil.
- Condition: ato, poto.
- Concession: kirkegh, anta ana.
- Location: wölo, ato, wöhole, atole.
- Choice: e(ntö), kitil.

C/ Relative clauses, also called adjective clauses, are subordinate clauses that act like adjectives. They are introduced with a relative pronoun which agrees with the antecedent (see relative pronouns, p. xiv).

The cow which got sick has died yesterday.

It is important to know that in English the relative pronoun can be omitted. When that happens the clause is called elliptical clause (ellipsis means omission). However, the omission is not always correct. It can be done in identifying relative clauses (also called

restrictive); this means that the content of the relative clause is absolutely necessary to understand the antecedent. In this case the relative clause is not separated from the main clause with a comma; e.g., I have caught the cat that killed the rabbits (not only cat but that precise cat). She is a girl people like (instead of she is a girl whom people like).

It cannot be omitted in non-identifying relative clause (also called non-restrictive). These clauses are separated from the main clause with a comma ','; e.g., the young men, who went to Psigor, have come back.

C/ In Pöket if the noun goes with a demonstrative adjective it cannot hold a relative pronoun (tanyay, not tanyay nyo).

The relative clause must always be close to the antecedent.

Kima tanyay ketongu.

Kasiwan chi nyole meywöñ nyoman. Kimi ngaror cho kipotyö oripö mítika.

Negation

A/ In any language, when someone wants to negate or deny something he/she must do it with different phrases.

B/ In English the main negative modifier is the adverb 'no, not'; e.g., not good, no child, no! not!

However, it cannot be used when a statement contains a negative word; e.g.: I did not have no money (wrong), I did not have any money. Students will not never beat their teachers (wrong), students will never beat their teachers, I did not hear nothing (wrong), I did not hear anything.

The negation of verbs is done with 'not' after 'do, did, have, has, is, are, were, could'. It contracts often with the verb making: don't, didn't, couldn't, haven't, hasn't (in writing it is better to avoid short forms).

C/ In Pöket the negative adverb is ewo.

However, to negate a noun it is necessary to use adverbs: melö, mentö, puryö, and mö-...-nye; e.g., melö ket; puryö chi ori; mötyonye.

To negate an adjective one must use adverbs: melö, mentö, or mö-...-nye; e.g., melö karam; mentö köromöch; möchangnye.

To negate a verb one can use: melö, köny, kokay and better mö/me-...-nye/-cha (mö/me contracts with the personal prefixes of the verb); e.g., mochömanye (mö+ochöman+nye); menetenyinye (me+inetenyi+nye); kasiwan chi köny; mö- minye chi; möminye kigh; monetekwacha (me+onetekwa+cha.)

Notice that the suffix -cha is not frequently used!

With past tenses the negative prefix mö/me goes between personal prefix and time prefix; e.g., kimapkanakwanye (ki+mö+apkanakwa+nye); melö kasiwan pung.

Pökot – English Dictionary



A, a

A/a:/ (conj). and (mostly used very attached to the verb or word following; it is written a.; e.g., *a,kingwin and came; a,ghan and I did; A,kwamien ngaleku* May your words fall upon you (litt., eat you); *a,kwompöwölo /akwompawölo/* and because; *a,kwotini/a.kwotini/* and then; *a,nyi* and this is; *a,chi* and these are (plus all the other demonstratives)).

aar,/a:r/, oor /v:r/ n. pl. ashes (see aryon).

Apor /apər/ (*pl.aportin*) n. outpost, temporary home for pastures during the dry season (see kaporik).

Acha/atʃa:/ pers. pron. we. Acham /atʃam/n(pl. achamay) n.dam; swamp. achane pers. pron. ourselves.

Acharakan/atʃarakan/ n. food mixture of milk and blood (Kari.).

achaway/atʃawai/ n. spring; natural fountain (Turk.).

acheay/atʃei/ (*pl.ochey* /n. herd.

a,chi /a.tʃi/ and these.

a,chinö /atʃinə/ over there (for plural things).

achïlkwetin/atʃikwetin/ n. two-banded courser (hemerodromus africanus).

achiirtin/atʃirtin/ n. 1 tailhead (where the tail of an animal joins the loin). 2 meat from the loin; sirloin.

achïrisa/atʃirisa/ n. 1 children's game: two hold a third child by the arms and legs and swing it. 2 tear apart.

achökopi/atʃækopi/ (*pl.achakopitintin*) n. great weakness (as a result of hunger, thirst and excessive heat); convalescence.

achocho/atʃɔtʃo/ (*achochotin*) n. second growth of sorghum.

Achochoyon/atʃɔtʃɔjən/ (*pl.achochotin*) n. shoot of a tree.

a,chona/atʃɔna/ over there.

Achone/atʃɔne/ pers. pron. ourselves.

achoryatin/atʃɔrjatin/ n. roan; sable antelope (Turk.).

achula/atʃula:/ n. fine for pregnant a girl (usually four to six cows).

adada/adada/ (*pl.adadatin*) n. rag (see sakurya) (Turk.). *adır/adir/* (*pl.adirtin*) n. 1 turtle dove. 2 dibatap. *adich/aditʃ/* (*pl.adichtin*) n. burrow; ditch; pit (Turk.). *adipo/adipo/* n. trap; ditch (Turk.).

admasta/admasta/ n. headmaster of a school (Eng.).

adang'o/adango/ (*pl.adang'otin*) n. a dance consisting in jumping and singing in praise of a person's bull.

adösyon/adəsyon/ (*pl.adöstin*)/ n. egg. Adokoke/

adəkəke /n. larynx. Adokole/adokolə/ n. Adam's apple.

adonge/adoŋe/ (*pl.adongetin*) n. castrated ram.

adongo/*<tin*/ n. a dance consisting in jumping and singing in praise of a person's bull (Turk.).

adukumö/adukumə/ n. ground plant producing some- thing like flour.

adurkoit/adurkoit/ n. (*senegalia albida*).

Agh/aɣ/ (*pl.aghisay*) n calf (of one's leg).

Aghach/ayatʃ/ v. [1.ki] to tire; to wear out. aghachat/ayatʃat/oghöchut/oxytʃut/ n. par. tiredness. aghacha n. tiredness. oghöchin/ öyetʃin/ n. person easily to tire. Aghachan / ayatʃan/ n. tired. aghach'at/oghöch'ot/oxytʃot/ adj. tired. o- ghöcho/oxytʃo/<isyot/ adj. tiresome. <o(tö),.

aghacha/ayatʃa/ n. jade.

aghīgh/ayiɣ/, oghīghe/oyiye/ adj. hard; firm. o-ghī- ghyö n. firmness. aghīghit, oghīghitu v. to become hard, firm.

Aghina/ayina/ n. two (2) nights ago; aghtina three (3) nights ago.

Aghyan/ayuan/, awuyan/awujan/ (*pl.awujantin*) n. sister in law, the wife of one's brother.

akales/akales/ ,(*pl.akalestin*) n. ostrich, also cheptugh-sonkol.

Akampayan/akampjan/Akampen/ n. Akamba people.

Akan/akan/ n. pl. edible wild fruits, roots, or trees (see okönwö); root resembling a potato.

Akay/akai/ n. this morning.

Akeno /akenɔ/ (*pl.akenotin*) n. kitchen; small roughly built hut for cooking; place made out of sticks for keeping calabashes (Turk.).

Aker /aker/,(*akeratin*) n. arena, dancing ground (e.g., for adongo).

Akere /akere/,(*akeretin*) n. small gourd for babies.

akeret/,(*akeretin*) n. big round gourd (Turk.).

akeri /akeri/ n. pantry; cupboard.

Aketa/akəta/ v. to pasture. Aketagh /aketay/ n. par. pasture. Aketeghin /aketejɪn/ n. cattle that eats a lot. aketeghat/aketejat/,oketegho't/ oketejet/ adj. par. pastured. <syö, <egh(u), <egchi.

a,ki adv. moreover.

akidöny/akidən/,(*pl.akidonyis*) n. snuff box; briar. akidöny pö chepöghömin n. funnel fungus (Turk.).

akidyatet/akidjet/,(*pl.akidyatin*) n. butter (Turk.). akiköng/akikəŋ/(*pl.akidonytin*) n. mallet (Turk.). akimışyan /akimıstıñ/ n. piece of skin from a sacrificed animal, that is tied around the wrist or heel as amulet for protection against sickness, danger or any calamity, according to the prophet's

- resolution.
- Akimul**/akimu/, (akimultin) n. loin.
- Akipiret**/akipiret/, (pl.akipiretin) n. sticks to mix and stir porridge, milk, etc. (see akwech) (Turk.).
akipkör/akipkär/, (akipkortin) n. temporary pools left after a flood, especially on seasonal streams.
akiridö/akiride/(w) n. scum, foam of milk (Turk.).
akir/aker/ n. arena; dancing ground for adongo.
akölöpöch/akopotin/ n. wooden spoon, used to remove honey from a beehive; scoop (Turk.).
- akodet**/akadet/<is/ n. handle for jar or a cup (Turk.).
- akokos**/akökəs/<tin/ n. load; luggage.
- akol**/akəl/,akol/ n. 1 blade. 2 finger ring with a blade. akol/ako:l/, (pl.akoltin) n. compartment inside kraal to keep calves, goats and sheep (Turk.).
- akole**/akôle/, (pl.akoletin) n. eagle (bird) (see sich) (Turk.).
- akonga**/akonja/ n. one. Akonga kası n. Monday.
- akongten**/akonjen/ n. few scattered objects or people.
- akope**/akope/, (pl.akopetin) n. helmet; plaited hair with mud (Turk.).
- akor**/akér/<tin/ n. big feast; banquet. akorï/akorï/ (pl.akoritin) n. giraffe (Turk.). akoros/akoros/<tin/ n. a stall for treating or deworming animals.
- Akosim**/akosim/ n. group of an animal.
- Akoyit** /akoyit/ aka n. a spring put on top of a traditional cap (it looks like a tail).
- akunyik**/akunik/<öy/ n. ground squirrel (see pkompes).
- akuri**/akuri,(pl.akuritin) n. dove (Turk.).
- akuröt**/akuröt/, (pl.akurötis), n. place where donkeys or camels wallow.
- akyüi** /aku:i/ n. my pal, friend (familiar way of talking).
- akwa** /akwa/pers. pron. you (pl.). akwa kegh pers. pron. yourselves.
- akwa**/akwa/ n. pl. fruits (see okin).
- akwagh**/akway/okwoghe/okwɔ:yə/ adj. fat. okwo- ghyō okwo:jə/ n. fatness; akwagh(it) v. [1.ki] to add fat to a meal. Akwaghit /akwayit/, okwoghitu /okwo:yitu/ v. to become fat.
- akwakwayan**/akwakwajan/<tin/akwakwa / akwakwa/ n. type of tree (albizia amara) (Turk.).
- akwane** /akwane:/ pers. pron. themselves.
- Akwangayan**/akwanaian/akwangen/akwarjen/ n. aluminium.
- a,kwanyi** /a.kwani/ conj. and here it is.
- akwech** /akwetʃ/n. (see akipiret).
- akwete**//akwete/ n. true gazelle; also chep-nyokosō./tsepñokosa/
- akwicha**/akwitʃa/ (akwichatin) n. well, water pond.
- akwîchar**/akwitʃar/(pl.akwichatin) shrewd, shy, naughty per- son (Turk.).
- akwile**/akwile/, (pl.akwiletin) n. nook (see luch).
- akwîr**/akwîr/, (pl.akwîrtin) n. place for sleeping (for donkeys); dormitory.
- akwîre**/akwîre/, (pl.akwiretin) n. desert.
- akwîryon**/akwîrɔn/(pl.akwîr) n. type of tree (vepris glomerata).
- akwîy**/akwî// (pl.akwiytin) n. 1 grandfather (familiar and affective call). 2 my pal, my friend. akwichanyan/akwitʃajan/,akwichean/akwitʃan/ n. type of tree (it is used for making spoons and other kitchen utensils, also for fencing; its flowers produce very sweet honey).
- akwolö**/akwolə/ n. finger ring knife.
- a,kwompö** /a,kwompə/ and because.
- akwôle**/akwôle/, agwôle/agwâle/(pl.agwoletin) n. eagle (see akole) (Turk.).
- al** v. [1.ki] to buy. Alat/alat/,olut/olü:t/ n. par. buying. olsyö/olsjɔ/ n. purchase. Olin/əlin:n/ n. buyer, purchaser. Alan /alan/ n. newly bought object. al'at/alat/,olo:t/olo:t/ adj. par. bought. Olo /olo:/ adj. buyable. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t (see alta). al kong/al konj/ v. to flatter.
- Alak**/alak/ n. pl. 1 endocarp of fruit (see olokwö). 2 seeds of pumpkin.
- alakasyan**/alakasjan/, (pl.alakas) n. type of tree (good for fodder and building).
- Alamachar**/alamtʃar/ n. 1 meat taken from kirket./kirket/ 2 small piece of meat cut from the ham (not to be taken by children).
- alapi**/alapi/, (pl.alapun) n. scum.
- alas**/alas/, (pl.alastin) n. place where there is sunshine; e.g., töön püyepay alas place the white ants at the sun. alaspo sükiröy/alsaspə sükirəi/ n. place where donkeys go for wallowing.
- Alaskaw**/alaskaw/ n. type of tree (it is used as vegetables).
- alechö** /aletʃə/, (pl.alechotin) n. coat worn by women made from goats skin.
- Alem** /alem/ n. plaited hair of a man (Turk.).
- alemtukey**/aləmtukej/ n. type of tree (people eat its fruits).
- alepit**/alept/, (pl.alepit/is) n. jar for milking cows. aleyo/alejə/ n. cape (Kari.). alipa/alipa/, (pl. alipatin) n. robin (bird); canary. älö-ana prep. perhaps.
- alo** conj. but (only in Kasauria; more used wölo).
- Alomi**/alomi:/ n. adultery (Turk.).
- aloto**/alotə/, (pl.alototin) n. discussions for arranging a marriage and the dowry.
- aloyit**/alojɪt/ n. trap.

alpayan/alpa'an/, (pl.alp'a) n. green cob of maize.

Alta/alta/ v. [3.ki] to sell.

altagh/altay/ n. par. selling; sale. Olteghin/ oltexin/ n. seller. alteghat/altexat/,oltegh'ot/ olteyort/ adj. par. sold. oltegho/olteyo:/ adj. possible to sell. <egh(u), <eghch'i, <eghotö.

aluri/aluri/, (pl.alurütin) n. very small bird. Alutvey/ alut'ʒi/ n. nape of the neck (Turk.). alyak/aljak/ v. [1.ke] to twist a sheet across one's shoulders. alyakat/aljakat/, (pl.olyokut) n. par. twisting a sheet. Olyokin/ol'okin/ n. one who twists the sheet over him/her. alyak'at/aljakat/,olyok'ot/oljeköt/ adj. par. (of the sheet) across someone's shoulders. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <ch'i, <egh.

Am/a:m/ v. [1.ki] 1 to eat. 2 to fine for adultery; ama n. fine for adultery; amat n. par. eating. omisyö n. food. Omin /omi:n/ n. person who eats. am'at/ amat/, (pl.omo't) adj. par. eaten. Omo /omo:/, (pl. omisyot) adj. edible. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <ch'i, <egh, <t, instrument (see amta). ama muma v. to swear. am loköy /lakoj/ v. narrate a story. am sümewö/ am sümewə/ v. to be sick. am kömöy /am kɔmɔj/ v. to starve. am tamamighon v. to feel dizzy. am wayan /am waian/ v. to overcharge. am sirimöy /amsırımaʃ/ v. to defy.

maral/am maral/ v. to feel thirsty. am kat / am kat/ v. to punish with violence. am kögh / am kəy/ to am get into trouble (very used for feelings or when a person suffers illness, or the consequences of something else). am möt / am mət/ v. to speak satirically. Ama /ama/ n. fine for adultery; theft; fine for killing a tribe mate lapay.

Amakimak/amakimak/ n. pangolin (see sulult'i). amakwiny/amakwijn/ n. tiny grass. Amal/amal/ n. big famine; calamity. Amar/ama:r/, (pl.amartin) n. jackass; male donkey. Amedel/amedel/ n. dilution; compliment (Kari.). amekwiny/amekwijn/ n. tiny grass. amekwir/amekwir/ n. battered fox.

ameresyö/ameresɔ/ n. 1 a call to show that there was false alarm. 2 also poypoyket/po(po)ket/ - peace.

amerikwo/amerikwo/, (pl.amerikwotin) 1 big castrated bull. 2 wealthy old man. Amerikayan/ amerikal'an/, (pl.Ameriken) n. American. ametidany/ ametdaŋ/ home made gun; musket (Turk.) (see lokongkona).

ametö/ametə/ n. discipline, done to one age-set. amiđidü/amiđidü:/ n. beer not yet sieved. amikat/ amikat/, (pl.amikatin) n. home guard; militia. amikise/amikise/ n. bad mouth scent caused by indigestion (see psemparwa).

amina/amina:/ n. last night.

amir/amır/ n. residues after frying ghee. amisiṁis/ amisiṁis/ n. eland (see kurö). amışyan/ amışlan/, (pl.amıstın) n. piece of goat skin or hide tied to one's arm or leg for self protection against a disease as foreseen by a prophet (werkoyon).

amin /ami:n/ n. amen.

aminitöyon/aminitəjön/, (pl.aminitöytin) n. type of tree (good for fencing, fuel).

amöros/aməros/, (pl.amöröstin) n. sacrifice of an animal.

amörötöt/amərətət/ n. python (see ntara) (Turk.).

amomör/amərmər/ n. a type of a dance done during Sapana (the dancers hold their hands and go around like a snake).

Amta /amtə/ v. [3.ke] to proclaim; to preach.

amtagh /amtay/n. par. preaching. Omteghin/ əmteyin/ n. preacher.

amtegh'at/amteyət/ adj. par. proclaimed; preached. Omtegho/omtexyo/ adj. proclaimable. <egh(u), <eghch'i, <eghotö

Amududu /amududu/ n. beer not yet sieved.

Amukat/amkat/ n. pl. homeguard; militia (Eng.). ana conj. or. anta ana/anta ana/ adv. or; perhaps.

ana ye/ana ʃe/ adv. so what?

Ananka /ananka/, (pl.anankis) n. sheet.

anawin/anawun/ n. 1 disrespect. 2 stubbornness.

anene/anene/n. swarm of bees. anüm /anım/ n. certain person. Anisa /anisa/ adj. jaunty.

Anka /anka/ pron. another; next. anka tikkil / ankatwil/ pron. everyone; each.

Ankadany /ankadaj/. hook (see kitkit) (Turk.).

ankalal(e)yon/ankalalejön/ n. 1 a thorny tree with sweet small fruits sim-ilar in taste to apples. 2 fruits from a tree called tilömwo in Pöket language (Turk.).

Ankari /ankarı/ n. Hungary.

Anopet /anope:t/ n. piece of cloth or leather for carrying babies.

Anta /anta/ prep. & conj. or. anta-ana/anta.ana/ prep. perhaps. Anta /anta/, antö/anta/ conj. 1 or; either; else 2 neither; nor.

Antakwagh/antakway/ adv. abroad; on the other side; e.g., river, valley. Ontakwoghu /ontakwoju/, ontökwooghu/ontəkwoxu/ adv. on this side.

Ante /ante:/ pron. myself. ante kegh my very self.

antö/antə:/ prep. & conj. or; either; else (also anta).

Angarityan /anjartyan/angarit/ n. green fresh maize grains on the cob.

Anger/aŋe:r//ongeröch/oŋe:rətʃ// adj. hard; tough; stout. ongeryö n. hardness. ongerin/ ongerin/ n. hard- ness; stoutness. anger olyot/ aŋer.əliot/ adj. expen- sive. Ongerit /oŋerit/(u), ongeröchit(u) v. to become hard.

angirima /aŋrimə/ v. [3.ki] to bow the head. angirī-magh, angirimat/ajirimət/ n. par. bowing. angirī-min, angirimeghin/ajiriməyin//i/ n. person

who bows well and often, e.g. a blind person through a thicket. angirüm'at adj. par. bowed down. <otö, <eghu, <eghchü.

angöröm/anjaron/(yon)/angörömtin/ n. small ditch.

Angole /ajole:/<tin/ n. horse. chipö angole/pipöangoletin/pipə ajolet/ n. horse riders (Turk.).

angur /ajur/ n. pl. 1 shrubs whose roots and leaves are used as medicine (see ongurwö). 2 a particular plant.

Angwa/arjwa/, (pl. angwoy) n. rope; cord. angwa mu / angwa mu:/ n. belt; girdle.

Angwan /anwan/ n. four. nyo pö angwan /no pa anwan/adj. forth. Angwan kasi /anjwan kasi/n. Thursday.

angwırışyon/anjwırışjio/, (pl. angwırışyotin) n. adolescent girls, whose breasts start to be noticeable (see chemintulyon) (mostly used in Kasauria).

Anyakar/ajaka:r/, (pl. anyakaran, anyakartin) n. 1 array; parade (ceremo- nial show of fighting skills during Sapana). 2 panache; self assurance (Turk.).

anyamin n. long sickness; deformity (see kinyawat).

anyin/ajin/, onyiñe/ojinə/ adj. sweet; delicious.

onyinyö n. sweetness. anyinit v. [1.ki] 1 to sweeten. 2 to improve. anyinitat n. par. sweetness. onyinitu v. to become sweet. anyinit'at, anyinitat adj. seasoned.

a,nyinö/a.jinə/ prep. over there. a, nyona over there.

Anywayan/ajwajan//anyay, anywatin/ n. a thorny shrub (see areghayan). apaghyan suckling mother.

apapay/apapai/, (pl. apapaiatin) n. ornamental piece of skin hung as a necklace by girls.

Apar/apar//<tin/ n. outpost, temporary home for pastures during the dry season (see kaporik).

Aparayit/aparajit//<in/ n. wrist blade.

aparparat n. ornament hanging from the nose; nose pendent; lumbar ver.

Aparyongoreng/aparjɔjoren//<tin/ n. a type of cactus tree

apaynan/apainan/ n. 1 weakness in men, believed to be the consequences of marriage. 2 weakness in women due to pregnancy and breastfeeding. kikwam apaynan — affected by malaise.

ape imp. go (you pl.)! apedeny/apedenj/, (pl. apedenytin) n. corner (Turk.). apedong, apedonytin /apedontin/ n. 1 earlobe. 2 metal earring for women. Apedony /apedonj/ n. kind of metal earring for women (Turk.).

Apeke /apeke/, (pl. apeketin) n. red river hog (see suru and lutura).

apele /apele:/ adj. 1 opposite. apele n. opposition.

am apele, wîr apele, tö apele/am apele, wîr apele/ v. to hide the truth. yokü apele v. (see yokü) to change direction in the game of kochiy. 2 n. challenge.

Apem /apem/, (pl. apemtin) n. 1 watching tower. 2 stair- way to fetch water from a deep well (see poncha, kitar).

Apenet /apene:t/, (aperitin) n. sword (Turk.).

aperit /aperit/, (pl. aperitis) n. hearth; place close to the compound where people and animals wait, especially for their meals.

Aperor /aper/, (pl. apertin) n. abandoned field left for pasture of cattle.

apeta/apeta/, (pl. apetatin) n. tree (terminalia spinosa), highly appreciated for its hard wood, kind of semi-arid oak tree (see tikit).

Apetanyan /apetajan/ apetanyatin/ n. a type of sorghum.

Apewey /apewai/ n. a portion; part of a whole.

apeyit /apejıt/ n. place where those cutting meat sit during sapana or kirket. apeyit/apejıt/ n. central place where the roasted meat is placed during a ceremony (Turk.).

apır/apır/, (apirtin) n. dale; small valley (Turk.).

apirkuch/apirkutʃ/, (pl. apirkuchtin) n. meat on top of the knee.

apıt /apıt/ n. ambition (see sirmoy). apite adj. inborn; natural. apkana imp. come (you pl.)!

apkös/apkəs/, (pl. apkostin) n. a woman's cloth worn out behind.

apököyon/apækəjon/, (pl. apököytin) n. (bracelet, mostly of plastic material or) ivory.

Apolya /apəlja/, (pl. apolyiatin) n. larynx.

apong/apɔŋ/, (pl. apongtin) n. little egret (bird).

apta /apta/ v. [3.ki] 1 to degrade. 2 to diminish to come down. apteghat n. par. degrada- tion. opteghin, /optexin/ optöghin/optexin/ n. person who keeps on being degraded; or getting worse in health. aptaghan n. degraded person. aptagh'at/ aptayat/, optögho't/optəyot/adj. par. degraded. <egh(u), <eghchü, <eghotö.

aptanian/aptanian/, (pl. aptanis) n. five cents coin.

apuke/apuke/, (pl. apuketin) n. small climbing gate to enter at homes or fields (Turk.).

apurukuch/apurutʃ/, (pl. apurukuchtin) n. front thigh.

apurütöyon/apurutojn/, (pl. apurotöy) n. type of grass (used for thatching and covering beehives). apusipüs (pl. apusitin) n. ornamental cap made of intertwined man's hair (see syolöp).

apusyet/apusıət/, apuset /apuset/ n. 1 not well brewed beer (see müntril). 2 a small traditional bag carried under the armpit (Kari.).

ar/a:r/ v. [1.ki] to harass; to scold someone. Arat /

ara:t/,orut /orut/ n. par. harassment. orsyöö /orjo/ n. scolding. Orin /əri:n/ n. harasser; scolder. ar'at rat/, or'ot /ərat/ adj. par. scolded. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh.

Arawet /arawet/ n. path of. ara ngwiny /ara. ŋwijn/ n. tunnel. ara kelyön n. path. ara mitika/ara.mtka/ n. road. ara karyamos n. railway. ara ngwonö n. hepatic duct. ara morin /ara: mərɪn/ n. hand palm's lines. ara tipin /ara:tipin/, ara psör /ara:psor/ n. constellation; milky way.

Arak /arak/,(pl.arakay) n. lactating a cow whose calf died.

Arukudi /arukudi/,(pl.arukuditin) n. broad road (Turk.).

aramit /aramit/,(pl.aramitin) n. highway; very used road, or path.

Aran /ara:n/,(pl.ngaror) n. goat.

Arapu /arapu/un/ n. Arabia

Arapyan/Arapuan/ n. Arab.

Arar /ara:r/(pl.oröre) n. bad smell; foul; stinking. oröryö /orərlə/ n. bad smell; stench. (k)ararit, oröritu v. to become bad smelly.

Arara /arara:/,(pl.araratin) n. cheetah.

aras /aras/n. shame; arasönöñ n. shamefulness. arate kegh n. par. quarrelling. Arawa /arawa/ aroo, arawis/ n. 1 moon. keghyö arawa v. form. sec-ond quarter of moon; full moon. kelin- ganï arawa v. form. waning moon. ki-liwunöto arawa n. par. moonlight (see liwi). 2 month.

Arawasan /arawasian/,arawas /arawas/ n. a kind of poisonous mushroom that is never eaten; mildew.

areghayan/areghayay, areghayaytin/ n. a thorny shrub.

Aremay /aremái/,(pl.aremaitin) n. pigtail, used by men to (hit) women during dancing in order to seduce them (see arukan).

arıny /arıŋ/ n. my pal; my friend (familiar way of talking).

Ariket /arıket/ n. waist.

arıri (n) n. silk (Kis.).

arkon /arkan/ (pl.orkon,arke, orke) n. an affective way to call one's mother, or an elderly lady. Arokes /arakes/,(pl.arokestin) n. rake (Turk.). aropet/ arapet/,(pl.aropetis) n. shawl (Turk.). arotö /arətö/,(pl.arototin) n. forelock.

arta kadöw /artɑ.kadɔw/ n. duiker (Kara.) arta och/arta.ətʃ/ n. the goat sacrificed for purification after burial.

arupar /arupar/ n. pride.

Arukan /arukæn/ n. ornamental tail tied to the nape for dancing.

Aryang /aryŋ/,(pl.aryangtin) n. giant, huge person (Turk.).

aryon/arjon/ ,oor /o:r/, aar/aron/ n. ashes.

Asacha /asatʃa/,(pl.asachoy) n. knapsack; harness for carrying things on donkeys (also used inside the house to hold gourds).

Asarich /asaritʃ/,(pl.asarichtin) n. lesser kudu.

Asasakyän /asasakjan/,(pl.asasakyantin) n. swamp (see sosian) (Kara.).

asechün /asetʃin/ n. malediction resulted from not handling property in a ritualistic way.

Asepet /asepet/,(pl.asepetin) n. the long metallic section at the rear of a spear (Turk.).

asepi /asepi/ n. quiver.

Asete /asete/ n. today.

asıkkırır/asıkkırır/,(pl.asıkkirkirtin) n. 1 mane of a donkey; bristle. 2 crest (Turk.).

asıkkırır /asıkkırır/,(pl.asakiirkirtin) n. type of tree (animals like to eat it).

asıł n. (see atal).

asısiğhoy /asısiğhoy/ n. 1 kind of whooping cough. 2 worm.

asıyech /asıjetʃ/ n. tomorrow.

asıdangularor/asıdangularor/,(pl.asidangularortin) n. seeds of a shrub which are red and black in colour used for necklaces (see korkorwö).

asına /asına:/ n. tonight.

Asipet /asipet/,(pl.asıpetis) n. the rear metallic part of a spear (Turk.).

Asipka /asıpka/,(pl.asipken) n. type of tree (used as medicine against coughing and as food).

Asis /asi:s/,(pl.osis) n. 1 sun. 2 day. asispa kiminy n. holiday; Sunday.

askenwö/askenwə/(pl.asken) n. type of tree (cows like to eat it; it is used as herbs, and for torches to remove honey from beehives because it makes a lot of smoke).

Askopu/askəpu/,(pl.askopun)n. bishop.

asökömchi/asəkəmçjı/,(pl.asokomchin) n. red fox.

asöpöde /əsəpəde/,(pl.asopodetin) n. cartridge.

asta /asta/ v. [3.ki] to improve; to recover from a sickness. astagh n. par. relief; recovery; assuage. osteghin/in/ n. person who re- covers fast.

astegh'at /asteyat/osteghó:t/ adj. par. improved.

Osteghoyot /osteyojot/ adj. improv- able; able to recover astagh pö mikulöw n. cooling down; becoming calm. <egh(u), <eghchï, <eghotö.

astanka /astanka/ adv. in the future; another day; later.

Asupar/asupar/ n. pride elegancy.

asyan /asjan/ n. noise; riot, especially from crowd.

asyökönion/asjokənion/,(pl.asyokoniontin) n. type of tree (used as toothbrush, and as medicine against

'kirel' and 'tapat').

ata /æta:/ (A) adv. how many? e.g., chole ata? how many?

Ataen /ætaen/ (B) n. big mushroom.

Ata/ata'/ (C) adv. nothing (Kis.) e.g., ata kîgh, we got nothing.

Atakinya /atakjna/ dem. pron. on that time.

Atal /atal/, (pl. ataltn) n. 1 custom. 2 culture. 3 traditional sign or representation of something else.

atamanayat/atamanajat/, (pl. atömönöyet) n. lintel. (see muromburyon) (Kara.).

atar /atara/ dem. pron. there.

'at'arös/atarös/(pl. atarostin) coffer, container for keeping ostrich feathers.

atat/atat/, (pl. atatin) n. type of tree (used to hang beehives on it).

Atay/atai/ dem. pron. (referring to time) a while ago; before.

atayan/atajan/, (pl. aten) n. mushroom.

Ataye/ataje/ dem. pron. there (mentioned before).

ateker/ateker/, (pl. atekeray) manger; big wooden bail for watering cattle (see olyö) (Turk.).

atelö/atelə/, (pl. atelotin) n. a woman's cloth worn out in front.

atem n. poorly built hut used for kitchen (Turk.).

atepen/atepen/, (pl. atepentin) n. 1 guinea fowl (Turk.). 2 round earring.

ateran/ateran/, (aterantin) n. newly wed lady; bride (see mîrar), who has been married immediately after circumcision, but she has not conceived yet.

atik/atîk/, (atiktin) n. planning meeting for a raid, with its proper blessings.

atîkin/atîkin/ n. hairdress put on by losemen – old time warriors (see lotokön).

atîrpopo/atîrpope/, (pl. atirpopen) n. lobe of ear; earlobe.

atikay/atikai/, (pl. atikaytin) n. trigger (see ptinchil) (Kara.).

a,tö /a/to/ conj. and in order to (it contracts with the personal prefixes of the verb).

atökora/atökora/, (pl. atokoratin) n. small quail yellow necked spurfowl (bird) (Turk.).

atörökore/atörökore/, n. home made gun; musket (Turk.).

ato /ato:/ (A) dem. pron. there (referring to a certain place). ato le there at.

Ato /atə/ (B) dem. pron. where, referring to place;

e.g., ato sochegho ortïna the place where the paths divert (junction). ato ngorï n. minority. ato lekit n. nearby; recently.

Ato /ato/ (C) conj. 1 if. 2 during; when.

Atolapay/atolapai/ conj. after; afterwards and then; whereupon.

Atole /ato/ dem. pron. there at (ato + le). atole möt n. majority. atole köny n. long time ago. atona dem. pron. there at.

atorö/atora/ n. crown of the head.

Atoros /atorəs/, atorostin, coffer; small container similar to a quiver for keeping ostrich feathers (Turk.).

atoywöw/atojwɔw/, atoghow/atoyaw/, (atoghowtin/ n. assembling of animals in order to select one for a sacrifice (Turk.).

atwölö /atwələ/ v. to widen, make wide.

Atwal /atwal/, (pl. atwaltin/ n. type of arrow, in which the shaft foes into the iron making the blade. awan v. [1.ki] to parch; to dry.

Awanat /awanat/ n. par. crispiness; huskiness. awan'at /awanat/, owöno't/owonot/ adj. par. dry; parched. awate n. the first beer; first drinks in a celebration; cocktails. away adv. dangerous, futile; get- ting/taking to much of something; e.g., Ki- wö Lomeripus away nko tamasa Lomeripus went lost with his drunkenness. awaynan n. awes/ awes/, owesöch/əwesətʃ/ adj. strong; vigorous; en-kind. 3 colour.

awiryengö/awirjeno/, (awiryengotin) n. ground plant. ay inter. yes.

ayaa inter/aja:inter/. sound used to end a song during

chepolaleyö.tʃepəlalejo/

ayina /ajina/: two nights ago.

ayisil/ajsil/ n. heavy earring made of aluminium worn by men.

ayiyi/ajiji/ n. quarrelsome.

ayikit/ajkit/, (pl. ayikitis) n. something to put on the head to carry loads (Turk.).

ayokir/ajokir/, (ayokirtin) n. stakate separating the kraal from the residential huts.

ayomis /ajomis/n. promise.

ay(u)wan/ajuan/, (pl. ayuantin)<tin/ n. brother/ sister in law; see aghuyan.

Aytina/ajtina/: n. three nights ago. aytina-nina many nights ago.

aywat/ajwat/ n. 1 ochre (reddish soil used to colour the skins worn by tyos). 2 many footprints or marks made by dragging some heavy load.

Ch, ch

-cha negative suffix.

Chadaw /tʃdau/ n. up; e.g., Kositöy kegh Lolem nko Lokeno, kep Lolem chadaw As Lolem and Lokeno were wrestling, Lokeno lifted Lolem.

Chagh /tʃax/ v. [1.ki] to share. chaghat/ tʃayat/, chöghut/ tʃəxut/ n. par. share. chagha n. sharing. chöghin/tʃəxin/ n. sharer; one who dispenses. chagh'at/, chögho/tʃəxoy/ adj. par. shared. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <t. chaghta der. v. [3.ki] to dis- tribute (share to). chagtagh n. par. dis- tribution. choghteghin/i/ n. distributor. chagtegh'at/chöghtegh'ot/ adj. par. distributed. <gh, <ghu, <chi.

Chak /tʃak/ v. [1.ki] to drip; to leak; to trickle.

Chakat /tʃakat/, chökut /tʃəkut/ n. par. drip; trickle. chökün/tʃəkün/ n. thing that leaks.

chak'at /tʃakat/, chök'ot /tʃəkət/ adj. par. dripped; ergetic; potent. owesyö n. strength; leaked; trickled.

chöko/tʃəkot/, chokoot /tʃəkəto/, <chi refer vigour; energy. awesit, owesitu, owesö- chitu/əwesötjitu/ v. to become strong.

awir/awir/, (pl. awirtin) n. 1 breed; species. 2 class; ring to the place on what it leaks, <otoy, going ahead continuing leaking.

Chakam /tʃakam/ (B) v. [1.ki] to obtain something in a slow process; to profit. chakamat/ tʃəkamat/, (pl. chökömut) n. par. profit. chökömsyö n. profiting.

chökömin /tʃəkəmin/ n. person who struggles to profit. chakaman n. profit; something got. chakam'at/tʃəkamat/, (pl. chököm'ot) adj. par. profited. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh.

ch'akan/tʃakan/, (pl. chak'an) (A) n. sluggish person; laggard. chak'an'at n. sluggishness.

ch'akan/tʃakan/, (chakanay) (B) n. rivulet.

chakchak /tʃaktʃak/ v. [1.ki] to peel, tatter chakchakat/kichökchökut/ n. par. peeling.

chökchökin /tʃəktʃəkin/ n. person who breaks into peels. chakchakat/tʃəktʃəkat/, (pl. chökchök'ot) adj. par. peeled. chökchöko /tʃəktʃəko/ adj. possible to be peeled. <otö, <u, <chi, <egh.

Chaki /tʃaki/, (pl. chakitin) n. a jug; jacket (Kis.).

Chakinya /tʃkiṇa/ dem. pron. those mentioned long time ago.

chal /tʃal/ (A) v. [1.ki] to be stupid. chal'at /tʃəlat/, chölut/tʃəlut/ n. par. stupidity. chalan n. stupid person.

chal'at /tʃəlat/, chöl'ot/tʃəlöt/ adj. par. stupid.

Chalotan /tʃəlotan/ n. nonsense.

chalot /tʃəlot/ n. person who speaks nonsense. <otö,

<o, <egh.

Chal/tʃal/ (B) v. [1.ku] to repudiate; to abandon; to abstain. kichalat/kitsalat/, kicholut/kitsolut/ n. par. repudiation; abandonment. kicholsyö /kitʃolsyo/ n. repudiating. kicholin/kitsölin/ n. one who repudiates, or abstains.

chal'at /tʃəla:t/ par. repudi- ated; abstainable. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

chal /tʃal/ (C) v. [1.ki] to canalize; to drain. chalat/tʃəlat/, cholut/tʃəlut/ n. par. canal. cholsyö/ tʃəlsyo/ n. canalizing. Cholin /tʃəlin:/ n. person who drains water; drained. cholo/tʃəlo:/, adj. drainable. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, (<ch)i, <egh, <t, draining water towards the speaker.

chalal /tʃəlal/ v. [1.ku] to empty completely. kicha- lolat /kitʃa-ləlat/ n. emptying. kichololin/i/ n. person who likes emptying things all the way. chalal'at/tʃəlalat/, cholol'ot/tʃəlolət/ adj. par. empty. chololo/<yot/ adj. possible to be emp- tied. <otö, <u, <chi, <egh, referring to the place where to empty.

Chalta /tʃalata/ der. v. [1.ku] to cede; to yield (abandon to someone else). Kichaltagh /kitʃaltax/ n. par. ceding.

Kicholteghin /kitʃolteyin/ n. person who yields easily. /o't/ adj. par. yielded. <egh(u), <eghchi.

chalwak/tʃəlwak/, cholwok/tʃəlwok/ n. groove; mistake, sin (Kara.).

cham /tʃam/ (A) v. [1.ki] to love; to like; to accept. chamat/tʃəmat/, chamut/tʃəmut/ n. like. chomisyö n. liking. chömin/tʃəmīn/ n. one who likes others; one who shows favour for someone. Chaman/tʃəman/ n. dear; darling; the loved one. cham'at/tʃəmat/, chöm'ot/tʃəmot/ adj. par. loved. chomisyot/tʃəmisjot/ adj. lovable. chama n. favour; favoritism <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

cham /tʃam/ (B) v. [1.ki] to whisper.

Chamat /tʃəmat/, chomut/tʃəmut/ n. par. whispering. chomisyö/tʃəmsyo/ n. whispers a lot. chomin/tʃəmin/ n. person who whispers a lot. chom'ot /tʃəmot/ adj. par. whispered (people were whisper- ing). <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh, <en, to whisper about.

cham /tʃam/ (C) v. [1.ku] to go astray; to provoke during dancing (the boy jumps up and down, and at the end he jumps towards the girl, who resists him). Kichamat/kitʃəmat/, ki- chömüt/ki.tʃəmut/ n. par. provoking. ki- chomisyö /ki.tʃəmsyo/ n. person doing this action. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh, referring to the place where the dance is taking place.

chamacham /tʃəmatʃəma/ recip. v. to harmonize. chamachamat/tʃəmatʃəmat/, chömochömüt/ tʃəmotʃəmut/ n. har- mony.

chömochömsyö /tʃəmotʃəmsyo/ n. harmonizing. chomochömin/tʃəmotʃəmin/ n. harmonizer. chamacham'at/tʃəmatʃəmat/, chömochöm'ot/ tʃəmotʃəmot/ adj. par. harmonized. <otö, <sy,

<t. chamalkat/tʃamalkat/, (pl.chamalkatay) n. crick.

chaman(ian)/tʃaman/, (pl.chamantin) n. canine tooth.

Chamcham/tʃamtʃam/ rep. v. 1 to taste (see cham A) 2 to whisper (see cham B).

chamkey/tʃamkeɪ/ n. long greetings done by men, especially when they have missed each other for long.

champilwa/tʃapilwa/, (pl.champilwoy) n. 1 brook; creek. 2 loins (join of buttocks). champilwa chakay /tʃakai/ n. pl. (see chököywö).

chamta /tʃamta/ der. v. [3.ki] 1 to taste 2 to agree chamtagh n. par. tasting; agreement. chömtteghin/tʃəmteyin/ n. taster; agreeable. Chamteghat/tʃamteyaa:t/ adj. par. agreed. <egh(u), <eghchii.

chankelyon/tʃankeljon/n. insect (any arthropod).

Chankul /tʃankul/, chankwil/tʃankwil/ stat. v. [1.ki] to slim down chankulat/tʃankkula:t/ n. slimming.

chönkulin /tʃenkulin/ n. person easy to become thin and weak.

chankulan /tʃankulan/ n. slim person, thing. chankul'at/tʃankulat/, chönkul'ot/tʃenkulot/adj. par. slimmed. <ot(ö), <egh, because of.

Chanun /tʃanun/, chonun /tʃonun/ v. to be insidious (Kara.).

chang /tʃan/adj. many; a lot; plenty. chang tikit /tʃan.tikit/ n. muscular.

changar /tʃankar/ (A) v. [1.ki] to chat. changarat/tʃankarat/, chöngörut/tʃenkorut/ n. par. chat. chöngörsöy /tʃənkorsjɔ/ n. chatting. chöngörin/tʃenkorin/ n. person who likes chatting. changar'at/tʃankarat/, (pl.chöngör'ot) adj. par. chatted. <sy, <ot(ö), <egh.

changar /tʃankar/ (B) v. [1.ki] to collect things in bits.

changara(t)/tʃankara/ n. par. collecting. chöngörin /tʃenkärin/ n. person who collects so.

changar'at/tʃankarat/<egh, chöngör'ot/tʃenkärot/ adj. par. collected.

chöngöro/tʃenkäro/ adj. possible to collect. <otö, <chii, <egh.

Chapan /tʃapan/ n. Japan.

chipö Chapan/tʃipə.tʃapan/ n. Japanese.

chapik /tʃapik/ v. [1.ki] to be soak.

chapikat /tʃapkat/ n. par. wetness. chapik'at /tʃapkat/ adj. par. dirty. <ot(ö), <u, <chii, <egh. chapikan/tʃapkan/ n. wet. chapikanat /tʃapkanat/ adj. miry; swampy (sosian).

chapkarkaryan/tʃapkarkarjan/, chepkarkaren/tʃepkarkaren/ n. porcupine.

Char/tʃar/ (kison) (A) v. [1.ki] to throb a cow to obtain its blood and drink it mixed with milk.

Charat/tʃarat/, chara/tʃara/, chörut/tʃerut/n. par.

piercing. chörsyö /tʃərsjo/ n. piercing. chörin/tʃərin/ n. person who pierces an animal. char'at/tʃarat/, chör'ot/tʃərot/ adj. par. pierced. chöro /tʃəro/ adj. pierceable. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <egh. char kisön /tʃar.kisön/v. [1.ki] to throb. charata kisön/tʃarata.kisan/, chörut pö kisön/tʃərut pə kison/ n. par. throbbing. <otö, <egh.

char (B) v. [1.ku] to finish a drink completely (especially milk). kicharat/kitʃarat/, kichorut/kitʃorut/ n. par. drink-ing. kichorin/kitʃorin/ n. person who likes finishing his/her drinks till the end. char'at/tʃarat/, chor'ot/tʃərot/ adj. par. drunk. choro adj. can be drunk completely. <otö, <u, <chii, <t, because of, <egh, drinking from.

Chara/tʃara/ dem. pron. those. Charate/tʃarate/ dem. pron. those on the other side.

charani/tʃarani/ n. sewing machine (Kis.).

charar/tʃarar/ (A) v. [1.ku] to bedeck(decorate sthing/sbody using flowers ,flgs etc); to dress well. kichararat/kitʃararat/n. bedecking. ki-chorin/tʃərorin/ n. person who likes to dress well. chararat/tʃararat/, choror'ot/ adj. par. well dressed; dandy. <otö, <u, <chii, <egh.

charar /tʃarar/ (B) v. [1.ki] to jump up. kicharar'at/kitʃarorut/, kichororut/kitʃərərət/n. par. jumping. kichororsyö /kitʃərərət/ n. jumping. Kichorin /kitʃərərət/ n. jumper. charar'at/tʃararat/, choror'ot/ adj. par. jumped. Chororo/tʃorərəo/, chororyot/tʃərərət/ adj. possible to jump. <sy, <otö, <egh.

Charara/tʃarara/ v. [1.ki] to fly away.

Charatagh/tʃarartax/ n. flying away quickly. chororteghin/tʃororteyin/ n. fast moving person.

chararyan/tʃararian/ n. buttons; zip (Kis.). charata kisön n. pulse. charate dem. pron. those on the other side.

charor v. [1.ku] to squat. kicharorat/kichörorut/ n. par. squat-ting. kichörorsyö /kitʃərərət/ n. squatting. ki-chorin/kitʃərərət/ n. person who squads. ki- charoran/kitʃərərət/ n. squatted person. charor'at squatted. chöroro/tʃərərət/ adj. able to squad. <sy, <ot(ö), person who squeezes.

charani/tʃarani/ n. sewing machine (Kis.).

charora aran le küküy expr. a wicked goat.

charta /tʃarta/der. v. [3.ki] to rush away; trigger off.

Charut /tʃarut/, chörut/tʃərət/ (A) n. upper arm.

charut /tʃarut/ (B) n. oppression, kama charut taken by force.

chat/tʃat/, (pl.chotin) (A) n. 1 ham; hind legs of an animal. 2 thigh of a person.

Chat/tʃat/ (B) v. [1.ke] to bark; to peel off the bark of a tree. kichatat/kichötüt/ n. par. barking. kichötin/kitʃətin/ n. one who barks trees; tree

or piece of wood. chat'at /tʃatət/ n., chöt'ot/ tʃötöt/ adj. par. able to bark off. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Chawak/tʃawak/ adj. defeated completely, deprived, empty. ochan chawak, I got nothing.

chawir/tʃawır/, chawiw/tʃawıw/, (pl. hawiray, chawirtin), chöwir/ tʃöwır/ n. (obscene) clitoris.

Chay/tʃai/ (A) dem. pron. those mentioned, or known.

Chay/tʃai/ (B) n. tea (Kis.).

chaya n. type of grass (very commonly used for thatching houses).

Chaye/tʃaje/ dem. pron. those mentioned.

Chech/tʃetʃ/ v. [2.ki] to curse. chechöt / tʃetʃöt/, (pl. chechut) n. par. cursing. Chechin / tʃetʃin/ n. person who curses. chechön/tʃetʃən/ n. cursed person. chech'ot/tʃetʃöt/ adj. par. cursed. <otö, <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

chechi/tʃetʃi/ poss. pron. his, hers (many objects). chechö /tʃetʃə/ v. [3.ki] to dissent; to disagree. Chechogh /tʃetʃoy/ n. disagreement; dispute; discord; disputed; divided. <egh, because of.

Chechu/tʃetʃu/ poss. pron. mine, dear to me (many objects).

chehgħ/tʃey/ v. [1.ki] to press or prick on a wound so as to extract its pus. cheghat n. par. pressing. cheghsyö /tʃeysö/ n. extraction of pus. cheghin/ tʃeyin/ n. person who extracts that pus. Cheghan/tʃeyan/ n. wound whose pus has been extracted. chegh'at /tʃexat/, cheghatot/tʃexatot/ adj. par. extracted from pus. Chegho /tʃexə/ adj. possible to extract pus. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chii, <egh.

chekalill /tʃekalılı/ n. rough person.

chekilil /tʃekilılı/ n. appetite for eating solid food; e.g., ugali. (see pchikilil).

chekö /tʃekə/ n. the milk.

cheköropi /tʃekərop/ n. geography (Eng.).

cheku /tʃeku:/ poss. pron. yours (many objects). Chela/tʃela/ (pl. chelen) n. jail; gallows (Eng.). chelchel v. [1.ku] to advance.

kichelchelat/kitʃeltʃelat/(pl.kichelchelut/n. par. advancing. Kichelchelsyo /kitʃeltʃelsyo/ n. advancing. kichelche- lin / kitʃeltʃelin/. person who advances. chelchel'at/tʃeltʃelat/, adj. par. advanced. <otö, <chii, to a place.

Chechelta /tʃeltʃelta/ (A) v. [3.ki] to go beyond re-quired; to dive into the water. chelchel- tagh / tʃeltʃel.tay/n. par. trespassing; cape of land go- ing into the water. chelteltöghin /tʃeltʃeltoyin/ n. trespasser.

Chelipchon /tʃeliptʃon/, chelip /tʃelip/ n. slow eater, especially child; quiet person; someone walking

alone.

chelipesyan/tʃelipesjan/, chelipestin/tʃelipestin/n. silent, lazy mover.

Cheliwöyon/tʃelıwojion/.(pl.Cheliwen) n. a Luo person.

chelökötö/tʃelækötjo/, (pl.chelokotin) n. Hildebrandt's starling (bird).

chelölos/tʃeləlos/ pl. n. crooks hooligans; bandits. chelölosınon /tʃeləlosnən/n. hooliganism.

chelöpchon/tʃelaptʃon/, (pl.chelöptin) n. someone with bad manners (eats with dirty hands; in front of his children; standing, etc.). chelöpinön/tʃeləpnən/ n. mannerless.

chelopot/tʃelopot/, (chelopotin), n. duiker; capricorn.

chelos(ey)/tʃeləs/, (pl.chelosey) n. one who has lost one tooth or two.

chem/tʃem/v. [2.ku] to introduce a stick in the water for testing; to measure the depth /of a river. kichemöt /kitʃemöt/ n. par. testing. kichemsyö/ki.tʃemsö/ n. testing. Kichemin/kitʃemin/ n. one who does so. chem'ot/tʃemot/ adj. par. tested (a river). chemo/tʃemo/<isyot/ adj. possible to test. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, for someone else.

chemakakan/tʃemakaka/, (pl.chemakaken) n. type of lizard.

chemakenya/tʃemakeja/, (pl.chemakenyoy) n. lion, especially man-eater. chemakwila/ tʃemakwila/, (chemakwilen) quarrelsome. Chemalkat/ tʃemalkat/ crick.

chemalmal/tʃemalmal/, (pl.chemalmaltn) n. rascal; skittish.

Chemankal/tʃemalmal/ ,chemankol/tʃemankol/, (pl. chemankoltin) n. emaci- ated: something or somebody very slender.

chemangany/tʃemanjan/, (chemanganytin) n. milk cow. chemantapan/tʃemantapa:n/, (pl. chemantapantoy) n. praying mantis. chemarmar/ tʃemarmar/, (chemormor/tʃemormor/ n. zebra. chemasincha/tʃemasintʃa/, (pl.chemasinchoy) n. porcupine (see chepotöyü, chepkarkaren, sapit).

chemakwila/tʃemakwila/, (pl.chemakwilen) n. argumentative; quarrelsome.

chementul/tʃementul/, (pl.chementultin) n. adolescent girl, whose breasts start to be noticeable (see angwirışyon).

chemeri/tʃemerı/, pl.chemeritin/ n. helmet shrike (bird). che- meri/tʃe.merı/ n. (pl. cher.merin) circumcised girls.

chemeywon/tʃemejon/, chemey/tʃemei/ n. black ants.

chemgwich /tʃemŋwits/ n. person which get scabies very often.

chemil/tʃemıl/chetin/ n. Grant's gazelle.

chemiñingwö/tʃemniñgwö/, (pl. chemningwen) n. youngest wife.

chemirtö/tʃemirtə/, (pl. chemirten) n. skirt.

chemisina/tʃemsna/ n. bribery.

chemisiyan /tʃemisişjan/ chemisişen/ n. small ornamental beads.

chemiityö/tʃemitøj/ n. pest that attacks cereals. pchokinoy chemkoko /tʃemkəkə/ pl. a type of a lizard.

Cheminta /tʃeminta/ n. neat; virgin.

chemirmöt/tʃemirmot/ n. diadem worn by chemeri (circumcised girls).

Chemintolyon /tʃemintoljion/ n. teenager girl (see angwirisyon).

chemirmir /tʃemirmir/n. dizziness. kamanin chemimir möt-I am dizzy.

Chemkoko /tʃemkəkə/, (pl. chemkoken) n. type of lizard.

Chenne /tʃemne:/ pron. certain woman (when the name is unknown).

chemngaror /tʃemnaro:r/ n. (a sickness) drowsy, or brucellosis.

Chemngal/tʃemŋal/, (pl. chemngaltin) n. loquacious; talkative.

chemngal/tʃemŋal/, (pl. chemngaltin) n. Nandi.

chemngara/tʃemŋara/, (pl. chemngaren) n. someone experienced in something.

chemngwich/tʃemnkrtʃ/ n. person who gets scabies very often.

chemnyokosö/tʃemnəkəsə/, (pl. chemnyokosen),**<oy**/ n. waterbuck.

chemökeri/tʃeməkeri/, (pl. chemokerun) n. (fairy animal used to scare children) dragon.

chemöna/tʃeməna/, murian/mərian/ n. rat.

chemokö/tʃeməkə/(pl. chemoken) n. an ox.

Chemolmole/tʃemolmole/ n. jade, jocose (for women).

Chemoghosyon/tʃeməyən/, (pl. chemowostin) n. wizard (person who determines the origin of any sickness: a kind of general practitioner).

Chemoghosinan/tʃeməyəsnan/ chemowosi-nan/ tʃeməwosı-nan/ n. the art practised by a wizard.

chemo(gh)wosinön /tʃemə(y)wosnən/ n. sorcery.

chemokö/tʃeməkə/ n. 1 oxen. 2 impotent man.

Chemontapan/tʃeməntapan/, (pl. chemontapontoy) n. mantis religiosa. chemoris/tʃeməris/, (pl. chemoristin) n. white striped animal or object.

Chemormor/tʃemərmər) n. pl. zebras. (see chamar mar).

chemosa/tʃeməsa/, (pl. chemosoy) n. lean meat (of old animal).

chemotyö /tʃemətjo/ n. beer drunk at the

beginning of the day.

Chempaw/tʃempau/, (pl. chempawoy)(a)/ n. redwing warbler (prinia erythroptera). chempö/tʃempə/, (pl. chempen) n. plough; hoe. chemulöy/tʃemləi/ n. dizziness. chemunya/tʃemuña/ n. robe.

chemurmusyon/tʃemrrmrssjo/, (pl. chemurmustin/ n. selfish person.

chemururu/tʃemruru/ n. fairly animal, used to cheat small children.

chemuryen/tʃerjen/, (pl. chemurientin) n. grey headed sparrow (passer griseus).

chemusar/tʃemusar/, chemusor/tʃemusər/ n. forefinger, in-dex.

Chemusor/tʃemusor/ n. pl. lovers.

chemutöy/tʃemutøy/, (pl. chemutin) n. butcher disease (mysterious disease).

chemwaka(yan)/tʃemwaka/, (pl. chemwaken) n. gone for years, squatter; whore. chemwokiyon/tʃe,mwokiyon/, (pl. chemwokiyis) n. sinner. chemworis /tʃemwo:ris/ striped rat.

chen /tʃen/v. [2.ku] to blame someone. kichenöt/kitʃenöt/ n. par. blaming. ki-chensyö n. accusing. Kichenin/kitʃenin/ n. accuser. kichenön/kitʃenən/ n. accused. cheno't/tʃenət/ adj. par. blamed. cheno/tʃena/ adj. possible to accuse. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

Cheng/tʃen/ cheny/tʃen/ v. [1.ki] to take. chengat/tʃenat/ n. par. taking. chengsyö n. taking. Chengin/tʃenin/ n. one who takes things. cheng'at/tʃenat/ adj. par. taken. chengo/tʃenɔ/, adj. /tʃenjsiot/possible to take. <sy, <otö, <u, <chi, <o, <egh, <t.

chenkeyan/tʃenkeian/, chenken/tʃenken/ n. corncob; husk of maize.

Chep /tʃep/ v. [2.ki] 1 to exorcise; to send away maledictions. 2 to damn (strong cursing). chepöt/tʃepət/, (pl. tʃeput) exorcism. chepsyö/tʃepslo/ n. exorcising. Chepin/tʃepin/ n. exorcist. chepo't/tʃepot/ adj par. exorcised. chepo/tʃepo/adj. possi-ble to be cursed. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh.

Chep /tʃep/- prefix used for naming girls, or for teasing people; e.g., chepököy /tʃepəkəi/ child who cries too much.

chepankas/tʃepankas/, (pl. chepankestin) n. tube.

chepankaw/tʃepankaw/, (pl. chepankawtin) n. Harrier eagle (circae-tus).

chepanyita/tʃepaŋinta/, (pl. chepanyiten) n. type of tree, very sweet, used as medicine (tümöyon).

cheparkutyan/tʃeparkutjan/, (pl. cheparkutin) n. stingy; somebody who denies to have something others are asking for.

Chepay /tʃepai/ n. that girl, known. chepayan/tʃepajan/, (pl. chepayantin) untidy; careless; backbiter chepayay/tʃepajaj/ n. olive baboon.

chepayiya/tʃepiija/,(chepayen) n. golden weaver (bird). chepchawiray/tʃeptʃawirai/,(pl. chepchawirtin) n. uncircumcised woman (still with chawir).

chepchirüm/tʃeptʃirim/ n. meningitis; also used for tetanus.

chepentöw/tʃepentəw/ n. katumani maize. cheperi/tʃeperi? n. clown; funny person. chepilkeret/tʃepilkeret/ n. francolin; quail (bird).

chepiliswö/tʃepiliswə/,(pl.chepiliswen) n. type of tree (its fruits are eaten in time of famine after having been boiled for a long time; its roots are used to clean dirty water in a pothole—they are just immersed in the water and this, after a while, will become clear).

chepirüm/tʃepirim/,(pl.chepirimtin) n. 1. turtle; dove (bird). 2. given to the one who buried a dead person. chepirir/tʃepirir/ n. woman in menstruation. chepirisir/tʃepirisir/ n. anaemia, malaria.

chepiskut /tʃepiskut/ n. human disease, kind of mouth infection.

chepita/tʃepita/ n. coward (girl who is afraid of being circumcised).

chepitot/tʃeptöt/,(pl.cheptotin) n. carp (type of fish).

chepiyut/tʃepiyut/,chepyutin) n. 1 booty. 2 huge fat person.

chepilat/tʃepilat/,(pl.chepileatin) n.cinnamon chested (bird).

chepirukwö/tʃeprukwa/,(pl.chepiruk) n. type of tree (it is a medicine for infants).

chepkachech/tʃepkatsetʃ/,(pl.chepkachechoy) n. bee-eater (bird).

chepka(k)ulü /tʃepkalulü/ n. fog.

chepkaluma/tʃepkaluma/,(pl.chepkalumen) n. full woman's dress.

chepkarkaryan/tʃepkarkarjan/(pl.chepkarkaren) n.porcupine.

Chepkartanan/tʃepkartanan/ n. prostitution. chepkar-tayan/tʃepkartajan/,(pl.chepkarten) n. prostitute; harlot.

chepkarwal/tʃepkarwal/,(pl.chepkarwaltin) n. old woman.

Chepkasar/tʃepkasar/,(pl.chepkasartin) n. bronze maninikin (bird). chepkauli/tʃepkaul n. fog. chepkawa/tʃepkawa/ n.half of a litre.

chepkelat /tʃepkelat/n. 1 gums' infection. 2 n. child who starts growing teeth on the upper jaw rather than the lower one.

chepkiliny/tʃepkilin/ n. African thrush (bird).

chepkilit/tʃepkitit<in/ n. pure. chepkilit Ma rya /tʃepkitit ma.rıja/Virgin Mary, mother of Jesus.

chepkirerü /tʃepkrerı/ n. jumping game.

chepküresmeywon/tʃepküresmejon/,(pl. chepkiresmey) n. type of tree (good for curing children's diarrhoea, 'tapikwan').

chepkiriri/tʃepkiriri/ n. gale.

chepkitil/tʃepkitıl/ n. half wooden container with hide lids used for holding beer.

chepkititi/tʃepkititi/ n. waxbills (bird).

chepkisirwa/tʃepkisirwa n. type of tree (eugenia jambos).

chepkin /tʃepkin/n. wide space.

chepkintol/tʃepkintol/,(pl.chepkintoltin) n. curve of a person's leg; Achilles' tendon.

Chepkisia/tʃepkisia/ n. 1 wonder. 2 encroachment, chepkuluny rotyon—one who encroaches on the boundary.

chepkö /tʃepkə/ n. aunt; sister of one's father. chepkölöm'ot/tʃepkələmət/ n. thrush (sickness). chepkömlö/tʃekəmol/,chepkomoltin) n. 1. scapegoat; one who is unjustly blamed by others. 2. sacrificial lamb; one who gives up his com- fort, or even life, for the sake of others. 3. spokesman; one who speaks on behalf of others, say, during a traditional ceremony. chepkörer/tʃepkörer/ n. first drops liquid falling from a tap, tit, etc.

chepköröngwö/tʃepkərəŋwə/ n. influenza; indisposition, when the body is weak and uncomfortable.

chepköröpitö/tʃepkərəpitə/ n. cheeky; triviality.

chepkörö/tʃepkɔrɔ/ n. colour of striped side of a cow.

chepkompis/tʃepkompi:s/,(pl.chepkämpistin) n. drum used for the ceremony called moy.

chepkomut/tʃepkamut/<in/ n. small ants that like honey and sugar.

chepkondol/tʃepkondol/,(pl.chepkondoltin) n. cockroach. chepkönö/tʃepkönə/,(pl.chepkönəw) n. jackal; fox. chepkopis/tʃepkɔpis/,(pl.chepkopistin) n. drum used for the ceremony called 'moy'.

chepkos /tʃepkəs/ n. type of sorghum that came from Sebei. chepkosyon/tʃepkəsion/,chepkos/tʃepkəs/ n. grain of sorghum.

chepkoto/tʃepkətə/,(pl.chepkototin)<tin/ n. agamous moth.

chepkopil/tʃepkəpil/ n. type of tree (psidium guajava).

Chepkukay/tʃepkukai/,(pl.chepkukaytin) n. type of (big) tree (also ket pö oghö). Its fruits are edible, and its log is used for making beehives (see cheptuwu) (Kara.).

chepöanyinta /tʃepəŋinta/ n. type of tree (catha edulis). chepögh/tʃepəg/ n. rainmaker; diviner. chepöghyon/tʃepəgħyon/,(pl.chepöghtin) n. soothsayer.

chepökamik /tʃepəkamık/ n. 1. prickly plant;

chepku'ku/tsepuku/ n. arrogance; abuse of power; thistle. 2. subclan of Sötöt. e.g., Karotinyi chepkuku You have become very arrogant.

chepkumün/tsepkumın// n. 1 alcoholic. 2 girl's name.

chepkumot/tsepkumot/ small ants that feed on honey.

chepkupeyon/tsepkujön/,chepkupe/tsepkupe/ n. blackmarket (also chepkupeyön).

chepkureri /tsepkureri/ n. jumping game.

chepkut/tsepkut/<in/ n. personal gourd, nobody else can use it.

chepkwanyan/tsepkwajan/, (pl.chepkwanytin) n. sooth-sayer that reads animals' entrails. chepkwethyon/tsep.kweyion/, (pl.chepkweghtin) n. sooth-sayer that reads the way shoes falls tossing them high.

cheplaleyö/tsepialejə/,sintagh /sintay/ n. dancing feast done between June and September; it is done during the day.

Cheplengin/tseplenjin/, (pl.Chepleng) n. Marakwet people.

cheplokwetö/tseplokwtə/ n. lesser kudu.

cheplonyon/tseplojon/, (pl.cheplonyontin). jealous; ambitious (person who claims too much). cheplonyontan/tseplo.nontan/ n. jealousy.

Cheployos /tsepłajos/ n. cattle sickness: foot and mouth disease.

chepnarökö/tsepnarökoi/ n. waterbuck. (also chepnokwö/<en/).

cheptyakarya/tsepnakörja/chepnyökoronoy/ tsepñekörənvi/ n.coward.

cheptyaril/tsepnarıl/, (pl.chepnyariltin) n. robin (bird).

cheptyarkil/tsepnarkil/, (pl.cheptyarkiltin) n. newly born baby (called like that for about five months). chepnyökoronoy /tsepñekorono/ n. pl. coward people (see

cheptyakarya). chepnyokosö/tsepñökəsə/ n. nyala. chepnyolonyon/tsepñalonyon/ n. bush pig.

chepõ kachorö/tsepə.katşorə/ n. central place of a market.

chepõkapchora/tsepəkaptʃəra/ n. market place.

chepõ yit /tsepə.jit/.n. tympanic membrane

chepõkeri/tsepakeri/ n. (fairy animal used to scare children) dragon.

chepõkilö/tsepakila/ n. tin of 1 kg.

chepõ(kö)pögh/tsepəpəgə/ n. rainmaker; diviner.

Chepõkösyon/tsepəkösəjən/, (pl.Chepökös) n. so called Elgon Maasai people.

chepõkuku/tsepəkuku/n. worn out machete.

chepõlel /tsepəlel/ (kuyogh) n. one. chepõlkösyon/ tsepəlkəsən/, (pl.chepõlköstin) n. one who reveals

secrets.

chepõlöy/tsepələi/ n. rioter, person who yells.

chepõmu/tsepəmu/ n. glutton.

chepõmuntöñ /tsepəmutən/ n. voracity; gluttony. chepörang/tsepərəŋ n. klipspringer. chepören/ tsepərən/ n. type of tree (medicine against 'termes', spleen disease).

chepõtomtom/tsepətomtom/ n. doubt, e.g., amatanın chepôtomtom, I am doubting.

Chepo /tsepə/ n. daughter of. chepö kayına / tsepəkanına/daughter of that clan. chepo monıng/ tsepə.monıŋ/ maid. chepo kamık n. 1 type of tree and medicine. 2 clan.

chepochekirkö/tsepətşekirkə/n. olive baboon.

Chepochemosoy/tsepətşemosɔi// (pl. chepochemosoytin) n. 1 fiscal shrike (bird). 2 clan.

Chepochechkam/tsepətşepkam/ n. a human-like animal that is half-human and kills kids using a sharpened stick (kam) (see chepotilkaria).

chepocheptil/tsepətşeptil/(pl.chepocheptiltin)n. Hemprich's horn-bill (bird).

chepocheptoncha /tsepətşeptəntʃa/ n. daughter of my sister (niece).

Chepochikunegh /tsepətşikuney/ n. ugali of finger millet.

Chepôleleyö/tsepəlalejə/ n. dance; the most typical Pöket dance (also called nyaleyö, and cheplaleyö).

chepõkapchora/tsepəkaptʃəra/ n. market place. chepokeru/tsepəkeru/ n. an animal said to have a pocket in which it puts kids and runs away with them to eat them up (see chesompur).

chepõkoryon/tsepəkarɔn/, (pl.chepokoren) n. person receiving a gift from someone else's harvest; beggar.

Chepokopeson/tsepəkopesən/ n. hunger; famine. chepokutöy/tsepəkutəi/ n. aardvark.

che(p)o)aleyö /tsepəlalejəo/ n. dance; the most typical Pöket dance (also called nyaleyö).

chepoloy/tsepəloj/, (chepoloytin) n. rioter; person who yells.

cheponoy/tsepəmoni/ n. red monkey; patas monkey.

chepongö/tsepənəjə/ n. bongo? (Kis.). cheponyiwor/ tsepəniwor/ n. big white ants. **cheponyoworin/ tsepənəwɔrin/** n. termite. cheporang/tsepərəŋ/ n. killspringer. chepores/tsepəres/ n. a loose woman; a whore. cheporesnan being a loose woman (see chepokartayan).

cheporusyon/tsepərusjən/, (pl.cheporustin) n. impure woman because of menstruation, abortion, or death of a child at birth (euphemism).

Chepyron/tsepərɔn/ n. the last beer given in any ceremony.

Cheposilayita/tʃepəsilai:ta/ n. ugali made from green maize.

chebosokip/tʃeposokip/, (chepokiptin) n. hoopoe (bird).

chepotilkaria/tʃepotilkaria/, (pl. chepotilkariantin) en/ n. a human-like animal, half-human that kills children using a sharpened stick (see chepochepokam).

chepotoyö/tʃepətəjə/, (chepotoyoten) porcupine.

chepoy/tʃepo:jɪ/ n. insane; mad; crazy. chepoynön/ tʃepo:nən/ n. insanity; madness; craziness.

cheprüm/tʃeprım/, (pl. cheprimpen, cheprimitin) n. turtle; dove (bird).

cheprwochwö/tʃeprwɔ:tʃwə/, (pl. cheprwochten) n. eavesdropper; curious.

chepsakityan/tʃepsaktitjən/, (pl. chepsakitis) n. doctor; herbalist.

chepsapir/tʃepsapir/, (chepsapirtin) n. razor. chepserketch/tʃepserketʃ/, (pl. chepserketchoy) n. gangrene; gash. chepsürum/tʃepsrum/, (pl. chepsirumtin) n. goat with big swollen belly or navel.

chepsoköyon/tʃepsokə:jon/, (pl. chepsokoytin) n. magician. cheptadan/tʃeptadan/, (cheptadantin) n. tin of 250 gr. Cheptapesya/tʃeptapesjə/ n. rough tall grass found along rivers.

cheptayta/tʃepta:jta/ n. cereal's pest by which they dry fast.

cheptengal/tʃeptenjal/ n. type of tree (sesbania sesban).

Chepterngeny/tʃepternjen/ n. comfort, e.g. pöghisyö chepterngeny/pəxis̥jо.tʃepternjen/, comfortable peace. chepteykech/<oy/ n. ant bear. cheptöön/tʃeptöön/ (pl. cheptiponoy) n. cupola; huts thatched with mud.

cheptürkic̥/tʃepti:rkitʃ/ n. duiker; steinbock.

cheptiwon/tʃepti:wən/ n. dikdik.

cheptiti/tʃeptiti/ n. tawny flanked prinia wax- bill (bird).

chepto/tʃepta/, /tʃpın/ n. girl. cheptöyan/tʃeptəjan/ my daughter. cheptöngu/tʃeptənju/ your daughter. Cheptanyi/tʃeptənji/ his/her daughter. cheptöncha/tʃeptəntʃa/ my/our sister. cheptöngkw'a/tʃeptənkw'a/ your sister. cheptöngwa/tʃeptənwa/ their sister. chepto mpö /tʃepto:.mpɔ/n. sister of. chepto-chepto/tʃepto:tʃepto:/ n. niece.

cheptöön/tʃeptəpon/ n. hut thatched with mud.

cheptörong/tʃeptərɔŋ/ n. marabu stork (bird) (see kachilikököch).

cheptöwmu/tʃeptəwmu/ n. merciless; bad hearted. cheptöwsonkol/tʃeptəwsonkol/ (pl. cheptowsonkoltin) n. ostrich. cheptoghyon/tʃeptoxion/, cheptogh/tʃeptəg/ n. aardvark. cheptorö/<en/ n. skirt, worn by young uncircumcised girls.

Cheptupön/tʃeptupən/, (pl. cheptoponoy) n. small huts.

chepturu/tʃepturu/, (pl. chepturunun) n. 1 maw worm. 2 name of a person. 3 kapılılı.

cheptuwu/tʃeptuwu/, (pl. cheptuwutin) n. 1 a type of small shrub (also ket pö oghö/ket pə oxə/ used as a magical herb to make one invisible to one's enemies (see chepkukay). 2 a big tree used for making beehives (see chepkukay) (Kara.).

cheptuya/tʃeptuya/, (pl. cheptuyen) n. type of tree (cassia spectabilis).

chepunkesinön/tʃepunkesinən/ n. irresponsibility chepunkesyon/tʃepunkesjən/, (pl. chepunkestin) n. irresponsible (one who does not care about the cattle, etc.).

chepunkesinön/tʃepunkesinən/ n. irresponsibility.

chepusyel/tʃepusjel/, (chepusyeltin) n. lion.

chepyötöwö/tʃepyotwə/, (pl. chepiyöt)S n. type of tree (used as a very efficient broom).

chepyut/tʃepjut/, (pl. chepyutin) n. lost animals and found by another person and not claimed.

Cher/tʃer/ v. [1.ke] to select; to appoint. kicherat/kitʃerat/ n. par. selecting; appointment. kichersyö selection. Kicherin/kitʃeri:n/ n. selector. Kicheran/kitʃeran/ n. one who has been selected; nominee. cher'at/tʃerat/, (pl. cherot)/ adj. par. selected. chero/<isioty/ adj. selectable. <sy, <ot(o), <u, <chı, <egh, <t.

cherat/tʃerat/ provoking.

cherakw'at/tʃerakwat/ n. 1 stupid dog, coward dog. 2 foolish person.

cherankös/tʃerankɔ:s/, cherinküs/tʃerinkis/, (pl. cherinkisay, cherinkistin) n. quail.

cherelkat/tʃerelka:t/, (pl. cherelkatin) n. pied crow (bird).

chererkew/tʃererkew/, (pl. cherekewen) n. bird believed to carry away sins.

chereryan/tʃererjan/ n. ox-pecker (bird).

cheripkoor/tʃeripkə:r/ n. (honorific title) one who watches after the world (title given to God). cherikan/tʃerikan/, (cherikanoy) n. jerrican; metal or plastic container of 20 litres (Eng.).

cherösus/tʃerəsus/, (pl. cherosustin) n. disrespectful name for hyena.

cherötöy/tʃerətəj/ n. skirt; traditional woman's dress made of goat's skins wrapped around the waist.

cheronkesyon/tʃerənkesjon/, (pl. cheronkestin) n. liar.

ches/tʃes/ v. [1.ki] to cry. chesat/tʃesat/ tʃesatut/ n. par. crying. Chesin/tʃesi:n/ n. crier. <otö, <egh. chesalyan(y)/tʃesaljan/, (pl. chesalyantin) n. wave. chesamis/tʃesamis/, (pl. chesamistin) n. type of tree (it seems to be good firewood, and goats find it delicious).

chesampi/tʃesamp/, (chesampu:n/, (pl.chesampoy) n. vulture (also chesampu).

chesamu(gh)/tʃemu(y)/ n. name of a cow, somehow coloured with stripes.

chesangal/tʃesanjal/, (pl.chesangaltin) n. derogatory name for women.

Chesangirur /tʃesanjirur/ n. beetle (not the one).

chesapinyan/tʃesapına/, (pl.chesapiny) n. moraine; deposited rubbish in a river.

chesawil/tʃesawil/chesöwiloy/ n. beast; destructive wild animal. chesenkwö/tʃesenkwö/ n. ugali of finger millet. chesiko/tʃesiko/ n. 1 a Pöket clan. 2 olive thrush (bird).

chesirimnyon/tʃesirimnyon/(pl.chesirimnytin) n. type of weeds.

chesighyon/tʃesiyion/, (pl.chesigh) n. type of plant (if cows eat its leaves, the milk gets a sweet scent).

chesiko/tʃesika/ (pl.chesiken) n. olive thrush (bird). chesöngol n. woman (see chesangal). chesöryol/tʃesrjol/ (pl.chesoryoltin)tin/ n. whiteheaded weaver (bird).

chesöwilöney/tʃesöwiləi/ n. pl. (see chesawil).

chesokisyon/tʃesökrisjon/, (pl.chesokistin) n. type of plant (used as soap—at least it makes foam).

chesoköyon/tʃesökəjön/, (pl.chesoköytin) n. witchdoctor (mostly a woman; not well appreciated).

chesolit/tʃesolit/, (pl.chesolitoy) adj. stubborn; naughty, es- pecially girls (offensive word used by moth- ers to teach their daughters good manners). chesolitnön n. slackness.

chesompur/tʃesompur/, (pl.chesompurun) n. beast; destructive wild animal; an animal said to have a pocket into which it puts kids and runs away to eat them (see chepokeru).

chesoritich/tʃesoritits/ n. whip; flog.

chesortichon/tʃesortitson/, chesortich/tʃesortits/ n. celibate (person who remains bachelor on purpose). chesortichinön /tʃesortijön/n. celibacy.

chesurur/tʃesurur:r/, (pl.chesururtin) n. water fall.

chesuswon/chesustin/ adj. hut thatched with grass. chesuyon/tʃesujon/, chesy/tʃesi:/ n. tin of 1 litres. Chewachel/tʃewatçel/ n. 1 left-handed person (also wachele). 2 sun.

chewekok/tʃewekak/, (pl.chewekokoy) n. francolin (bird).

chewoywoy/tʃewojwoj/, (pl.chewoywoytin) n. meddler; disorderly person (especially in talking); hothead; person with confusing plans.

chewuk/tʃewuk/, (pl.chewuktin) n. hunchback. chewuryö/tʃewurja/kö/ n. button quail (bird). chewusi/tʃewusi/(pl.chewusin) n. tin of 2 litres. cheyatit/tʃejatit/ n. olive baboon.

cheytö/tʃejta/ (A) der. v. [3.ki] to curse. chechinogh /tʃetʃı.nəy/ n. par. cursing. chechinöghin /

tʃetʃınəyin/ n. person who curses. <egh, <t.

cheytö/tʃejta/ (B) v. [3.ki] to proscribe. Kicheytogh/tʃetjejtog/, kicheytöt/kıtsejtat/ n. par. proscription. kicheytöghin/i/ n. pro- scriber. Cheyteghot/tʃejteyxat/ adj. par. proscribed. <egh(u), <eghchü.

chi/tʃı/ dem. pron.

chichigh/tʃitʃıy/ v. [2.ki] to be restless, agi- tated. chichighöt/tʃitʃıyat/, (pl.tʃitʃut/ n. par. rest- less. chichighin /tʃitʃıyin/ n. restless person. chichigh'ot /tʃitʃıyat/ adj. par. restless. <ot(o), <egh, referring to the where that person keeps on moving.

chichiķa/tʃitʃıka/, chichiķen /tʃitʃıken/ v. [1.ki] to remove, move backwards. chichiķa/tʃitʃıka/ n. sieve.

chichim/tʃitʃım/ v. [1.ki] to strengthen; to sustain; to poise. chichimat/tʃitʃımat/, n. par. strengthening; sustaining. chichimsyö/tʃitʃımsyo/ n. sustaining. chichimün/tʃitʃımin/ n. sustainer. chichiman/tʃitʃımin/n. sustained person.

chichim'at/tʃitʃımat/ adj. par. strengthen; steadfast; stable. chichimo/tʃitʃıma/, adj. sustainable. <sy, <ot(o), <u, <chü, <egh,

<t. chichimat/tʃitʃımat/ n. confirma- tion. chichimöwon/tʃitʃımawon/, chichimow/tʃitʃımow/ n. 1 supporter (person, thing, food). 2 keystone.

chichin/tʃitʃın/ v. [2.ki] to sink; to soak. chichinöt /tʃitʃınat/ n. par. sinking. chichinskyö n. sinking. chichinın/tʃitʃınin/ n. person who likes to sink or soak things. chichinön /tʃitʃınon/ n. the sunk object; something soaked. chichin'ot/tʃitʃınot/ adj. soaked. chichino/tʃitʃına/ <isyot/ adj. sinkable; soakable. <sy, <ot(o), <u, <chü, <egh.

chichin/tʃitʃın/ v. [1.ki] 1 to kiss. 2 to sip (beer through a tube). chichinat/tʃitʃınat/ n. par. kissing. chichinskyö /tʃitʃınsyo/ n. kissing. chichinın/tʃitʃınin/ n. person (especially mothers) who like kissing; one who sips. chichinat/tʃitʃınat/ adj. par. kissed; sipped. chichino/tʃitʃıno/ adj. able to be sipped. <sy, <ot(o), <u, <chü, <egh.

chichuk/tʃitʃuk/ (A) v. [1.ku] to reduce; not to fulfil a promise. Kichichukat/kitʃitʃukat/, kichichukut/kitʃitʃukut/ n. par. reducing (especially of fire). ki- chichuksyö/kitʃitʃuksyo/ n. reducing. kichichukin/kitʃitʃukin/ n. reducer. kichichukan /kitʃitʃukan/ n. something that has been removed from a whole. chichukat/tʃitʃukat/ ot/ adj. par. reduced. chichuko/<yot/ adj. reducible. <sy, <ot(o), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

chichuk/tʃitʃuk/ (B) v. [1.ku] to take away.

kichichukat/kitʃitʃukat/ n. par. removing. kichichuksyö/kitʃitʃuksyo/ n. removing. kichichukin/kitʃitʃukin/ n. person who removes things. chichuk'at/tʃitʃukat/ adj. par. remove. chichuko/tʃitʃuko/ adj. removable. <sy, <ot(o), <u, <chü, <egh.

chidi/tʃrdi/(n)tít/ v. [1.ku] to make smooth. kichiði(n)títi/par. smoothness. chidi(n)tötiti, chidi(n)tötiti,/par.

chidititu /tʃɪdɪtɪtu/ v. 1 to become slippery 2 to become tiny, gummy. 1 slippery, greasy (Kara.). chidi(n)töt/tʃɪdɪtöt/par. slippery. chidi(ntö)työ/tʃɪdɪtöt/par. 1 smoothness. 2 gumminess. chidit/chidite/ adj. scanty; tiny.

chiduk//tʃɪduk/ n. spotted hyena.

chik/tʃɪk/ v. [1.ku] to rub; to polish. ki-chikat/tʃɪkat/ n. par. rubbing; polishing. kichikisyö/kɪtʃɪkɪsyo/ n. polishing. kichikin/kɪtʃɪkin/ n. person who likes polishing. kichikan/kɪtʃɪkan/ n. something rubbed away; one who has been cleaned (removed from work). chik'at/tʃɪka:t/ adj. possible to clean. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh.

chikan/tʃɪkan/ v. [1.ki] to wake, be effective. chikanat/tʃɪkanat/ n. waking. chikonyö/tʃɪkənsyo/ n. waking. chikönin/tʃɪkənin/ n. person who wakes easily. chikanan/tʃɪkanan/ n. recently awaken. chikan'at/tʃɪkanat/, (pl.chiköno't) adj. par. awaken. chikono/tʃɪkəno/<isyot/ adj. able to awaken. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh.

chikatatit(u) /tʃɪkatatit/ v. to become tough, impolite. chikatat/tʃɪkatat/,chikötöte/tʃɪkötete/ adj. 1 tough to climb or overcome. 2. impolite.

chikimum /tʃɪkimum/ v. [1.ku] to be anxious. chikthanki-mumu/tʃɪkɪ.mumu/ n. anxious. chikimumnyö/tʃɪkɪmumnyö/ n. anxiousness. kichikimumat/kɪtʃɪkɪmumat/ anxi- ety. kichikimumin/kɪtʃɪkɪmumin/ n. anxious person; impatient. <chi, <egh, because of.

chikir/tʃɪkir/ v. [1.ku] 1 to stiffen the neck. 2 to be understanding. kichikiröt/kɪtʃɪkɪröt/ n. par. bending of the neck. kichikirsyo n. bending the neck. kichikirin/kɪtʃɪkɪrin/i/ n. one who bends the neck often. chikiro't adj. par. bent. chiki-ro/tʃɪkro/<yot/ adj. bendable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

chikirö/tʃɪkiro/<en n. hoe (traditional small hoe for weeding finger millet).

chikön (see chikan). chikötöt/tʃɪkətot/ discomfort (Kara.). chikötöte (see chikatat).

chikwar/tʃɪkwär/ v. [1.ki] 1 to prick gently, to nudge. 2 to call someone with the hand. chikwarat/tʃɪkwa.rat/chikwörut/tʃɪkwerut/ n. par. nudging. chi-kwörsyo n. nudging. chikwörin/tʃɪkweri:n/ n. person who nudges. chikwar'at/tʃɪkwarat/chikwö-r'ot/tʃɪkwarot/ adj. par. nudged. chikwöro/tʃɪkwerö/<yot/ able to be nudged. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi,

<egh, <t.

chikwil/tʃɪkwil/ v. [1.ki] to glean; to pick everything from anywhere. chikwilsyo n.glean- ing. chikwilin/tʃɪkwilin/ n. person who gleans. chikwilan/tʃɪkwilan/n. the object that has been gleaned. chikwilat/tʃɪkwilat/ adj. par. gleaned. chikwilisyon/

tʃɪkwilisjot/adj. possible to glean. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

chikwör (see chikwar).

chil (A) /tʃɪl/ v. [2.ki] to cook; to stew. chilöt/tʃɪlət/ n. par. cooking. chilsyo/tʃɪlsyo/ n. cooking. chilin/tʃɪlin/ n. recently cooked food. chilo't/tʃɪlət/adj. par. cooked. chilisyon/tʃɪlisjot/adj. cookable. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

chil (B) /tʃɪl/ v. [1.ki] 1 to scold. 2 to shout at somebody in order to encourage them (also for animals). chilat/tʃɪlat/ n. par. scolding; yelling. chilsyo/tʃɪlsyo/ n. yelling. chilin/i/n. scolder; one who yells. chil'at/tʃɪlət/adj. par. scolded. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

chilchil/tʃɪltʃɪl/ v. [1.ku] (A) to be poignant; to intoxicate; e.g., Kichilchilanın ighot /kitʃɪtʃɪlanın ixot/ The smoke is bothering me; Chilchilinyi plipli:n/ pilipili/kitʃɪltʃɪlini Hot pepper is too hot for you. kichilchii-lat /kitʃɪltʃɪ.lat/n. par. poignancy. chilchil/tʃɪltʃɪl/,chilchile/tʃɪltʃɪle/ adj. sharp; poignant. chichilyö/tʃɪltʃɪljo/ n. sharpness.

chilchil/tʃɪltʃɪl/ (B) v. [1.ku] to cut meat. kichilchilat/kɪtʃɪ.tʃɪlat/ n. par. cutting of meat. kichilchilin/ki.tʃɪtʃɪlin/ n. person who cuts meat. chilchilat/tʃɪltʃɪlat/ adj. par. hewn. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh.

chilchil (C)/tʃɪtʃɪl/ v. [1.ki] to wedge; to cut deeply a piece of meat; to remove all meat leaving only the bones. chilchilat/tʃɪtʃɪl/n. par. wedging meat. <egh, <u, <chi.

chilchilit(u) /tʃɪtʃɪlɪt/ v. to become sharp. chilil/tʃɪli:/, (pl.chililöch) adj. incisive; sharp. chililyö/tʃɪtʃɪljo/ n. incisiveness; sharpness.

chilitwa/tʃɪltʃɪwa/ n. 1 something tiny; scant; e.g., keyi Mary moniñg nyole chilitwa Mary has given birth to a very tiny child. 2 mite. chililit/tʃɪlilit/(u), chililöchitu/tʃɪlɪlötjitu/ v. to become incisive.

chilyew/tʃɪlɪew/<tin n. barbet (bird).

chimchim/tʃɪmtʃɪm/,chimchime/tʃɪmtʃɪme/adj. sharp; conic; pointed. chimchimit/tʃɪmtʃɪmit/ v. to become pointed. chimchimyo n. poignancy; sharpness; e.g., Chimchim kut chichoni /tʃɪmtʃɪm kut tʃɪtʃoni/ That person has a pointed mouth.

chimpases/tʃɪmpases/ v. [2.ke] to lie down like a dog that is sucking its puppies; to make oblique. chimpes/tʃɪmpes/ adj. craggy. chimpesin/tʃɪmpesin/one who lies like that.

chip/tʃɪp/ v. [2.ki] to scoundrel.

chip/tʃɪp/ v. [2.ki] to curse. chipöt/tʃɪpət/ n. par. cursing. chipsyo/tʃɪpsyo/ n. cursing. chipin/i/ n. curser. chipön/tʃɪpən/ n. cursed person. chip'ot/tʃɪpo:t/ adj. par. cursed. chipisyon/tʃɪpisjot/ adj. possible to be cursed. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi <egh.

chipaghagh/tʃɪpaxax/ v. [1.ku] to make someone dis- respectful. chipaghagh/tʃɪpaxay/ chipoğhöghe/tʃɪpəxəyə/n. disrespectful;

enigmatic. chüpagagh/tʃɪpapay/, chüpöpagh/tʃɪpəpəy/ n. unsocial. chü- pöghöghyö/tʃɪpəxəxö/ n. disregard. kichüpaghaghaghat/kitʃɪpa.yaya/;, n. disrespect. chüpaghaghít/tʃɪpəyaxít/, chüpöghögħitu/tʃɪpəyexitu/ v. to become unsocial, disrespectful.

chüpayay/tʃɪpa:lə/n.1 pale brown colour. 2 tasteless.

chüpö/tʃɪpə/chüpöt /tʃɪpət/ n. curse; woe.

chüpö/tʃɪpə/ wayan n. tricky person. chüpochüpo/tʃɪpotʃɪpo/ adv. perhaps; probably. chüpöghögħe/tʃɪpəxəxe/ n. pl. (see chüpaghagh).

chür/tʃɪr/ v. [1.ki] to remove; to scratch. 2 to scrape a gourd for cleaning. chürin/tʃɪri:n/ n. person who removes things; person who scratches others. chür'at/tʃɪra:t/ adj. par. removed. chürisyot/tʃɪrisyot/ adj. removable. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chü, <egh.

chüra/tʃɪra/ (A) der. v. [3.ku] 1 to escape; to skip a problem (see chür). 2 to become mature, clever. chüragħ/tʃɪray/ n. par. maturity; age of reason.

chüra/tʃɪrat/ (B) v. [3.ki] to deny. chüragħ/tʃɪrax/ n. par. denial.

chürcħi/tʃɪtʃɪ/ v. [3.ku] to stare. kichürcħinog n. par. staring. kichürcħineħgin/kitʃɪrtʃinexin/ n. starer. <otö, <egh.

chürcħir/tʃɪtʃɪr/ n. the lower part of a roof in a hut.

chürcħit(u)/tʃɪtʃɪrit/ v. to become trodden, clear. chürcħiyo/tʃɪtʃɪrja/ n. cleanliness; when something looks well swept and trodden (e.g., a road). chürcħir/tʃɪtʃɪr/(pl.chüčħire) adj. trodden; clear.

chürerit/tʃɪrerit/, chüreröchħitu/tʃɪrerətʃitu/ v. to become clever. chürer/tʃɪrer/(pl.chüreröch) adj. clever, shrewd; astute; cunning. chüreyo/tʃɪrerjø/ n. cleverness; shrewdness. knowledge; intelligence. chürewak/tʃɪrerwak/ one who presents himself as wise; a cunning person.

chürerchi/tʃɪrerħi/ der. v. [3.ki] to plot. chürerħinogħ/tʃɪrerħi.nəy/ n. par. plotting. chürerħinħin/tʃɪrerħiñin/ n. plotter.

chürichan(g)/tʃɪritʃan/, chüriyān/tʃɪrirjan/(pl. chiriyantin) n. billed oxpecker (bird).

chüri/tʃɪrrit/ v. [3.ku] to dazzle. kichürunat/kitʃɪrunat/ n. par. dazzling. kichürunin/kitʃɪrunin/ n. person who dazzles. chürunat/tʃɪrunat/ adj. dazzled. chüri konyin/tʃɪrikənjin/v. [2.ku] to stare with wide, open eyes; to goggle. <otö, <egh.

chürim/tʃɪrim/ v. [2.ku] to be severe, to puck.

kichürimat/kitʃɪrimat/<ut/ n. par. anger. kichürimyö/tʃɪrimsjø/ n. firmness; rigidity; stiffness. chürima/tʃɪrima/ v. [3.ku] to stand firm. chürimagh/tʃɪrimagħ/, kichürimat/kitʃɪrimat/ n. par. firm- ness. chürimit/tʃɪrimit/, chürimitħochitu/

tʃɪmitħoʃtu/ v. to become rigid, stiff, firm.

chürit/tʃɪrit/v.[2.ku] to stretch out. kichüritöt/kitʃɪritöt/ n. par. stretching. chürit adj. slim, slender, thin. kichüritin/kitʃɪritin/ n. person who stretches. chürito't/tʃɪritöt/ adj. par. stretched. chürito/tʃɪritisjet/ adj. stretchable. <ot(ö), <u, <chü, <egh.

chüarkan/tʃɪrkan/ v. [1.ki] to scratch; to peel off one's skin. chüarkanat/tʃɪrkanat/,chürkönüt/tʃɪrkanut/ n. par. scratching. chürkönin/tʃɪrkanin/ n. person easy to peel off. chürkönat/tʃɪrkanat/, (pl.chürkönö't) adj. par. scratched. chürkönisyot/tʃɪrkanisjet/ adj. possible to skin; peel off.<ot(ö), <u, <chü, <egh. chükat/tʃɪrkat/ n. hen without feathers on the neck.

chürkililit(u)/tʃɪrklililit/ v. to become sloth; lazy and weak; reluctant. chürkilil/tʃɪrklil,(pl.chürkilile) adj. sloth; reluctant; stubborn. chürkililö/tʃɪrklilö/ n. slothness; reluctance.

chürkön (see chüarkan).

chürkwiħit/tʃɪrkwitħit/ v. [1.ku] 1 to make something slick. 2 to evade. kichürkwiħitat/kitʃɪrkwitħitat/ n. chürimsyö/tʃɪrimsjø/ n. person easy to get and slickness. chürkwiħit/tʃɪrkwitħit/(pl.chürkwiħite) adj. angry. kichüriman/kitʃɪriman/ n. angry person. chürim'at/tʃɪrimat/ adj. par. puckered. chürimo/tʃɪrimə/ adj. possible to become angry.<ot(ö), <u, <chü, <egh. (Kara.)

chürim (A)/tʃɪrim/ v. to tense. chürim/tʃɪri:m/ (pl.chürimöch) adj. rigid; firm; stiff. chürimyö n. firmness; rigidity; stiffness. kichürimat/kitʃɪrimat/ n. tension; firmness. kichürimin/kitʃɪrimin/ n. person who tenses. <ot(ö), <egh, <chü, <en, to remain rigid. chürim (B)/tʃɪri:m/ v. [1.ku] to scold. ki- chürimat/tʃɪrimat/ n. par. scolding. kichürimsyö/tʃɪrimsjø/ n. scolding. kichüriman/kitʃɪriman/ n. person prompt to scold. chürimat/tʃɪrimat/ adj. par. scolded. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chü, <egh.

chürim/tʃɪrim/ der. v. [3.ku] to rebuke. kichürimchinog/kitʃɪrim.tʃiñəy/ n. par. rebuking. <otö, <egh. kuchürimchi/kutʃɪrim.tʃi/ because of. chürimnyö/tʃɪrimsjø/ n. stiffness. chürimchi/tʃɪrim.tʃi/ v. [3.ku] speak in an impressive way; declaim.

chürim/tʃɪri:m/,(pl.chürimöch) adj. rigid; firm; stiff. chürkwiħityö/tʃɪrkwitħitjə/ n. slickness; slip- pery. chürkwiħitħin/tʃɪrkwitħitħin/ n. slippery person, easy to evade. chürkwiħitat/tʃɪrkwitħitat/ adj. par. evaded. <otö, <egh. chürkwiħitħit(u)/tʃɪrkwitħitu/ v. to become slick.

Chüman/tʃɪrman/ n. Germany. chipö Chüman n. German.

chümet/tʃɪrmət/ v. [1.ku] to make something bare. chümet/tʃɪrmət/,(pl.chümetöch) adj. nude, bare. chümettyö/tʃɪrmətjə/ n. bareness. ki- chümetat/tʃɪrmətət/,(pl.chümetut) n. par. bareness. ki- chümettyö/tʃɪrmətjə/ n. bareness. chümetit(u)/tʃɪrmətēt/,(pl.chümetöchit) v. to

become bare.

chirö (see chirä).

chirör/tṣırər/(pl.chirortin) n. small bow for piercing the neck of a cow to obtain drinkable blood (see charat).

chirpap (see chirpöp).

chirpapit/tṣırpapit/ (pl .chirpöpit(u)) v. to become level, flat. chirpap/tṣırpap/(pl.chirpöpe) adj. flat; level. chirpöpyo/tṣırpapəjə/ n. levelling; flatness.

chirpöp/tṣırpapə/ v. [1.ke] to easy out. kirchirpät /tṣırpapət/ n. par. easying out. kirchirpöpin/tṣırpapin/n. person who explains out. chirpöpət/tṣırpapət/ adj. par. straightened, eased out.

chirta /tṣırta/ v. [3.ki] to purify from sin; to repent. chirtagh/tṣırta/ n. par. purification; repentance. chirtöghin/tṣırtəxin/n. purifier. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchü.

chirta/tṣırta/ der. v. [3.ku] to shun away; e.g., questions (see chi).

chirum/tṣırum/ v. [1.ku] to deprive. chirum/tṣıru:m/,chi- rumöch/tṣı.rumətʃ/ adj. deprived. chirumyö/tṣırumjə/ n. de- privation. kichirumat/kitṣırumat/ n. depriving. ki- chirumin/ki.tṣırumi:n/ n. person who deprives others of their possessions. chirum'at/tṣırumat/ adj. par. deprived.<egh, <o. chiru- mit(u), chirumöchitu /tṣırumotsitu/ v. to become deprived of something.

chirut /tṣırut/ v. [2.ku] to undress. chirut/tṣırut/, (pl.chirutöch) adj. naked. chirutyö /tṣırutjö/ n. nakedness. kichirutöt/kitṣırrutə/ n. par. undressing. kichirutin/kitṣıritu:n/n. per- son who makes others naked. chirutoch./tṣırutstʃ/ adj. pl. naked. chirutit(u)/tṣıritut/, (pl. chirötöchitu) v. to become naked.

chis/tṣıs/ v. [1.ki] to lead. chisat/<ut/ n. par. leading; chisyö/tṣısjo/ n. leadership. chisin/i/ n. leader. chis'at/tṣısat/ adj. par. led.

chiso/tṣısa/<iyot, adj. possible to lead. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

chit /tṣıt/ (A) v. [2.ku] 1 to skid. 2 to slide; to slip. kichitiat/kitṣıitat/<ut n. par. sliding. ki- chitin/ki.tṣıti:n/ n. person prompt to slip. chit'ot/tṣıtöt/ adj. par.滑ided; slipped.chitot/tṣıtöt/ adj. something. chichit'at/tṣıtötat/ adj. par. smoothen. chitchito/tṣıttṣıtö/ <iyot. adj. pos- sible to make smooth. <ot(ö), <t, <egh. chitchitit(u)/tṣıttṣıtüt/ v. to become slippery. chittchit/tṣıt.tṣıt/,chitchite(B)/tṣıttṣıtə/ adj. slippery; marshy. chitchityö/tṣıttṣıtjö/ n. slickness. chitchitan/tṣıttṣıtan/ adj. marshy; muddy.

chiwikik/tṣıwikik/<oy n. red-necked spurfowl (bird). chirwikök/tṣıwıkək/<oy n. francolin.

chiwit (A) v. [1.ki] 1 to escape. chii- witat/<ut/ n. par. escape. chirwita n. escaping. chirwitin/tṣıwiti:n/ n. person who escapes often.

chiwitan /tṣıwitan/ n. one who escaped.

chiwit'at/tṣıwitat/<ot adj. par. escaped. chirwito/tṣıwito/<iyot adj. able to escape. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chü, <egh, to escape from.

chiwit (B)/tṣıwıt/ v. [1.ku] to wound. kichiwıtat/kitṣıwıtat/<ut n. par. wound. kichiwıtöö /kitṣıwıtsjö/ n. wounding. kichiwıtın/kitṣıwıtın/ n. person who wounds others; maimer. kichiwıtan /kitṣıwıtan/n. wounded person. chirwıt'at/tṣıwıtat/<ot adj. par. wounded. chirwito/tṣıwito/<iyot adj. possible to wound. <sy, <otö, <u, <chü, <o, <egh.

chiwiw/tṣıwi:n/<tin n. turaco (bird).

chi/tṣi:/,(pl.pich) n. 1 person. 2 pron. someone. 3 husband. Chito/tṣıtə/ n. husband of. chipö/ tṣipa/ n. 1 person of. 2 husband of (very much used with adjectives; e.g., chipö kalya /tṣipə.kalja/ peace- ful; chipö man /tṣipə.man/ truthful; chipö Ostria /tṣipə.əstria/ Aus- trian; chipö kensyo/ tṣipə.kensjə/ spouse; chipö tangany /tṣipə.tanja/ wretched; chipö ngoki/tṣipə.ŋokı/ sinner; chipö pan /tṣipə.pan/traveller; chipö lik /tṣipə.lık/ gangster, chipö mırar/tṣipa mırar/possible to slide. <ot(ö), <egh. bridegroom; chipölökoy /tṣipə.ləkəi/ historian). 3 **chit** (B)/tṣıt/ v. [2.ku] 1 to rend a cloth; 2 to pull. kichitöt/kitṣıtat/<ut/ n. par. pulling. ki- chitsyo n. rending; pulling. kichitın/i/ n. person who pulls. chit'ot/tṣıtöt/ adj. par. torn.

chito/tṣıto/<iyot, adj. possible to pull. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

chit (C) v. [2.ku] to force a girl for marriage (see chit, to slide). **chitchit** /tṣıttṣıt/ (A) v. [1.ku] to smoothen; to make something too slippery. chitchit/tṣıttṣıt/,chit- chit/ tṣıt.tṣıt/ adj. slippery. chitchityö/tṣıttṣıtjö/ n. slipperiness. chichitwak/tṣıttṣıtaw/ n.slippery ground. kichitchit /kitṣıttṣıtat/ n.par. smoothen kichichitín/ kitṣıttṣıtat/ n. person who smooths member.

chi kinye/tṣi: kıne/ pron. whoever. chi kütikon /tṣı.kütiko:n/ pron. anyone. chi ki- chipö/ tṣı ki tṣipa/ pron. anybody. chi kegh/tṣi: key/ n. one- self; individual chipö riri/tṣı pa riri:/ n. person of many problems, but also liar and quarrel- some. chipö kamagha/tṣipə.kamaya/ n. patient person. chipö pich /tṣipə.pitʃ/ n. sociable person. chipö kat/tṣipə.kat/ n. despot; tyrant. chipö kong/tṣipə.kon/ n. jealous. chipö ngal /tṣipə.ngal/ n. loquacious. chipö koor/tṣipə.kor:/ n. national; from the place. chipö ngachar/tṣipə.ngatʃar/ n. chair(wo) man.

Chicha/tṣıtsa:/ poss. pron. ours (many objects); Chichan/tṣıtsa:n/ poss. pron. mine (many objects).

chichi/tṣıtṣıt/ dem. adj. this person.

chichikö/tṣıtsjikə/<en n. spade, table spoon (Kis.).

Chichiya/tṣıtsjıfa/ n. 1 any faraway place. 2 purple.

Chicho/tṣıtsjö:/ poss. pron. ours to all of us (many

objects).

Chik/tʃik/ adv. ever; always (Turk.).

chikwa /tʃikwa:/ poss. pron. theirs. chikw'a/ tʃkwa/ poss. pron. yours (pl. subject and many objects). chikwo/tʃikwo:/ poss. pron. yours, dear to you (pl. subject and many objects).

chil/tʃil/ (A) v. [1.ki] to yell; to screech; to ululate. chilat/tʃilat/ n. par. yelling. chilin/tʃilin/ n. one who yells a lot. chil'at/tʃilat/ adj. par. yelled. chilo/tʃila/n. ululation. <otö, <u, <chii, <egh.

chil (B)/tʃil/ v. [1.ku] to hew meat; to sheer; to slice. kichilat n. par. hewing. Kichilin/kitsili:n/n. person who does so. Kichilan/kitsilan/ n. piece of meat recently cut. chil'at/tʃilat/ adj. par. cut. chilo/tʃila/<yot adj. possible to hew. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Chil/tʃil/ (C) v. [1.ku] to dawn. kichilat /kitʃilat/ n. dawning (Kara.).

Chil/tʃi:l/ (D) v. [1.ki] to compete, especially in hunting. chilat/tʃi:lat/<utn. par. competition. chilsyo/tʃi:lsjə/ n. competing. Chilin/tʃi:li:n/n. competitor.

chil'at/tʃilat/<ot adj. par. competed. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Chil/tʃil/ (E) v. [1.ku] to brand one's animal's ear to show that one has killed a lion, enemy etc. kichilat/ kitʃilat/<ut n. par. brand mark. kichilsyo/kitsilsjə/ n. branding. kichilin/kitsili:n/ the one who cuts those ears. Kichilan/kitsilan/ n. animal with its ears cut. chil'at/tʃilat/ot adj. par. cut. chilisyot/tʃilisjot/ adj. possible to cut. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chii, <egh.

chulta/tʃulta/, (Pl.chilten) n. rat (Kara.).

Chim/tʃi:m/ (A) v. [1.ku] to finish. kichimat/ kitʃimat/<ut n. par. finishing. ki-chimsyo ki.tʃimsjə/ n. finishing. Kichimin/kitʃimi:n/ n. finisher. chim'at/tʃimat/<ot adj. par. finished. chimo/tʃimo:/<yot adj. finishable. chipapagh <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Chim/tʃim/ (B) v. [1.ku] 1 chim kelat /tʃim kelat/ to show annoyance, anger. 2 to drink through the teeth. kichimat n. drinking that way. talkative person. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <egh, because of.

chim kut /tʃim kut/ (C) v. [1.ki] to pout because of anger. chimata kut/tʃimata kut:/ n. par. pouting. chiminto kut/tʃiminto kut:/ n. person who likes to do that. chim'at/tʃimat/,ot adj. par. angry. <ot(ö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Chimpases/tʃimpases/ v. [1.ku] to lean; not to sit straight. Chimpasesat/tʃimpasesat/ n. par. inclination. chimpösesin/tʃimpasesin/n. person who likes to lean. Chimpasesan/tʃimpasesan/ n. something inclined, oblique. chimpases'at/tʃimpasesat/(pl.chimpäseso:t) adj. par. oblique. chimpäseso/tʃimpaseso/<yot adj. possible to incline. <ot(ö), <egh.

Chimpayeyat/tʃimpajeyat/ n. hilly or steep place

which is difficult to climb.

chimpöses/tʃimpases (see chimpances).

China/tʃina:/ dem. pron. those far away. Chinate/ tʃinate/ dem. pron. those on the other side. Chini/ tʃini:/ dem. pron. those far away. chinö/tʃino/ dem. pron. those.

Chinta/tʃinta/, chünten/tʃünten/ v. [3.ki] 1 to fall; to drop. 2 to fail. Chintagh/tʃintay/ n. par. falling; failure. chintöghin/tʃintoχin/, chinteghin/ tʃinteyin/ n. person who falls easily.chintegh'at/tʃinteyat/,ot, adj. par. fallen. chintegho/tʃinteyo/<yot adj. possible to fall. <egh(u), <eghchii.

Chipaghagh/tʃipayay/ v. [1.ku] to make someone disrespectful.

Chipaghaghit/tʃipayayit/ chipöghöghitu/ tʃipöχayin/ v. to become disrespectful. chipaghagh/ tʃipaxax/,chipöghöghé/tʃipoxaxe/ n. disrespectful; enigmatic. chipöghöghyö /tʃipoxaxə/ n. disregard. Kicipaghaghät/kitʃipaxaxit/ n. disrespect. chipapagh/tʃipa pay/(pl.pipöpagh) n. unsocial (see chi).

chipöt/tʃipat/ n. a curse chipö/tʃipa/ curse! chipisyöno/tʃipisjeno/ go and curse. kechipisyö/ketʃipisjə/cursed. chipö wayan/tʃipa wayan/ n. tricky person.

Chir/tʃir/ stat. v. [1.ku] to sicken; to be sick. kichirat/kitʃirat/<ut n. par. illness. ki- chiryoö/ki.tʃirjə/ewut n. par. illness (for many people). kichirin/kitʃiri:n/ n. person easy to get sick (no plural). chir'at/tʃirat/<yot adj. par. sick; ill. chiro/tʃira/,chirisyot/tʃirsjo:t/ adj. able to be sick. <otö, <egh, <t.

chirchi/tʃirtʃi/ v. [3.ku] to stare. kichirchi:noghv kichimsyo /kitʃimsjo ,n.drinking. kichimin/kitʃimin/ n. par. staring. kichirchine/kitʃirtʃine/ n. starer. n. person who takes the last remains; <otö, <egh.

Chirkit/tʃirkit v. [1.ku] to defy. Kichirkitat/kitʃirkitat n. par. defiance. Kichirkitin/kitʃirkiti:n/ n.defier. chirkit'at/tʃirkita:t/ adj. par. defied. <ot(ö), <egh.

chiroy/tʃirɔ:/,(chiroytin) n. place with many ditches because of erosion.

chiryö/tʃirø/v. [3.ki] to coagulate.Chiryogh/tʃirøχ/ n. par. coagulation. Chiryeghan/tʃirjexan/(pl.chiryeghön) n. coagulated liquid, especially milk. chiryegh'ot /tʃirjexot/ adj. par. coagulated. chiryego/tʃirjexo/ adj. par. possible to coagulate. <egh, because of.

Chischis/tʃistʃis/ v. [1.ku] to flail; to beat lightly. kichischisat/kitʃistʃisat/ut n. par. flailing. ki-chischisyö ki.tʃistʃisjə/ n. flailing. Kichischisin/ kitʃistʃisin/ n. flailer. kichischis'at/kitʃistʃisat/<ot adj. par. flailed; beaten. chischiso/tʃstʃø/ adj. possible to flail, to beat. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Chit/tʃit/ v. [1.ki] to burst laughing. Chitat/tʃitat/ n. par. noise laughter. chitin/tʃitin/ n. person who laughs noisily. chit'at/tʃitat/<ot adj.

par. laughed. chitisoyot/tʃit̚isjöt/ adj. laughable; <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh; e.g., Kakichitacha kemeghö /kakit̚itatsa kəməχə/ We laughed till the point of death. chiw v. [1.ku] 1 to suffer consequences. kichiwat/kitsiwat/(pl.kichiwut) n. par. suffering. /i/ n. sufferer; cursed. chiwatot/tʃwatöt/ adj. par. suffering the consequences. <otö, <egh. 2 to shit.

chö/tʃə/ n. milk chepö/tʃepə/ n. milk of. chekö/tʃekə/ n. the milk.

chöchöy/tʃet̚səjə/ v. [2.ku] to catalyse; to encourage. kichöchöyöt/kit̚et̚səjöt/n. par. catalyster. kichöchöysö kit̚et̚səjöt/n.catalysing. ki-chöchöyin/ki.tʃet̚səjin n. catalyster. chöchöyot /tʃet̚səjö/adj. par. catalysed. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh. (Kara.)

chödchii/tʃədt̚sɪ/ der. v. to hold the leg for someone, or somewhere. kichodchinogh n. par. holding the leg.

chödktö /tʃədo/ v. to hop. chödoktogh/tʃədoktoj/ n. par. hopping. chödokteghin/tʃədoktexin/ n. person who hops. chödok/tʃədok/ v. hop. chödoktot /tʃədoktot/adj. par. hopped. <otö, <egh. chögh/tʃəx/ v. [2.ki] to toll; to knell; to clang of a bell. chöghöt/tʃəxət̚/ <ut/ n. par. tolling; clanging. chöghsyö /tʃəxsələ/ n. knelling; tolling. chöghin/tʃəxəin/ n. bell that knells well. chögho/tʃəxəo:t/ adj. par. clanged. chöghisyot/tʃəxəsi:t/adj. able to knell. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

chögh (see chagh).

chöghchii/tʃəxt̚sɪ/ v. [3.ki] to defame. chöghchinogh/tʃəxt̚si:nox/ chöghchiiöt/tʃəxt̚sənöt/ n. par. defaming. chöghchineghin/tʃəxt̚sineyin/ n. defamer. chögh-chinegho/tʃəxəy.tʃineyot/ adj. par. defamed. <otö, <egh, because of something.

chöghtö (see chaghta).

chök/tʃək/ v. [2.ke] to grunt. chök kegh/tʃə key/ to grunt in order to make one's presence noticed. ki-chököt/ki.tʃəkət̚/ n. grunting. kichöksyö/kit̚səksələ/ n. grunting. kichökin/kit̚səkin/ n. one who grunts. <sy, <ot(ö), <u, <chi, <egh.

chök /tʃək/ v. [2.] to be chocked by food or saliva.

chökchök (see chakchak).

chökek/tʃəkək/ v. [2.ku] to boast. chok'ek/tʃəkək/adj. boastful. chökekyö/tʃəkəkələ/ n. boastfulness. chökekön/tʃəkəkin/ n. boastfulness. kichökeköt/kit̚səkət̚/ adj. par. boastfulness.

chökeköt/tʃəkəkit̚/(u), (pl..chökeköchitu) v. to become boastful.

chökekö/tʃəkəkə/ v. [3.ku] to be unable to bend be- cause of something, straight. kichökeköt/kit̚səkəkət̚/ n. par. impossibility of bending. ki-chökekön/tʃəkəkin/ n. person who cannot bend. chökeköt/tʃəkəköt̚/ adj. par. straight. <egh, <o.

chöki/tʃəkəi/ v. [3.ku] 1 to tease; to joke. 2 chöki ngal/tʃəkəi nəl/ to interrupt. chökinöt, chökinogh n. par. teasing; interrup- tion.

chökin/tʃənəin/, chökineghin/tʃəkineyin/ n. teaser. chökino/tʃəkinət̚/ adj. par. teased; interrupted. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii. chökin (see chakam).

chököywö/tʃəkəjwə/,chakay/tʃakaj/ n. rafter; small rafters put on the roof of a house before thatching it.

chökwä/tʃəkwə/,chak/tʃak/ n. type of tree (used as medicine against stomach problems that cause intensive vomiting; also people make flutes, 'pkirerun', with its bark).

chöla/tʃəla/ an expression to give up on somebody, 'it is up to you'. bf [chölot]. n. regrets.

chölong/tʃəlonj/ v. [2.ke] to lay on a pillow, or a stool; to seat. kichölongöt/kit̚selənət̚/ n. par. seating. kichölongsyö/kit̚selənəsə/ n. seating. ki- chölongin/ki.tʃəlonjin/ n. one who seats, or lays on a chair. chölongo/tʃələnət̚/ adj. par. seated. <sy, <o(tö), <egh. (Turk.)

chölös/tʃələs/<tin n. person with gap in the teeth. chölosin n. 1 gap in the teeth. 2 gap.

chölotan/tʃələtən/ n. nonsense.

chöm (see cham A). chömchii/tʃəmt̚sɪ/ der. v. 1 to permit; to allow. 2 to agree. chömchinogh n. par. agree- ment; permission. chömchineghin/tʃəm tʃineyin/ n. agreeable.

chömchin (see chomchii).

chömö/tʃəmə/ inter. wish, hope; heaven grant; e.g., chömö kömi pan kyamta chechii/tʃəmə kəmi pa:n kəamta tʃətsi/I wish we could have ugali to eat with this milk.

chömochöm (see chamacham).

chömtö (see chamta).

chömyö/tʃəmə:lə/ der. v. [3.ki] to love (like mutu- ally). chömyogh/tʃələy/ n. par. love. chomye- ghin/tʃəmje/ n. lover; person who loves oth- ers easily (nothing to do with sex). <egh. chömyogh/tʃəmnyox/ n. par. love. chömyö kegh/tʃəmə:lə kex/ der. v. love each other.

chöngchöng/tʃənt̚sənəj/ v. [2.ke] to move from house to house errantly or getting things here and there. chöngchöngöt/tʃənt̚sənət̚/ n. par. moving that way. chöngchöngin/tʃənt̚sənəjin/ n. person who moves from house to house. chöngchöngo/tʃənt̚sənəjot̚/ adj. par. person who does so. <o(tö), <egh.

chönkil (see chankil).

chönököpiryon/tʃənəkəpırıon/,(pl.chönököpir) n. old rich gentleman; personality; tycoon.

chöpik (see chapik).

chöpikwö/tʃəpirkwə/, chöpukwö/tʃəpukwə/,chöpik/tʃəpik/, chöpuk/tʃəpuk/ n. moss.

chepöpis/tʃepəpis/ n. cat.

chör (see char A).

chörchi/tʃərtʃɪ/ v. b [3.ke] to catch; to snap.
chörchinogh/tʃərtʃinoy/ n. par. catching.
chörchi- nöghin/tʃərtʃi-nəyin/ n. good catcher.
chörchiünöt adj. par. caught. <otö, <egh.

chörchinogh/tʃərtʃinoy/ n. impetuosity.

chöronchöryon/tʃərontʃərion/, chöronchör-
tʃərəntʃər/ n. 1 one who is send ahead. 2
teenager; kit (young animal). 3 spy.

chörorta/tʃərvərta/, chörorten /tʃərvərten/ v.
[3.ki] to move springily, to prance.

chörpapit/tʃərpapit/, chörpöpit/tʃərpapit/, (pl.
chörpöpitu) v. to become level, flat. chörpap/
tʃərpap/, (pl.chörpöpe) adj. flat; level.

chörpöpyö/tʃərpapəpə/ n. leveling; flatness.

chörpöp /tʃərpə/ v. [1.ku] to easy out. kichörpöpat
/kitʃərpəpat/n. par. to easy out. kichörpöpin/
kitʃərpəpin/n. person who ex- plains out.
chörpöp'at/tʃərpəpat/ adj. par. straightened,
eased out.

chörutöy/tʃərutə/ n. pl. arms (see charut).

chösüryal/tʃəsrıyal/ chösüryel/tʃəsrırel/<tin n. 1
some bird. 2 unruly child.

chöwchöw/tʃəwtʃəw/v. [2.ke] to be unorganized,
especially in talking. chöwchöwöt/tʃəwtʃəwət/
n. disorganization. chöwchöwin/tʃəwtʃəwin/ n.
disorganized person. chöwchöw'ot/tʃəwtʃəwot/
adj. par. disorganized. <otö.

chöykwo/tʃəlkwə/, chöyktin/tʃəlktein/ n. type of tree
(accrocarpus fraxinifolius).

chöyto/tʃəjte/ v. [3.ki] to pull down (see chodöt).

Cho/tʃo/ rel. pron. which; who. cho pö /tʃo pə/
particles used for nouns to show belonging, instead
of the genitive; e.g., tükön cho pö monechan/tükön
tʃo pö monetjan/ things of my children; cho pö
kokay/tʃo pə koka/ eternal (pl.).

Cho/tʃo/ particle placed after the noun when the
adjectives follows the noun it qualifies; e.g., pich
cho töngöghöch/pitʃ tʃo təŋəxətʃ/ short people.

cho te/tʃo te/ pron. almost everyone; e.g., Kikuso-
mön pökötü cho te/kikusomən pökötü tʃo te/ Most of
the Pökot people have studied.

Choch/tʃvtʃ/ v. [1.ku] to be stubborn; to desist; to
resist. kichochat/kitʃvtʃat/ n. par. stubbor- ness;
resistance. Kichochin/kitʃvtʃin/ n. one who resists.
choch'ot/tʃvtʃot/ adj. par. resisted. <otö, <o,
<egh.

chochoy/tʃvtʃɔi/ n. hunting spider.

Chod/tʃvd/ v. [2.ke] to hold a leg so as to limp
(e.g., a cow, or oneself). kichodöt/kitʃvdöt/ n.
par. limping. kichodsyö /kitʃvdsjə/ n. limping.
Kichodin/kitʃvdin/ n. one who holds the animal by
the leg using a rope. chod'ot/tʃvdöt adj. par.
held by the leg. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii,
<egh, <t, for someone else.

chodenö/tʃodenə/, chodö/tʃvdə/ v. [3.ke] to

throw. kicho- dogh/kitʃo-doy/ n. par. throwing.
Kichodoghin/kitʃvdoχin/ n. thrower. Chodeghu/
tʃvdeχu/ adj. par. thrown. <egh(u), <eghchii.

chodö/tʃvda/ v. [3.ku] to fling. Kichodogh/kitʃvdoχ/
n. par. flinging. Kichodoghin/kitʃvdoχin/ n. one
who throws stones well. chodegh'ot/tʃvdəxot/
adj. par. flung. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

choghi/tʃoxin/ v. [3.ki] to infect cattle with
serious illness. choghunöt/tʃvuxnöt/ n. par.
epidemy.

Choghin/tʃoxin/ n. conscience (see choyin). chok/
tʃo:k/ n. sword. chok'a/tʃoka/ n. chalk (Eng.).
choka/tʃoka/ n. store.

Chokonkon/tʃəkvnkvn/ n. a firm hold, grip (see
lasing) chokonon/tʃəkvnnon/ n. fluid; heavy liquid
like honey. Chola/tʃola/ adj. stupid. Cholot/tʃəlot/
too stupid.

Cholatan/tʃolotan nonsense.

Cholchol/tʃoltʃol/ v. to make uneven. kicholcho-
löt/kitʃoltʃo-löt/ n. par. making things
to be uneven. Cholcholit/tʃoltʃolit/(u), (pl.
cholcholöchitu) v. to be- come uneven.
cholcholon'a/tʃoltʃolona/ stat. v. [2.ki] to be
uneven. cholchol/tʃoltʃol/, (pl.cholcholöch) adj.
uneven. cholcholyö /tʃoltʃolɔjə/ n. inequality.
cholcholonöt/tʃoltʃolonet/ n. inequality;
unevenness. cholcholonot/tʃoltʃolonet/ adj. par.
uneven.

Cholol/tʃolol:/ v. [1.ki] to descend; to reduce;
to go down. chololat/tʃololat/n. par. downhill.
Chololan/tʃololan/ n. something that keeps on
reducing itself. cholol'at/tʃololat/ adj. par.
descended. chololisoyot/tʃololisot/ adj. possible to
descend. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, from a place,
<i, towards the speaker, <t, to take something
down for someone else.

Chololo/tʃololə/(a) v. to finish off the remaining
drop of something, especially milk or beer. cholwö/
tʃolwə/ n. trench. cholwö/tʃolwə/, cholut/tʃolut/
n. channel. Cholwokin/tʃolwakin/ n. sinner. chom
(see cham B).

chomchii/tʃəmtʃi/ der. v. 1 to permit; to allow.
2 to agree. Chomchinogh/tʃəmtʃinoy/ n. par. agree-
ment; permission. Chomchineghin/tʃəmtʃineyin/
n. agreeable.

chomchin (see chomchii).

chomchom (see chamcham).

Chomiyon /tʃəmiyon/ n. 1 ground beehives of
kulumen. 2 the honey of those insects. chomiyon/
tʃomiyon/ n. small insects that produce honey.

chomöwon/tʃoməwo:n/, chomöw /tʃoməw/ n. wedge.
choltö (see chalta).

Cholwokin/tʃolwokin/ n. sinner.

chomnyön /tʃomnjən/ honey of 'kulumen', small
insects found on dry wood, rocks, etc.

Chomnyogh/tʃomnoy/ n. par. love. chomöwon/

tʃoməwo:n/

chömöw /tʃəməw/ n. chisel; wedge. chona /tʃona/ dem. pron. those; the other ones.

Chonate/tʃonate/ dem. pron. those on the other side.

chongin /tʃoŋin/ n. amount; quantity; plenitude.

choni-kiny/tʃoni:kijn/ pron. & adv. pl. not at all (see nyonikiny).

chop /tʃop/ (A) v. [1.ki] to lack. chopat/tʃopat/ n. par. lacking. Chopin/tʃopin/ n. par. per- son who lacks a lot of things; unfor-tunate. Chopan/tʃopan/ n. person who lacks things; un- fortunate. chop'at/tʃopat/ adj. par. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

chop kong /tʃop kon/(B) v. [1.ku] to punish to persecute. kichopata kong/kitʃopata kon/ n. par. punishment; persecution. Kichopin/kitʃopin/ n. persecutor. Kichopan/kitʃopan/ n. person who is persecuted, punished. chopat/tʃopat/ adj. par. persecuted. <o(tö), <u, <egh.

chopchi /tʃoptʃi/ v. [1.ki] to induce; to entice. chopchinogh/tʃoptʃinox/, chopchinöt/tʃoptʃinöt/ n. par. in- du cement. chopchineghin/tʃoptʃinexin/ n. enticer. chopchinegho:t/tʃoptʃinexə:t/ adj. par. enticed. <otö, <egh(u).

chopotyon/tʃopotjɔn/,chopot/tʃopət/ n. without anything; miserable; poor.

Chor/tʃor/ v. [1.ke] to steal. chorat/tʃorat/ n. par.

chorsyo/tʃorsyo/ n. stealing. Chorin/tʃori:n/ n. thief. chor'at/tʃorat/ adj. par. stolen.

chorisyot/tʃorisöt/ adj. possible to be stolen. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

Chorchor/tʃetʃər/ v. [2.ke] to move quickly from place to place. chorchor'ot/tʃortʃorot/ n. par. mov- ing alternatively. Chorchorin/tʃortʃorin/ n. one who moves fast from place to place. chor- chor'ot/tʃorot adj. par. fast moved. chor- chorisyot/tʃor.tʃorisöt/ adj. able to move fast. <o(tö), <egh. choror (see charar). chororö (see charara).

chororyö/tʃororjo/ v. [3.ke] to diminish. choror yogh /tʃororjɔy/n. par. diminishing.

Chorta/tʃorta/ (A) (see charta).

chortö/tʃortə/ (B) v. [3.ke] to abscond. chortogh n. par. absconding. chortöghin/tʃortəyin/ absconder. chortegh'ot/tʃorteyot/ adj. par. absconded. <otö, <egh.

chortöwon/tʃortəwən/,chortöw/tʃortəw/ n. trigger (see ptinchil) (Kara.).

chorwa/tʃorwa/ n. 1 friend; pal (of the same group of circumcision and age-set).

Chorwe/tʃorwe/ n. friend. 2 type of tree.

chorwokong/tʃorwoŋ/ n. golden-breasted bunting (bird).

Chotchat/tʃotʃot/ v. [2.ki] to be nervous, unstable.

chotchatöt /tʃotʃotöt/ n. instability. Chotchatin/tʃotʃoti:n/ n. restless person. chotchat'ot/tʃottʃoto:t/adj. par. restless. <otö, <egh.

chote /tʃote/ pron. almost everyone, e.g., kiku- somön Pökot chote, most of the Pökot people have studied.

chot'i /tʃət'i/ v. [3.ke] to abort; to produce an abortion. kichotunogh/kitʃotunox/ n. par. abortion. Kichotumin/kitʃotunin/ n. doctor who causes an abortion. chotun'ot/tʃotunot/ adj. par. aborted. <otö, <egh.

chotin /tʃotin/ n. pl. thigh (see chat).

Choyin/tʃo:jn/ n. conscience; remorse; e.g., ka- maniñ choghin/choyin/kamanın tʃo:jin/ My conscience is bothering me.

choykön/tʃo:kən/ v. [2.ke] to be lonely. choykön- nöt/tʃo:kə.nöt/ n. par. loneliness. choykönin/tʃo:kənən/n. person who likes to be alone; recluse; hermit. choykönö:t/tʃo:kənot/adj. par. lonely; left alone. <o(tö), to feel alone or tired because of, <egh. referring to the place where a person remains.

Chuchu/tʃutʃu/human-feaces n. toilet; shit. kö pö chuchu-the house of shit: toilet. Chuchuy/tʃutʃu:/ v. [2.ki] to shit.

Chuk/tʃuk:/ v. [2.ke] 1 to smear. 2 to get lucky. kichuköt/kitʃukət/ n. par. rubbing. ki- chuksyö/ki-tʃuksə:/ n. smearing; luck. Kichukin/kitʃukin/n. person who smears; lucky person. ki- chukön/tʃukən/ n. smeared person. chuk'at/tʃukat/adj. par. smeared; lucky. chukisot/tʃukisöt/ adj. possible to smear. <sy, <o(tö), <u,<chi, <egh.

Chul/tʃul/ v. [1.ke] to pay a fine for making pregnant a girl. Kichulat/kitʃulat/ n. par. paying that fine. kichulsyö/kitʃulsə:/ n. paying that fine. Kichulin/kitʃulin/n. the father of the girl who charges the fine. chul'at/tʃulat/ adj. par. when that fine has been done. <otö, <egh, <t.

Chum/tʃum/ v. [1.ke] to beat; to flail. ki- chumat/kitʃumat/ n. par. flail; beat. ki- chumsyö/ki.tʃumsə:/ n. beating. Kichumin/kitʃumin/n. flailer; person who beats oth- ers. chum'at/tʃumat/ adj. par. bit. chumo/tʃumo:/ adj. possible to beat. <sy,<o(tö), <u, <chi, <t.

chuma/tʃuma:/,(pl.chumen) n. pump (from chuma, metal; Kis.).

Chumaa/tʃuma:/ n. Friday. Chumamos/tʃumamo:s/ n. Sat- urday. chumapili/tʃumapili/ n. Sun- day. chumatanu/tʃumatanu/ n. Wednes- day. chumatastu/tʃumatastu/ n. Monday. chumaine/tʃumaine/ n. Tuesday (Kis.).

chumchi/tʃumtʃi/ v. to appear to someone; to come to light; to expose. Kichumchinogh/kitʃumtʃinox/ n. par. exposure. Kichumchineghin/kitʃumtʃnexin/ n. person who appears. <egh.

chumi v. [3.ku] to emerge; to appear.
kichumunat/kitjumunat/ n. par. appearance.
chumun'at/tjumunat/ adj. par. appeared. <otö,
<egh, referring to the place.

Chumpin/tjumpi:n/ n. table salt (Kis.). chumpön/
tjumpən/ v. [2.ki] 1 to go astray. 2 to miss
(what was looked for). 3 to di-vert. chumpönöt/
tjumpənot/ n. pl. missing; di-version.
chumpönin/i/ n. person who misses his/her way,
or he/she is looking for. chumpöno:t/tjumpanöt/
adj. par. missed. <otö, <egh. chumpön kegh/
tjumpən k3x/ to criss-cross.

Chumta/tjumta/, chumtö/tjumta/ v. [3.ke] to
appear suddenly. kichumtagh n./kitjumtagh/ par.
appearing. Kichumteghin/kitjumtexin/ n. one
who appears. <egh, referring to the place.

chumu (n) (see chumi).

chumwakinan/tjumwakinan/ n. youthfulness.
chumwa-kyan/tjumwak'an/, chumwak/tjumwak/ n.
youth.

Chun/tjun/ v. [1.ke] to draw back outer cover
of something (especially used for drawing back
the foreskin of penis). kichunat/kitjunat/n. par.
drawing back. Kichunin/kitjunin/ n. person who
does so. chun'at/tjunat/ adj. par. drawn back.
chunyot/tju:öt/ adj. possible to draw back. <otö,
<egh.

Chuna/tjuna/ dem. pron. those far away.

chuni/tjunı/ recip. v. [3.ke] to disagree. Chuniogh/
tjunioy/ n. par. disagreement. chunieghin/i/
n. person who disagrees easily. chunieghöt/
tjuniegot/ adj. disagreed (people who disagreed).
<otö, <egh.

Chunta/tjunta/ v. [3.ke] to fell; to throw down; to
drop. Chuntagh/tjuntay/ n. par. felling; throwing
down. Chunteghin/tjunteyin/ n. person who
throws down. <egh(u), <eghchii.

chupa/tjua:/, (chupen) n. bottle (Kis.).

Churkan(tjurkan/ (A) v. [1.ku] to scold.
kichurkanat/kitjurkanat/,(pl.kichurkönut) n.par.
scolding. Kichurkonin/kitjurkenin/ n. scolder.
Kichurkanan/kitjurkanan/ n. recently scolded thing.
kichurkan'at/kitjurkanat/,(pl.churköno:t) adj.
par. scolded. churköno/<yot adj. scoldable. <sy,
<o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

churkan/tjurkan/ (B) v. [1.ki] to skin. churkanat/
tjurkanat/(pl.churkönut) n. par. skinning.
churkönin/i/ n. Skinner. <otö, <u, <chii, <o,
<egh.

Churmut/tjurmut/ v. [1.ke] to strip; to denude
someone. kichurmutat/kitjurmutat/ n. par.
denuding. Kichurmutin/kitjurmutin/ n. stripper.
Kichurmutan/kitjurmutan/ n. stripped person.
churmuyot/tjurmut'öt/ adj. able to strip. <otö,
<u, <chii, <egh. Churur/tjurur/ v. [1.ki] to rub the
abdomen for on the roof of a house). kichuwat/
kitjuwat/ n. burning. kichuwsyoj/kitjusyoj/ n.
burning. ki-chuwin/ki.tjuwin/ n. fire starter.

chuw'at/tjuwa:t/ adj. par. burn grass. chuwoyot/
tjuwo:öt/ adj. able to burn. <sy, <o(tö), <u,
<chii, <egh.

chuwöwö/tjuwəwə/v. to lack something
chuwöwönoto ruwon/tsuwəwənönoto ruwən/-
sleeplessness (see ko-ler).

chuuwu/tjuuuw/ n. type of tree (toona ciliata).

chwachwa/tʃwatʃwa/ n. flycatcher (bird).

Chwal/tʃwal/ v. [1.ke] to cut and eat row meat
in bits, especially fat. kichwalat/kitʃwalat/,ki-
chwölüt/ki.tjwalut/ n. par. cutting. kichwölsyö/
kitʃwəlsyö/ n. cutting. ki-chwölün/ki.tʃwəlin/ n.
person who does so. chwalat/tʃwalat/chwöl'öt/
tʃwəlot/ adj. par. possible to cut in pieces and
eat them. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

chwarchwar/tʃwartʃwar/ n. a swift and agile person
who easily moves from one place to another (see
chorchior).

Chwer/tʃwer/ v. [1.ke] to draw lines.

kichwerat/kitʃwerat/ adj. par. line. ki- curing it
from any sickness; to knead.

chwersyö/tʃwersyö/ n. drawing lines. kichwe-

chururat/tjururat/ n. par. massage. chu- rursyö/
tju.rursyö/ n. massaging. chururin/i/ n. massagist.
churur'at/tjururat/ adj. par. rubbed. chururisyot/
tjururisyot/ adj. possible to rub. <o(tö), <u, <chii.

churyö/tjurjö/ v. [3.ki] to be impatient. Churyogh/
tjurjox/ n. par. impatience. Churyeghin/tjuryeyin/
n. impatient person. churyegh'öt/tjurjeyot adj.
par. impatient. <otö, <egh.

Chus/tjus/ v. [2.ki] to fart; to pollute. chusöt/tjusöt/
n. par. pollution. chusin/i/ n. person who does so.

chuso:t/tjusöt/ adj. par. polluted. <o(tö), <egh.

chusyon/tjusyon/,(pl.chustin) n. gas; fart.

Chut/tjut/ v. [2.ke] to drag; to haul. ki- chutöt/
tjutət/ n. par. dragging. ki-chutsyö /
ki.tjutsyö/ n. dragging. Kichutin/kitjutin/
n. hauler; person who drags. chuto:t adj. par.
dragged. chutisyot/tjutisöt/ adj. possible to drag.
<sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. chut pögh /tjut
pøy/v. to erode. kichutöt erosion.

Chut/tjut/ v. [1.ki] to kid, pull.

Chuw/tjuw/ v. [1.ku] to burn grass (on the fields
or rin/kitjewrin n. person who draws lines,
es- pecially for a ritual to cure children and their
mother (kölat). kichweran/kitjweran/ n. line.
chwér'at/tjwera:t/ adj. par. drawn. chwerisyot/
tjwerisyot/ adj. possible to draw lines. <sy, <o(tö),
<u, <chii, <egh, <t, referring to the colour of the
lines.

chwerekre/tjwerere/ n. jet airplane (because it leaves
a track of smoke, see chwer).

chwöl/tʃwl/ (see chwal).

chwön/tʃwən/ v. [2.ki] to starve. chwönöt/tjwənöt/
n. star- vation. chwönin/tjwənin/ n. starving

person. kichwönön kitʃwənən/ n. idem. chwönót
adj. par. starved. <o(tö), <egh.

chwörchwörít/tʃwərtʃwərit/(u) v. to become voluntary. chwörchwör/tʃwərtʃwər/(pl. chwörchwöre) adj. willing; voluntary; quick in accepting. chwör- chwöryö/tʃwɔr.tʃərə/ n. willingness.

D, d

Dakika/dakika/ n. minute (Kis.).

daktaryon/daktarion/,(pl.daktarıtin) n. doctor (Kis., Eng.).

dangdang/danjanj/,(pl.dongdonge) adj. hanging; swinging.

Danydanydañan/,(pl.donydonye) (A) adj. 1 rattling; lose. 2 unstable person dondonyö/dondonə/ n. rattling; instability. Danydanytdañanıt/,(pl. dony- donyitu) v. to become lose.

Danydanydandan/ (B) v. [1.ke] to smack. kidanydanyat/kidaj.danat/,(pl.kidonydonyut)n. par. smack. kidonydonyösö/kidondonjsö/ n. smacking. kidony-

dängich/dängitʃ/ n. hiccup, hiccough. am dingkich /am dängitʃ/ v. to feel hiccups.

dirö /dirɔ/ v. [3.ke] to become thick; bushy (a forest). dirö thickness; compact; e.g., kidirö wuw /kidirö wuw/ the bush has grown many trees.

dikisyonari/dikisjonaři/ n. dictionary (Eng.). dikri/dikri:/ n. decree (Eng.). din/di:n/n. religion (Kis.). dingding v. [1.ke] to zigzag; to mean- der. kidingdingat/kidiŋdiŋat/,(pl.kidingdingatut) n. par. me-

donyin/kidondojin/ n. one who smacks. dany- anders. kidingdingisyö/kidiŋdiŋsə/ n. meander

dany'at/daňat/, donydony'ot/donđonjot/ adj. par. smacked.

donydonyisot/donđonjot/ adj. able to smack. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

Dap/dap/ v. [1.ke] to lean on; to depend. kida- pat/ kida.pat/(pl.kidoput) adj. par. leaning; dependence. kidopsyö/kidopsə/ n. leaning. Kidopin/ kidopin/ n. dependant. Kidapan/kidapan/ n. dependant. dap'at/dapat/,(pl.dop'ot) adj. par. leaned; depended upon. dopisyon/ dopisjot/adj. dependable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. dege/ deke/,(pl.deketin) n. (aero)plane (Kis.). dem/<tin/ n. dam (Eng.).

Den/den/ v. [2.ke] to owe; to credit (Kis.). ki- denöt/ denöt/ n. par. debt. kidensyö/kidensö/ n. being in debt. Kidenin/kidēnin/ n. debtor. denót adj. par. owed. denisyot/denislot/ adj. creditable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

denkayan/denka'an/,denken/denkən/ n. bottle top (these days they are used as rattle by circumcised boys and girls).

Denger/deňer/ n. gland of male penis.

depö/depə/ n. tin of twenty litres (Kis.: debe).

deskı/deski/,(deskin) n. desk (Eng.).

didögöyin/dirdiŋjöin/ n. spear without the metallic rear shaft called asipet.

dīk /dīk/ v. [2.ke] to pulsate; to throb. ki-dököt/ki.däkät/ n. par. pulse beat. ki-dïksyö/ki.dïkslö/ n. pulsating. <o(tö), <egh.

ding /dïŋ/ v. [2.ke] to cut; to abridge. dïngöt/dïŋət/ n. par. abridgement; cut. dïngisyö /dïŋisjö/ cutting dïngin/dïŋi:n/ n. one who abridges. dïngön n. something abridged. bf dïng'ot adj. par. cut. dïngisyot/dïŋisjöt/ adj. possible to cut. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. dïng sighiny /dïŋ sïxïn/ v. to decapitate.

Kidingdingin/kidiŋdirjin:n/ n. one which moves inv zigzag, staggering. dingding'at/diŋdirjat/ adj. par. meandered. dingdingisyot/diŋdirjisjöt/ adj. possible to meander. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

distírik/distririk/ n. district (Eng.). döngdöngyö /dïŋdöŋjö/ n. looseness (see danydany). Dönköch /Dänkëtʃ/ adv. erring (as an answer in riddles); missing; e.g., Kotomtan nyinte dön- köch /kotomtan ñinte dəŋətʃ/ I arrive there and I did not find him.

döt/dət/ v. [2.ke] 1 to pull. 2 to uproot; to eradicate. 3 to remove the back of a tree (especially to make flutes. or leave the twig bare). kidötöt/kidatat/ n. par. uprooting. kidotisyö n. eradicating. kidötin/kidetin/ n. one who uproots. kidötön/kidetən/ n. uprooted tree. döt'ot/dətot adj. par. uprooted. döto/<isyot/ adj. possible to uproot. <sy, <o(tö) <u, <chii, <egh.

Doch/dotʃ/ v. [1.ke] to get stuck; to stop functioning. Kidochat/kidotſat/ n. par. malfunction- ing. Kidochin/kidotſin/ n. mechanism that gets stuck easily. doch'at/dotſat/ adj. par. stuck. dochisyot/ dotſisjöt/ adj. possible to get stuck. <o(tö), <egh.

Dok/dök/ v. [2.ke] to add; to increase. ki- doköt/ki.dököt/ n. par. addition; increasing; adding. kidokin/kidoki:n/ n. one who increases. kidokön/ kidokən/ n. something added. dok'ot/doko:t/ adj. par. added. dokisyot/dokisi:jöt/ adj possible to add. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

dondong/dondonj/<tin/ n. elephant shrew. dong v. [2.ke] 1 to remain. 2 to stay behind. kidongöt /kidonjöt/ n. par. remaining. Kidongin/kidonjin/ n. one who is always left behind. kidongan/ kidonjən/ left over. dongo't/donjot/ adj. par. remained; stayed. <o(tö), <egh.

Dongdong/donđonj/ v. [1.ku] to clatter.

Donydony/donđonj/ v. [2.ke] to smack (see danydany).

donyö/dona/ n. market.

dop (see dap).

Dot/do:t/ v. [2.ke] to exchange animals. ki- dotöt/ ki.dötöt/ n. par. exchanging. kido- tin/kidotin:n/ n. exchanger. kidotön/kidotät/ n. ex- changed animal. dot'ot/dötöt: adj. par. ex- changed. Dotisyot/dötisjöt/ adj. exchange- able. <sy, <o(tö), <chii, <egh.

doy (see doch).

dumii/dumi/ v. [3.ku] (Kis.) to last. kidu- munöt/kidu.mnät/, kidumunogh/kidumnoy/ n. par. lasting. Kidumunin/kidumni:n/ n. thing that or person who lasts for long. kidumunöñ/ kidumnəñ/ n. some- thing that has lasted for long. dumun'ot/dumunot/ adj. par. lasted. dumunisyot/dumnisjöt/ adj. able to last for long. <otö, <egh.

Dungdung/durđunj/ v. to mince; to cut in small pieces. Kidungdung/kidunjundunj/ n. par. mincing. ki- dungdungisyö/kidunjundunjö/ n. mincing. kidungdu- ngin/kidunjunjri:n/ n. person who cuts into small pieces. dungdungo't/dunjundunjöt/ adj. par. minced. dungdungisyot/dunjundunjisjöt/ adj. possible to mince. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Dup/dup/ v. [1.ke] 1 to fix a shaf t or handle to an arrow, hoe, etc. 2 to plant (e.g., seedlings). kidupat/kidupat/ n. par. handle; shaft. kidupsyö/kidupsjö/ n. fixing. Kidupin/ kidupi:n/ n. one who knows how to fix well; or how to plant. Kidupan/kidupan/ n. newly fixed tool; newly planted crop. dup'at/dupat/ adj. par. fixed; planted. dupisyot/dupisjöt/ adj. fixable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, with; for someone else. Odupan pagh I am planting maize.

Dupar/dupar/,(pl.dupor) v. [1.ke] 1 to confront; to brave. 2 to salute (a way of saluting during dances: by bending the head); to affront.

dworsyö /dwɔrsjö/ n. predicting. Kidworin/ kidwɔrin/ i/ n. one who predicts; foreseer. kidwaran n. omen; prediction. dwarzat/dwarzat/ dwor'ot/adj. par. predicted. <o(tö), <u, <chii,<egh.

dwarchi/dwartzj/, dwarchin der. v. [3.ke] to disre- spect; to despise. Kidwarchinogh/kidwartjün/ n. par. contempt.

dwari/dwari/ der. v. [3.ke] 1 to grow fat. 2 to grow in authority. kidwarunöt/kidwarunə/ n. par. self-esteem; pride.

dwarun (see dwari).

dwor (see dwar).

E, e

E/ε/, conj. if; whether. e,kü /e.kɪ/ and if; whether is this.e,kwompö ne/e.kwompə ne/ and why so? e,kwompöwölo?/e.kwompöwəlo/ is it because?

echon/etʃo:n/<tin/ n. gate (of a household) (also ghechön).

echotyon/etʃötən/, (pl. echot) n. 1 important person. 2 Lord. 3 honourable. echotyonto kor/ etʃötənto kor/ n. landlord. echotinön /etʃötinə/ n. landlord; lordship.

'egh/eɣ/ n. 1 bullock; oxen; ox; castrated bull. 2 praising song of a bullock.

'egh/eɣ/, ewunöy/ewuny/ n. hand. Ewu/ewu/ hand of. ewu tagh/ewu tay/ right-hand, or right (direction). ewu löt/ewu lət/ left-hand, or left (direction). egh lö kas handful. egh-kituw/ey kituw/ empty handed.

eghyan/eyjan/, (pl. eghtin) n. contents of the big stomach or ruminant.

ema/əma/, (emen) n. canvas; tent (Kis.).

emii/emɪ/ emö/emə/ n. nostalgia. am emö/am emə/ v. to miss (something, or someone); e.g., kamanin emö nyi/kamanin emə/ I miss you.

Empyon/empuən/, (pl. Empun) n. Embu people. entö /entə/ conj. whether (contraction of e+ntö) kiduparat/kiduparat/, (pl. kiduporut) n. par. salute.

epö /epə/ n. answer to a greeting done for men; kiduporsyö/kiduporsɔ/ n. saluting. Kiduporin/ kidupori:n/n. affronter. Kiduparan/kiduparan/ n. saluted. dupar'at/duparat/, dupor'ot/duporo:t/ adj. par. saluted. dupor'isiot/duporis'ot/ adj. possible to salute. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t. Dwar/dwa:r/ v. [1.ke] to predict. kidwa-rat/ kidwarat/, (pl. kidworut) n. par. prediction. ki-e.g., sipay - epö/sipa:/, eso/eso:/ adv. perhaps. Etiopia/etiopia/ n. Ethiop Ethiopia. Ew/ew/ (see egh).

Ewo/ewo:/ adv. no.

ey-wey/eɿ.wej/ inter. Oh, ey-wey mam/eɿ.wej ma:m/-oh, my friend!

Gh, gh

Ghachit/yatʃit/, ghöchitu/yɔ:tʃitu/ v. to become bad. ghach/yatʃ/, ghachach/ yatʃatʃ/ they are bad. Ghachitu/yatʃitu/ they will be bad. gha/ya/ ghach/yatʃ/ adj. bad; ugly; wrong. gha tyā/ya t̩a/ adj. worst. gha kitil/ya kitil/ adj. worse. ghögħin/χeġġin/, ghöġin/xeġġin/ n. badness; evil. ghögħityö/χeġġitjä/, ghöġityö/χeġġitjä/ n. wickedness.

Ghachta/yatʃta/ (see ghakta).

Ghagh/ya:y/ v. [1.ke] to destruct; to waste time. kighagħat/kiġayat/, (pl. kighogħut) n. par. destruction. kighogħisjö/kiġoġsħə/ n. destruction. kiġħogħin/kiġoġin/ n. person easy to be destructed. ghagh'at/yaxgħat/, (ghogħo:t) adj. par. destructed. ghogħyot/yoxżot/ adj. able to destruct. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

ghaghak/yayak/ n. dewlap of cattle.

Ghagħit/yatʃ/, ghayit/yatʃ/ v. [1.ke] to blame; to de- file. Kighagħitat/kiġixxat/, kighōġhit/ kīġġixtu/ n. par. blaming; defiling. kighōġħitħin/kiġġixx/ n. de-filer ghagħitat/ yaxxat/, ghogħito:t/χeġġito:t/ adj. par. de- filed; accused. <o(tö), <egh.

Għak/ya:k/ v. [1.ke] to demand; to claim; to dun. Ghakat/yakat/, (pl. ghokut) n. par. dunning. ghoksyö/yoxsħə/ n. claim of a debt. Ghokin/yoξi:n/ n. claimer. Ghakan/yakan/ n. something newly claimed. ghak'at/yakat/, (pl. ghok'ot) adj. par. claimed. Ghokisyot/yokisħot/ adj. claimable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

Għakta/yakta/ v. [3.ke] to pay (back a debt). ghaktagħ/yaktaġ/n. par. payment; fee. Ghokteghin/yokteġi:n/ n. payer. ghaktegħ'at/yak teġġat/, ghoktegħ'ot/yoktexxot/ adj. par. payed. <otō, <egħ(u), <egħchi.

Għam/ya:m/ (A) n. pl. Karimojong people (see ghomin).

Għam/yam/ (B) v. [1.ke] 1 to participate. 2 to suffice. 3 to support somebody. għamat/ yamat/, għomut/yomut/ n. par. participating. ghomsyö/χəmṣħə/ n. participation; supporting. ghömin/χəmmin/ n. sharer; supporter. għam'at/ yamat/ adj. par. shared. ghőmyot/χəm'ot/ adj. shareable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

għam /yam/(C) stat. v. [1.ke] to weaken; to enfeeble. Kighamat/kiġamat/ n. weakness. ghomyö/χomħə/ (stem for plural forms). ki-

Għomin/χomin/ n. feeble person, easily to get sick. Kighaman/kiġaman n. feeble. għam'at/ yamat/, (pl. għom'ot) adj. par. weaken. <o(tö), <u, <chi.

gh'äm /ya:m/ (D) v. [1.ke] to be prompt to give birth (of an animal). kighħomsyö/kiġəmsħə/ n. suffering pangs of birth for an animal. ki- ghōmat/kiġemat/ n. par. birth-pangs in an- imals.

<otō, <egh, because of; <chii, referring to the place.

Għama/yama/ der. v. to join together for; to cooperate. ghömyogh/yəm'loġ/ n. cooperation; unity; togetherness. ghömyot/yəm'lot/ adj. joined, united. għamit/�amit/, għamit/a/ yamita/ v. [1.ke] to gather; to unite; to assemble. għamitāt/�amitāt/(pl.ghömietut) n. par. gathering; assembly. ghömitsyö/�əmītslə/ n. assembling. ghömietin/�əmīti:n/ n. gatherer. għamitan/�amitan/ n. something gathered but in small quantity. għamitāt/yamtat/(pl.ghömiet'ot) adj. par. gathered. ghömityot/yəmītłot/ adj. possible to gather. <sy, <o(tō), <u, <chii, <egh. Għamta/�amita/der. v. [3.ke] to share with. Għamtegħat/�amteyat/ n. par. alliance; sharing. Ghömtegħin/�əmtey়in/ n. ally.

Għan/yan/ v. [1.ke] to believe; to trust. ki-ghanat/kiyanat/, pl.kiġħonut) n. par. belief; trust. Kighonin/kiġonin/n. believer. Kighanah/kiyanan/ n. trustworthy. Għan'at/�anat/, ghöno:t/�ənot/ adj. par. believed; trusted (worthy of trust). Ghönisjot/যোনিষ্ট/ adj. believable. <sy, <o(tō), <u, <chii, <egh.

Għap/ya:p/ v. [1.ke] to harass; għappat/ghoput/ n. par. harassing. Ghopsyö/য়োপ্সা/ n. harass- ment. Ghopin/য়োপিন/ n. harasser. għa-pan/য়া.পান/ n. one who suffers harassment. Għap'at/�াপাত/, (pl. ghop'ot) adj. par. harassed. <sy, <o(tō), <u, <chii, <egh.

ghat/yə:t/(pl.ghatoy) n. rock; boulder slab.

Ghegh/yey/, yegħ/ięx/ v. [1.ke] to drink (applied for any liquid). Għegħat/�ে়েত/ n. par. drinking. Għegħsyö/যে়েস্ব/ n. drink. Għegħin/যে়েইন/ n. drinker. għegħ'at/যে়েগাত/ adj. par. drunk. għegħisjot/যে়েসিষ্ট/ adj. drinkable. <sy, <o(tō), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, to drink from a cup, etc.

għegħ tagħi/ye tay/ v. [1.ke] to proceed; to advance. kigħegħata tagħ/kiyexata tay/ n. par. pro- ceeding. kigħegħin/kiyeyi:n/n. advancer.

Għegħat/yēxa/ adj. par. advanced. <otō,<ii, to come towards the speaker. għegħ- chii/যেখ্তি/ v. [3.ke] to reproach; to blame. ki- għegħchinogħ/ki.yeħejnōy/ kigħegħchinöt/kiyexjtinst/ n. par. reproachment. Kigħegħchini/kiyexjtini/ n. reproacher. għegħchiniegħo:t/yeħejnejet/ adj. par.re-proached. Għegħchinisjot/yeħejnejis/ adj. re- proachable. <otō, <egħi. għegħi/যেখি/ der. v. [3.ke] to come ahead towards the speaker. kigħegħħunöt/kiyexunat/ n. par. proceeding towards the object.

Għegħchi/yəxtʃi/ yegħchi/jeħtʃi/ v. [3.ke] to impute; to blame; to accuse. kigħechinöt/kiyexjtinat/, kigħegħ.chinogħ/kiyexjtino/ n. par. imputing; accusation. kigħegħchin/kiyexjtjin/ kigħegħchiniegħ/ n. accuser. għegħchin'ot/yeħejnejis/ adj. par. accused. <egħ(otō).

għegħto/yəxta/ der. v. [3.ki] to pay for someone else. għegħtogh n. payment, atonement

Għegħtoghin/yəxoyin/ n. one who likes to pay for others. <otō, <egħ(u).

Għem/yem/ v. [1.ke] to jump over a fence. kigħema/kiġie.mat / n. par. jump over a fence. kigħem-syö/kiġiem.sə/ n. jumping over a fence. Kigħemin/kiġemin/n. one who is forced to jump over fences. għem'at/যেমাত/ adj. par. (of the fence) jumped. għemisjot/যেমিষট/ adj. possible to jump. <sy, <o(tō), <egħi. (Kari.)

Għet/yet/ v. [1.ke] to pant; to protect; to defend; to save; to arbitrate. Għetat/yetat/n. par. protection; salvation. Għetisyo/যেতিজ/ n. defence; arbitration. Għetin/yetin/ n. saviour; rescuer; protector. għet'at/yetat/ adj. par. defended; saved. għetisjot/যেতিষট/ adj. defendable. <sy, <o(tō), <u, <chii, <egħi. Għeta/�েتا/ v. [3.ke] to prohibit; to forbid. Għetagh/যেতায/ n. prohibition, to nurture relieve. għet'at/yetat/(pl.ghet'ot) adj. par. prohibited; forbidden. <egħ(u), <egħchii. Għetowon/yetawon/, (pl.ghetow) n. armour; shelter. għiċċ/য়িত/ v. [2.ke] to fasten; to entangle. għiċċħot/য়িতজ/ n. par. entangling. Għiċċsyö/য়িতিজ/ n. fastening. Għiċċin/য়িতিজ্ঞ/ n. person who fastens. Għiċċon/য়িতজন/ n. recently tied. Għiċċot/য়িতজট/ adj. par. fastened. Għiċċisjot/য়িতিষ্ট/ adj. possible to fasten. <sy, <o(tō), <u, <chii, <egħi, <t. Għiċċon/য়িতজন/ n. feast (also ichon). Għiṁgim/ v. [1.ke] to take shelter from rain.

Għimmat/yimmat/ n. par. sheltering from rain. Għi-mat/য়িমাত/ adj. par. sheltered from rain. <otō, <egħi.

Għiñi/yixi/ v. [1.ke] to squeeze, especially a cloth; to compress. kigħiñyat/kiyixnat/ n. par. squeezing. kigħiñysyö/kiyixnej/ n. squeez- ing. kigħiñyin/kixxiżi:n/one who squeezes n. kigħiñyan/kiżżejjen/n. some- thing squeezed. Għiñy'at/য়িত্য/ adj. par. squeezed. Għiñyo/য়িন্যো/ adj. squeezable. <sy, <o(tō), <u, <chii, <egħi, <t.

Għip/yirp/ v. [1.ke] to hide. Għippat/য়িপাত/ n. par. hiding place. Għipsyö/য়িপ্সা/ n. hiding. Għipin/য়িপিন/ n. one who likes to hide. Għi-pan/য়া.পান/ n. well hidden. Għip'at/য়িপাত/ adj. par. hidden. Għipisjot/য়িপিষ্ট/ adj. hidable. <o(tō), <sy, <u, <chii, <egħi, <t.

Għiṭ/yit/ (A) v. [2.ke] to make a deep guttural noise (done by sheep, goats, hyena and cows). Għiṭöt/য়িট/ n. par. making those noises. Għiṭin/য়িটিন/ n. animals that like to do so. Għiṭ'ot/য়িটো/ adj. par. when that noise has been done. <otō, <egħi, because of.

Għiṭ/yit/<ay/ (B) n. large intestines.

Għiṭ/yit/ (C) n. stump.

għiṭen (see għiṭo).

Għiṭo/yitħa/ (A) v. [3.ke] to straighten. Għiṭogħ/য়িটো/ n. par. straightening; uprightness. għiṭ- Ghot/য়িট/ n. something that can be straight- ened. Għiṭegħot/য়িটেগ়ো/ adj. par. straighten; plane. Għiṭegħisjot/য়িটেগ়িষ্ট/ adj. possible to straighten.

Għitö kegh /għitɔ.key/taking off fast.

Għitö /għitə/ (B) v. [3.ke] to be very hungry.

Għitogħ/għitox/ n. par. hunger. Għiżegħin/ għixxex/n. person who feels hungry very fast. Għiżegħot/għixxex/ adj. par. hungry. >oto, >egħi, because of.

Għitwöj /għit n. pl. stumps (see ghit).

Għighiny /għixja/ v. [3.ki] to stifle. Kīgħighiny chi aran./kixiżx tṣi aran/ He/she stifled a goat (see takċisa). Ghim/yim (stat.) v. to incline. Ghimöt/ yima/n. par. inclination. Ghimsyö/ximṣa/ n. bending. Ghimin/ġxmin/ n. par. one who inclines. Ghimön/ġxmin/ n. inclined. Ghimót/ ȳimot/ ,ghimyot/ ȳimot/ adj. par. bent; inclined. Ghimisyot/ġimisjot/ adj. possible to bend. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <egħi, <chħi, <t.

Għitwöj/għitwə/,ghit/għit/ n. type of tree (people make ropes with its bark; the ropes are used for building, especially for fencing).

Għočċi /għetʃi/v. [3.ke] to offend. Għočchinogh/ ȳetʃinoy/ n. offence. Għočcheinagh/għetʃineyin/ n. offender. Għočċi mu /għetʃi.mu/v. to feel offended.

Għoġhit/għoġit/ ghōġit/għejt/ (see ghagħit).

Għomchogħ/għamtix/ n. organization (see għam). Għomri /għemri/ der. v. [3.ke] to permeate.

Għomu-nogħ/għemu.nox/ n. permeation.

Għomin/għəmin/,Għam/ya:m/ n. 1 Karimojong. 2 any other enemy.

Għomit/għamit/ (see għamit).

Għömnyogh/għemnejn/ n. unity (see għama).

Għomtö/għemta/ (see għamta).

Għon/għon/ (see għan).

Għopon/għopən/ v. [2.ki] to dodge; to shirk; to evade; to elude; Għoponöt/għopənat/ n. par. evading; dodging.

Għopponsyö/għopənsa/ evaded Għoponöt/għopənat/ adj. par. dodged, evaded

Għoponisjot/għopənisjot/ adj. able to evade. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chħi, <egħi, <t. Għopput/għopput/ n. coagulated blood.

Għoch/għotʃ/ see ghak.

Għoċhtö/għoċhtə/ see ghakta.

Għogh/għogħ/ see ghagh.

Għogħ/għogħ/ v. [ke] to boil. kighogħat/kixxogħat/ n. boiling. kighogħsyö/kixxos/a/ n. boiling. Kighogħin/kixxoxin/ n. person who boils things.

Kighogħan/kixxoxan/ n. something boiled. Ghogħat/għogħ/ adj. par. boiled. Ghogħosyot/għogħosjot/ adj. able to boil. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chħi, <egħi, <t. ghok (see ghak).

Għok/għok/o n. cobra. ghoktö/għokta/ (see hakta).

Għom/għom/ v. [2.ke] to call people for mutual co-

operation. Kīghomöt/kīgħomat/ n. par. calling for co-operation. Kīghomin/kīgħomin/ n. person who calls for co-operation. kīghomön/kīgħommən/ n. person called for co-operation.

Għom'ot/għom'ot/ adj. par. assembled for co-operation. <o(tö), <u, <chħi, <egħi.

Għom/għom/v. [2.ke] (see għam) to feel labour

Għop/għop/ (see għan).

Għosyö/għosyö/ n. claim (see ghoksyö under ghak).

Għot/għot/ (A) v. [1.ke] 1 to spy. 2 għot kelat / ȳot kelat/ to remove two lower incisor teeth from a person. 3 to experiment; to try. Għotat/għotat/ n. par. 1 spying. 2 the gap left after removing the incisors. 3 trial.

Għotsyö/għotsyö/ n. spying; removing the incisors; experimentation. Għotin/għotin/ n. 1 spy. 2 person who removes the incisors, dentist. 3 tester. għotan n. the removed teeth; tested.

Għot'at/għot'at/ adj. par. spied; removed the teeth; tested. Għotisjot/għotisjot/ adj. removable (the incisors); possible to experiment, or test. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chħi, <egħi.

Għot/għot/ (B) v. [2.ke] to sweat. kīghotöt n. par. sweat. Kīghotin/kīghotin/ n. person who sweats a lot.

Għot'ot/għot'ot/ adj. par. sweated. Għotisjot/ għotisjot/ n. perspirable. <sy, <o(tö), <egħi.

Għum/għum/ v. [2.ke] to roar; to sound like a car. Kīghumöt/kīghumat/ n. par. roar. ki-ghumsyö/kīgħumsa/ n. roaring. Kīghumin/kīgħumin/ n. one who roars well.

Għum'ot/għum'ot/ adj. par. roared. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chħi, <egħi.

Għup/għup/ v. [1.ke] 1 to have enough. 2 to get out a secret from someone. Kīghupat/kīghupat/ n. par. having enough; extracting a secret.

Għup'at/għup'at/ adj. par. satisfied. <o (tö), <egħi.

Għya/għia/ (A) v. [1.ki] to germinate.

Għyagħat/għayat/ n. germination.

Għiøgħsyo/għiøgħsyo/ n. germination.

Għiøgħin/għiøgħin/ n. something easy to germinate.

Għyagħan/għayān/ n. something recently germinated. Għagħat/għayat/, ġħiøgħot/għiøgħot/ adj. par. germinated.

Għiøgħisjot/għiøgħisjot/ adj. able to germinate. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chħi, <egħi.

Għya/għia/ (B) v. [1.ke] to miscarry of a woman (outburst). (see għya (A) for derived pains (for animals). words); e.g., Kagħya koko' Ptulel amīna

Għomöy/għoməj/ v. form. adequate; fitting; enough. Għomsyö/għomsyö/ v. [2.ke] to calve (giving birth of any animal, not women). kīghomṣyö/kīgħomṣa/ n. calving. Kīghomṣyegħin/kīgħomṣleyin/ n. animal

that takes long when delivering. <otö, <egh, referring to the place where the animal is calving. Ptule's wife had a miscarriage last night.

Ghyö /χə/ (see ghyä). 2 to break a pot, gourd 3 to run.

Ghyong /χɔŋ/ ghyony /χɔŋ/ v. [2.ke] to stand up. Ki- ghyongöt /kiχɔŋɔt/ n. par. standing. ki- ghyongsyö /kiχɔŋsyø/ n. stand. Kighyongin /kiχɔŋjin/ n. bystander. kighyongön /kiχɔŋɔn/ n. something that stands, strong; column; foundation.

Ghy-ongo't /χɔŋɔt/ adj. par. stood. Ghyongyot /χɔŋɔt/ adj. standable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t, to stand for somebody.

Ghyongsot /χeŋɔŋsot/ adj. stagnant; e.g., ghyongsot pögh /χɔŋsot pəx/ stagnant water.

Ghyongteghö /χɔŋtexə/ der. v. [3.ke] to represent. Ki- ghyonteghöt /kiχɔŋtexət/ n. par. representation. Ki- ghyongteghin /kiχɔŋtexin/ n. 1 one who represents others. 2 godparent. Ghyongtegho't /χɔŋtexɔ:t/ adj. par. represented. <eghu.

Ghyontö /χɔntə/ der. v. [3.ke] to support; to re-place. bf kighyontogho't n. par. support. Kighyonteghin /kiχɔntexin/ n. proxy; god parent.

Ghyontegh'ot /χɔntexɔ:t/ adj. par. supported; replaced. <egh(u), <eghchü.

I, i

Ichon /itʃin/,(pl.ichontin) n. feast; celebration.

Igh/iγ/ v. [1.ke] to do; to act; to make; to perform; to create.

Ighat/iγat/ ,(pl.ighut) n. par. creation; craft. ighsyö /iγsø/ n. actions, doings. Ighin/iγin/ n. creator; doer; agent; maker; artisan.

Ighan/iyan/ n. creator; some- thing newly done. Igh'at/ixat/ adj. par. done; made; created. Ighisyot/iγisöt/ adj. possible; able to be made. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t. igh ngat to rectify. Igh kegh/iγ.key/ to get ready. igh chepkisya to encroach; to act strangely. Igh kegh/iγ.key/ to boast. Igh le/iγ key le/ to imitate.

Ighchi /iγtʃi/ der. v. [3.ke] to accommodate.

Ighchinogh/iγtʃinoγ/ n. accommodation.

Ighön/iγən/ v. [2.ke] to smoke out. Ighönöt /iγənot/ n. smoking. Ighönin/iγənin/ n. something that makes a lot of smoke, especially firewood. Ighöt/iγət/,(pl.ighot) n. smoke.

Ighöt kile/iγət kile/ adj. smoky.

Igho (t) wíchat /iyo witʃat/ n. steam (litt., smoke of boiling).

Ighta /iγta/ der. v. [3.ke] 1 to use; to spend. 2 to pay for a mistake; to fine.

Ightaghat/iγtayat/,(pl.ightöghut) n. par. usage.

Ghtöghin/iγtəyin/ , ighteghin /iγteyin/ n. user

Ightöwon/iγtəwon/,(pl.ightöw) n. tool; implement, accessory. Ightegh'at/iγtexə:t/ adj. par.used. <otö, <eghu, <eghchü. Ightöwon/iγtəwon/,(pl. ightöw) n. tool; instrument.

Ikö /ikə/ n. answer to a greeting done for women; e.g., takwena?-ikö.

Ikweta /ikweta/n. equator (Eng.)

Il/il/ v. [2.ke] 1 to break 2 to harvest (because of breaking the sorghum's cane). 3 to break firewood; or fetching firewood. Ilöt/ilət/,(pl.ilut)n. par. breaking, harvesting.

Ilsyön/ilsən/ harvesting; breaker. Ilin/ili:n/ n. person who harvests; one who breaks things (e.g., fire wood).

Ilön/ilən/ n. recently collected cereals.

Ilo't/ilo:t/ adj. par. broken; harvested. Ilisoyt /ilisöt/ adj. breakable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

Ilat /ilat/,(pl.ilot) n. spirit of rain; also used to call the rain itself.

ilö/ilə/,(pl.ilut) n. harvest; production. pagha ilön ripen cereals; harvest.

Ilot/ilo:t/ n. pl. (see ilat).

iyan/iʃan/,(pl.iltin) n. tiny brownish ants that eat

fat.

Imön/imən/ v. [2.ke] to become evening.

Imönöt/imənət n. par. becoming evening.

Inkilis /inkɪlis/ n. english.

Insyā/insjā/ n. composition (Kis.).

Ip/i:p/ v. [2.ke] 1 to take; to carry. 2 to marry a woman. 3 to drive.

Ipöt/ipat/ n. par. carrying; marriage; driving.

Ipin/ipi:n/ n. carrier, porter; bridegroom; driver.

Ipön /ipən/ n. newly wedded girl.

Ipöt/ipat/ adj. par. taken; married; driven. Ipo/ ipo:/ adj. possible to take; marriable. <o(tö), <u, <(ch)i, <egh. to bring, <t, to take something to somewhere.

Ip ma möt/ip ma mət/ v. to be arrogant.

Ipo sikong/ipo: siko:j/ der. v. to feel jealous.

Ipoj/ipo:/ v. to get crazy.

Ipchii kegh /iptʃi key/ der. v. to incur; to bring oneself to problems.

Ip'i/ipı/ v. [3.ke] 1 to bring. 2 to be married by a man.

Ipunöt/ipunət/, ipunogh /ipunox/ n. par. bringing

Ipuneghin/ipuneyin/ n. one who brings. Ipun'ot/ ipunöt/adj. par. brought. <egh.

Ipun/ipu:n/ to take a woman or something without consent of the owner.

Iryan/ir'an/, (pl.irtin) n. dart; small wooden arrows used by small children.

Is/is/ v. [1.ke] to be comfortable; e.g., Isanün tonete. I feel comfortable here.

Isat /isat/n. comfort.

Is'at/isa:t/ adj. par. comfortable.

Isayan/isałan/ isa/isa:/, (pl.isatin n. 1 larva of bee.

2 honey comb full of larvæ.

Ischii/istʃi/ der. v. [3.ke] to spray. Ischinogh /istʃinoy/ n. par. spraying.

Isi /isi/ (A) v. [3.ke] to sprinkle.

Isinogh n. par. sprinkling. isin'in, Isinéghin/ isineyin/ n. one who sprinkles. isin'ot adj. par. sprinkled. <o(tö), <chii, <egh.

Isi /isi/ (B) der. v. [3.ke] to please; to impress.

Isunat/isunat/, isunagh/isunay/ n. par. pleasing.

Isun'at/isunat/, (pl.isun'ot) adj. par. pleasing; e.g., Isun'ot ngaleku/isunot ɳaleku/—Your words are pleasing.

Isö /isa/ v. [3.ke] to smear with cud.

Istö/istə/ v. [3.ke] 1 to throw water with the hands; to sprinkle. 2 to be on heat (for females). istogh n. par. throwing water; being on heat.

Isteghin /isteyin/ n. person who sprinkles. istegh'ot adj. par. sprinkled. <egh(u), <eghchii. Istoi/istori/ n. history (Eng.). isu (see isi).

isyā/isjā/, (pl.isyatın) n. small grinding stone.

It/i:t/ v. [1.ke] to reach. itat n. par. reaching. itin/i/ n.\ person going to a place for some reason. Itat/itat/ adj. par. reached. itisyot/itisol/ adj. reachable. <u, <chii, <o, <egh. it'i v. [3.ke] to arrive. Itunat/itunat/, itunagh/itunax/ n. par. arrival. Itunan/itunan/ n. person who has just arrived. itun'at/itunat/ adj. par. arrived. <o, <egh.

iwöwon/iwo:won/, (pl.iwöw) n. peg, used for stretching skins for drying.

Iwuut/iwu:t/ special tree for sooting a gourd for milk, from the blue gum, wattle tree kromwö 'siryowo'.

K, k

Ka/ka/ prefix for recent past tenses simple way.

kaa/ka:/kestoni/kestoni/ n. home of.

kaa Töröröt/ka: töroröt/ n. heaven. kaa rata / ka: rata/ n. prison. (very much used for naming places, meaning the place belonging to a person or to something; e.g., Kaa Apa nkurya/ka: apa nkurl'a/ (a fa- mous and prominent man amongst Pokot); kaa pankurya house of Apankurya; kaa püchpüch/ ka: ptʃptʃ/ the place of strong wind; kaa chepölöy/ka: tʃepələ/ home of quarrelsome people; army barracks, kaa cheptiya'/ka:tʃpti:a/, kaa cheptuyoy/ka:tʃeptu:o/ n. police. kaa cheptulel /ka: tʃeptulel/ Cheptulel people, be- longing to that home; kaa chesakwir/ka: tʃesakwir/ n. army people (Kara.). kaa chewosoy/katʃewəsə/ spe- cial branch. kaa ghis/ka:χɪs/ applied for the firmament. kaa keya/ka:ke:lə/kestoni keya/kestoni/ garrison; army barracks.) kaa mösöw /ka: məsow/ n. the end of the spine.

Kach/katʃ/ v. [1.ke] (A) to place something between. Kikachat/kikatʃat/ n. kacha mu kat, kacha mu ket/katʃa mu ket/ or töönö mu kogh/tənə kox mu/ to loose hope in something.

Kach/katʃ/ v. [1.ku] (B) to carry on the shoulders. kikachat /kikatʃat/ n. par. carrying.

kach kımyan /katʃ kikaljan/ v. [1.ku] to neglect. kika- chat/kika.tʃat/, kikochin/ kikotʃin/ n. neglectful person. kikachan / kikatʃan/ n. neglectful. kach'at/katʃat/ adj. (pl. kachkımyantin) n. neglectful person. <chi, <o.

ka(cha)kach/katʃakatʃ/kak n. a narrow place; gorge; span (Kara.).

kachangwich/katʃanjwitʃ/, (pl.kachangwichtin) n. tricky mischievous child (there is a story about kachangwich which gave origin to the name); acrobat. Kachangwichnan/katʃanjwitʃnan/ n. mischievousness; acrobatics. Kachapen/katʃapen/ n. submandibular gland. Kacharkwet/katʃarkwet/ n.incompetent; useless person.

kachepon/katʃepən/ n. ugali cooked mixed with flying termites.

kachidit/katʃidit/ n. wee; small tiny person or thing.

kachılıkkökch/katʃılkökətʃ/, (pl.kakachılıkkökötin) n. marabu stork (bird). kachinchin/katʃintʃin/ n.sunbird.

Kachiwan/katʃiwan/ n. diarrhoea.

kachochot/katʃotʃot/ n. nervous, unstable per- son. kachoch'ot/katʃotʃo:t/ adj. active.

kachoryon/katʃor:kanyortin/ n. a big bag; e.g., kachoryonto mïlot.

Kadakdak/kadakdak/,kadökdök/kadəkdək/ n. larynx.

Kadang/kadarj/,ködong/kədonj/ n. gourd for milking and keeping milk or ghee.

kadaw/kadaw/ n. traditional poison, used to kill animals. kadawak, kadawuka- wat/kadawat/ n. poison. kadawat/kadawat/ n. poison.

kadengeryon/kadənjerɔ:n/,(pl.kadengeren) n. 1 small cob of maize. 2 small things or people

kadongdong/kadondonj/(pl.kadongdongtin), kodongdong/kodondonj/ n. ner- vous, unstable. intranquile, whimsical, person.

kadöngöt/kadənjet/ n. (cow) bell.

Kagh/kay/ (A) v. [1.ke] to milk an ani- mal. Kaghat/kayat/,(pl.ko'ghut) n. par. milking. köghin/kayin/ n. someone who milks an animal. kagh'an/kayan/ n. a person who milks the animal too much. köghsyö/kəyslə/ n. the work of milking. kagh'at/kaxat:/,köghöt/kəyöt/ adj. par. milked. kögho/kəyo/köghisyot/kəxisöt/ adj. milkable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <t, milking for someone.

kakoghis/kakoyis/ n. a constellation.

kaköreni aran /kaköreni.aran/ n. the name of a constellation with three stars following each other.

kalacha/kalatʃa/,(pl.kalachen), n. a man's cape.

kalalyan/kalaljan/,(pl.kolyong) n. a fly. kalalyanta kukiy/kalaljanta: kuki:/ n. dogs' fly/flies.

Kalamat/kalamat/ n. curd; ghee; butter. kalamı/kalamı/,(pl.kalamun) n. pen (Kis.). kalampaskalampas/,(pl.kalampastin) n. badger. Kalangkalanj./kalany/kalan/ v. [1.ke] to remove teeth.

kalangat/kalanat/ n. par. removing of Kagh/kay/ (B) v. [1.ke] to toss; to throw teeth. kölöngsyö/ kələnşö n/removal of something up and down. kaghat n. par. tossing. Koghin/koyin/ n. tosser. kagh'at/kayat/,kogho:t/koyot/ adj. par. tossed. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

Kaghak/kayak/ n. pl. fish (see köghöghwö). kaghat/kaya:t/,koghat/koyat/ (A) v. [1.ke] to clot; to co- agulate, used for oil; to curdle. Kaghatat/ kayatat/n. par. clotting. köghötö/kəyətə/ n. clot- ting. Kaghatan/kayatan/ n. oil that has thickened. kaghat'at/köghöt'ot/ adj. par. curdled. köghöto/kəyətə:/ adj. able to coagulate. <o.

Kaghat/kayat:/ (B) v. [1.ke] to condense; to solidify. Kikaghatat/kikayatat/ n. par. solidification. ki- köghötin/kikəyətə/ n. liquid that solidifies eas- ily; e.g., porridge. kaghat'at/kayata:t/,köghöt'ot/ kəyətə:t/ adj. par. condensed. <o, <egh.

kaghığhis /kayıyış/ n. applied for the firmament.

kaghütöt/kayıttit/ v. [1.ke] to make cold. kaghüt/ käyt/,köghüt/kəyit/ adj. cold; bleak. köghityö/ kəyit:o/ n. coldness. kaghitan/kayita:n/ n. par. coldness. kaghütöt/kayıttit/,köghütüti/kəyitüti/ v. to become cold.

Kakaghan/kakaya:n/ n. late evening; starting of dark- ness; twilight; dimness. kököghin/ kəkəyin/ n. dimness.

Kakam/kakam/ v. [1.ke] to try. Kamkamat/ kamkamat/ n. temptation. kikökomin/kikəmin/ n. someone who tries. kamkom'at/kökom'ot adj. par. tried. <chi, <u, <o, <egh, <t.

Kakasanian/kakasanian/(see kas). kakaon/kakaon/ (pl.kakaontin) n. type of bird. Kakatan/ka:ka:tan/ n.vomited bile.

ka-keya/kake:a/kestoni keya/ kestoni ke:a/n. garrison; army barracks. teeth. kölöngin/kələnjin/ n. someone who does so. Kalangan/kalajan/ n. removed tooth. kalang'at/kalajanat/,kölöng'at/ kələnjet/ adj. par. removed. kölöngo/<yot/ adj. removable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

kalany/kalanj/kalang/kalanj/ v. [1.ke] 1 to uplift. 2 to take back something given to someone else in spite of the agreement. Kalanyat/kalaŋat/ n. par. uplifting. kölönyin/kələnjin/ n. up- lifter. Kalanyan/kalaŋan/ n. something uplifted. kalany'at/kalaŋat/, (pl.kölönyot) adj. par. uplifted. <sy, <o(tö), <chi, <u, <egh, <t, to uplift something because of someone else.

Kalany/kala:(ang) v. [1.ke] to take something given in spite of the agreement.

Kalas/kala:s/ (see kölöswö).

Kalel/kalel/ v. [1.ke] to handle something with care. Kikalelat/kikalelat/ n. par. handling with care. kikölelyö/kikaleljo/. handling with care. kikölein/ kikalelin/ n. a caring person. kika- lelan/ kikalelan/ n. something handled with care. kalel'at/ kalelat/kölelot adj. par. cared for. kölelo/ kəlelo/, (pl.kölelsot) able to be cared for. <sy, <otö, <chi, <u.

kalepta/kalepta/ v. [3.ke] to sneak. kaleptagh n. par. sneaking. Kalepteghin/kalepteyin/ n. sneaker. <o(tö), <egh.

kaliki/kalıkı/ v. form. to be; happen.

kalıkune/kalıkune/ int. particle what hap- pened/ became? (derived from liki, to become.)

kalıs/kalıs/ n. odour; e.g., Katap kalıs. The animals have sensed.

Kalkal/kalkal/(pl.kölköle) adj. rogue; unsocial; mischievous. kölkölyö/kəlkəljo/ n. roguery. ka v. [1.ke] to annoy some one; to molest. Kalkalat/kalkalat/kalkalat/ n. par. annoyance. kölkölin/kəlkalin/ annoyer; provoker. Kalkalan/kalkalan/ n. annoyer <u. kalkalit/kalkalit/, (pl. kölkölitu) v. to become mischievous.

Kalokitakyan/kalokitakjan/, kalokitakyon/ kalokitakjon/, (pl.kalokitak) n. solitary person. kalokiton/kalokitən/, (pl.kalokitok) n. hamlet; lonely home.

Kalomakyan/kalomakjan/, (pl.kalomak) n. adulterous.

kalomokyon/kalomokjon/(pl.kalomok) n. adulterer.

kalotökyon/kalotekjon/ n. person who goes for aloto; betrother.

kalulu/kalulu/(pl.kalulutin) n. a type of beetle.

Kalutya/kalut'a/ n. butter.

Kalyan/kal'an/ v. [1.ke] to be tranquil.

Kalya/kal'a/n. peace; harmony. Kalyanat/kal'anat/ n. par. unwatchfulness. Kalyanan/kal'anan/ n. unwatchful person. kalyan'at/kal'ana:t/kolyönöt/ kələnət/ adj. par. unwatchful.

Kam/kam/, kom/kom/ v. [i.ki] to withstand (Kara.).

Kam/kam/, kömoy/kəmoj/ n. crowbar; tool for digging holes. Kam/kam/, kömö /kəmö/ n. hooked stick used for harvesting fruits.

Kama/kama:/,(pl.kamatün/ n. mother of. kame /kame/ n. his/her mother. kama echö/kama: etʃə/ n. midwife. Kameto/kameto/ n. mother of. Kamatineko/kamatineko/ n. mothers of. Kamatoyon/kamato:jon/, (pl.kamatoyi) n. sugar mummy.kama tarach/kama taratʃ/ kama echö/kama etʃə/ n. midwife.

Kamagh/kamay/ v. [1.ke] to endure; to bear.

Kamaghat/kamay/, kömöghut/kəməyut/ n. par. kömöghin/kəməyin/ n. endurer. Kamaghan/ kamayat/endurer. kamagh'at/kamaya:t/, (pl. kömöghot) adj. par. endured. chi, <u, <egh. Kamagha/kamayan/ n. endure; assiduity.

Kamakiten/kamakiten/ n. type of tree (it is a good medicine against worms—especially tape- worms—and constipation).

kamala asis/kalama asis/ n. afternoon.

Kamas/kamas/ adj. aside.

Kamas/kama:s/, (pl. kömos) n. mountain(ous). kamatin/kamatin/ n. pl. (see kama). kamatoyi / kamato:i/ n. pl. (see kama).

kamatoyon/ kamato:jon/ n. spinster that has a child. Kamay/kama:j/ n. pl. (see kömöywö). kamcherires/kamtjerires/ n. goshawk; bateleur (bird). kamidelen/kamidelen/ n. dirt from the eye. kamiken /kamiken/ n. orchid. kamikok/kamiko:k/ n. big black ant. kamisiñö/kamisınə/ n. permanent domicile; village.

kamili kamili/adj. authentic (Kis.).

Kamisyan/kamisjan/, (pl.kamistin) n. duster; eraser (see mis).

Kamkam/kamkam/ v. [1.ki] to tamper; to try something without success.

kamkech/kamketʃ/(pl.kamkechtin) n. a wild bulb fruit like onion, or garlic (it is used for the treatment of tapeworms of cattle). kamkech/kamketʃ/, (pl. kamkechay) n. a thick grass.

Kamkerich/kamkeritʃ/(pl.kamkerichoy) n. ringworm. kamke- run/kamkerun/, (pl.kamkerutoy) n. ringworm.

kamörökow/kamərikəw/ n.a place full of

problems; impasse.

Kamoch/kamotʃ/, (pl. kamochtin) n. a black bird.

Kamot/kamot/ v. [1.ke] to pinch; to get a pinch of snuff. kamotat/kamotat/, (pl. kömotut)n.par. pinching. kömotin/kəmotin/ n. a pincher. Kamotat/kamota:t/(pl. kömotot) adj. par. pinched. kömoto/kəmoto:/ (pl. kömotisyon) adj. can be pinched. <sy, <o(tö), <chii, <u.

kamoyon/kamojon/, pl. kamoyen, kamoytin) n. tape-worm.

Kampalal/kampalal/ v. [1.ke] to make something difficult. Kampalal/kampalal/, kömpölöle/ kömpälələz/ adj. difficult; subtle. kömpöleyö n. difficulty, drudgery. kampalelyö/kampaleljo/ (kömpölelut) n. par. difficulty, trouble. kampalelat/kampalelat:/, (pl. kömpolale) adj. par. difficult people. Kampalalit/kampalalit/ (pl. kömpölelitu) v. to become difficult. tamamporö).

kamamporö/kamampora/, (pl. kamamporö)/ n. spider (more in use)

Kaman/kaman/ v. [1.ke] to take care. ka- manat/ kamanat/(pl. komönut) n. par. komönin/koménin/ care taker. Kamanan/kamanat/ n. something taken care of. kamanat/kamanat:(pl. komöno/ komöno/) adj. par. taken care of. komöno/ komöno/, komönisyot/komänisöt/ able to be cared for. <sy, <otö, <chii, <u, <egh.

Kamar/kama:r/ n. cow with twisted horns

kampeyón/kampejón/(pl. kampe) n. goat. kamsakan/kamsakán/(pl. kamsak) n. proud person. kamsiröy/kamsirø/ n. obstacles; huddle. kamsiroy/kamsiroi/ (pl. kamsiren) n. exit.

kamsititon/kamsititon/, (pl. kamsitit) n. brown-breasted barbet (tricholaema melanocephalum).

kamsityan/kamsit'an/ (pl. kamsitin) n. tooth brush.

kamsoror/kamsoro:r/ (pl. Kamsorortin) <ay/ n. ravine, cliff; wa- terfall.

Kamsorotan/kamsorotan/ interj. a word used in a narrative speech. kamtururu/kamtururu:/, (pl. kamturun) n. beetle. Kamuch/kamutʃ/, (pl. kömuchoy) n. superb starling (bird).

kamunkiyon/kamunki:on/, (pl. kamunken) n. 1 yolk. 2 thick honey, not very sweet.

kan kong/kan.konj/ n. [1.ke] to pretend; to deceive. kanata kong/kanata.konj/ n. par. deceiv- ing. konoghinto kong/konoxinto kon/, (pl. konoghi kong) n. deceiver; swindler. <en, <egh. Kanara/kanara/ n. thigh. (see chat). kanasyan/kanasian/ (pl. kanastin) n. town; a large populated area.

Kanay/kana:/ v. [1.ke] to place on something; to lay. Kikanayat/kikana:at/ n. par. laying. ki- könöyin/ ki.kənöin/ someone who puts things over others. Kikanayan/kikana:an/ n. something placed over somewhere. kanayat/kana:at/, könoyot/kənööt/ adj. par. placed. <otö, <t, <u, <chii.

Kaner/kaner/, (pl. kaneroy) n. rock hyrax.

kanisa/kanisa/, (pl. kanisen) n. church (Kis.).

kanisakan/kanisakjan/, kanisan(ian)/ kanisan/, kanisak/kanisak/ n. a boastful person; dandy.

kankan/kankan/ v. [1.ke] to cuddle. Kankanat / kankanat/n. par. konkonin/kənkənin/ a cuddling person.

kankan'at/kankanat/ konkono:t /kənkənot/ adj. par. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii.

Kanken/kanken/ n. administration police: A.P.'s.

Kanor/kanor/könoře/kənɔrə/, kinur/kīnu:r/ adj. crooked ob- ject; könoryö /kɔnɔrɔ:/ n. crookedness. kanorit, könoritu/kenoritu/v. to become rude.

kanta/kanta/v. [3 ke] to economize. Kantagh/ kantax/ n. par. economization. köntöghin/ köntoxin/ n. economizer. kantagh'at/ kantaya:t/, kontegh'ot/kanteyo:/ adj. par. economized; economical. köntögho/kəntɔyo/ possible to be econo- mized. <egh(u), <eghchii.

kantel/kantel/ (A) v. [1.ke] to tiptoe; to lum- ber. Kanteltagh/kanteltax/ n. par. tiptoeing. köntelin/ kəntelin/ n. tiptoer, könteltoghin/kənteltoyin/ tiptoer. <sy, <otö, <chii.

kantel/kantel/ (B) v. [1.ke] to carry carefully; to procure; to save. kikantelat /kikantelat/ n. procuring.

kiköntelin/kikəntelin/ n. procurator. könteli- syot /kəntelsjöt/able to be cared for. <sy, <t, <egh, <u.

kangato/kanjatol/ <ay/ n. brink.

kangoyan/kanjolan/, kangoy'ak/kanjola:k/ n. annoyed.

Kany/kan/ (A) v. [1.ke] to let; to allow (used in subjunctive; e.g., Kanya owan. Let me go).

kany/kanj/ (B) v. [1.ki] to bear; to resist.

kany/kanj/ (C) v. [1.ke] to wait. Kanyat /kanjat/ n. par. waiting. könisyöy/kənjisə:/ n. waiting. köninyin/kənjin/ n. a waiting person. Konyisyegho/kənjis'ɛgo/ adj. waiting place. kanyat/kajat:/, könjöt/kənət:/ adj. par. waited. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, wait for someone, <t, to expect, <egh.

Kayan/kanjan/, kanian/kanian/, kanyoy/kanjoy/ n. dowry.

kanyanyighos/kanjapixos/ n. competition; chal- lenge. kanyanyighosinön/kanjapixosınən/, n. rivalry; competing.

kanyırpit/kajırpit/ n. black-headed oriole (bird).

kanyityan/kanitjan/ n. belittling, despising (word used to cool down a burning issue).

kapak/kapak/, köpök/kəpək/ v. [3.ki] to peel off the outer layer of something, like maize cob. kapakyan/kapak'an/, kapök/kapək/ n. residue of honey, wax, etc.; chaff.

kapamporö/kapapərə/ n. spider.

kapan/kapan/, (pl.kapanay) n. fattish meat.

Kapapan/kapapan/ v. [1.ke] 1 to incubate. kapapanat/kapanat/,köpöpönut/kəpəpənut/ n. incubating. köpöpönin/kəpəpənin/ n. incubating hen. kapa- pan'at/kapapanata:,köpöpöno:t/ kəpəpənət/ adj. par. incubated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, incubating in a place. 2 to protect.

kapars'amugh /kaparsa:mux/ n. a short smelly tree (It is good for thatching houses. Children like to make arrows with its twigs. Goats like to eat it).

Kapayatwa/kapa:atwa/, kapayatwö/kapa:atwə/, (pl. kapayat) n. fraction; piece, slice (of food); scant. Kapelan/kapelə:n/ n. faeces of a small child. kapelkew/kapelkeu/ n. a small brown tropical lizard.

kapempa/kapempa/(pl.kapempen) n. small traditional hoe; plough.

kapenyakyan/apejnak:jən/, (pl.kapenyak) n. rebellious.

katep/katep/(pl.katepoy) n. wing. kapepya köghö- kwö/katepäkəyəkwə/ n. fins.

Kaper /kaper/ v. [1.ke] to isolate; to seclude. ki-
kaperat/kaperat/, (pl.kiköperut) n. par. secluding. köpersyö/kapersö:/ n. seclusion. kaper'at/ kaperat/, (pl.köpe- syot) adj. par. isolated. köpero/käpero/, (pl.köper- sot) adj. able to be isolated. <sy, <ötö, <chi, in a place, <egh, to isolate because of something.

kaperwö/kaperwə/, (pl.kaperon) grasshopper.

kapiköng/kapıkəŋ/ n. whiteheaded barbet (gymnobucco leucolis).

kapılpong /kapılpon/, (pl.kapılpangtin) n. large shell from a snail.

kapırımeninyon/kapırımeniŋ/, (pl.kapırımen) n. type of tree (kigelia africana). kapırıru/ kapırıru/<tiŋ/ n. measles. kapırmöt/kapırmət/ n. lizard (red-headed). kapıs/kapıs/ v. [1.ke] 1 to mould. kapısat/kapısat/ n. par. mouldiness. köpisyö/kəpısə:/ n. mouldiness. kö- pisin/ kə,psin/ n. a dirty thing. kapısan/kapısan/ n. mould. kapıs'at/kapsat/(pl.kopis'ot) adj. par. mouldy. <egh. 2 to dry up. kapısan /kapısan/ n. mildew. kapısit/kapısit/, (pl.kopisitu) v. to become musty.

kapititit /kapititit/, kapatat/kapatat/(pl.köpititite) adj. thin. kapitit v. [1.ke] to make something thin like chapati. köpititat/kəpititat/ n. thinness. köpi- tityö/köpi.titjə/ n. sleekness. kapötitat/ kapətitat/, (pl.köpitit'ot) thin. kapititit /kapititit/ (pl.köpitititu) v. to become sleek.

kapiyok/kapıok/ n. scops owl (bird). kapikoy/ kapiko:(pl.kapikoytin) n. father in law; son in law. kapılılı/kapılılı/(pl. kapılılitin) n. tapeworm. kapiryon/kapırıon/, (pl.kapirtin) n. pagan (Kis.). apis'a /kapisa:/ adv. completely (Kis.).

kapke n. pl. (see kapkeyon).

Kapken /kapken/ n. colon.

Kapkedo /kapkədo/ n. a stone like agate.

kapketöy/kapketəj/ n. rope that is tied around the neck of a cow to inflate its vein and pierce blood out of it, charat.

kapkeyon/kapke:jən/, (pl.kapke) n. ground insect which produces honey.

kapkimar /kapkimə:r/ n. market (see sıro).

kapkotityon/kapkotitjən/(pl.kapkotit) n. miserable person.

Kapkoymöt/kapkojmöt/ n. one of the seven age-sets of Pököt. Kapkoymötyon/ kapkojmətjən/, (Kapkoymöt) n. person belonging to Kapkoymöt.

kaplawach/kaplawatʃ/ (kaplawachtin) n. treasure; savings; account.

Kaplelach /kaplelatʃ/ n. one of the seven age-sets of Pököt. Kaplelachin/kaplelatʃin/, (pl.Kaplelach) n. person belonging to Kaplelach.

Kapömpich /kapəmpitʃ/ n. fabulous people said to eat human beings; cannibals (commonly said during legend stories).

kapolokyon/kapolokjən/, (pl.kapolok)n. enchanter; ma- gician (he can both bless and curse). kapolokinön/lokınən/ n. enchantment; magic (Turk.).

kapolot /kapolot/ n. school.

kapompar/kapompar/ n. cover; a lid; like the shell of tortoise.

kapompich/kapəmpitʃ/, (pl.kapompichtin) n. canibal; a men eating personage of stories.

kaporet /kaporet/ n. name given to circumcised girls: the first to be circumcised.

kaporyon/kaporɔ:n/, (pl.kapor) n. relatives.

kaporinön/kaporınən/ n. relations.

Kapos/kapo:s/ v. [1.ke] to heap; to pile up. ki- kaposat/kaposat/, (pl.kaposut) n. par. piling. kiköpo- sin /kikəposin/ n. someone who piles up. ka- pos'at/köpos'o/ adj. par. heaped. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

kapsırantı/kapsırantı/ n. grasshopper.

kapte(y)kech/kaptekətʃ/, (pl.kaptekechtin) n. niche; a hidden place behind of the doorway of a house used to place 'ptekech' for closing the door.

kaptirkis/kaptirkis/ n. groin. kaptörkis/kaptörkis/ n. idem.

kaptolongwö/kaptolongwə/, (pl.kaptolong) n. type of tree (adonsia degetal).

Kapunpun/kapunpun/ n. hole; outlet. kapuret / kapuret/ n. fog; mist. kaputi/kaputi/, (pl.kaputin) n. raincoat (Kis.).

Kar/kar/ (A) v. [1.ke] to close; to lock; to shut; to obstruct. karat/karat/, (pl.körüt) n. par. closure;

obstruction. Kara/kara/ n. closing. körin/kérin/ n. shutter. kar'at/karat:/,(pl.kör'ot) adj. par. closed. köro /kérə:/ adj. possible to be closed. <sy, <chii, <o, <t. kar kong/karkonj/ v. [1 ke] to rebuke; to oppress. kar kegh/karkx v. [1.ke] to resemble; to be equal. kar tiks /kar.tíkis/ v. [1.ke] to suffocate. karata tiks/karata.tíkis/ n. par. asphyxia.

Kar /ka:r/ (B) v. [1.ke] to starve. kikarat/ kikarat/,(pl.ki-körut) n. par. starving. kikörsyö /kikərsjə/ n. slimness. kikörin/kikérin/ n. easy to starve. ki- karan n. starved person kar'at/ kara:t/,(pl.köryot) adj. par. starve. <sy, <o(tö), <egh, in a place.

kara mingon/kara.mijo:n/ (pl.mingot) v. [3.ke] to over- look; to neglect. karata mingon /karata. mijon/ n. overlooking.

karachinin/karatj̥in/ n. boy; lad.

karaloch/karalots/,,(pl.karalochay) n. heron; Egyptian vulture; kind of eagle.

Karam/kara:m/ n. pl. wasps (see koromin).

karam/karam/,(pl.karamach) adj. good; benevolent; righteous; pleasant; nice. körömnyö /kérömjə/ n. goodness; right. karam tyä/kara:m.tä:/,(pl. karamach tyä) adj. excellent; very good. Karamit /karamit/ körömitu/kérömitu/,(pl.körömöchitu) v. [1.ke] to make something else good. Karamach /karamats/ n. goodness. körömitu/kérömitu/,(pl. körömityot) possible to make good.

Karankan/karankan/ v. [1.ke] (Kis.) to fry (especially vegetables and eggs). karanka- nat / karankanat/ n. par. frying. körönkonin/ keronkonin/ n. one who fries. karankan'at/ karankanat:,(pl.köröngöno:t) adj. par. fried. körönkö/keränkenə:/ adj. possible to fry. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Karankaroy/karankano:j/ n. stories; tales.

karapil/karapil/ n. 1 hollow of the throat; goitre. 2 magazine of bullets.

Karas/karas/ adj. fruit tree full of fruits; e.g., karas keti.

karas(yan)/karas:(pl.köros) n. rib. karat(yan)/ karat/,(pl.karotin) n. carrot (Eng.). karatakyan/ katak'yan/,(pl.karatak) n. rogue; with bad manners; one who ashamed others (see rat). karatakyan/ karatajan/,(pl.karatak) n. despiser. kar'atan/ karatan/,(pl.karat'an) n. person without discipline.

karaya/kara:a/,(pl.karayis) n. basin (Kis.).

karenyak/karejnak/,(karenyakay)n. 1 mandible; jaw. 2 molar tooth.

Karer/karer/ v. [1.ke] to crack; to tear; to rip. karerat/karerat/,(pl.körerut) n. par. crack. körerin/kérerin/ n. cracking. körerin/kérerin/ n. cracker. kareran n. extremely cracked. karar'at/ karera:t/,(pl.körero:t) adj. par. cracked.

körero /kärero/ able to be cracked. <u, <chii, <o, <t.

kareran/kareran/ pron. 1 somewhere; elsewhere; 2 a part of a whole.

Karerkew/karerkew/ n. morning or evening star (planet Mars; Pöket call it tapogh nyö kürkit, the male morning star because at times it goes before Venus, at others be- hind, they say the wife runs away, and the husband goes to look for her).

karikorison/karikorision/,(pl.karikoris) n. thimble <te, <to, <kö, <pö. (Kara.).

karin/karin/,(pl.kari) n. 1 metal; iron. 2 beads. 3 things. 4 cash. kari lïk /kari.lïk/ arms. kari poryot/kari.porjöt/ ammunition. kari kö/kari.kə/ house utensils.

kaririny/karirin/ n. top of head which is very soft in babies: parietal; forehead.

karinyak/kariña:k/(pl.kirinyakay) n. premolar tooth. karkar (A) v. [1.ke] to spread; to level. Karkarat/karkarat/ n. par. spreading. körkörin/ korkorin/ n. someone who spreads. karkar'at/ karkarat/(pl.körkör'ot)) adj. par. spread. körkörö/kärkärö/,(pl.körkörisot) able to be spread. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Karkar/karkar/ (B) v. [1.ke] to explore; to survey. karkarat/karkarat/,(pl.körkörut) n. par. surveyance. (see karkar). <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <en, <egh.

karkar/karkar/,(pl.körköre) (C) adj. timid; shy; coward. körköryö/kärkärö/ n. shyness; timidity. Karkar/karkar/ (D) v. [1.ke] to scout about; to inspect a place. Kararat/kararat/ n. par. inspection; scouting. körkörin/kärkärin/ n. scout. karkar'at/karkara:t/(pl.körkör'ot) adj. par. scouted. körkörö/kärkärö/ adj. able to be inspectable. Karkara /karkara/ n. scouting about; inspection of a place before moving into it. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii.

Karkar/karkar/ (E) n. pl. beads for necklaces (see korkorwö). karkaryan/karkarjan/,(pl.karkaren) n. small jingles worn by young women, or che- merü, made from goats' hoofs, or tortoise's shell.

Karkey/karke:j/ v. [1.ke] to compare. kikarkeyat/ kikarke:jat/,(pl.kikörkeyut) n. par. comparison; comparing. körkeyin/kärke:jut/ n. example; analogy; comparison. karkey'at/karke:jat:,(pl.körkey'ot) adj. par. compared; comparable. <o(tö), <egh, <u, <chii, <t. karlal/karlal/,(pl.karlalay) n. hawksbill turtle.

karman/karman/ (A) v. [1.ki] 1 to fold 2 to tie around the waist; to gird on. kar- manat/ karmanat/,(pl.körmönüt) n. par. folding; girding. körmönisyö/kérmenisjə/ n. folding; girdle. körmonin/kérmenin/ n. a person who folds; girds.karman'at/kamanat:,(pl.körmöno:t) adj. par. folded; girded. körmöno/kérmeno/,(pl. körmönisyot) adj. foldable; possible to gird around. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <o, <t, <egh.

karmoriny/karmorin/, karmorin/garmorin/ (pl.kamoringtin) n. molar tooth. karmoris/ karmoris/, (pl.karmorisay) n. ring. kar(ö)kegh / karakey/ adj. equal. karöloch (see kraloch).

karorya/karori:a/, (pl.karor)n. feather; plume; insect's wings; bird's wings.

karot/karat/, (pl.körot) adj. blind (from kar). kö- rötyö/körötö/ n. blindness. karote/ ,köröte/kärete/ adj. blind person.

karoyan/karojan/, (pl.karoyok) n. reader of entrails.

karpasya/karpasi:a/, (pl.kerpes) n. broken pieces, especially of gourd.

karsang/karsan/, (pl.karsangtin) n. a careless, lazy person; someone who neglects him/herself. Karsangan /karsajnan/ n. laziness.

Karta /karta/ (A) v. [3.ke] to cover; to camouflage. Kartagh/kartag/ n. par. covering. körtéghin/ kärteyin/ n.someone who cov- ers things. karteghat/karteyat/(pl.körtegh'ot) adj. par. covered.körtegho/kartejo/(pl.köreghisyot)possible to be covered. <egh(u), <chi.

Karta /karta/ (B) v. [3.ke] to insulate; to protect; to defend. Kartagh /kartag/ n. par. protection. körtéghin/kärteyin/ protector. Karteghan / kartexan/ n. protected; defended. kartegh'at/ karteyat:, (pl.körte- gho't) adj. par. protected. <otö, <egh(u).

kartasyan/kartasjan/, (pl.kartasin) n. paper (Kis.). karwalyan/karwaljan/, (pl.karwal) n. grey hair; hoar. karyamos/karjamos/, (pl.karyiamostin) n. train (Kis.), karyony /karjon/ n. mildew.

kas /kas/(A) v. [1.ke] to harvest; to reap. kasat n. par. harvesting. Kasa /kasa/ n. harvest (time). kösin/kasin/ n. reaper. kas'at/kasat:, (pl.kös'ot) adj. par. harvested. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <t.

Kas /kas/ (B) v. [1.ke] to milk an animal, especially goats. Kasan /kasan/ n. fresh milk. <sy, <u, <o.

kas kegh /kas.key/ (C) v. [1.ku] to aspirate; to pull oneself up; to encourage one- self. kikasanat /kikasanat/ n. par. aspiration. Kakasanian / kakasanian/, (pl.kasanak) n. boastful per- son. Kikasan /kikasan/ n. someone encouraged. kas'at /kasa:t/, (pl.kös'ot kegh) adj. par. self es- teemed. <otö, <o, <egh, because of.

Kasa /kasa/ (A) v. [3.ke] to sicken. kösötyö / kəsötə/ n. sickness. köseghin/käseyin/ n. sickly person. kas'at/kasat:, (pl.kös'ot) sick. <egh, to be sick because of something.

Kasan /kasan (B) v. [1.ke] to carry on the shoul- ders; to load. kasanat/kasanat/(pl.kösönüt) n. par. carrying. kösönin/käsanin/ n. porter. kasan'at/kasanat:, (pl.kösöno't) adj. par. carried. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <t, to carry something for someone else.

kasapanakyan/kasapankjan/, (pl.kasapanak) n. a person around the age of Sapana; someone who did

Sapana.

kasar/köser (A) n. fence. kasaru adj. fence of.

Kasar /kasar/ (B) adj. bereaved.

Kasawat /kasawat/, (pl. kasawatin) n. bracelet. kasawatyen /kasat'an/ (pl.kasawatin) n. a man's metal bracelet.

Kasawun /kasawun/ n. cliff; ravine.

Kaseti /kaseti/, (pl.kasetin) n. gazette; magazine; journal (Kis., Eng.).

kası /kası/ n. work; function (Kis.). kasıma / kasıma/ n. under the bed. kasinkoyoy/kasinkəjö/ (pl.kasinkoyotin) n. liana, or a rope tied to a tree for children to swing with it to and fro.

kasipök /kasipak/ n. small amount of water in a pool. kaskas kegh rep. n. (see kas). kasödök / kasadök/, (pl.kasodokoy) n. sunbirds.

kasow /kasow/ (kasowtin) n. honey fungus.

Kasulkuch /kasulkutʃ/, (pl.kasulkuchtin) n. big lizard that eats termites (see solkoch).

Kasuparakyan /kasuparakjan/, (pl.kasuparak) n. stylish per- son; dandy.

Kasurkuch /kasurkutʃ/ n. type of big yellowish lizard.

Kasyam /kasjam/ v. [1.ke] to be unable to stand up. Kikasyem /kikasjemat/ n. par. unable to stand up. kasyam'at/käsiama:t/, (pl.kösyöm'ot) adj. par. unable to stand. <egh, <o, because of, <chi, referring to the place.

Kasyem /kasjem/ v. [1.ke] to puzzle someone.

ka- syem ka.sjem/ adj. hard (to stand); puzzling; diffi- cult. kasyem /kasjemat/ n. par. puzzling. kösyem- min /käs'min/ a puzzling person. kasyemit(u) /kasjemit/ (pl.kösyemit, kösyemichitu) v. to become puzzling.

kat /kat/ (A) v. [1.ke] to propitiate; to exer- cise. Kikatat /kikatat/ n. par. exorcism (a healing ceremony for extreme cases), kikotin/kikotin/ n. exorcist. Kikatan /kikatan/ n. exorcised. kat'at/ kitän/, (pl.köt'ot) adj. par. exorcised. koto/ kätə:/, (pl.kotyot) able to be propitiated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <egh.

Kat /kat/ (B) v. [1.ke] to winnow; to thrust. katat/katat/, (pl.katut) n. par. winnowing. kötsyö/kotsjö/ n. winnowing. kötin/kätin/ n. win- nower. kat'at/kata:t/, (pl.köt'ot) adj. par. winnowed. köto/keto/ adj. possible to winnow. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

Kat/kat/ (C) v. [1.ke] to drive something (ani- mals, cars). katat/katat/, (pl.kötut) n. par. driv- ing. kötin/kätin/ n. driver. kat'at/kata:t/, (pl.köt'ot) adj. par. driven. köto/keto/, (pl.kötisyot) able to be driven. <sy, <otö, <u, <en, to drive from, <o, <egh, referring to the means used.

Kat/ka:t/, (pl.kotwon) (D) n. neck.

kata/kata/, (pl.kato) n. thorn. (see kato).

katagh/katay/, (pl.kataghay) n. type of tree (ormocarpum trachycarpum).

katamoghyon/katampyjón/, (pl.katamoghen) n. kind of necklace made with large beads.

katamöt/katamöt/, (pl.kötömöt) n. razor blade (see rotwö).

Katang/kataŋ/ v. [1.ke] to lie on one's back. katönget /katəŋat/ n. par. lying on one's back. kötöngin/kətəŋin/ n. a person who usually lies on his back. katang'at/kataŋat:, (pl.kötöngö́t) adj. par. lying. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

katapaka kore katapaka .kore/ (see tapak) the place is full of grass.

Katayan/kataŋan/ adj. thorny.

katekism(o)/<en/ n. catechism. kateki- stayan/ katestəan/, (pl.kikatekisten) n. catechist. katekumenion/katekumenenion/, (pl.katekumen) n. catechumen (Kis., Eng., Greek).

kateltele/katełtele/, (pl.katełtetin) n. small hog or elephant. katereman n. blooming. kateryan/ katerjan/, (pl.kater) n. crossbreed sheep: merino and the local sheep. katıkwıři/katıkwıři/ n. beige things. katılı /katılı/ n. envious.

Katılılu/katılılu/ n. a temporary age-set of the Pöket; not one of the original and proper seven.

katina /katina:/n. tomorrow night.

Katkat/katkat/ (A) v. [1.ke] to perform a ceremony for naming a child when it got troubles in sucking. katkató/katkatá/, (pl.kötököt) n. par. the name of that ceremony. kötkötin /katkatin/ n. the performer of that ceremony. katkatat/ katkatat/, (pl.kötököt'ot) adj. par. when that ceremony has been done. kötkötó/katkatá/ adj. possible to do that ceremony. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

Katkat/katkat/ (B) v. [1.ke] to plant. katkatat/ kötkötut/ n. par. planting. kötkötsyö n. planting. kötkötin/i/ n. planter. katkatan n. planted seedling. katkat'at/kötököt'ot/ adj. par. planted. kötkötó/ kötkötisyot/ adj. plantable. <sy, <otö, <u, <chi, in a place, <o, <egh. Katkat /katkat/ v. [1.ke] to cloy; to be pungent in flavour; strong taste. katkat/ katkat/ (pl.kötökte) (C) adj. pungent in flavour. Katkatat/katkatan/ n. par. pungent. kötkötyö́ /kötkötlö/ n. pungency in flavour. katkat'at/ katkata:t/, (pl.kötököt'ot) adj. par. pungent. kötkötó/katketó/, (pl.kötökötisyot) able to be saturated; e.g., Kikatkatanın kumata. I am cloyed with honey.

katö/kato/ n. a bird.

Kato/katə/ n. pl. thorns.

katoliki/katoliki:/ n. catholic. Kanisa Kato- liki/ kanisa: katoliki:/ n. Catholic Church (Kis.).

katulöw/katulöw/, (pl.katulii) n. blister (see tul).

katupanian/katupanian/, (pl.katupantin) n. envious people; nickname.

katurokyon/katurəkjon/, (pl.katurok) n. wanderer; rover.

Katuwiyan/katuwıjan/ n. ugali prepared from old millet.

katwakyān/katwakjan/, (pl.katwak) n. rogue; person without discipline. kaw/kaw/, (pl.keston) n. home. kawagh/kawax/, (pl.kowow) n. hyena. k'awak/ ka:wak/ n. cornea.

Kawak/kawak/ n. 1 thin membrane; cartilage. 2 diaphragm. 3 kind of hard fatty meat. Kawarok/ kawarək/(yon) n. a kind of witchcraft. kawatak/ kawatak/, (pl.kawatakay) n. a thick grass. kawatan/ kawatan/ man's bed.

Kawel/kawel/ v. [1.ke] to make someone strict. kikawelat/kawelat/ n. par. strictness. Kawelit/ kawelit/, kawelitu/kawelitu/(pl.köwelöchitu) v.to become severe, strict. kawel/kawel/, (pl.köwelöch) adj. strict. köwelyö n. strictness; severity.

Kawiriryon/kawirirjón/, (pl.Kawirären) n. Bukusu.

Kawitwit/kawitwit/ n. 1 jiggers. 2 skin disease. 3 cancer.

kawkaw/kawkaw/, (pl.köwköwe) adj. rude; impolite. köwköwyö́ /kəwkəwı́e/ n. impoliteness; rudeness. köwköw /kəwkəw/ v. [2.ke] to make someone to be rude. <it, <tu, <öt.

Kaworok/kawɔrok/,kaworokyon/, (pl.kaworok) n. hero (Kari.)

kawu/kawu/, (pl.kawutin) 1 tent. 2 hammock.

Kawuryon/kawurjón/Kawuren/ n. Pöket name for Luhya people.

Kawusan/kawusan/ n. something stolen; a bad eating habit; e.g., omoy omisyö kawusan eat in bit by bit before time. omoy kyak kawusan they eat beef from stolen cows kisiwan adv.

kaya/kaya/, (pl.kayatin) n. cousin on the mother's side.

Kayap/kałap/ n. 1 kind of fruit. 2 money.

kayap /kałap/ n. pl. (see koyopwö).

kayaytina/kałatina/ n. the night after tomorrow. kayaytina-nina/kałatia.nina/ n. two nights from tomorrow.

kayı/kałi/ n. desert.

Kaykay/kałkał/ v. [1.ke] to improve. kaykay/ kałkał/, (pl.köyköye) adj. better, fit. kaykayan / kałkałnan/ betterment. kikaykayat /kikałkałat/ n. par. improvement.

kaykay'at/kałkałat:köyköy'ot/kałkałə:t/ adj. par. improved. Kaykayit/kałkałt/, (pl. köyköyitu) v. to become better. kaynapörö /kałnapörö/ n. South (see kuntokö). kayna-

toka/kałnatoka/ North (see kuntoka).

kaynat/kałnat/, (pl.köynötüt) 1 n. name; title. kaynata sakit/kał.nata: sakit/,köynötüt pö sakit/ the first name given to someone. 2 adj. stony. kay-

natyan/ka^jnat^jan/,(pl.köynöt) n. stony (kaynatyan kile very stony). 3 **kaynat**/ka^jnat/,,(pl.kaynetus) n. wart.

kaypa mïkulögh /ka^jpa mïkulox/ n. heart (the real muscle).

kayunti/ka^junti/,(pl.kayundun) n. namaqua dove (bird). ke- 1 prefix for the 1st person plural in verbal forms subjunctive mood. 2 prefix for the infinitive enunciative verbal form.

kech/kët^j/,(pl.kechir) n. sheep. wawa kech/kët^j/,(pl. wara kechir) n. lamb.

Kechir/këtjir/ n. pl. sheep (see kech).

kechiryokimolok/këtjir^jkïmçlok/ n. sandgrouse (bird).

kechö ilat /kët^j ilat/ 1 interj. damn. 2 thundering.

Kegh/këy/ ref. pron.& rec. pron. self; to each other.

Keghit/këyit/ v. [2.ki] groan (of sheep), sigh (see söölö).

keghyö asis/këy^jə asis/ v. form. noon.

Kel/kel/ (A) v. [1.ke] to fry. kelat/kelat/,(pl.kiletut) n. par. frying. kelsyö/kels^jo/ n. frying. Kelin/kelin/ n. someone frying. Kelan/kelan/ n. something fried. kelo/kel^jo:/.(pl.kelsyot) adj. possible to fry. <sy, <ch^j, <u, <otö, <egh.

Kel/kel/ (B) v. [1.ke] to dart, to hurry up. ki- kelat/kikelat/ n. par. haste. kikelsyö/kikels^jo/ n. briskness. Kikelin/kikelin/ n. brisk person. kel'at/kelat/,(pl.kel'ot) hurried up; darted. kelo/kelo able to hasten. /<un/ to haste towards the speaker, <o(tö).

kel/kel/,(pl.kelyon) n. 1 foot; leg. 2 track. kel pö mogh/kelpə.moy/,(pl.kelyo mogh) n. a type of mushroom. kel pö mitika /kel.pə.mítika:/ n. wheel. kel pö kapempa/kel pə kapempa/ n. haft. kel pö chok/kel pə tʃok/ n. hilt. kel parak/kel parak/ n. instep of human foot.

Kelan/kelan/, (pl.kelon) n. fried fermented posho for brewing 'busaa' beer.

K'elat/kelat/(pl.kel'at) n. tooth. Kelata/kelata:/ n. tooth of. Kela/kela:/ n. pl. teeth of. kelata pelyon/ kelata.pel^jon/,(pl.kela pelöw) n. tusk (elephant's tooth). kela poy/kela:.po^j/ n. false teeth. kela chö/kela t^jə/ n. milk teeth.

kelinganii arawa/keliŋanı arawa/ v. form. waning moon. kelkelöwö/kelkelewä/ n. type of tree (barleria). kelöwon/kelewo:n/(pl.kelöw) n. pan; fry pan; kiln/kiln/. kelon, kelan n. fried residues after brewing beer.

kelpöchi /kelpat^ji/ n. 1 small insect similar to amoeba. 2 somebody's leg.

kelpö kelat/kelpə kelat/ n. root.

kelpom^jogh/kelpəmoy:/,(pl.kelyomogh) n. chestnut boletus.

keltam^jyan/keltam^jan/(pl.keltam^j) n. type of tree

(girls make necklaces cutting small twigs of this tree. Young boys make ar- rows with it, which are called 'irt- in'). keltam^jyan/keltam^ja/,(pl. keltam^j) n. kind of necklace made from a reed of the same name (worn only by young girls). keltomiywö/keltær^jwä/,(pl.keltam^j) n. a reed.

Kelyon/kël^jon/ n. pl. 1 feet; legs. 2 tracks (see kel). kelyo /kël^jo:/n. legs of. kelyo asis /kël^jo.asis/n. sunbeams; rays.

Kem/kem/ (A) v. [1.ke] 1 to feed (with something).

2 to educate. kikemat/kikemat/,(pl.kikemut) n. par. feeding. kikemsyö /kikëms^jə/ n. feeding. Kikemin/kikemin/ n. feeder. Kikeman/kikemān/ n. someone fed by someone else. kem'at/ kikemat/<ot/ adj. par. fed. kemo/kemo:/ able to be fed. <sy, <otö, <u, <ch^j, <t, <egh.

kemeryan/kemerjan/,(pl.kemertin) n. spot; blot; dot; blur.

kempirwö/kempirwä/,(pl.kempir) n. type of tree; small plant (used for thatching houses).

kemistiri /kemistiri/ n. chemistry (Eng.).

kemuchö /kemut^jə/ pass. form. finished; it is enough (see much).

Kemunmun/kemunmun/ adv. barely.

keni/keni/ v. [3.ke] to distribute one by one; in small amounts. Kikenunogh/kikenunox/ n. par. distribution. Kikenunoghin/kikenunaxin/ n. careful distributor. kenun'ot /kenuno:t/ adj. par. having received a share of a distribution. <egh, <nu, <en.

kenken /kenken/ v. [1.ku] to deceive; delay; play tactics.

kenken /kenken/ v. [1.ku] to protect. kikenkenat/ kikenkenat/,(pl.kikenkenut) protection. kikenkenin/kikenkenin/ n. protector. kenken'at/kenkena:t/ adj. par. protected. kenkeno/kenkena:/.(pl. kikenisyot)adj. protectable. <sy, <otö, <u, <ch^j, <o, <egh.

Kenkeny/kenkenj/ v. [2.ke] to spy, see from afar.

ki- kenkenyöt /kikenkenj/ adj. par. spying.

kikenkeny- syö/kikenkenj.s^jo/ n. spying.

Kikenkenyin/kikenkenin/ one who sees from afar. kenkeny'ot/kenkena:t/ adj. par. seen from afar. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <ch^j, <egh. (Kara.) kensyö/ kens^jə/ (B) v. [3.ke] to marry. kensyö/kens^jə/,(pl. kensywut) (A) n. marriage. kensyogh /kens^jox/ n. marriage. Kensyeghin/kensleyin/ n. someone who marries often. kensyegh'ot/kens^ja:t/ n. married. Kensywut/kens^jewut/ n. pl. weddings. <otö, <egh.

Kenta /kenta/,(pl. kenten) v. [3.ke] 1 to enumerate.

2 to do something in a slow pace. ki- kentagh/ kikentag^j/ n. par. enumeration. ki- kentoghin/ kikentoyin/ n. a person who acts slowly.

kentegh'at/kentegh'at/ adj. par. enumerated.

kentegho/kentegh^j/adj. able to be enumerated. <egh, <ch^j.

Kentur/kentur/ n. sickness of grains, the cob be-

comes black dust; mildew.

kengalulö/kerjalulə/ v. form. Badly eaten;in bad condition.

Keny/keŋŋ/ v. [1.ke] to open and spread; to separate. kikenyat/kikeŋnat/, (pl.kikenyat) n. par. separation. Kikenyin/kikeŋnin/ n. someone who separates, or opens wide something. Kikenyan/kikeŋyan/ n. something wide opened. kenyat/keŋnat/(pl.keny'ot) adj. par. wide opened. kenyō/keŋo/(pl.kenyisyon) possible to be opened. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <t, <egh.

Kenchii kegh /kentʃi keɣ/ v. [3.ku] to go in turns.

Kikenchinogh/kikentʃinaaaaaaaɣ/ n. going in turns.

Kenykeny/keŋkeŋ/ v. [2.ke] 1 to look from side to side. 2 to disturb. kikenyenöt/kikeŋneŋ/ n. par. disturbance. Kikenykenyin/kikeŋkeŋin/ n. disturber. Kikenykenyan/kikeŋkeŋyan/ n. disturber. kenykeny'at/keŋkeŋat/ adj. par. disturbed. kenykenyo/keŋkeŋo/: adj. disturbable. <sy, <o(tö).

kep /kep/ (A) v. [2.ke] to aim carefully. kepöt/ kepət/ n. par. aiming. Kepin/kepin/ n. aim. kepön/ke.pən/ n. something aimed at. kepo't/ kepoot/adj. par. aimed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii. kepchi/keptʃi/ kengomchi/kenjomtʃi/ [3.ke] to insinuate.

Kep/kep/ (B) v. [1.ke] to do skilfully. Kepat/kepat/ n. par. doing well. Kepin/kepin/ n. well doer. kep'at/kepat/, (pl.kepo't) adj. par. well done. kepo/kepo/, (pl.kepisyon) able to be done nicely. <sy, <o(tö), <chii.

kep/kep/, (pl.k'epkon) (C) n. artery; valve; spring of water.

keper/keper/, (pl.keperoy,kepertin) n. kind of big necklaces worn by women.

keperyakyan/keperiaklan/, (pl.keporyak) n. people who moved with the cattle during the dry sea- son. keporyakinan/keporiaknan/ n. to be with the animals far away from home (see apar).

Ker/ker/ (A) v. [2.ke] to aim at something. keröt/ kerət/n. par. target; aiming. Kerin/keri:n/ n. aim.

kerö́t /kerö:t/ adj. par. aimed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <o.

Ker/ker/ (B) v. [2.ke] to replace. kikeröt/ kikerət/n. replace. Kikeran/kikeran/ n. something replaced. kero't/kerət/ adj. par. replaced, returned. kero/keroit/, (pl.kerisyot) adj. replaceable. <sy, <otö, <chii, <u.

Ker/ker/ (C) v [1.ku] to retaliate. kikerat/ kikerat/, (pl.kikerut) n. pl. retaliating. kikersyö/ kikersö/ n. retalia- tion. Kikerin/kikeri:n/ n. retaliative; revenge- full. ker'at/kerat/ adj. par. retaliated. <sy, <u, <chii.

kerelwö/kerelwə/, (pl.kerel) n. type of tree (used for thatching houses; its roots are medicine against 'kirel').

kerony/kerojŋ/,keronytin) n. big slab for roasting cereals or flour. kerker rep. v. [1.ke] to return back (see ker). Kerpes /kərpəs/ n. pl. cash (see karpasya).

Kes /kes/ v. [1.ke] to get close to something.

Kesat/kesat/ n. par. getting close to. Kesin/ kesin/ n. a person who does so. kes'at/ kesat/, (pl.kes'ot) adj. par. closed to. keso/ keso/, (pl.kesisyot) adj. approachable. <sy, <otö.

kes/kes/ n. cash (Eng.).

kesakegh/kesakey/ v. [3.ki] to show pride by shrug- ging (women) (see singan).

Keskес/keskes/ v. [1.ke] to hatch. kikeske- sat/ kikeskesat/, (pl.kikeskesut) n. hatching. ki- keskesin/ kikeskesin/n. hatcher (bird). ki- keskesan n. chick recently hatched. keskes'at/keskesat/, (pl. keskesyot) adj. hatched. keskeso/keskeso/, (pl. keskesisot) able to be hatched. <sy, <otö, <chii, <u, <t, for some one else, <o.

Keston/kesto:n/ n. pl. homes (see kaw).

ket /ket/ v. [1.ke] to strangle; to choke. ki- ketat/ ketat/, (pl.kiketut) n. par. strangling. ki- ketsöö/ ki.ketsöö/ n. strangulation. Kiketin/kiketin/ n. strangler. ket'at/keitat/, (pl.ket'ot) adj. par. stran- gled. keto/keto/, (pl.ketisyot) adj. able to be strangled. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <egh, <t. ket kegh /ket keɣ/ v. to hang oneself.

ket /ket/(pl.k`et) n. tree. ket pö köyoy around it with its scent or smoke. ket pö chö /ket pə tṣə/ n. a tree with milky sap. ket pö kata/ke pə kata/ n. type of tree (used as medicine). ket pö Aparyongoreng /ket pə aparjoren/. type of tree (used to help an animal to get rid of the placenta when it remains longer than usual). ket pö tiso/ ket pə tṣə/ n. type of tree (medicine against 'rurwö').

ket pögh /ket pəy/ v. [1.ke] to drown (see ket B). kew/kew/, (pl.kewoy) n. desert land; arid. kewanta kegh /kewanta keɣ/ conj. after that.

kewonyö /kewəŋə/ pass. form. finished, it is done (see wang).

keya/keja/<in/ n. army (from K.A., Kenya Army). kii/kii/ v. 1 is (third person verb to be). 2 it is very used to make conjugations; e.g., kiliki, a,kii, kilölö, kitö.

kí /ki/ prefix for the 1st person plural in verbal forms in kí-verbs.

kich/kitʃ/ v. [2.ki] to hesitate; to boggle. 2 to be out of rhythm in dancing. kichöt/ kitʃöt/, (pl.kichut) n. par. hesitation. kichin/ kitʃin/ n. hesitating person. kich'ot/kitʃo:t/ adj. par. hesitated. kicho/kitʃo:/ adj. able to hesitate. <otö), <egh.

kichi/kitʃi/ interj. Ah!

kichimpa/kitʃimpə/ n. 1 white man 2 government official. kichimpöyin/kitʃimpən/, (pl.kichimpa)

n. official, or police. 2 person who works for government.

kîchokîch/kîtsökitsf/ v. [2.kî] 1 to walk slowly but steadily; to plod. 2 to curve the inside part of a beehive.

kîdapdachan/kîdapdatfan/ n. cake; kind of chapati.

kîdi /kîdî/ n. friend; comrade.

kîdöwî/kîdêwî/ n. poison.

kîdum/kîdum/ 1 crooked; bent. 2 rude; hesitating person (see kîmö).

kîgh/kîy/,(pl.tükün,tîk(w)în) n. thing; something. kipö/kipë/ n. thing of. kipö sömew/ kipë sämew/ n. germ. kîyinî/kîlinî/, kîyi/kîlî/ adj. this thing. kî- nyini kînyini/kîñini/ adv. often. kipö pirö/kipë pirë/ n. toy. kipö wuw/kipö wuw/ n. beast.

kîgh/kîy/ v. [2.ke] to suffer pangs of birth. kî- ghöt /kî.yët/ n. pangs of birth. kîghsyö/ kîysë/ n. suffering pangs of birth. kîgh'ot / kîyo:t/ adj. par. a woman suffering pangs.

kîghî /kîyî/ der. v. [3.ke] to crawl towards

kîghima/kîyîma/ v. [3.ke] to be unwilling. kiki- ghimat/kîkîyimat/ n. par. unwillingness. kikîghi- min/kîkîyimin/, kikîghimeghin/kîkîyimeyin/ n. unwilling per- son. kîghim'at/kîyimat/<ot/ adj. par. unwill- ing. kîghimo/kîyîmo/<sot/ adj. unacceptable; capable to refuse. <egh(chî).

kîghotö/kîyotë/ v. [3.ke] to crawl; to creep. kîghotogh/kîyotoy/ n. par. crawling.

kî.ghotegehn /kîyotegeyn/ n crawler. kîghoteghot/ kîyotegeyt/ adj. par. crawled. kîghotegho/ kîyotege/ adj. able to crawl. <otö, <egh, <chî.

kîk/kîk/ interj. sound showing consent and agreement.

kîkîgh/kîkîy/ kîkîdin/ kîkîdin/ n. crocodile (see kûkugh).

kîkîghö/kîkîyë/kîkîghen/kîkîyen/ n. 1 type of tree (its roots are medicine against 'kerel' and 'kata' (vaginalitis)). 2 yellow, roundish fruit of the same tree resembling an orange, but with hard husk (people and baboons eat it).

kîkîrøy /kîkîroy/ v. form. it is forbidden; taboo (see kîr).

kîkîs/kîkîs/ n. rat.

kîl/kîl/ v. [1.ke] to choose; to vote. kîlat/kîlat/ n. par. election; choice. kîlsë/kiłsë/ n. choice. kîlin/kîlin/ n. voter. kîlan/kîlan/ n. selected; elected. kîlo:t/kîlet/ adj. par. elected; voted. kî- lo/kîlot/ adj. electable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chî, <egh.

kîlas/kîla:s/<tin/ n. glass (Eng.).

kîle/kîle/ 1 prep. like. 2 adv. only; just (see le).

kîlele/kîlele/ n. shame; e.g., nam kîlele to be ashamed.

kîlenye/kîlejne/ adv. likewise (see lenye). kîlenyona/ kîlejona/, kîlenyonökîlejnonç/ adv. therefore. kîlî kî kel /kîlî kîkel/ with no strength.

kîlikine/kîlkîne/, kîlikune /kîlkunze/ int. pron. why?; what for?; what happened?

kîlimnyon/kîlimnyon (see kulumnyon).

kîlipin/kîlipin/ n. 1 restorer. 2 person who adds water to beer in order to improve it. 3 one who replants his/her field. 4 one who eats slowly. 5 one who adds something to something else. 6 one who entangles twigs for building (see lip).

kîlipölipisyö (see lîpalip).

kîlkîl/kîlkîl/ n. armpit (also kwîlkwîl).

kîlinganî /kîlinqanî/ n. beginning of the third quater of the moon.

kîlô olö/kîlô olö/ v. form. it seems (see lö). 2 interj. an exclamation of astonishment. kîlop/kîlop/ n. bulb (for light) (Eng.). kîloyo v. to disperse.

kîltît/kîltît/,(pl.kîltît)e adj. pure. kîltityö/kîltîtjö/ n. pu- rity. chepkiltît adj. virgin. kîltitit(u)/ kîltitit/v. to become pure.

kîlwa/kîlwa/ n. small pools. kîlwa/kîlwa/,(pl. kîlwen) n. something hollow. kîlwa kong n. eye socket.

kîlyoplyop /kîlîoplîop/ adj. afame (see lyoplyop).

kîm/kîm/ v. [2.ke] to make love; sexual intercourse. kîmot/kîmât/ n. par. making love. kîmsyö/kîmsjë/ n. intercourse. kîmin .

kîman/kîman/ n. fruits from pönpönwö; ebony (see pönpönwö).

kîmchat /kîmtjat/ n. succession (see ayomis).

kîmîkul/kîmîkul/ 1 pron. all; everybody. 2 adv. entirely; throughout.

kîmiran/kîmiran/ n. meal prepared with flour and soup.

kîmîny/kîmîjn/ n. puffadder (snake). kîmîs / kîmîs/n. odour; perfume; good scent. kîmîtyan/ kîmîtjan/(pl.kîmît) n. flea. kîmîny/kîmîjn/ n. deaf.

kîmne /kîmne/ pron. certain (only for men; e.g., Kasîwan/kasîwan/ kîmne. I saw someone, a certain person whose name is unknown). chemne for women.

kîmö/kîmë/ n. hook.

kîmoon/kîmo:n/ n. cholera.

kîmpîr/kîmpîr/ n. 1 lightening. 2 neck of a goat. kîmpîrin/kîmpîrin/ n. goat that sneezes often (see mpîr).

kîmuchi/kîmutj/ n. superb starling (a black bird).

kîn/kîn/ v. [2.ke] to patch; to mend. kînöt/kînät/ n. par. mending. kînö/kînë/ n. patch. kînin/ kînin/ n. mender kînön/kînön/ n. patch. kîn'ot /kînöt/ adj. par. mended. kîno/kînë:/ adj. possible to patch. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chî, <egh, <t, doing it for someone else.

Kinapasa /kınapasa/ adv. in large throngs; e.g., Kiwu-chi Tirkana Tiyatîy kinapasa Turkana people moved into Tiyatîy in large numbers.

Kinayan/kınayan/(pl.kinayan) n. bracelet of coiled iron wire usually placed on the forearm. kinaytin/kınātin/ n. pl. bracelets.

Kine /kine/ so what? a-kine/a.kine/ and so what?

Kiniñio/kınıñiə/ stat. v. [3.ku] to fulfill; to come to completion.

Kininiywak/kiniñiwak/, kininöwak/kiniñewak/, (pl. kiniñö) n. pending growth on a goat's neck.

Kinkin /kinkin/ v. [2.ke] to persuade; to convince. kinkinöt/kinkinət/ n. par. persuading. kinkinsyo/kinkisɔ/ n. persuasion. kinkinin/kinkin/ n. persuader; convincer. kinkin'ot/kinkinət/ adj. par. convinced; persuaded. kinkino/kinkina:/<(pl.kinkinisyot) able to be persuaded. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

Kinkina/kinkina/ n. small long-tail climbing squirrel.

Kinomnyö/kınomnə/ adv. fully; constantly; daily.

Kinowon/kınəwo:n/, (pl.kinow) n. something used for mending (see kin).

Kintilut/kintilut/ n. knob. person.

Kipsökös /kipsökös/ n. bladder; urethra; urine passage. kipsus/kipsus/, (pl.kipsustin) n. euphemism for anus. kiptiriny/kiptırın/ n. pl. black warthog.

Kir/kir/ adv. complete silence.

Kir /kir/ v. [2.ke] to forbid. kирöt/kirət/ n. par.

Kintir /kintir/ v. [2.ke] to tremble (especially of banning. kirsyo n. forbidding. ki the ground)

Kintiröt/kintirət/ n. par. trembling. kintirsyo/ kintirsə/ n. trembling. kintiro't/kintiro:t/ adj. par. trembled. <chi, <u.

Kinuni/kinunı/ n. huge black flying ants.

Kingat/kınat/ prep. again (see ngat). kingata/ kığata/ kığeta/kığeta/ adv., v. form. since; from

Kiny/kın/ (A) v. [1.ke] to squeeze; to press. kikinyat/kikinat/ n. par. squeezing. kinyat/kınat/ n. pl. (see kinyotwö).

Kiny/kın/ (B) conj. yet; not. nyonikiny/nonikin/ not at all.

Kinye/kine/ 1 adv. just, only. 2 adj. any.

Kinyil/kınıl/ prep. again. 1 times. kinyil akongakınıl akoja/once. kinyil odeny/kınıl oden/ twice.

Kinyini/kınini/ conj. immediately; forthwith.

Kinyotwö/kınotwə/kinyat/kınat/ n. a tree. (its fruits are eaten by people and animals; women grind the kernel to make an oil they used for softening skin dresses; it gives a black tinge to the skin; it is a medicine against 'simpiryon' (skin disease) in goats).

Kipaden /kipaden/ n. pl. rhinoceros. kipaw/ kipaw/,(pl.kipatin) n. rhinoceros.

(ki)pchin/kıpçın/ expr. mishap; e.g., kangwinan kipchin/karjwinan kıpçın/ almost got me.

Kipeny/kipej/<oy/ n. black-coloured barbet (bird).

Kipes/kipes/n. thigh.

Kipinogh/kipınəy/, (pl.pinöghtin) n. a small opening behind the goats' den used for removing their droppings.

Kipıntı/kipıntı/ n. on menstruation (see pıntı).

Kipir/kipir/ n. dodge.

Kipisi/kipisi/ n. puffadder (snake).

Kipiyöy/kipījəj/ n. word used to name a hot issue and cool down the feelings.

Kipoto/kipoto/ adv. unless; except (see pot'o).

Kipow/kipow/ n. type of tree (rothmannia urcelliformis).

Kipsirmoyon/kipsırməən/(pl.kipsırmoytin) n. courageous person; ambitious person. kipsırmoyon/ kipsırməən/,(pl.kipsirtin) n. audacious

rin/i/ n. someone who forbids others. kiro:t/ kiro:t adj. par. forbidden; tied, unable to do something. kiro/kiro:/ able to be forbidden. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

Kiratis/kirati:s/ n. pl. (see kiratyan). deserted home. 2 void.

Kire/kire/ adj. typical (Turk.).

Kirel/kirel/ n. a venereal disease, especially in the vagina.

Kireri/kireri/ n. type of tree (used to make traditional flutes).

Kireswö/kreswə/(pl.kres) n. (see kreswö). kırık/ kirık/(pl.kir) n. bull. kırinchöwon/kırıntıʃəwon/ n. cramp.

Kiriny/kırın/ (B) n. honey mixed with flying termites (kind of sweet dessert).

Kiriny/kırın/ (C) n. meat preserved in its own grease.

Kiriny/kırın/ (A) n. 1 the noise one makes when walking. 2 itching, when blood does not circulate properly. am kirinychöw v. /am kırıntıʃəw/ (see am); e.g., kamanın kirinychöw kel/kamanın kırıntıʃəw ke,/ My leg is itching.

Kiriny/kırın/ (B) n. meat preserved in its own grease.

Kiripin/kiripin/,(pl.ryöghī) n. runner. kiripö sita/ kıripa sita/ n. a red coloured bright star (see rüp & ryögh). kırıswö /kriswə/ n. traditional hammer used by blacksmiths.

Kirisyö/kırısıə/ 1 udder. 2 source.

Kirit/kirit/ n. lid; cover. kirityo egh(u)/kirıtjo. ey/ n. wrist.

kirkegh/kirkəy/ conj. although; even if; in spite; nevertheless.

kirket/kirket/, (pl. kirketis) n. a place where men kill and eat animals; e.g., bull, goat, etc.; presbytery.

kirkir/kirkir/ (A) v. [1.ke] to whet; to hone; to file. kirkir/kirkir/ n. iron file. kirkirat/kirkirrat/ n. par. filing. kirkiryo/kirkirslə/ n. filing. kirkirin/kirkirin/ n. whetter. kirkirat/kirkirat/ adj. par. filed. kirkiro/kirkirrot/ whettable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, referring to the place; <t, for someone else.

kirkir/kirkir/ (B) v. [1.ke] to extract. kirkirat/kirkirat/, (pl. kirkirut) n. extracting. kirkiryo/kirkiryo/ n. extraction. kirkirin/kirkirin/ n. extractor. kirkiran/kirkiran/ n. recently extracted. kirkirat/kirkirat/ adj. extracted. kirkiro/kirkiro/: <yot/ adj. extractable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

kirkiryon/kirkirion/, (pl. kirkiris) n. jingles; rattle.

kiromwö/kiromwə/ (pl. kiram) n. type of tree (lagunana Paterson).

kiro(n)kirkwö/kironkirkwə/ algae, what grows in stale water.

kiroro/kiroro/ n. end of the back.

kirur/kirur/ v. [1.ki] to fast; to endure without food. kirurat/kirurat/ n. par. fasting. kirursyö/kirurslə/ n. fasting. kirurin/kirurin/ n. someone who fast. kirurat/kirurat/ adj. par. someone fasting. kiruro/kiruro/: able to fast. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <egh.

Kirutyon/kirutjon/, (pl. Kirut) n. person from a section of the Pöket living around Psikor. kirut /kirut/ n. spine. kiruwö/kirurwə/ n. end of the spine cord.

kiryulu/kiryulu/ n. crown roller (bird).

kis/kis/ v. [1.ke] to mow; to cut grass. kisat/kisat/ n. par. mowing. kisin/kisin/ n. someone who mows. kisat/kisat/ adj. par. mowed. kiso/<isyot/ adj. able to be mowed. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. kisa/kisa/ (pl. kisen) n. traditional tray; sieve. kisaka/kisaka/ n. long straw or hose for sipping beer. kisenkö/kisenkö/ n. a type of finger millet. kisimsöy/kisimsəj/ n. little cluster fungus. kisiñsir/kisiñsir/ n. little cluster fungus. kisiñsip/ adv. almost; anyhow

kisiwan/kisiwan/ adv. before time, e.g., mamta kumat kisiwan, don't eat honey before time.

kisir/kisi:r/ adv. more than. kisirön/kisirön/ pron. most of; e.g., Kimeghö kisirön/kimexö kisirön/—Almost everybody died.

kisirwa/kisirwa/ n. 1 toothless person. 2 goat whose kid has died.

kiskis/kiskis/ v. (A) [1.ku] to facilitate. kikiskisat/kikiskisat/ n. par. facilitation. kiskis/kiskis/, (pl. kiskise) adj. 1 light in weight. 2 easy. kiskisyö/kiskisyö/ n. 1 lightness (in weight). 2 easiness. kiskisit(u)/kiskisitu:/ v. to become light; to become easy.

kiskis/kiskis/ (B) v. [2.ki] to fold a cloth so that it fits the one wearing it. kiskis'ot/kiskisot/ n. par. folding. kiskisin/kiskisin/ n. one who folds. kiskis'ot/kiskisot/ adj. par. folded. kiski-so/kiskiso/ adj. foldable. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

kisöyö/kisəjə/ local wild vegetable. kisunsir/kisunsir/ n. fungi. kisunsirwö/kisunsirwə/ (pl. kisunsör)s n. certain type of mushroom.

kisyach/kis'atʃ/ adj. 1 any; e.g., chi kisyach—anybody. 2 adv. at plenty.

kisyamta/kis'amtə/ adv. at random; e.g., Owetan kisyamta /ɔwetan kis'amtə/ I am going anywhere; Wutö ki-syamta Shoot at random.

kisyawan/kis'awən/ n. rumours (use with ngal; e.g., ngala kisyawan—rumours).

kit/kit/ (A) v. [2.ke] to investigate. kitöt/kitöt/ n. par investigating. kitsyö/kitslə/ n. investigation. kitin/kitin/ n. investigator. kit'ot/kitot/ adj. par. investigated. kito/kito:/ able to be investigated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

kit/kit/ (B) v. [2.ke] to pursuit; to probe; to trace. kitöt/kitöt/ n. probing. kitsyö/kitslə/ n. detection. kitin/kitin/ n. tracer. kit'ot/kitot/ adj. par. traced; probed. kito/kito/: (pl. kisyot) adj. probable; detectable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. kit kel v. [2.ke] to trace footprints. kitöt/kitöt/ n. tracing. kitin/kitin/ n. tracer; tracker. kit'ot/kitot/ adj. par. traced. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii.

kitar/kitar/ n. 1 shelf within a house compound to keep firewood, or other house utensils.

2 Watching platform placed in the middle of cultivated fields for scaring away birds.

kütech/küteç/ n. ambush; e.g., Kepe kütech—Let us go to ambush.

kitikon/kitikɔ:n/ pron. 1 any; whatsoever. 2 wherever.

kitil/kitıl/ adv. 1 more than; rather. 2 prep. besides.

kitin/kitin/ n. breast.

kitimti/kitimti/ n. group of people or things. adj. fundamental.

kiting/kitinj/ v. [2.ke] to kneel down. kitinjöt/kitinjet/ n. kneeling. kitinjin/kitinjin/ n. someone who kneels. kitinjöt/kitinjet/ adj. par. kneeled down. kitinjingo/kitinjoro/ adj. able to kneel down. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii (see kitinjichi), <egh. kitinjichi/kitinjisi/ v. [3.ke] to kneel down. kitinjchinöt/kitinjintjööt/, kitinjchinogh/kitinjintjinox/ n. par. knee- ing. kitinjchinin/kitinjintjinin/, kitinjchineghin/kitinjineyin/, n. someone who kneels. kitinjchinegho't/kitinjintjineyö:t/ adj. par. kneeled. <egh, because of someone.

kiti/kiti:/ n. cat.

kítimti/kítimti/ n. source.

kítkit/<in/ n. hook (see nangaday).

kítkit/kítkit/ v. [1.ki] to tickle. kítkitat/ kítkitat/ n. par. tickle. kítktisyö/kítkitsö/ n. tickling. kítkitin/kítkitin/ n. ticklish. kítkit'at/ kítkitat/<ot/ adj. par. ticklish. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

kítomö/kítomö/ conj. before.

kítón/kítón/ n. image; reflection in a mirror, water, etc.

kítontönion/kítontönion/,(pl.kítonton) n. large ant-hill.

kítor(yon)/kítor/ n. thistle. kítuta/kítuta/,(pl. kítutunan) to muffle. kiwan/kiwan/ n. bow. kiwi/kiwi/,(pl.kiwiösöy) n. front leg of animals. kíwolonyö/kíwolonyö/ adj. spontaneous.

kýech/kýetö/ n. 1 overnight; early morning. 2 fourth quarter of moon.

kýekanan/kýekanan/ n. tomorrow.

kýekanan asýech/kýekanan asıetö/ n. the next day.

kýolmöhö/kýolmöhö/ 1 adj. trifle; just a little. 2 adv. at the nick of time; narrowly. Note: Many of the words starting with ki- are derived from verbs.

kichalalat (see chalal). kichalat (see chal B).

kichaltagh (see chalta). kichamat (see cham C).

kichapaghaghat/kítapayayat/ n. disrespect.

kichararat (see charar). kicharat (see char).

kichartagh (see charta).

kichatan/kítjatan/n. piece of wood that has been chopped off (see chat).

Kichelchelin/kítjeltjelin/ n. advancer; one who goes ahead of others (see chelchel).

Kichemin/kítjé,min/ n. one who tests the depth of a river (see chem).

Kichenin/kítjenin/ n. accuser.

Kichenön/kítjenän/ n. accused (see chen).

Kicheran/kítseran/ n. selected; nominee. Kicherin/ kítserin/ n. selector; person who discriminates (see cher).

kicheytogh/kítsejtöy/ (see cheytö).

kicheytöghin/kítsejtöy/ n. proscriber. kichichimat/ kítjimat/ n. par. stability (see chichim). kichichukan/kítjtukan/ n. something that has been removed from a whole. kichichukin/kítjtukin/ n. person who reduces, or does not fulfill his/her promises (see chichuk).

kichichuksyö/kítjtukso/ (see chikuk).

kichidititat/kítjeditat/ (see chidintöt).

kichikan/kítjkan/ n. something polished; winnowed; threshed. kichikin/kítjkin/ n. polisher; person who likes polishing (see chik).

kichikirin/kítjkirin/ n. person who knows to straighten the neck easily (see chikir).

kichiksyö/kítjksö/ (see chik). kichikuköt/kítjtuköt/ (see chikuk). kichilchilat/kitsjtjilat/ (see chilchil).

kichümat /kítjimat/ (see chüm). kichir/kítjr/ sickness; pain.

kichiriman/kítjriman/ n. scolder; angry person.

kichirimat/kítjrimat/n. tension. kichirimata por/kítjrimata po:r/ n. impetus (see chirim). kichirimchinogh/kítjrimtjinoğ/ (see chirimchii). kichirimsyö /kítjrimso/ (see chirim).

kichiritin/i/ n. person who stretches some- thing (see chirit).

kichirkwütitat/kítjrkwtitat/ (see chirkwütit).

kichirumin/kítjrumin/ n. 1 person who deprives others of their possessions. 2 person who dazzles.

kichirutin/kítjritin/ n. person who undresses others (not good).

kichitchitin/kítjittjitin/ n. person who makes things smooth, or slippery.

kichitöt/kítjtat/ (see chit).

kichitsyö/kítjtsö/ (see chit).

kichiwitan/kítjwitan/ n. wounded person.

kichiwitin/kítjwitin/ n. maimer; person who wounds others. (see chiwit).

kichikö/kítjikä/(pl.kichiken) n. 1 spoon. 2 shovel (Kis.).

kichiköt/kítjiköt/ n. enforcement (see chik).

Kichilan/kítjilan/ n. 1 piece of meat recently cut. 2 animal with its ears cut in stripes (see chil B).

Kichilat/kítjilat/ kewas/kewas/ n. par. dawn(ing).

Kichillin/kítjilin/ n. 1 person who cuts meat; butcher. 2 person who cuts an animal ears in stripes in order to show that its owner has done a brave deed; e.g., killing a lion, or an enemy, etc.

Kichimat/kítjimat/ n. suck with a pipe; syphoning (see chim).

Kichimin/kítjimin/ n. finisher (see chim A).

kichirat (see chir).

kichirchinogh (see chirchii).

kichirimin/kítjirimin/ n. person easy to get angry and pucker the face.

Kichirin/kítjrin/ n. person who gets sick easily (no plural).

Kichirkitat/kítjirkitat/ (see chirkit). kichirkitin/ kítjirkitin/ n. defier (see chirkit). kichirsyö /kítjrsö/ (see chir).

Kichischisin/kítjistjisin/ n. person who beats somebody slightly; flailer (see chischis).

kichiwan/kítjiwan/ n. sufferer. Kichiwin/kítjiwin/ n. sufferer; cursed (see chiw).

kichöchöyin/kítjtöyin/ n. encouraged (see chöchöy).

kichökekin/kítjekkin/ n. someone who is boastful (see chökek).

kichömin/kitʃəmin/ n. person who provokes while dancing (see cham C).

kichörpöpin/kitʃərpəpin/ n. person who explains out matters (see chörpap).

kichötin/kitʃətin/ n. person who barks off trees or branches (see chat).

Kichochin/kitʃɔtʃin/ n. catalyst; one who encourages; resistant; one who resists (see choch).

kichodchinogh /kitʃɔdtʃinox/ (see chodchi).

kichodin/kitʃədin/ n. one who holds an animal by the leg using a rope.

kichodöghin/kitʃədəχin/ n. thrower. kichodöt (see chodö). Kichodogh/kitʃədəχ/ (see chodö).

Kicholin/kitʃəlin/ n. person who abstains; repudiates (see chal B).

Kichololin/kitʃələlin/ n. person who likes emptying containers all the way.

Kicholteghin/kitʃələteχin/ n. person who yields easily.

Kichopin/kitʃəpin/ n. persecutor (see chop B).

Kichorin/kitʃərin/ n. 1 person who likes emptying out any drink, especially milk.

kichortöghin/kitʃəxin/ kichorteghin/kitʃərteχin/ n. generous person (see charta).

Kichotunin/kitʃətunin/ n. doctor who causes an abortion (see chuti).

Kichotunogh/kitʃətunox/ (see choti).

kichoykön/kitʃəkən/ n. lonely.

Kichukin/kitʃəkin/ n. 1 smearer. 2 lucky person. kichukön/kitʃəkən/ n. something or someone that has been smeared (see chuk).

kichumat /kitʃəmat/ (see chum).

kichum(chi)neghin/kitʃəmtʃinexin/ n. person who appears.

Kichumin/kitʃəmin/ n. person who beats others. Kichumtagh/kitʃəmtax/ (see chumta). Kichumteghin/kitʃəmtexin/ n. person who appears. kichumunat (see chumi).

kichurkanan /kitʃərkənan/n. something recently scolded. kichurkönin/kitʃərkənin/n. person who scolds.

Kichurmutin/kitʃərmətin/ n. person who denudes others (see churmut).

Kichutin/kitʃətin/ n. one who drugs objects.

kichutöt/kitʃətət/ (see chut). kichutöto pögh / kitʃətəto pöχ/ n. erosion.

Kichuwin/kitʃəwin/ n. person who burns grass; fire starter (see chuw).

kichwalat /kitʃəwalat/ (see chwal).

kichweran/kitʃərən/ n. line. Kichwerin/ kitʃərən/ n. 1 person who draws lines.
2 person who makes the ceremony of 'kolat' (see

chwer). kichwölin/kitʃəwəlin/ n. person who cuts pieces of raw meat and eats them (see chwal).

kidango/kidano/,(kidangotin) n. a dance in which the people dance jumping up and down while singing in honour of their favourite bulls.

kidanydanyat (see danydany). Kidapan/kidapan/ n. dependant (see dap). kidapat (see dap).

Kidatan/kidatan/ n. something unripen (see italdat). kidatat (see dat).

Kide/kide/ n. East; orient (Turk.). kidenin/kidənin/ n. debtor (see den). kidiköt/kidikət/ (see dık).

kidiksyö (see dık).

Kidingdingan/kidiŋdiŋan/ kidingdingin/kidiŋdiŋin/ n. one who meanders (see dingding).

kidökin/kidəkin/ n. narrator; story teller (see dök).

kidötin/kidətin/ n. one who uproots (see döt). kidötön /kidətən/ n. plant that has been uprooted recently (see döt).

kidokin/kidokin/ n. person who doubles an amount, who increases. kidokön/kidokən/ n. something increased. kidokinto läkoy/kidokinto läkoi/ n. a good narrator (see dok).

Kidongin/kidinjin/ n. one who is left behind others kidongön/kidonjən/ n. something left over; remain (see dong).

Kidonydonyin/kidonjondin/ n. one who smacks (see danydany).

kidonydonyisyö (see donydony). Kidopin/kidopin/ n. dependant (see dap). Kidotin/kidotin/ n. exchanger. kidötön/kidötən/ n. exchanged animal (see dot).

Kidumunin/kidumunin/ kidumunön/kidumunən/ n. thing which or person who lasts for long. (see dumii).

Kidupan/kidupa/ n. 1 newly fixed tool with a handle. 2 recently planted field (see dup).

kiduparan /kiduparan/,n. one who salutes (see dupar). Kidupin/kidupin/ n. 1 person who knows how to fix handles to tools very well. 2 expert in planting (see dup).

kiduporin/kidupin/ n. one who salutes (see dupar).

kidupsyö (see dup).

kidwaran /kidwaran/ n. 1 proud. 2 well fed (see war). 3 one who predicts (Turk.). kidwarchinogh/ kidwartʃino/ (see dwarchi). kidwarunöt / kidwarunət/ (see dwari).

kidworin/kidworin/ n. person with high self esteem (see dwar).

Kighagħat/kiġayat/ (see ghagh).

Kighagħit/kiġayti/ (see ghagħit).

kighaman /kiġaman/ n. feeble person (see gham).

Kighanat/kiġanat/ n. par. faith; belief; creed (see

ghan).

kighünyan/kixıñan/ n. a cloth recently squeezed. kighünyin/kirjin/ n. person who squeezes (see ghiñy).

kighöghitinkiyeyitin/ n. defiler; accused (see ghaghit).

Kighoghan/kiyoyan/ n. something that had been boiled. Kighoghin/kiyoyin/ n. 1 person who boils things. 2 person easily to be destroyed (see ghogh).

Kighomin/kiyomin/ n. 1 person who calls others for working together. 2 feeble person easy to become sick. kighomön/kixomön/ n. person called to work with others (see ghom).

Kighomsyeghin/kiyomsleyin/n. animals that take long time in calving. kighomsyö/kiyomsö/ n. calving (see ghomsyö).

Kighosan/kiyosan/ n. 1 single mother. 2 ugali eaten without any other food. mompö kigho-san/ mompö kiyosan/ n. child born out of wedlock; bastard. Kighosin/kiyosin/ n. man who makes women, who are not his wives, pregnant.

Kighot/kiot/ n. sweat. Kighotat/kiyat/ n. par. sweating. Kighotin/kiyətin/ n. person who sweats a lot.

Kighumin/kiyumin/ n. something that buzzes.

kighumöt /kixumöt/n. par. roar (see ghum).

Kighyongin/kiyönjin/ n. one who stands; bystander. kighyongön/kiyönjen/ n. something that stands firmly; column; foundation. ki-ghyonteghin/ ki.yönteghin/ n. 1 proxy; regent. 2 god-parent. 3 replacer (see ghyong).

kighyonteghöt /kixöntegöt/ (see ghyontö). kikachat /kikatçat/ (see kach). kikalelat /kikaləlat/ (see kale). kikanayat /kikanayat/ (see kanay). kikantelat (see kantel).

Kikaperat/kikaperat/ n. par. seclusion; isolation (see kaper).

Kikaposat/kikaposat/ (see kapos).

Kikaposin/kikaposin/ n. someone who likes piling up things.

kikaran/kikaran/, (pl.kiköryon) n. (see kar B).

kikarat/kikarat/ (see kar B). kikarkarat/kikarkarat/ (see karkar C). kikasyamat/kikasjamat/ (see kasyamat). Kikatat/kikatat/ n. par. blessing for the sick (see kat). kikawelat /kikawelat/ (see kawel). Kikelin/kikelin/ n. brisk person. kikelsyö/kikelsö/ (see kel).

Kikeman/kikeman/ n. someone fed by someone else.

kikemat /kikemat/ (see kem). Kikemin/kikemin/ n. feeder (see kem). Kikenkenat/kikenkenat/ (see kenken). Kikentagh/kikentax/ (see kenta). Kikenteghin/kikençeyin/ n. someone who acts slowly. Kikenunogh/kikenunoy/ (see kenii). kikenunoghin/kikenunoyin/ n. careful distributor

(see kenii).

kiken(y)chin/kikentjin/,kikeñtjin/ n. someone who takes turns.

Kikenykenin/kikençekenin/ n. disturber.

kikeran /kikeran/ n. something or somebody replaced (see ker B).

kikeröt/kikeröt/ (see ker B).

kikeskesan/kikeskesan/ n. chicks recently hatched. kikeskesin/kikeskesin/ n. someone who likes to hatch eggs (see keskes).

Kiketin/kiketin/ n. strangler (see ket B).

kikighimin/kikriyimin/ n. unwilling person (see kighima). kikiniywö/kikiniwə/, (pl.kikiniywö) n. anthill of black ants. kikinyin/kikijnin/ n. someone who causes congestion; someone who patches together things (see kiny).

kikiran/kikiran/,kikir'an/kikira:n/ n. write; essay. kikisksat/kikisksat/ (see kisks). kikichan/ kikitjan/ adj. pressurized. ki-

kichat /kikitçat/ pressurizing. Kikichin/kikitjin/ n. oppressor (see kich).

Kikikin/kikičin/n. person who screams; encourager.

Kikirin/kikiri:n/ n. writer; editor; essayist (see kir).

kikölein/kikəlein/ n. a caring person (see kalel).

kikömoyin/kikemoyin/ n. someone who places things carefully (see kömoy).

kikömpolöt /kikempolat/ (see kömpöl).

kikönin/kikənin/ n. one who hopes, expects. kikönön/kikənöt/ n. expected. kikönöt /kikənət/n. hope (see kön).

kikönkeyin/kikonke:n/ n. embracer.

kikönoyin/kikəno:n/ n. someone who puts some

kikötisin/kikətosin/ n. someone who likes small naps (see kötos).

kiköwköt/kikəwkət/ (see kawkaw).

kiköyomön/kikəjomön/ n. stranded person; someone in dilemma.

kiköyomöt/kikəjomot/ (see köyom).

Kikochin/kikotjin/ n. neglectful person (see kach).

Kikodin/kikodin/ n. someone who hooks.

kikodöwon/kikodəwon/, (pl.kiköw) n. hook (see kod).

kikoghitöt/kikoyitət/ (see kogh).

kikoleröt /kikolerət/ n. par. sleeplessness (see koler).

Kikolin/kikolin/ n. shrinker. kikolöt /kikolət/ (see kol B). kikolsyö /kikolsö/ (see kol B).

kikom(chinegh)in/kikotjinexin/ n. jumper.

Kikompa/kikompa/ n. cup; glass. Kikonkeyin/ kikonke:n/ n. embracer. Kikonkojogh/ kikonkoox/,kikonko (see konkoy). Kikonykonyin/ kikojkojin/ n. knocker (see konykony).

Kikorin/kikorin/ n. slim being (see kar B).

Kikorkorin/kikorkorin/ n. someone who frightens others (see karkar C).

kikötönin/kikötönin/ n. maimer. kikötönöñ/ kikötönöñ/ n. wounded. kikötönöt/kikötönät/ n. par. injury (see kotön).

Kikudin/kikudin/ n. someone who bends things.

kikudön /kikudön/n. something bent (see kud).

Kikukughin/kikukuyin/ n. mixed of slime, or blood. kikukughön/kikukuyen/ n. slime; sludge; semicoagulated blood (see kukugh).

Kikulkulin/kikulkulin/ n. person who likes gargling (see kulkul).

Kikulkulyeghin/kikulkulüeyin/ n. mixer; a person who mixes (see kulkulyö).

Kikupkupin/kikupkupin/ n. someone who makes parpara pö korka.

kikupkupöt /kikupkuppöt/ (see kupcup). thing on something else. (see kanay).

kikupkupsyö (see kupcup).

kikönteghin/kiköntexin/ n. someone who nods often.

kikö(n)telin/kiænteli n. 1 a careful person. 2 a person waling on tiptoe. kiköntöghöt /kiköntöxöt/ (see köntö). kiköperin/kiköperin/ n. lonesome (see kaper). kikörin/kikérin/ n. decorator (see kör). kiköryolöt /kikärööt/ (see köryol). kikösyömin/ kikäśämìn/ n. someone unable to stand.

Kikurkurin/kikurkurin/ n. wallower. kikurkurön/ kikurkurön/n. wallower. Kikuskusan/kikuskusan/ n. gabbler. Kikuskusat/kikuskusat/ (see kuskus). Kikuskusin/kikuskusin/ n. haster. kikuskusyö / kikuskusa/(see kuskus).

Kikuyon/kikuɔn/, (pl.Kikuyun) n. Kikuyu person or people.

kikwamurö/kikwamurə/ n. pale fox.

kikwanyat /kikwanat/(see kwany).

Kikwechkwechan/kikwetʃkwetʃan/ n. failure of rain (applied only for ilat, the spirit of the rain).

Kikwechkwechat/kikwetʃkwetʃæt/ (see kwechkwech). kikwenykwenyat (see kwenykweny). Kikwenykwenyin/kikwẽnkweñin/ n. gleamer (see kwenykweny). kikwenykwenyisyö /kikwẽnkweñsə/ (see kwenykweny). Kikwonyin/kikwojin/ n. 1 someone who waves away flies. 2 flasher.

kikwonysyö/kikwoñsə/ (see kwony & kwany).

Kila/kila/ v. form. It is hot. Kila asis/kila asis: The sun is hot (see lay).

Kilakat/kilakat/ (see lak). Kilalangat/kilalanat/ (see lalang). Kilalayat/kilalaat/ (see lalay). kilamat (see lam). Kilamlamat/kilamlamat/ (see lamlam).

Kilamokan/kilamokan/ n. covered gourd (see lamok).

Kilamokat/kilamokat/ (see lamok). Kilamtagh/ kilamtay/ (see lamta). kilapat (see lap).

kilapitita kut /kilapitita kut/ n. par. lisping lit. 'slippery mouth' in which one has a speech defect whereby letters are confused, for instance, /r/ is pronounced as /l/ or /z/ is pronounced as /v/; lisping (see lapitit).

Kilapta/kilapta/ n. going for more food, or beer (see lap).

Kilasan/kilasan/ n. one who pants (see las).

kilayat (see lay B). kile past tense for le. kilelat (see kel). kileleyöt /kileleöt/ (see leley).

Kileman/kileman/ n. recently diagnosed. Kilemin/ kilemin/n. doctor who diagnoses (see lem).

Kilengeran/kilejeran/ n. circumcised boy. kilenger-in/kilejer.in/ n. circumciser (see lenger).

Kilengin/kilengin/ n. one who surpasses others in height. kilengön/kilengen/ n. surpassor; one who surpasses others in height (see leng).

Kilepan/kilepan/ n. something that has been stalked.

Kilepin/kilepin/ n. stalker (see lep).

Kilepteghin/kilepteyin/ n. one who tiptoes well (see lepta).

Kiletin/kiletin/ n. 1 one who prospers. 2 one who goes ahead (see let).

kileleyat /kileleöt/(see leley).

kilikune/kilikune/ v. form for past tense (see kiliki ne).

kiliłiyin/kilıłlıin/ n. person who ululates.

kiliłiyöt/kilıłlıöt/ n. par. jubilation (see liliy).

kiliłinyin/kilıłjinin/ n. one who mixes liquids; blender (see liliñyö).

kiliłutat/kilıłutat/ (see lilut).

kilińgan/kilırjan/ n. something retaken.

kilińgin/kilırjin/ n. one who takes back his/her things (see līng).

kiliłipesat/kilıłpesat/ (see lipesa).

kiliłopipin/kilıłpalipin/ n. one who roasts (see lipalip).

kiliön /kiliön/ n. 1 field that has been replanted. 2 newly built and entangled thing or house (see lip).

kiliwöt/kilıwät/ (see li).

kiliwunöto arawa/kilıwunöto arawa/ n. par. moonlight. (see liwü).

kilichin/kilitʃin/ n. heir. kilichön /kilitʃən/n. inheritance (see lich).

kililat /kililat/ n. par. sorrow.

Kililin/kililin/ n. offender; annoyer. (see lil).

Kililunat/kililunat/ n. par. monotony (see lilun).

Kilingan/kilińjan/ n. beginning of the third quarter

of the moon.

kilipön/kilipən/ n. 1 plant that has been replanted. 2 newly built and entangled thing or house (see lip).

kilisöt /kilisöt/ (see lis).

kilökwenin/kiləkwənin/ n. interchanger (see lökwen).

kilöleyin/kilələjɪn/ n. one who curdles milk. kilöleyön/kilələjən/ n. recently curdled milk (see löley).

kilölöyin/kilələjɪn/ n. person who covers things slightly (see lalay).

kilölosin/kiləlosin/ n. one who misuses (see lolos).

kilömokin/kiləmokin/ n. person who covers a gourd after moy (see lamok).

kilöpoin/kiləpoɪn/ n. one who enlightens (see löpoy).

kilösin/kiləsin/ n. one who pants (see las).

kilötokinin/kilətokɪnin/ n. one who betroths (see lötokin).

kilokat/kilokat/ (see lok).

Kilokin/kilokin/ (see lak and lok).

kilosyö/kiloksjə/ (see lak and lok).

Kilokuneghin/kilokuneyɪn/ n. person who directs a purification ceremony after someone's death (see lokī).

kilokunöt /kilokunət/ (see lokī).

kilolosin/kilolosin/ n. one who misuses (see lolos).

kilom(lom)in/kilomlomin/ n. unclean morally.

ki- lomlomin/ki.lomlomin/ n. one who ponders often (see lamlam).

Kiloyin/kilojɪn/ n. one which heats up (see lay B).

Kiluchin/kilutʃɪn/ n. one who mistakes; tactful (see luch).

Kilukin/kilikin/ n. person who does not finish his work (see luk).

Kilulutin/kilulutin/ n. person who bruises easily (see lulut).

Kiluman/kiluman/ n. something covered. Kilumin/ kilumin/ n. someone who likes to cover things. kilumöwon/kiluməwon/, (pl.kilumow) n. wrapper. (see lum).

Kilunyin/kiluṇin/ n. the one who comes after (see luny).

Kilusyeghin/kilusjəxin/, kilusyoghin/kilusjøyin/ n. midwife (see lusyö).

kilutin/kilutin/ n. 1 one who inserts. 2 scorer (see lut).

Kiluwin/kiluwin/ n. one who spikes (see luw).

kilyaklyakat /kiljaklyakat/(see lyaklyak).

Kilyapan/kiljapan/ n. dessert (see lyap).

Kilyatan/kiljatan/ n. container that can be licked.

Kilyawan/kiljawan/ n. recently plastered house (see lyaw).

kilye(wlye)win/kiljewləwin/ n. one who rinses. kilyelyewön/ki.jeljewən/ n. something recently rinsed (see lyewlyew).

kilyöghöt/kiljəxət n. par. loitering (see lyogh).

kilyöpin/kiljəpin/ n. one who likes eating after meals (see lyap).

kilyötin/kiljətin/ n. one who licks (see lyat).

kilyöwin/kiljəwin/ n. one who plasters well a house or wall (see lyaw).

Kilyochin/kiljotʃɪn/ n. person skilful in shunning away objects, or blows (see lyoch).

Kilyokin/kiljokin/ n. one who sharpens tools (see lyok).

Kilyoklyokin/kiljoklyokin/ n. one who laps in drinking (see lyaklyak).

kilyokön/kiljokən/ n. recently sharpened tool (see lyok).

kilyoktöghin/kiljoktəgɪn/ n. person who cuffs (see lyoktö).

Kilyoplyopin/kiljopljopin/ n. unstable person.

kilyoplyopön/kiljopən/ n. flaring fire (see lyolyop).

Kim/kim/ n. pl. (see kimiyan).

Kima/kima/ v. form. he/she/they died (see megh).

Kimadan/kimadan/ n. recently branded animal (see mad).

Kimakosat/kimakosat/ (see makos). Kimalulat/ kimalulat/ (see malul). kimanakat /kimanaka/(see manak). kimanat (see man). Kimangat/kimanat/ (see mang). Kimantagh/kimantay/ (see manta). kimany/kimaj/, (pl.kimanytin) n. dumb. kimarat / kimarat/(see mar A and B). kimarikat/kimarikat/ (see marich). kimarkalelat /kimarkalelat/(see markale). Kimartagh/kimartax/ (see marta).

Kimedelin/kimedelin/ n. ridiculizer; sarcastic; mockerer kimedelon/kimedelin/ n. ridiculizer. (see medel).

Kimelmelin/kimelmelin/n. disrespectful (see melmel).

kimeren /kimeren/ n. yeast; kimerin/kimerin/ n. dirty (see mer). kimermerat /kimermerat/(see mermer). Kimesin/kimesin/ n. blabber. kimintirilat /kimintirilat/ (see müntiril).

kimïny /kimij/ n. 1 breath. 2 rest. asispa kimïny/ kimij/ n. day of rest; Sunday. Kimïny nyō Tilil/ kimir̥ nō tilil/ n. Holy Spirit.

kimirurut/kimirurut/ adv. spontaneous.

kimitingin/kimitjɪŋin/ n. numb person (see mütingö).

kimitusöt /kimitusət/ (see mütus).

Kimirin/kimirin/ n. one who acts treacherously

(see mir).

kimirmiröt /kimirmirro:t/ (see mirmir). kimiröt / kimırat/ (see mir). kimirtogh /kimirtox/ (see mirtö).

kimisin/kimisin/ n. one who extinguishes a fire (see mis).

kimismisöt (see müsmüs B).

kimisöt (see mis).

kimyan/kim/ n. seed of tamarind.

kimölin/kiməlin/ n. one who refuses; opponent; argumentative (see möl).

kimölulin/kiməlulin/ n. someone who sends spells; witch-doctor (see malul).

kimönin/kimənin/ n. person who warns others because of some resentment.

kimönokin/kimənokin/ n. landlord (see manak).

kimönokinöt/kimənokinöt/ (see mönökü).

kimönsyö/kimənsö/ (see man).

kimörkin/kimərkin/ n. one who reduces size, or space (see marich).

kimörkelöt /kimorrkelöt/ (see mörkel).

kimörkölelööt/kimərkəlelət / (see markalal).

Kimodin/kimodin/ n. one who brands animals (see mad).

Kimolulin/kimoluli/ n. flatterer (see molul).

kimomwörin/kimomwärin/ n. person who dances 'amomwör' in a Sapana (see momwör) (Turk.).

kimonin/kimonin/ n. 1 one who dislikes easily. 2 one who provokes (see man).

Kimontoghin/kimontoyin/ n. 1 dependant. 2 one who is never satisfied with what he/she gets.

Kimongin/kimojin/ n. 1 annoyer. 2 one who worries a lot (see mang); debtor.

Kimorin/kimori:n/ n. 1 auctioneer. 2 hawker (see mar D).

kimpayat/kimpa:jat/ (see mpay). kimperölöt / kimperələt/(see mperöl). kimpilöt /kimplət/ (see mpıl).

kimpır/kimpır/ n. routine place for resting.

kimpölin/kimpəlin/ n. one who removes the bark of a tree. kimpölon n. recently peeled tree (see mpöl).

Kimpolin/kimpolin/ n. something that bounces (see mpol).

Kimpoyin/kimpojin/ n. wanderer (see mpay).

Kimpurin/kimpurin/ n. one who stays for long (see mpur).

Kimpusan/kimpusan/ n. relaxed; fresh, energetic. Kimpusin/kimpusin/ n. one who relaxes well and often (see mpus).

kimpuyöt/kimpu:jət/ (see mpıi).

kimsirirteghin/kimsirirtegin/ n. thrower (see msirirta).

kimsirirunagh (see msiriri).

kimturlön /kimturlən/ n. swollen with pimples. kimturlonon /kim.turulonən/n. swelling (see mturul).

kimuchat, kimukat (see muk).

Kimuchat/kimutʃat/ n. par. possibility; ability; talent (see much).

Kimuchtagh/kimutʃtag/ n. par. capability.

Kimuchtowon/kimutʃtəwon/n. something put aside for an absentee in representation; e.g., food share; passport; something that allows somebody to do something.

kimunmunat (see munmun). Kimurin/kimurin/n. one who dyes (see mur). Kimuryeghin/kimurjeyin/n. divider (see muryö). kimuryogh /kimurjogh/ n. par. interruption.

Kimusteghin/kimusteqin/ n. imitator. Kimusteghot/kimusteqot/ n. par. effigy, statute (see mustö).

kimuytoghin/kimu:tøyin/ n. powerful; almighty (see myuta).

kimwa /kimwa/ v. form. he/she/they said (third person) (see mwagh).

Kimwoghin/kimwojin/ n. one who slanders (see mwagh B).

kinaghan/kinayaŋ/ n. new lighted fire. kinaghat (see nagh A). kinakat (see nak).

kinanat (see nan).

kinanga möt/kinanja mət/ n. amnesia (see nang möt).

Kinapnapat/kinapnapat/ (see napnap).

kinateghat /kinateyət/ (see nategha).

Kinchawan/kintʃawan/ n. roamer. kinchöwin/ kintʃəwin/ n. roamer. (see nchaw).

Kinesan/kinesan/ n. distressed person (see nes).

kin'etan/kinətan/,(pl.kinet'an) n. pupils, disciples, students; scholars. Kinetin/kinətin/ n. teacher (more common konetin). (see net).

kinin /kinin/ (A) v. [2.ki] to compete by pulling from a rope in two opposite directions. ki-ninöt/ ki.ninət/ n. par. that kind of play. <u, <chi, <t.

kinin/kinin/ (B) n. children's game recently introduced. It is played with elastic cords, common everywhere in the world.

kinini/kinini/,(pl.kinini:wen) n. huge black flying ants.

kininin/kininin/ n. one who stretches things (see nín).

kinögurat (see nüngur).

kinipnipan/kinipnipan/ n. newly sewn cloth.

- kinipn̄ipin/kinipn̄ipin/** n. sewer; tailor (see n̄ipn̄ip).
- Kinisanan/kinisanat/** n. proud. Kinisanat/ kinisanat̄ / n. par. pride kinisönin/kinisənin/ n. proud, boastful person. (see nisan).
- kinkit̄in/kinkit̄in/** n. knowledgeable person (see nk̄it̄).
- kinkitunogh/kinkitunoy/** (see nk̄itu).
- kinkitunöt /kinkitunət/** (see nk̄itu).
- kinöghin/kinəin/** n.n person who hits; hitter (as does a calf when sucking).
- kinöghyeghin/kinəȳeñin/** n. fighter (see nöghyö).
- kinökin/kinəkin/ n. drainer (see nök). Kinoghin/ kinoyin/ n. person who enjoys starting fires (see nagh).
- Kinoghyogh/kinoȝ̄oy/** (see noghyö).
- Kinokin/kinoki:n/** n. 1 person who moves slowly.
- kinokunogh** (see nok̄i).
- kinokunöt** (see nok̄i).
- kinonchineghin/kinontʃinəxin/** n. 1 person who reminds others. 2 pensive.
- kinonchinöt/kinontʃnət/** n. par. supposition; speculation (see nonchi).
- kinonin/kinonin/** n. person with a good memory; thinker (see nan).
- Kinönököt/kinənökət/** to dip for flavour or taste; e.g., ugali into meat soup or sour milk.
- kinonsyö/kinons̄ə/** n. par. thoughtfulness (see nan).
- Kinopnopin/kinopnopin/** n. one who likes patting others (see napnap).
- Kinoteghin/kinoteȝ̄in/** n. one who extends; who takes to someone else.
- Kinoyeghin/kinoȝ̄eñin/** n. striver. kintarat (see ntar). kintöghoghin/kintɔȝ̄oyin/ n. forerunner; leader (see ntaghagh).
- kintölin/kintölin/S** n. person who breaks things.
- kintölö /kintələ/,pass.** form bursted (see ntöl). Kintorin/kintorin/ n. ruminant (see ntar). kinturulunöt /kinturulunət/ n. par. offshoot. Kinuchin/kinutʃin/ n. person who dozes often. kinuchöt/kinutʃət/ (see nuch B).
- kingalan /kigalan/** n. stupid person. (see ngal).
- kingalulan /kigalulan/** n. something destroyed (see ngalul).
- Kingarakan/kijarakan/** n. assisted person (see ngarach B).
- kingasat** (see ngas).
- Kingelin/kinzelin/** n. 1 slaughterer. 2 someone who makes shortcuts. (see ngel B).
- Kingerin/kijerin/** n. wailer. (see nger A). kingetin/ kijetin/ n. one who gets up (see nget). kingirat /
- kingirat/ n. par. killing instantly.
- kingirin/kijirin/** n. massacrer (see ngür).
- kingirimeghin/kijirimexin/** n. one who embarrasses (see ngirüma).
- kingirngirin/kijirngirin/** n. person stretching because of pain.
- kingirsyö /kijirs̄ə/** (see ngir).
- kingirukin/kijirukin/** n. 1 person who crouches often. 2 one who bows (see ngirükö).
- kingisya/kinis̄ə/, (pl. kingis)** n. type of tree (used to be used for making necklaces).
- kingöghomin/kijəyomin/** n. educator (see ngöghom).
- kingölin/kijəlin/** n. child who likes to click.
- kingölulin/kijəlulin/** n. 1 person who bites roughly 2 destroyer (see ngalul).
- kingöngönöt** (see ngöngön).
- kingörerin/kijərerin/** n. 1 imitator. 2 molester; one who despises. 3 mockerer. (see ngörer).
- kingörokin/kijərokin/** n. helper; assistant (see ngarach B).
- kingololan/kijololan/** n. cow or bull with its dewlap cut because of beauty. Kingololin/kijololin/ n. person who likes to cut the dewlap of his animals; or one who knows how to do it very well (see ngololin).
- Kingongonat/kijongonat/** n. par. fidgety; movement. Kingongonin/kijongonin/ n. person worried about time, nervous, despises others; mockerer. (see ngongan).
- Kingosin/kijosin/** n. someone eating ugali without vegetables (see ngas).
- Kingoyin/kijoȝ̄in/** n. 1 easy to be annoyed. 2 person who soothes; likes caressing and padding animals (see ngoy).
- Kingunteghin/kijunteȝ̄in/** n. someone who vomits frequently (see ngunta).
- Kingusyogh/kijus̄əy/** n. par. liason (see ngusyö). kinguyin/kijuin/ n. hateful person (see nguy). Kingwangwanat/kijwangwanat/ n. par. preference (see ngwangwa).
- kingwinin/kijwinin/** n. one who comes often (see ngwin).
- kingwöngwönin/kijwöngwöñin/ n. improver; someone who prefers (see ngwangwa).
- kingwörin/kijwyrin/** n. someone who scratches him/herself (see ngwar).
- Kinyakan/kijakan/** n something that has been crashed. kinyakarat (see nyakar). kinyakat (see nyak).
- kinyakorat** (see nyakor).
- Kinalulan/kijalulan/** n. person who died after a long sickness.

Kinyam/kijnam/ adv. plenty; many.

Kinyaman/kijnaman/ n. 1 handicapped. 2 taking something not intended. Kinyamat/kijnamat/ n. par. handicap (see nyam).

Kinyamesat/kijnamesat/ n. par. speaking meaningless words (see nyames) (Kara.).

kinyaminan/kijnaminan/ n. weak person because of sickness. kinyaminat/kijnaminat/ n. par. invalidity; deformity (see nyamín).

kinyangat (see nyang). Kinyarat/kijarat/ (see nyar). kinyarilata kong /kijnarilata konj/ (see nyaril). Kinyasan/kijasan/ n. despiser (see nyas).

kiny'awan/kija:wān/, (pl.kinyaw'an) n. sickly person; of very poor health (see nyaw).

kinyelnyelat (see nyelnyel).

Kinyerin/kijerin/ n. one who beats continuously something to make it tender. kinyerön/kijerön/ n. object being beaten (see nyer B).

kinyighitat (see nyighit). kinyighitin/kijnyitin/ n. someone who fills. kinyikiman /kijnikiman/ n. someone who hesitates.

kinyikimin/kijnikimin/ n. someone who hesitates (see nyikim).

kinyilan/kijilan/ n. aborted foetus (see nyil).

kinyilin/kijilin/ n. 1 animal that aborts frequently. 2 person who adds more hides to a bed. kinyilitan/kijilitan/ n. one who disturbs. kinyilitin/ n. one who disturbs; one who boasts.

kinyilkisöt /kijnlkisöt/ (see nyilkis). kinyilsyö/ kijnlslə/ (see nyil). kinyimunat (see nyimu).

kinyitan/kijitan/ n. something that melts (see nyit B). kinyitin/kijitin/ n. 1 pot or container that licks because of heat. 2 easily bothered.

kinyiman/kijiman/, (pl.kinyim'an) n. animal that produces little milk. Kinyimin/kijimin/ n. person who milks an animal for the second time.

Kinyimnyimin/kijimnjimin/ n. person who smiles. (see nyimnyim).

Kinyitin/kijitin/ n. pot or container that leaks because of heat.

Kinyiwut/kijiwut/ n. benefit.

kinyökin/kijnəkin/ n. one who crashes things.

kinyökorin/kijnəkorin/ n. person who parades in Sapana (see nyakar).

kinyöksyo/kijeksə/ (see nyak).

kinyomesin/kijnemesin/ n. person who spurns others. kinyömesöt/kijñemesat/ n. par. quibble (see nyömes).

kinyömin/kijnəmin/ n. one who collapses often. (see nyöm).

kinyömnyömöt /kijnəmñomət/ (see nyömnyöm). kinyömöt /kijnəmat/ (see nyöm). kinyöngin/kijəngin/ n. one who overdepends; parasite.

kinyöngsyö/kijñərjsə/ (see nyang).

kinyörilinto kong /kijnçrılınto konj/ n. one who punishes; persecutor (see nyaril kong).

kinyömesyö/kijñəməsə/ (see nyömes).

kinyömin/kijnəmin/ n. one who collapses often (see nyöm). kinyöwin/kijnawin/ n. sickish person (see nyaw). Kinyokin/kijokin/ n. one who crashes things. kinyomininkijnominin/ n. person ever sick; one who gets a lot of troubles.

kinyomnyomat (see nyomnyom).

Kinyorin/kijorin/ n. destroyer; spoiler; one who makes mistakes.

kinyoryowön/kijnorjowən/kinyoryöw/ n. tuck. Kinosin/kijosin/ n. one who despises others. Kipanat/kipanat/ (see pan B).

kipankasat (see pankas).

Kipapa/kipapa/ 1 ration. 2 somewö kipapa/ kipapa/n. epilepsy (Kis.)

kiparyalat/kiparjälät/ n. par. Sdisregard (see paryl). kiparyarat /kiparjärat/ adj. distraught (see paryar). Kipasat/kipasat/ (see pas B).

kipatat (see pat).

Kipelan/kipełan/ faeces of a small child.

kipeny/kipeñ/ (pl.kipenoy) n. black coloured barbet (bird).

Kiperteghin/kipertexin/ n. refugee; one who runs away often (see perta).

Kiperurin/kiperurin/ n. blesser (see perur).

Kipespesan/kipespəsan/ n. something cut into pieces. Kipespesin/kipespəsin / n. hacker; one who hews something (see pespes).

kipichin/kipitʃin/ n. one who adores; one who cleans, refreshes (see pich).

kipililin/kipililin/ n. one who extols others (see pilil).

kipisan/kipisan/ n. something recently sprinkled.

kipisin/kipisin/ n. one who sprinkles (see püs).

kipitin/kipitín/ n. one who falls easily (see pit A).

Kipilchinin/kipiltjinini/, kipilchineghin/kipiltʃinexin/ n. charm- ing; one who enamours (see pilchi).

Kipililin/kipililin/ n. one who extols others (see pilil).

Kipilin/kipilin/ n. glider; something that is capable to fly well. kipilon/kipilən/ n. delirious person; mad person. kipilot/kipilət/ n. delirium; madness; craziness (see pil).

Kipintitan/kipintitan/ n. well erected pole.

Kipintitat/kipintitat/ n. par. site. Kipintitin/ kipintitat/ n. one who erects well (see pintit).

Kipirpirin/kipirpirin/ n. one who refuses, who spurns (see pirpır).

kipkanyat (see pkanyat).

kipkö /kipkə/ n. revealed; object with a hole or crack.

kipköchin/kipkətʃɪn/ n. expert.

kipkönyin/kipkəjɪn/ n. one who flashes (see pkany).

kipko/kipko/, (pl.kipken) n. a cooking spoon, laddle.

kipkonyögh/kipkonsə/ v. [2.ki] to howl; to bark (see solol).

kipkongöt /kipoŋöt/ v. to object, reject.

Kipkonyin/kipkoŋɪn/ n. one who waves off flies (see pkony).

kipkonysyö/kipkonsə/ (see pkany).

Kipkonyteghin/kipkəntəχɪn/ n. person who sends away evil spirits (see pkonytö).

kipölöt /kipələt/ (see pöl B).

kipöpechin/kipəpətʃɪn/ n. one who obstructs.

kipöpechön/kipəpətʃən/ n. obstacle (see pöpech).

kipörchöchin/kipərtʃətʃɪn/ n. one who loosens things (see pörchöch).

kipötin/kipətɪn/ n. chopper; carpenter (see pat).

kipodin/kipodɪn/ n. one who resents easily (see pod).

Kipokin/kipokin/ n. one who removes. kipokön/ kipokən/ n. something which has been peeled off (see pok). kipoköt/kipokət/ ambush to attack (Kara.).

kiponin/kiponɪn/ n. one who delays or loiters around (see pan B).

kipopin/kipopɪn/ n. knocker (see pop).

kiporunöt/kiporunət/ n. par. sample; signal; demonstration; symptom; example (see pori).

kiposin/kiposɪn/ n. 1 irresponsible person (see pas B). 2 to miss. 3 loiterer.

Kipoyoteghin/kipojteχɪn/ n. 1 companion. 2 contender (see poyotö & poyotehö).

kipoyotot/kipojtot/ v. form. abreast. Kipsiküsyon/ kipsiküsən/, (pl.Kipsiküs) n. Kipsigis. Kipuchin/ kiputʃɪn/ n. someone who likes to slaughter animals for the feeding of the family. kipuchöt/ kiputʃət/ n. par. disposal (see puch).

Kipultogh/kipultɔy/ n. stampede; sudden rush (see pultö).

Kipurat/kipurat/ dresser. Kipurin/kipurin/ n. one who wraps (see pur B).

kipipata kegh/kipipatakeχ/ v. form. according. kirirö /kirirɔ/ pass. form mature (see rir). kiririyöt (see ririy). kirony/kiron/, (pl.kironytin) n. big slab for roasting cereals, or flour.

kiroyw/kiroyaw/ n. small skin used for adding onto the skin that is worn by women; pleat. Kirorin/ kirorin/ n. one who likes to repeat (see ror).

Kirosat/kirosat/ n. par. observation; inspection.

Kirosin/kirosin/ n. observer; spectator (see ros).

kirteswo/kirtəswə/, (pl.kirtes) n. type of tree (it is the best known as a medicine against kalazar ‘termes’; it is used as a jelly for ‘tapat’ against malaria; men make beehives with its trunk).

kirurtagh (see rurta).

Kirurut/kiruru:t/ n. law; precept; instruction (see rur).

kirurunat (see ruri).

kirwokin/kirwoki:n/ n. chief; judge. kirwoköt/ kirwokət/ n. par. judgement; verdict; sentence (see rwok).

Kirwotin/kirwotin/ n. rover; vagabond; rambler.

Kiryal/kirjal/ n. lightning; bolt. Kiryanaryanat/ kirjanaryanat/ n. zigzag. kiryönut/kirjanut/(pl. kiryonutöy) n. angle; curve. kisadakat (see sadak). kisakarat (see sakar).

kisamat (see sam).

Kisamta/kisamta/ adv. anyhow.

Kisangan/kisanjan/ n. person who begs all the time, even uselessly (see sang).

Kisangengen/kisanərjan/ n. stupefied person; flabber- gasted; dazed (see sangenga).

kisangtagh (see sangta).

kisaperat (see saper).

kisapinyan/kisapıjan/ n. person who abuses other's kindness and generosity (see sapiny). kisapinyat (see sapiny).

Kisasakan/kisasakan/ n. newly shaked liquid. kisasakat (see sasak).

Kisawan/kisawan/ n. pensive person (see saw).

kisawarat (see sawar). kisawat (see saw). kisayat (see say).

Kisechin/kisetʃɪn/ n. person who desacrates meat in a ceremony; for which he is cursed and needs to be purified (see sech).

Kiseman/kiseman/ n. newly plated warrior. kisemin/kisemɪn/ n. person who plates a warrior's hair (see sem).

Kiserseran/kiserseran/ n. something scattered. kiserserin/kiser.serin/ n. scatterer (see serser).

kisikin/kisikin/ n. person who forces or pushes others.

kisikaran/kisikaran/ n. isolated or lost animal. kisikörin/kisikärin/1 person who isolates animals or people. 2 person who looks for lost animals (see siker).

kisiköt (see sik B).

kisikumchinin/kisikumtʃɪnini/ n. someone who impels others.

kisikumin/kisikumin/ n. person who pushes,

mires, or kneads (see sīkum(chi)) (Kis.).

kisikunin/kisikunin/ n. forceful person (see sīki).

kisilin/kisilin/ n. tree easy to sprout or do it fast.

kisilön/kisilön/ n. newly sprouted tree (see sīl).

kisilöt (see sīl).

kisimin/kisimin/ n. person who gasps easily; miser (see sīm).

kisinkanan/kisinkanan/ n. rioter. kisinkanat rioting.

kisinkönin/kisinkanat/ n. rioter (see sīkan).

kisinturat (see sīntur).

kisängirin/kisängirin/ n. person who frowns easily.

kisinyarat (see sinyar).

kisinyörin/kisinyörin/ n. person easy to make angry.

kisipokinin/kisipokinin/ n. person who knows well to put things straight up and firmly rooted (see sīpokin)

kisirimin/kisirimin/ n. chaser (see sīrim).

kisirngitöt (see sīrngitit). kisirörin/kisirörin/ n. lonely person (see sīrar). kisiryamat (see sīryam).

kisiryomin/kisiryomin/ n. person who takes a short-cut (see sīryam).

kisüsük/kisüsük/ n. person who uplifts in bits (see sīsük).

kisitan/kisitan/ n. person easy to be convinced so as to go with others (see sīt B).

kisitin/kisitin/ n. 1 person who rubs. 2 person who likes to rub others.

kisiyonin/kisiyonin/ n. extoller; exaggerator (see siyon).

kisikaran/kisikaran/n. isolated or lost animal (see sīkar).

kisikarat (see sīkar).

Kisikin/kisikin/ n. 1 person who inflates any object. 2 kisikin/kisiki:n/ n. person who forces or pushes others. kisikön /kisikən/ n. inflated object. kisikow/kisikow/ n. pump. (see sik).

Kisikunin/kisikunin/ n. forceful person (see sīki).

Kisinyoghin/kisinyoghin/, kisinyin/kisinqin/ n. insurgent; in- citer (see sinyö).

Kisipin/kisipi:n/ n. 1 person who sips, or inhales (see sip A). 2 person who smoothens a piece of wood (see sip B).

kisipokinin/kisipokinin/ n. person who knows well to put things straight up and firmly rooted (see sīpokin).

kisippsyö (see sip B). kisipunöt (see sīpi). Kisiyon/ kisiyon/,(pl.Kisitin) n. Kisii.

Kisiyonin/kisiyonin/ n. extoller (see siyon).

kiso/kiso/ n. something for cleaning the maize.

kisodökin/kisadakin/ n. person who treats objects with care (see sadak).

kisökisin/kisökisi:n/ n. person who sweeps a store to leave room for the next harvest (see sakis).

kisökorin/kisökorin/ n. searcher (see sakar).

kisömchinin/kisömchini:n/ n. expert in estimating matters, accounts etc. (see sömchi).

kisömin/i/ n. guesser (see sam). kisönöwon / kisönäwon/ n. monument; historic place. kisöngin/ kisənjin/ n. person who asks for things he/she has got (see sang). kisöngöngöt /kisənjəjet/ n. palate. kisöngsyö/kisəŋsə/ (see sang).

kisöpin/kisepi:n/ 1 parasite. 2 saviour; healer. kisöpinyin/kisepirin/, kisopinyin/kisopirin/ n. person who abuses other's kindness and generosity (see sapiny). kisöpön/kisapən/ n. saved; healed person or thing (see sōp).

kisörpopchineghin/kisörpopjtineyin/ n. impatient person (see sörpopchī).

kisösokin/kisəsokin/ n. person who shakes things, especially liquids (see sasak).

kisöwin/kisəwin/ n. pensive person (see saw).

kisöyin/kisəjin/ n. person who suffers tingles (see say).

kisomönin/kisoməni:n/ n. 1 student. 2 reader (see somön).

Kisopin/kisopi:n/ n. saviour; healer. kisopön/ kisopən/ n. saved; healed person or thing. kisoyöniñ/kisəñniñ/ n. blesser (see soyön).

Kisukuskin/kisukuski:n/ n. worrisome person (see suksuk).

kisunat (see sun).

kisunsunin/kisunsunni:n/ n. person who likes to squirm (see sunsun).

kisunturat (see suntur).

kisuparat/kisuparat/ n. par. pomp (see supar).

kisupörin/kisuparin/ n. 1 well arrayed man. 2 girl who likes to assail a boy in dancing. 3 showing off, pride.

kisupöt/kisupət/ (see sup).

kisupsyö /kisupsə/ (see sup).

Kisurin/kisuri:n/ n. emigrant; nomad; refugee; de- serter; running away from hunger. kisurön n. refugee. (see sur)

kisurtutin/kisurtuti:n/ n. person prompt to weep (see surtut).

Kisusin/kisusi:n/ n. bothersome; irksome; imper- tinent; annoyer. kisusöt v. [1.ku] disturb (see nyiliñ) (Kara.).

kisutan n. hungry. Kisutin/kisuti:n/ n. 1 person easy to feel hungry. 2 person who whiffles. (see sut).

Kiswailin/kiswaili:n/ n. Kiswahili language (Kis.).

Kiswomin/kiswomi:n/ n. slanderer. kiswomöt/ kiswomöt/ n. par. calumny; libel (see swom).

kisy'akan/kis'a:kan/, (pl. kisyak'an) n. newly checked object (see syak B).

kisyawan /kislawan/ n. a qualification; something searched for (see syaw).

Kisyelin/kis'eli:n/ n. cook; person who boils things.

Kisyengin/kis'enjin/ n. digger of salt to give to the animals (see syeng).

Kisyepin/kis'epi:n/ n. person who likes ambushing (see syep).

kisyökin/kis'a:ki:n/ n. checker (see syak B).

kisyöksyö kisyolin/kis'eks'a:kis'olín/ n. something that resounds easily (see syak B and syol).

kisyönin/kis'oni:n/ n. merciful. kisyönöt/kis'onöt/ n. par. mercy; sympathy (see syön).

kisyöwin/kis'awi:n/ n. person who likes to cool his/her drinks first (see syöw) (Kara.).

kisyolöt (see syol).

kisyonkönin/kis'ónkänin/ n. praiser (see syonkön).

kisyolsyolöt/kis'ols'olöt/ (see syölsyöl). Kisywöin/ kis'owin/ n. searcher (see syaw). kitadaghat (see tadagh).

Kitakan/kitakan/ n. fine (see tak).

kitakesat (see takes).

kitakan/kitak'jan/, (pl. kitakin) n. button (Kis.) also known as mtokocha (Kara.).

kitalat/kitalat/ n. par. addiction (see tal).

kitalatalat (see tatalat).

kitamat (see tam-kinanat).

Kitampaya/kitampa:a/(pl. kitampayen) n. 1 handkerchief. 2 piece of cloth (Kis.).

kitampi/kitampi/ 1 a lamp's mantle. 2 wick (Kis.). kitangan /kitajan/ n. something recently smitten.

Kitangat/kitanat/ n. par. forgery (see tang).

Kitanganyat/kitanjañat/ n. par. trouble; punishment (see tangay).

Kitangatan/kitanatan/ n. trainee (see tangat). Kitangoghat/kitanoyat/ (see tangogh). kitarentagh (see tarenta). kitapakat (see tapak).

Kitapesat/kitapesat/ (see tapes). Kitapeyat/ kitape:t/ (see tapey). kitapililat/kitapililat/ (see tapiilil). kitapu/<un/ n. book (Kis.). kitarlalat (see tarlal). kitatamat (see tatam). kitawarar (see tawar).

Kite/kite/ adv. 1 a bit. 2 a while; a moment. 3 adj. small.

Kiteghat/kiteyat/ n. par. yell; squall; brawl; whoop (see tegh). Kiteghin/kiteyi:n/ n. one who shouts (see tegh).

Kitemin/kitemin/ n. one who measures; or weighs

(see tem) (Turk.).

kitenarat (see tenar).

Kitenganat/kitejanat/ v. stop breastfeeding because of pregnancy (see tengan).

Kitenorin/kitenorin:/ n. one who gives directions (see tenar).

Kitenorin/kitenorin/ n. one who flatters. kitenorön/ kitenorən/ n. one who has been flattered (see tenor).

kit'eran/kiteran/, (pl. kiter'an) n. a delirating person; delirious. kit'erat/kiterat/ n. par. insanity; delir- ium.

kiteytey/kite:téj/ n. full woman's dress.

kitikitagh/kitikita:g/ (see tikit). kitikitat/kitikitat / (see tikit). kitikosöt /kitikosat/ (see tikos).

kitikumin/kitikumi:n/ n. someone who likes to pile things up. kitikumön/kitikumən/ n. something piled up (see tikum).

kitikusöt/kitikusat/ (see tikus).

kitil/kitıl/ adv. more than (see til).

kitililöt/kitililat/ n. purification (see tilil).

kitiluchin/kitilutşin/ n. person who flinches easily (see tiluch).

kitimin/kitimi:n/ n. 1 person who gasps. 2 envious. kitimöt /kitimöt/ (see tim).

kitimpiröt/kitimpirat/ (see timpir).

kitimpölölin/kitimpälölin/ n. person who hangs things kitimpölön/kitimpälən/ n. something sus- pended. (see timpölöl).

kitimsyö (see tim).

kitingtüngin/kitirträji:n/ n. one who refutes (see tüngting).

kitirat (see tür).

kitırchin/kitırtʃi:n/ n. inserter (see tırchi).

kitiritin/kitiriti:n/ n. person who sells at high price (see tirit).

kitırchin/kitırtʃin/ n. inserter (see tırchi).

kitırchinöt/kitırtʃinət/ (see tırchi).

kitiryalat (see türyal).

Kitimin/kitimi:n/ n. knocker; one who smites (see tim).

kitimpölölin/kitimpälölin/ n. person who hangs things (see timpölöl). kitimpölön /kitimpälən/ n. something suspended.

kitimpölölt (see timpölöl).

Kitimtimin/kitimtimi:n/ n. one who shakes or jolts (see timtim).

Kitirilat/kitirilat/ n. long time ago.

Kitirin/kitirin/ n. disperser. kitirön /kitirən/n. one who starts dispersing others. kitiröt/kitirət/ n.

par. violation (see tir).

Kitiritat/kitiritat/ (see türitat). kitirayanat (see tirayan). Kitirin/kitiri:n/ n. disperser (see tir).

Kitirmisin/kitirmisin/ n. one who finishes things completely (see tirmis).

kitirön/kitirön/ n. one who violates and quits.

kitiröt/kitiröt/ n. par. violation (see tir).

kitiröyonin/kitiröyenin/ n. quitter (see tirayan).

Kitkit/kitkit/ v. [1.ki] to tickle. kitkitat/kitkitat/n. tickle. kitkitsyö/kirkitsö/ n. tickling. Kitkitin/kirkkitim/n. ticklish. kitkit'at/kirkkitat/ adj. par. ticklish. <otö, <u, <chi, <o, <egh.

kitö/kitə/ conj. still (prefix to the verb for distant past).

kitöghoghin/kitəgoyi:n/ n. leader (see töghoghchii).

kitökin/kitə/(A) n. avenger; revengeful; vindictive (see tak & tök).

kitölöchogh (see tölöchö).

kitömin/kitəmi:n/ n. person who flashes, or lights on something else (see tam).

kitömöwon/kitəmawon/, (pl.kitömöw) n. 1 torch; something used for lighting. 2 criterion.

kitönerin/kitənerin/ n. intender; aimer (see töner).

kitönkurin/kitənkurin/ n. one who folds legs (see tönkur).

kitönkurönöt (see tönkurö).

kitönkurat (see tönkur).

kitönin/kitönin/ n. giver; provident. kitönöt n. par. providence (see tö). kitöngityögh (see töngityö). kitöngötin/kitənjətin/ n. trainer; instructor (see tangat).

kitöngotyogh (see töngotyö).

kitöngsyö (see tang).

kitöpeyin/kitəpejin/ n. exaggerator (see tapey).

kitörenöhchin/kitərentəyin/ n. feller; ones who topples things (see tarenta).

kitörin/kitörin/ n. starter; beginner. kitörön/kitərən/ n. introduction; preface (see tör).

kitöritin/kitəriritin/ n. person who sells at high price (see törit).

kitötogh (see tötö).

kitötömin/kitətəmi:n/ n. person who gives hints (see tatam).

kitöworin/kitəworin/ n. person who stands or sits bestridden or legs apart (see tawar).

Kitokin/kitoki:n/ (B) n. weaver (see tok).

Kitokot/kitoko:t/ n. beginning of dry season (September till December).

kitoksyö (see tok & tak).

kitompilöt/kitompılot/ (see tompil).

Kitomteghin/kitomtegin/ n. one who reaches on time (see tomtö).

Kitongin/kitoŋi:n/ n. blacksmith. kitöngin/kitəŋin/ n. blacksmith (see tang).

Kitorlolin/kitorlolin/ n. one who likes gargling (see tarlar).

kitorönin/kitorənin/ n. gambler (see taran).

kitoröt (see tor).

kitorunöt (see torii).

kitoteghin/kitoteyin/ n. transmitter; giver. kitoteghwünöt (see toteghiw). Kitoytoyeghin/kito:toyejin/ n. straggler. Kitoytoyin/kito:tojn/ n. disperser (see toytoyö). kitudughin/kituduyi:n/ n. perplexed person; afraid; nervous, anxious (Kara.). kitudughöt/kitudunjet/ n. par. anxiety (see tudugh).

Kitukan/kitukan/ n. remainder. Kitukin/kituki:n/ n. person who leaves things unfinished (see kitukunan n. remainder. tuk).

Kitulin/kitulii:n/ n. one who sends away many people or animals. kitulön /kitulən/ n. one sent away; expellee (see tul).

Kitultulat/kitultulat/ n. par. blister (see tultul).

kitumönöt/kitumənət/ n. rashes growing on the face of young and handsome people.

Kitungat/kitunjat/ (pl.kitunga) 1 to straighten wood by putting stones on it. 2 to press a child or person to death (see tung).

Kitungat/kitunjat/ n. ceremony done for twins to have a normal life, also called riwöy (see tung A, B, C).

Kitungin/kitunj:i:n/ n. leader of the ceremony called kitungat (see tung A, B, C).

Kitunturin/kitunturi:n/ n. one who smudges water (see tuntur).

Kitupin/kitupi:n/ n. slaughterer; one who kills many enemies.

Kiturin/kituri:n/ n. person who fills up to the point of bursting (see tur A). kiturin/kiturin/ n. wanderer (see tur B).

kitusin/kitusi:n/ n. something that increases in size, or swells kitusöt n. par. weal. (see tus).

kitutunöt/kitutunət/ n. par. resurrection (see tuti').

kitwarat (see twar).

kitwoptwopin/kitwəptwəpin/ n. one who falters (see twoptwop).

kitworin/kitwori:n/ n. beater; one who beats others (see twar).

kitworunöt (see tuwori').

kityakan /kitlakan/ n. recently liberated; free (see tyak).

Kityantyaran/kitiantıran/ n. recently

untangled (see tyantyar).	kiwiksyö /kiwɪsʃə/ (see wich).
kityarat (see tyar).	kiwisin /kiwisi:n// n. person who quaffs a drink (see wis).
kityokin /kitʃokɪn:n/ n. liberator; one who unties (see tyak).	kiwitin /kiwiti:n/ n. person who turns around (see wit).
kityontyorin /kitʃɔntʃɔri:n/ n. one who raves, or untangles (see tyantyar).	kiwitwitin /kiwitwiti:n// n. person who lingers around (see witwit).
kityorin /kitʃɔri:n/ n. kicker (see tyar). kityorunöt / kitʃorunət/ (see tyori). kiwaghat (see wagh).	kiwöghin /kiwəχɪn/ n. fearful person.
Kiwakan /kiwaka:n/ n. newly fenced field, etc. (see wach).	kiwöghiseghin/kiwəχɪsɛχɪn/ n. coward; surrenderer. kiwöghisyö/kiwəχɪsɔ:/ n. capitulation. (see wagh).
kiwancha /kiwantʃa:(,kiwanchen) n. field. kiwancha nteke/kiwantʃantekə:/n. airfield. kiwancha mpira/kiwantʃa:mpira/ n. football field (Kis.).	kiwöghsyö (see wang).
kiwangat /kiwanat/ n. flurry. Kiwangtagh/kiwanʃtagy/ (see wangta). kiwangwangat (see wangwang). kiwanyat /kiwaŋat/(see wany).	kiwökin /kiwəki:n/ n. person who fences (see wach). kiwörin/kiwəri:n/ n. molester; stubborn person. kiwörunöt (see wöri).
Kiwarwaran /kiwarwarran/ n. person who tinges something (see warwar).	kiwörwörin /kiwərweri:n/ n. one who mingles things. kiwörwörsyö (see warwar). kiwösteghin/kiwəsteyn/ n. person who rises early (see was).
kiwasan /kiwasə:n/ n. early dawn.	Kiwokin /kiwoki:n/, kiwokineghin/kiwokineyn/ n. snatcher.
Kiwastagh /kiwastay/ (see wasta).	Kiwokinogh /kiwokinoy/, kiwokinöt/kiwokinat/ (see woki).
Kiwatwatat /kiwatwatat/ n. par. itching; peevishness (see watwat).	kiwoksyö /kiwoksʃə/ (see wach).
kiwayat (see wagh).	kiwongteghin /kiwonteyn/ n. someone who fulfills, fulfiller (see wangta).
kiwech arawa /kiwetʃ arawa/ v. form. waning quarter of the moon.	kiwongunön /kiwɔŋjunən/ n. suffering person. kiwongunöt/ki.wɔŋjunət/ n. par. affliction (see wongi).
kiwelwelat (see welwel).	kiwonychinöt /kiwɔntʃinət/ (see wonchi).
Kiwengan /kiwəjan/ n. distorter. Kiwengat/kiwəŋat/ distort something (an image or word). kiwe- ngin/kiwəŋi:n/ n. distorter (see weng).	kiwonyin /kiwɔni:n/ n. finisher. kiwonyö v. form. finished, over (see wany). kiworworin/kiwɔrɔri:n/ n. dyer (see warwar). kiworyeghin/kiwɔrɛχɪn/ n. mixer (see woryö). kiwosunogh (see wosi).
kiwerin /kiwərin/ n. person who crosses over.	kiwughuyöt /kiwuuʃət (see wughuy).
kiwerwerin /kiwərwerin/ n. disturber. kiwerwerön n. disturber. kiwerweröt/kiwərwerɔ:t/, (pl.. kiwerwerogh) n. disturbance (see werwer).	Kiwulan /kiwulan/ n. praised person (see wul). kiwulin/kiwulini:n/ n. praiser; one who acclaims (see wul).
kiwesöt /kiwesöt/ (see wes).	kiwulyeghin /kiwulɛχɪn/ n. instigator (see wulyö).
kiwilat (see wil).	kiwunin /kiwuni:n/ n. person who washes. kiwuninto siro/kiwuninto siro:/n. laundress (see wun).
kiwiryöghin /kiwirʃəyɪn/ n. 1 person who checks his/her business frequently. 2 person who surrounds (see wiryagh).	kiwurin /kiwuri:n/ n. destroyer; spoiler. kiwuron/kiwurɔ:n/ n. something recently destroyed (see wur). kiwusin/kiwusi:n/ n. 1 person who hangs things; hangman. kiwusön /kiwusən/ n. something recently hung. (see wus A). 2 person who likes to cool off his/her beverages (see wus B).
kiwisiwisin /kiwisiwisi:n/ n. person who gesticulates a lot; gesticulator (see wiwisiw).	kiya /kiʃə,(pl.kiyan/ n. gear (Eng.).
kiwiwiyeghin /kiwiwɪʃəyɪn/ n. squanderer (see wiwiiyö).	kiyakuyat /kiʃakuʃət/ n. par. custody (see yakuy).
kiwichtöghin /kiwitʃtəx/ n. betrayer; traitor (see wichtö).	Kiyatat /kiʃatət/ n. any woman who did not deliver twins.
kiwikan /kiwiki:n// n. transporter. kiwikön /kiwikən/ n. something recently carrie (see wik).	kiyech arawa v /kiʃetʃ arawa/. form. waning of the moon (the moon being ‘found’ by daylight before it sets).
kiwiköt /kiwikət/ (see wich).	

kiyeghunöt (see yeghi).

kiyekan /ki̥ɛkn/ n. bachelor. kiyekin/ki̥ɛki:n/ n. delayer (see yech).

Kiyan/ki̥en/ n. pl. 1 gears (Eng.). 2 glasses (Kis.). kiyenin/ki̥enin/ n. person who covers things, or wraps. kiyenöwon/ki̥enəwo:n/, (pl.kiyanöw) n. wrapper.

kierin/ki̥eri:n/ n. person who arrays herself very well (see yer).

kiyeti/ki̥eti/ v. form. mature; grown.

kiyisin/ki̥isi:n/ n. person who hangs things (see yiš).

kiywörin/ki̥iworin/ n. tuner of a song.

kiyiyat (see yüy).

kiylan /ki̥ilan/ n. 1 ointment. 2 person recently anointed. kiyilin/ki̥lin/ n. anointer (see yil). kiyinin/ki̥inin// n. 1 tree that yields a lot of fruit. 2 person that pours liquids or cereals.

kiyisin/ki̥isi:n/ n. one who does not like planning (see yis).

kiyitagh (see yita).

kiyititöghin/ki̥ititəyin/ n. squanderer (see yit̄ta). kiyitöghin/ki̥itəyin// n. waster (see yita). kiyö/ki̥ɔ/, (pl.kiyan) <tin/ n. 1 mirror. 2 pane; glass. 3 spectacles.

kiyöch/ki̥etʃ/, kiyech n. to work together.

kiyodeghin/ki̥odeyin/ n. 1 translator. 2 person who returns borrowed things fast. kiyo- dogh /kiyodoy/ n. par. translation (see yodö).

kiyokirin/ki̥okırı:n/ n. person who obstructs, remits. kiyokırön/ki̥okırən/ n. fence; obstruction (see yokır).

kiyokineghin/ki̥okinəyin/ n. person who answers, who remits.

kiyoköt n. errand.

kiyokteghin/ki̥oktexin/ n. sender. kiyoktöghön/ki̥oktəyən/ n. apostle; envoy.

kiyokuneghin/ki̥okunəyin/ n. person who answers.

kiyolsyolöt (see yolyol).

kiyolyolin/ki̥ol̄oli:n/ n. 1 something that waves from something to side. 2 person who likes waving on others.

kiyomisin/ki̥omisi:n/ n. 1 person who promises. 2 instructor (see yomis).

kiyopin/ki̥opin/ n. person who likes dancing jumping rhythmically.

kiyopö(t) (see yop).

Kiyuan/ku̥ulan/ n. slim person. kiyuyin/ki̥uin/ n. person prompt to become slim.

kö/kə:/, (pl.korın) n. 1 house; hut. kopö omi rough. kiköngenghöt/kikəñxox:t/ n. par. roughness. köghengit(u), kögheghönchitu /

köhexxontſitu/ v. to become rough. kögheng/ kəyəŋ/(pl,köghengöch) adj. 1 rough. 2 hard to do something; e.g., Kögheng supiryö möt—The cooking syö/kop n. inn. kopö ighisyö n. work pot does not boil fast. köghengyö n. shop. kopö/kəpə/ kitöngtöghoy /kitəñtəxoj/ n. studio.roughness.

köpokitapun n library

kopö kikorön köghitün n. coldness (see kaghü). n. parlour. kopö

kimpür n.lobby.

köghökwö/kəyəkwə/, (pl.kaghak, köghök) n.

kopö kumün n. tavern. kopö mu- fish (also köghökwö). lunchö n. den. kopö olyot n. shop.

köghöt/kəyət/ v. [1.ki] to dry (of oil). köghötat

kopö pünis n. burrow. kopö pögh/kori pöghon/ n. well. kopö sakıt n. hospital. kopö sükö n. toilet. kopö yengsyö n. par. coldness (see kaghat).

köghom /kəyəm/ n. old fruit.

kököch n. thin twigs for building, keti butchery. kopö riwön n. dormitory.

kököch/kəkətʃ/ n. those twigs. kököchwö/<en,

kopö saghat/kopə sayat/ n. temple. kopö kuku dun-geon. kopö kiminy/kopə kimin/ n. parlour. 2 class; e.g., Imitenyi kopö ata?/imiten kopə ata?/ In which class are you? kö- 1 prefix for the recent past tense contin- uous way appearing without contractions only in the 3rd person sg. & pl. 2 past tense for the verb kī (to be): was; were.

köchi /kətʃʃ/ (A) v. [3.ki] replace; take over some- one's place. köchinogh, köchinöt/ kətʃʃinat/ n. par. replacement. köchinin/ kətʃʃinin/ n. re- placer (in many occasions). köchinön/kətʃʃinan/ n. replacer. kochinegho't/ kətʃʃinox:t/ adj. par. re- placed. köchinegho/ kətʃʃineyo/adj. replace- able. kochi(gh)/kotʃʃɪx/, (pl.köchi) n. a game played on four, or two, lines of holes very much spread all over Africa. It is played by two players who try to bring to their side all the stones of the contender (the stones stand for cows). <otö, <egh. (see kochigh).

ködökdök/kodokdok/ n. adam's apple.

ködökdök/kədəkədək/ n. throat.

ködong /kədənəj/ n. pl. (see kadang).

ködos /kədos/ n. one eyed person, or animal (offensive). ködos kong/kados korj/ n. one eyed person, or animal (offensive).

ködöt /kədət/ v. [2.ki] to take out an eye. ködötöt/ kədətət/ n. par. removing an eye. ködötin/ kədəti:n/ n. someone who pricks other people's eyes. ködöt'ot/kədətot/ adj. par. removed an eye. kö- döto/kədəto/ prickable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <ch' (ködötini), <egh.

kögh/kəx/ v. (see kagh).

kögheng/kəyəŋ/ v. [2.ku] to make someone to be

kakach/ n. a tree used like a torch, or for preparing coal for milk (*chorisia speciosa*).

kökögħin/kækəyin/ n. dimness. kökolin/kækəlin/ n. willful person. kökönöy/kakənɔ̄j/ v. to dawdle. kökoch/kækotʃ/, (pl. kökochoy) n. earthworm. kökom/kəkom/ v. (see kakom).

kölel/koləl/ v. (see kalel).

kölkölīn/kækəlin/, (pl. kölkölī) n. mischievous child (see kalkal). kölö ne? conj. why?

kölöl /kələl/ v. [2.ke] to be impure because of doing something bad. kölölöt /kəlsəlöt/ n. par. impurity. kölölön/kələlən/, kololin/kololin/ n. impure person. kölöl'ot/kələlot/ adj. par. impure. <egh, because of. kölölöt/kələlot/ n. par. being impure.

kölömöt /kolomot/ n. pl. butter (see kalamat).

kölöswo/kələswə/, (pl. kalas) n. type of tree (terminalia Brownii).

kölyön/kələn/, (pl. kölyö) n. wild poisonous tree and its fruits, similar to coffee.

kömigh/kəmīg/, (pl. kömighthin) n. type of tree (*adenium obesum*).

kömirtin/kəmirtin/ n. ripples, like made by throwing a stone in still water.

kömoghigh/kəmoyiğ/ something close to ripe or be ready.

kömölwö/kəməlwə/, (pl. kömööl) n. 1 a tree (people use it for building houses; its leaves are used to cover beer gourds (*somonki*)). 2 (edible) fruit of the same tree.

kömör/kəmər/ v. [2.ke] to intercept; to obstruct. kömöröt/kəmərət/ n. par. obstruction. kö- mörsyö/kəmərsjə/ n. interception. kömörin/kəmərin/ n. interceptor. kömör'ot/ kəməroöt/ adj. par. intercepted. kömoro/kəməro/ adj. inter- ceptable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh, <t.

kömot/kəmot/ v. (see kamot).

kömö/kəmə/ n. crook (see kidum).

kömöw(on)/kəməwon/, lonktöwon n. two fighting sticks; ladder (see tintiryon).

kömölöy /kəmələj/ v. hooked stick used for harvesting fruits. kömöltin/kəməltin/ n. pl. fruits from kömölwö/kəməlwə/ n. a tree of the highlands

kömöt/kəmət/ n. your mother. kömöwon/ kəməwon/, (pl. kömöw) n. ladder. kömöy/kəməj/ n. 1 famine; hunger. 2 the driest season between December and March.

kömøy(i)wö/kəməjwə/, kömöyüwö/kəməjwə/, (pl. kamay) n. piece of dried, fried bacon or meat fritter.

kömoy /kəməj/ v. [2.ke] to place carefully. ki- kömoyat /ki.kəməjat/ n. par. placing. kikömoyin/ kikəməjin/ n. someone who places carefully.

kömoy'ot/kəməjō:t/ adj. par. placed. kömoyo/ kəməjō:/, (kömöyisoy)<isyot/ able to be placed carefully. <u, <chī, <o.

kömodd/kəmoj/ n. pl. tool for digging holes (see kam).

kömpöl/kəmpəl/ v. [2.ku] to inflate. kikömpölöt/ kikəmpələt/, (pl. kikömpölut) n. par. inflation. kömpöl/kəmpəl/, (pl. kömpölöch) adj. 1 inflated. <egh.

könösöwon/kənəsəwon/, (pl. könösöw) n. any burnt smelly substance used to chase away ani- mals like snakes, cockroaches, mosquitoes, etc. 2 any substance used to tame a person.

köntö/kəntɔ̄/ father or mother of son in-law.

köntøy/kəntɔ̄l/, köntelöy (see kantel).

köntö möt/kənto möt/ v. [3.ke] to nod. kiköntegħo möt n. par. nodding. kiköntegħin/ kikəntexiñ/ n. someone who nods. köntegħ'ot/ kintexo:t/ adj. par. nodded. köntegħo/kəntexo/ able to nod. <egh(u). (see kanta).

kongo/kəŋj/ adj. bearable; waited (see kany).

köny/kəŋj/, (pl. könyisoy) 1 n. long time ago. 2 köny/kəŋj/, (pl. könyis) n. year. köp v. [2.ke] to pick with the fingers bit by bit. köpöt/kəpət/, (pl. köpötut) n. par. picking. köpsyö/kəpsjə/ n. picking. köpin/kəpi:n/ n. someone who does so. köpön/kəpən/ n. something picked. köpōt /kəpō:t/ adj. par. picked. köpo/kəpo/, (pl. köapisoy) pickleable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh. köp moröy/kəp.morj/ v. [2.ke] to bite, of a snake; e.g., Kiköpaniñ moröya A snake has bitten. köpenmu/kəpeNmu/, (pl. köpenmutin) n. 1 a very fertile woman. 2 proud woman.

köpentö/kəpəntə/ adj. with black/brown/white patches (a dotted cow).

köper (see kaper). 2 boastful. kömpölyö/kəmpələj/ inflation; blowing. kömpölit(u)/kəmpəlitu/, (pl. kömpölöchitu) v. to become inflated; boastful (see kampalal). **köpi**/kopi/ der. v. [3.ke] to pick in small handfulls

kömpughön/kəmpuγən/ n. moisture.

kön/kən/ v. [1.ke] to hope; to expect. ki- könöt/ki.kənət/, (pl. kikönut) n. hope. kikönin/ kikənin/ n. someone who hopes, is hopeful, expects. kikönön/kikənən/ n. expected. köno'öt/kəno:t/ adj. par. expected. köno/kəno:) adj. expectable. <sy, <otö, <u, <chī, <en, to hold for someone else, <o.

könkodöwö/kənkədəwə/, (pl. könkodow) n. type of tree (*capparis fascicularis*). konkodowö/ konkədəwə/, (pl. kon- kódow) idem.

könö/kənə/, (pl. könen) n. pestle.

könönöy/kənənɔ̄j/ v. [2.ke] dawdle. kikönönöyöt/ kikənəjət/ n. par. dawdling. kikönönöyisyö/ kikənəjəsə/ n. dawdling. kikönönöyon/ kikənəjən/, chepkonönö/tʃepkənənə/ n. dawdler; a sluggish person. könönöy'ot/kənənəjət/ adj. par.

dawdled. könönöyo/kənənəyo/ able to be slowed down. <sy, <o(tö), <chii, (see köp). köpunöt/ kəpünət/, (pl. köpunötüt) n. par. picking. 2 to intrude.

köpich/kəpɪtʃ/, (pl. kəpichtin) n. cabbage (Eng.).

köpigh/kəpɪg/, (pl. kəpightin) n. lid of a big container (e.g., of tökögh). 2 tip over.

köpisitu (see kapsit).

köpititit(u) (see kapitit).

köpkö/kəpkə/, (pl. kəp) n. type of tree (senegalia nilotica).

köpköp/kəpkəp/, (köpköptin) n. larynx; oesophagus; tra- chea; wind pipe.

köpolöyon oghöogho kwen/kəpələl̄ion oyo oyo kwən/ n. midnight.

köpongol/kəponjol/, (pl. kepongoltin) n. cockchafer. köpön/kəpən/, (köpönot) n. cave; cavern; den. köpöpn̄ (see kapapan).

köpötyö/kəpət̄j/, (pl. köpötoy) n. something empty; e.g., shells.

köpos (see kapos).

köptörenge/kəptərən̄/, (pl. köptörengey) n. black warthog.

köpulwö/kəpulwə/, (pl. köpul) n. type of tree (a medicine against malaria, headaches, swollen spleen, stomach-ache and worms).

köpumpi/kəpumpi/ n. moisture; rust.

köpuryon/kəpurjōn/, (pl. köpur) n. pitcher; mug (big glass).

kör/kör/ (A) v. [2.ke] to decorate; to put beads of different colours in a string. ki- köröt/ kikörät/, (pl. körut) n. par. decorating. ki- körsyö /ki.körsj̄o/ n. decoration. kikörin/ kikari:n/ n. artist. köröt /köröt/adj. par. decorated.

körchö/kərtʃə/, (pl. körchöy) n. 1 pothole. 2 small ponds, especially after raining.

körentus/kərentus) n. type of tree (plumbago zeylan- ica).

körer (see karer).

körerin/kərerin/, (pl. körerii) n. 1 surgeon. 2 divider.

körerintö/kərərint̄o/pl. körerinten) n. type of tree (used for sweeping).

köriöte/kəriöte/ n. pl. (see karote). körkerwök/ kärkerwök/ n. pl. (see körkör). körkey/ kärkej/, karkegh /karkey/ (see karkey).

körkeyin/kərkəēin/, karkeghin/ kärkej̄in/, (karkeghintin) n. 1 resemblance. 2 example. 3 statue.

körkökoyom/kərkəkōom/, (pl. körkökoyomtin) n. type of tree (prachylaena huillensis).

körkör/kərkər/, (pl. körkewok) n. backyard.

körkörít(u)/kərkərit/ v. to become frightened. ki- körkörat /ki.kərkərat/ n. cowardice. kikörkörin/kikörkörin/ n. frightener.

körmön (see karman).

körmön/kərmən/ v. [2.ke] to wrap. körmönöt/kərmənət/ n. par. wrapping. körmönin/ kərmənin/ n. person who wraps. körmönōt/ kərmənət̄/ adj. par. wrapped. körmöno/ kərməno/, (pl. körmönisyot) adj. possible to wrap. <u, <chii, <o,

kör^om/kəro:m/, (pl. kör^omöch) adj. serious; stern; wild; staid; strict. kör^omyö/kəro:m̄j̄/, kör^omín/kəro:min/ n. strictness; severity. kör^omit v. [2.ku] to make someone serious. kikör^omitöt n. severity. kör^omitu/kör^omichitu/ v. to become serious, severe.

köromin/kəromin/ n. goodness; splendour.

köröngön (see karangan).

köröp/kərap/, (köröptin) n. 1 a small basket made from sos or malut. 2 framework, especially of buildings; e.g., köröp konyan.

körös /kərɔ:s/ v. [2.ke] to be blinded by smoke.

körösöt/kərəsət/ n. par. blinding. körösö/ kərəsə/ n. blinding by smoke. körösin/kərəsin/ n. someone who does so. körösot /kərəsə:t/ adj. par. smoked out. körösö/kərəsö/ possible to blind. <sy, <otö, <egh, <chii (e.g., körösö sakam, smoke out the bees—the <ch, has been dropped).

köröwon/kərəwon/, (pl. köröw) n. lid; shatter.

köröwröw /kərəwröw/ n. adam's apple; trachea. köröyü/kərəj̄ə/, (pl. köröyis) n. pike (a long shaft with no blade).

köröyon/kərəjōn/, (körötin) n. spring of water.

körochwö/kərotʃwə/, (pl. karach) n. type of tree (kind of tecoma stanes).

köromin/kəromin/, körömin/kərəmin/, (pl. karam) n. wasp.

kör^omit/kəromit/ v. [2.ke] to make someone serious. kör^om/kəro:m/, (pl. kör^omöch), adj. serious; stern; wild; staid; strict. kör^omyö/kəro:m̄j̄/, kör^omín/kəro:min/ n. strictness; severity. körömyö/kəromj̄ə/ n. severity. kör^omitu/kəro:mitu/, (pl. kör^omichitu) v. to become serious, severe.

Köronkorö /kəronkərə/ n. one of the seven age sets of Pöket. Körönkoryon/kəronkərəjōn/, (pl. Körönkorö) n. person belonging to Körönkorö age-set

körös /kəro:s/ n. pl. ribs (see karas). körötyö /kəröt̄j̄/ n. blindness. köröw/kərow/ n. buttons.

körpi/kərpı/, (pl. köpun) n. type of tree (its bark is used as a medicine against 'termes', enlarged spleen or kalazaar).

körsong/kərsonj̄/ n. pl. (see karasang). körteghin/ kərtəj̄in/, (pl. körteghii) n. proxy (see karta). köruntü

v. [2.ke] to become cloudy. kıruntı /kıruntı/ adj. cloudy; overcast; gloomy. köruntunöt/ köruntunot/ n. par. inclemency. kikö- runtö/ kikaruntı/ n n. a gloomy person. köruntunot/ käruntunot/ adj. par. cloudy; gloomy.

köryol /korjol/ v. [2.ku] to dazzle. kiköryolöt/ kikorjolo:t/ n. par. dazzling. köryol'ot /korjolo:t/ adj. par. dazzled. köryolo/kärlolo:öt/, (pl. köryolisoyot) dazzlable.

kös /kɔ:s/ (see kas).

köser /kɔ:sər/ n. pl. fences (see kasar).

kösüm/kəsim/, (pl. kösümtin) n. 1 pot for holding water. 2 nitch that holds rain water. kösiyon/ kəsiyon/, (pl. kösürtin) n. large seed. kösin/kəsin/ n. harvester (especially a worker reaping maize or millet).

kösing/kəsiŋ/, (pl. kösinkot) n. metallic necklace worn by women.

kösö (see kasa).

kösömyon/kəsəmjon/, (pl. kösömen) n. ground hive. kösöniñ/kəsəniñ/ n. porter (see kasan). kösuryon/ kəsuryon/, (pl. kösurtin) n. head ornament. kösyem(it) (see kasyem).

kösöym (see kasyam). kösyomö/kəsəmɔ:/ n. sacrum. kötkot/kətkot/ (see katkat).

kötö/kətə/ v. [3.ki] to regret. kötogh/kətɔy/ n. par. regretting.

köteghó't/kətəgo:t/ adj. par. regretful.

köto/kətə/ regrettable. <egh(chi').

kötö -/kətə/ conj. still; just now (used as pre- fix for verbal forms of recent past; e.g., kötökeyiñyö/kətəkej̃i/ just recently born).

kötömeghyon/kətəmeyj̃on/, (pl. kötömoghen) n. a type of termites (also kötömoghon).

kötöng/kətəŋ/ n. hole in an ant-hill pre- pared for catching its flying ants, which are edible, when they fly out.

kötomöt /kətomət/ n. pl. blades (see katamöt).

kötos/kətos/ v. [2.ke] to take a nap. kikötösöt/ kikötosat/ n. nap; siesta. kikötisin/kikötisi:n/ n. a person who naps down; kötosot/kətosot/ adj. par. rested.

kötoso/kətoso/, (pl. kətosoyot) able to take a nap. <sy, <otö, <egh.

köturyon/kəturyon/, (pl. kəturtin) n. 1 the forefront of a he-goat. 2 protrudent skin, or bone.

kow yim/kɔ:w jim/ n. space.

köwelyö/kɔ:weliŋ/ n. difficulty.

köwew yitin/kɔ:wew jitin/ v. [2.ke] to raise the ears in alarm; e.g., a dog; to heed. kiköwewöto yitin/kiköwewöto jitin/ n. par. raising the ears.

köwewo:t yitin/kɔ:wewot jitin/ adj. par. raised ears. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

kökököw /kɔwkɔw/ v. [2.ku] to make someone to be rude.

kikökököwöt /kikɔwkɔwɔt/ n. par. rudeness.

kökököw/kəwkəw/, (pl. kökököwe) adj. nimble.

Kowö/kowə/, (pl. koo) n. bone. koo kile/ko: kile:/ adj. bony.

Kowö charut/kowa tʃarut/ n. humerus. Kowö hagh/ kowə hay/ n. humerus. köwo karenyak /kowɔ kareñak/ n. jaw bone. köwo kat/kəwo kat/ n. clavicle. köwo kelat n. emanel.

köwo kororo/kəwo kororo/ n. coccyx. köwo krut/ kəwo krut/ n. vertebra. köwo kuniyt/kəwo kunit/ n. skull. köwo kipes /kəwo kipes/n. femur; tamer. köwo kürut/kəwo kürut/ n. spinal cord. köwo kırwö/kəwo kırwə/ n. axis. köwo körök /kəwo korok/ n. tibia.

köwo lalapka /kəwo lalapka/ n. jaw.

köwo lop /kəwo ləp/ n. pelvis; ischium. köwo löyö/kəwo ləjə/, (pl. köwo loyos) n. scapula.

köwo matany /kəwo mataŋ/ n. jaw.

köwo monion /kəwo monion/ n. an- kle. köwo möt /kəwo mət/ n. skull.

köwo nyang-/kəwo naŋ pagh/kəwo napay/ n. sphenoid. köwo palong/kəwo palŋ/ n. clavicle. köwo pö kel /kəwo pɔ kel/ n. arch of the foot. köwo ptöngkwiłö/kəwo ptənkwıłs/ n. radius/ulna. köwo ronkwo/kəwo ronkwo/ n. coccyx. köwo sümong/kəwo sımonj/ n. pubis. köwo sökröwö/kəwo.səkrwə/ n. occipi- tal. köwo sör /kəwo sər/ n. nasal. köwo takat/kəwo takat/ n. sternum. köwo takoch/kəwo takotsj/ n. skull/ frontal köwo titiñy/kəwo titiñ/ n. calcaneum. koyo kong it/ko:lo kon/ n. ethmoid; lachrimal. koyo morin/ko:lo morin/ (meta)carpus/phalanx. koyo krut/ko:lo krut/ n. ver- tebrae. koyo psel/ko:lo psel/ n. the bones of the fore- arm: ulna and radius. koyo wuk/ko:lo wuk/ n. hump bone.

köyköyön /kəlkəjən/ v. [2.ke] to stammer; to bab- ble. köyköyönöt/kəlkəjənöt/ n. par. stammering. köyköyönin/kəlkəjənin/ n. stammerer. köy- köynön/kəlkəjənən/ n. stammerer. köyköyönöt'ot/kəlkəjənöt/ adj. par. stammered. <otö, <u, <chi'. (see kaykay).

köynat /kɔ:jnat/ adj. stony.

Köyon/kəjən/, (pl. Koyo) n. Keijo people.

Köyü/kəjə/ idem.

köyöpkwö/kɔ:jɔpkwɔ/, koyopkö/ko:jopkə/, (pl. kayap) n. lowland tree (with edible, sweet fruits).

köyöywöñ/kəjəjwən/, (pl. köyöy) n. type of grass (good for thatching and for making brooms).

köyoghii/kəloyi:j/ n. the day after tomorrow.

köyo- ghitit/kəjɔyiti:t/ n. two days after tomorrow. köyo- ghitit nina/kəjɔyitit nina:/ n. after many days; three days after tomorrow.

köyom/kə'lom/ v. [2.ke] to be stranded.
kikö- yomön/kikə'lomən/ n. stranded person.
köyom'ot/kə'mo:t/ adj. par. stranded. <u, <chī, <egh.

köywön/kə'lōwən/ v. [2.ke] to be in dilemma; to surprise. köywönöt/kə'lōwənət/ n. par. sur- prising; dilemma. köywönin/kə'lōwənin/ n. surpriser. köywöno't/kə'lōwəno:t/ adj. par. surprised. <sy, <otö, <chī.

köywön/kə'lōwən/ n. places; e.g., Kirim nyinte köywön lapay—He roamed all places.

Ko/ko:/ n. 1 grandmother (short form). 2 weakness. tīghanİN ko—I feel weak.

Koch/kotʃ/ v. (see kach).

kochii(gh)/kotʃɪy/, köchi/kətʃi/ n. a game played on four, or two, lines of holes very much spread all over Africa. It is played by two players who try to bring to their side all the stones of the contender (the stones stand for cows).

kochuryon/kotʃurjən/,(pl.kochur(tin) n. squanderer.

kochurönön/kotʃurınən/ n. squandering; waste.

Kod/kod/ v. [1.ku] to hook. kikodat/kikodat/,(pl. kikodut) n. par. hooking. kikodsyö /kikodsɔ:/ n. hooking.

kikodin/kikodi:n/ n. someone who hooks. kod'at/ kodata/ adj. par. hooked. kodo/kodo:, (pl.kodisyot) adj. hookable. <sy, <otö, <i, to hook towards the speaker, <u, <chī, <o, <egh, <t.

kodang/kodan/, (pl.kodangtin) n. 1 impatient. 2 person who does not keep secrets.

Kodeny/kodeŋ/ pron. both.

kodi/kodi/, (pl.koditin) n. tax (Kis.). kodi tarkal /kodi tarkal/n. testicle.

kodo tarkal/kodo tarkal/ n. testicle.

Kodongdong/kodordonj/ n. stubborn; undecided (see also kadongdong).

kodosyon/kodos'on/,(pl.kodostin) n. cow with the horns upwards, and bent.

Kogh/koy/ n. stone. koghit /koyit/ v. [2.ku] to make long; to stretch. kikoghitöt/kikoyitöt/ n. stretching. kogh/koy/, (pl.koghöch) adj. tall; high; deep; long. koghiñ/koyñ/ n. height; length; depth; period. kogh(öch)itu/koxitu/ v. to become long, tall, deep.

koghogh/koyoy/, (pl.koghoghoy) n. liver.

koghogh pö kel n. sole of the foot. koghogh pö (y)egh/koyoy pə eɣ/, (pl.koghoyi egh) n. hand palm.

koghpā kitin/koypa kitin/ n. mammary glands.

koghyö/koyjə:/, koghen) n. honey budger.

kokantolyon/kokantoljən/,(pl.kokantol) n. thin firewood.

kokay /kokəj/adv. (for)ever; n. eternity. kokelyan/ kokeļa:n/, (pl.kokel) n. star. Kokelyon/kokeļjən/, kokelyan/kokeļjan/ n. November. kokiköy /kokikəj/

n. whooping cough.

kokipo/kokipo/ pron. whatever.

Kökö/kokə/,(pl.kokötin) n. grandmother (short form: ko . . . grandmother to).

Kokøyon/kokə:jən/,(pl.Kökoyö) n. Kikuyu.

kok'o/koko:/ n. wife of. koko melkong n. woman who circumcises girls. koko kümamöt /koko. kümamöt/ n. widow.

kokom/koko:m/,(pl.kokomtin) n. small sticks used for building.

kokoroch/kokotʃ/, (pl.kokorochöy) n. hen; fowl.

kokosök/kokosök/, kokpsök/kokpsæk/,(pl. korusök(tin)) n. woman who had an abnormal delivery such as twins, a child who came by the legs (cheriwöy) or one who got pregnant closely after birth (cheptiwin).

kokwen pögh/kokwənpəy/ n. island; isle (especially in a river).

kokwenkö/kokwənkə/ n. hunger; e.g., AmatanİN kok- wenkö—I am feeling hungry.

kokwö/kokwə/,(pl.kokwon) n. 1 meeting (especially of elders); summit. 2 meeting place; assembly.

kol /ko:l/ (A) v. [1.ki] to scratch; to scar. kolat/kolat/, (pl.kolut) n. par. 1 scratching. 2 ceremony to cure children and their mothers. kolin/koli:n/ n. scratcher. kolan /kolan/ n. recently scratched. kol'at/kola:t/ scratched. kolo/kolo:/,(pl. kolisyot) adj. scratchable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh, <t.

kol /ko:l/ (B) v. [2.ku] to contract; to shrink. kikolöt/ kikolət/ n. par. shrinking. kikolsyö /kikolsɔ:/ n. contraction.

kikolin/kikoli:n/ n. shrinker.

kol'ot/kolo:t/ adj. par. shrunken; contracted. kolo/kolo:/,(pl.kolsyot) adj. shrinkable. <o, <egh.

Kolano/kolano:/, kolan/kola:n/ v. form. I say (form used to call attention in a conversation) (see lö). kolepten (see kalepta).

kolikö/kolikə/,(pl.koliken) n. frock for women.

kolö/kolɔ/ n. ornamental scars on a man's body indicating that he has killed enemies.

kolokyon/kolokjən/,(pl.kolok) n. grass used as yellow dye.

kolol /kolo:l/ n. vomiting fluid yellow or greenish in colour.

kolompös/kolompöṣ/, (pl.kolompöstin) n. aardvark.

kolyon/koljən/, (pl.koltin) n. gold.

Kolyong/koljəŋ/ n. pl. flies (see kalalyan).

kom/ko:m/,(pl.komtin) n. mug; flask.

Kom/ko:m/ v. [2.ke] 1 to shout for joy. 2 to jump up and down. 3 to echo. kikomöt/kikomöt/ n. par. shouting; jumping; echo.

kikomin/kikomi:n/ n. jumper. kom'ot adj. par. jumped.

komo/komo:/,(pl.komisyot) able to jump. <sy, <ötö, <u, <i, to jump towards the speaker; <t, to jump away from the speaker.

komas /komas/ n. commerce (Eng.).

komchiï/komtsı/ v. [3.ke] to jump to; to as-ault. Kikomchinogh/kikomtſinoy/ kikomchinöt/kikomtſinat/ n. par. jumping. kikomchineghin/kikomtſin/ n. jumper.

komchinezho:t/komtſineyo:t/ adj. par. jumped to. komchinezho/komtſinexo/ able to be jumped. komchinu /komtſini/der. v. to jump to-wards the speaker. komchitö /komtſits/ der. v. to jump away from the speaker. <egh(u), <t, komoghyon/ komoy:on/ ,(pl.komogh) n. word used to call a delicate matter; and at the same time diminish it.

komole/komolə/,,(pl.komoltin) n. spotted animal.

komön (see kaman). komöt/komöt/ n. your mother. komos (see kamas).

kompa pögh /kompa pəy/ n. 1 source of water. 2 spring water.

kompighon/kompiyn/ n. humid; wind.

kompösisyön/kompoſisjən/ n. composition (Eng.).

K'ompos'an,/komposan/ kwomposayan/ kwomposajan/ n. par-ents whose children are intermarried.

kompughonion/kompyonion/, / n. hornbill (bird).

K'or /ko:r/ v. [2.ke] to narrate. kik^oron/kikorón/ n. par. narration.

Kikorin/kikori:n/ story-teller. kikor^on/kikoro:n/ n. stories, narrative. k^or'ot/koro:t/ adj. par. narrated. k^oro/koro/ adj. possible to be narrated. <ötö, <y, <u, <chü, to talk about.

K'or /ko:r/ (B) n. pl. women. korü /korı/ n. females.

koru /koru:/n. wives of.

Koren/kore:n/ n. children's game played using small stones which are tossed up.

korü /korı/ n. pl. (see koor B).

korin/korın/ n. pl. houses, lodges (see kö).

koriron/korıron/, koruron/koruron/,,(pl.koruronoy) n. a bare place without grass or trees. Kori/kori:/ n. pl. houses of (see kö). koringring/koririnjin/ n. earthquake.

korinya/koriŋa/,(pl.korinyoy) n. klippspringer (kind of wild goat).

korka/korka/,k'oo'r/ko:r/ n. woman; wife; lady. kor- ketö /korketö/ n. female. Korketo/ korketo:/ n. wife of. korkönöt, korkanat / korkanat/ n. womanhood; womankind.

korkerwö/korkerwə/,(pl.karkar) n. 1 tree with large seeds used for necklaces. 2 seed of the same tree.

korkor /korko:r/ (A) v. [2.ke] to perspire; to sweat.

korkoröt/korkoröt/ n. par. perspiration.

korkorin/korkori:n/ n. someone who easily sweats. korkoröt /korkoro:t/ adj. par. full of perspiration.

korkoro/korkoro/ able to perspire. <o(tö), sweating because of something.

Korkor/korko:r/ (B) v. [1.ku] to frighten; to scare.

Kikorkorat/kikorkorat/ n. par. frightening.

kikorkorsyö/kikorkorsö/ n. scaring. kikorkorin/ kikorkori:n/n. one who frightens others.

korkortö/korkorta/ v. [3.ke] to roll.

Kikorkortagh/kikorkortay/ n. par. rolling.

kikorkorteghin/kikorkorteyin/ n. roller.

korkertegh'at /korkertegyat/ adj. par. rolled. <ötö, <egh.

korkortö /korkorta/ (B) der. v. to roll away from the speaker.

Korkorun/korkorun/ der. v. [3.ke] to roll something towards the speaker.

korkorwö/korkorrwə/karkar/karka:r/ n. 1 small shrub (ery- thrina abyssinica). 2 seeds of this shrub which are like red and black beans.

kormech/kormets/ n. square-tailed drongo (bird).

kormich/kormits/ n. black weaver (bird). korøyon/ korøyon/,(koröytin) n. spring of water. kor'ok/ koro:k/,(pl.k'orok) (A) n. shank; shin. k'orok/ korok/,(pl.kor'oktin) (B) n. visionary slope, both sides of a river. korokochö/korkokotjə/,(pl. korokochen) wheelbarrow (Eng.). korokong/ korokon/ n. excuse (see kar kong).

korope/korope/ n. any round thing; wheel; rim; hoop.

Korore/korore/ n. 1 place close to a river. 2 anything raised, like the tail of a goat or a cow that is running.

kororo/korora/ n. end of the back. kororochö / kororotjə/ v. 1 to fade. 2 fall of. koros/koros:/ n. pl. lands (see koor A). korotyö/kɔrötjö/ n. blindness.

korteghin/korteyin/(pl.korteghi) n. proxy (see karta). kosityö n. gluteal fold. kosighyon/ kosiy:on/(pl.kosigh) n. seed.

koskos/koskos v. [1.ke] 1 to knock; to tap. 2 to cas- trate rams and he-goats cutting the nerve by beating it. kikoskosöt/kikoskosət/ut/ knocking; beating. kikoskosyö/kikoskosə/ n. beating. kikoskosin/kikoskosin/ n. someone who knows. kikoskosan/kikoskosan/ n. par. an animal recently castrated. koskos'at/koskosat/ adj. knocked; castrated.

koskoso/koskoso/,(pl.koskosoyt) n. knockable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <t, <egh. 3 koskos lökoy/ koskos lakoj/ v. to narrate entirely a story.

kosotyö/kosotjə/ n. sickness; fever.

koswö/koswə/ n. dead, or aborted foetus.

kosjomö/kosjomə/, (pl. kosyomen) n. loins, lumber

köt/köt/ n. pl. (see kotyon).

kötöt/kötöt/, (pl. koti) n. arrow. koti asis n. sunrays.

koti **kityöli**/koti kitjolı/n. bullet.

koti **koti** /,(pl. kotin) n. coat (Eng.).

kotkot/kotkot v. [1.ku] 1 to crow like a hen when it lays eggs. 2 to straighten; to rise. kikotkotöt/ kikotkotöt/ n. par. hen's crow. kikotkotsyö/ kikotkotsyö/ n. crowing. kikotkotin/kikotkotin/. hen than crows a lot.

kotkot'ot/ kotkottot/ adj. par. crowded. <otö, <o, <egh.

kötön/kötən/v. [2.ke] to wound; to maim; to injure. kikötönöt/kikötənöt/n. par. injure

kikötönsyö/kikötə/ n. wounding. ki (bird).

kötönin/kitönin/ n. maimer. kikötönön/kikötənən/ n. wounded. kötönö't/kötənöt/adj. par. wounded. kötönö/kötəno/able to be wounded. <o(tö), <chii, <egh.

kotyon/kotion/, (pl. kötöt) n. severe injured person; maimed. kowogh/kowoy/ n. pl. hyenas (see Kawagh). Koydadu/kojdadu/ n. comet.

koylow/kojlow/ adv. 1 from afar, e.g., ngalana koylow, talk from afar. 2 things from the past, e.g., ngala koylow, matters of previous

kuke adj. important.

kukiy/kuki/,(pl. kukudin, kukidin) n. dog.

kukö/kukə/, (pl. kukötin) 1 grandfather. 2 n. pl. ancestors.

kukön/kukon/ v. [2.ke] to cower down; to shrink because of fear. kukönöt/kukanöt/ n. cowering. kukönsyö/kukənsyö/ n. cowering. kukönin/ kukönin/n. cower but still resist. kukönö't/ kükönöt/adj. par. cowered. kukönö/kikəno/, (pl. kukonisyon) adj. able to cower. <sy, <otö, <chii, <egh.

kukot/ku:t/n. pl. doors; entries (see kukat). times.

ku/ku:/ku' adj. when the crop reaches half its koyögh/kojəy/(pl. koyöghtin) n. marriage; ceremony; be- trothal; wedding. size; e.g., Kikuku' paghechan—My crop has grown well.

koyöy/kojəj/ n. ket pö koyöy fictitious tree ku'/ku/ku' n. children's game (hide and seek). believed to be found in some mountains whose scent or smoke kills living creatures. However, only a clan among the Pököt knows where to find it, and how to use it.

koyo/kojö/ (see köwo).

koytö/kojötö/ kel der. v. [3.ke] to stride (see kogh). kreswö/kreswə/(pl. kres) n. 1 euphorbia candelabrum captus (though the consistency of this tree is small, its trunk is used for making bee- hives; its white sap is a strong gum used to join the spear

head made out of iron, with the wooden shaft; the same white sap is used for curing wounds). 2 many people (fig. language).

krosyan/krosjan/, (pl. krostin) n. type of tree (cordia africana).

krusolito/krusolito:/ n. a stone like quartz; chrysolite krusopros/krusopros/ n. a stone like chalcedony; chrysopros (Eng., Greek).

kud/ku:d/ v. [2.ke] to bend. kikudöt/ kikudöt/ n. par. bending. kikudsyö/kikudsö/ n. bending. kikudin/kikudi:n/ n. someone who bends things. kikudön/kikudön/ n. something bent. kud'ot/kudot/ adj. par. bent. kudo/kudo:/, (pl. kudisyon) adj. able to bend. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii.

kukuduwas/kukuduwas/ n. black flycatcher (bird).

kukarlala/kukarlala/ adv. completely; e.g., kanyigü kukarlala—up to the brim.

kuk /ku:k/v. [2.ku] to faint (see musto). n. a warning signal issued to avoid danger.

kukat/kukat/, (pl. kukot) n. door.

kukay/kuka:i/, (pl. kukayoy) n. crow; rook; raven

kukudin /kukudi:n/ n. pl. dogs (see kukiy). ukugh/ kukux/, kikigh/kirkıy/, (pl. kikightin) n. crocodile.

kukugh/kukux/ (A) v. [2.ke] to ooze; to mix slime, or blood; to stir. kikukughöt/kikukuxöt/ n. par. oozing. kikukughsyö/kikukuxsö/ n. oozing. kikukughin/kikukuyi:n/ n. someone who mixed slime. kikukughö/ki.kukuya/ n. slime; sludge. kukugho't/kukuyot/ adj. par. mixed. kukugho/ kukuyo:/, (pl. kukughisyon) adj. mixable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

kukugh/kukux/, kikuy/kiku:i/ (B) v. [2.ku] 1 to hasten. 2 to row; laud noise, confusion. 3 when any dance reaches its climax. kitun pich kukugh./kukuy/ kikukughöt/kikukuyöt/, kikukuyöt/kikukuyöt/ n. par. hastening. kikukughsyö/kikukuxsö/ n. confusion. kukugho't adj. par. hastened; confused.

kukulkulin/kukulkuli:n/ n. person who likes gargling.

kukulkulyeghin/kukulkulıeyin// n mixer; a person who mixes.

kukuyon/kukulon/, Kukiyon/kukrıon/ n. Kikuyu.

kul/ku:l/ (A) v. [2.ke] to extract blood with a ventose. kulöt n. par. extracting of blood. kulsyo n. extraction of blood with ventose. kulin/kulin/ extractor. kulön/kulən/ n. extracted blood. kulo/ kulo:/adj. extractable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

kul /ku:l/ (B) v. [2.ke] to freeze. kulöt n. par. freezing. kulo't /kulot/ adj par. frozen. kulo/ kulo:/, (pl. kulisyon) adj. able to freeze; e.g., Kakulanın yomöt amna nyoman—The wind freezed me last night; it was too cold. kulkul /kulkul/ (A) v. [2.ke] to rumble. kulkul mu/kulkul mu:/ v. to feel the stomach rambling. ki-

kulkulöto mu /kulkulöto mu:/ n. par. rumbling of the stomach; e.g., Kalkulanın mu/kukulanın mu:/

My stomach is rambling.

kulkul/kulku:l/ (B) v. [1.ke] to gargle. kikulkulat/ kikulkulat/ n. par. gargling. ki-kulkulin/kulkuli:n/ n. a person who does gar-gles. kulkul'at/ kulkula:t/ adj. par. gargled.

kulkulo/kulku:l/ adj. able to be gargled. <sy, <otö, <chü, kulöwon/kuləwon/, (pl. kulöw) n. sucking horn. kulukulu/kulukulu/, (pl. kulukulun) n. Turkey (Kis.).

kulumyon/kulumjón/, (pl. kulumen) n. small insects produce honey, living in the ground.

kumama/kumama/ n. pl. (see kumomoyin).

kumat/kumat/, (pl. kumot) n. honey. kumata/ kumata:/ n. honey of.

kumeyö/kumeyö/ n. ground insect which produces honey.

kumiñ/kumiñ/ n. beer; any alcoholic beverage; liquor. Kumi/kumi:/ n. beer of. kumi ket /kumi ket/n. traditional beer made out of honey and brewed with rotin.

kumomoyin/kumomojn/, (pl. Kumama) n. Teso people.

kumot/kumo:t/ n. pl. (see kumat).

kumpörö/kumpörö/ n. lower side of a road. ara kumpörö/ara: kumpörö/ n. at the lower side of the path.

kumunmun /kumunmun/adv. somehow; anyhow, about, almost.

kuniya/kuni:a/, (pl. kuniyis) n. sack (Kis.). kunkö/ kunkə/ pron. where is? kuntıl/kuntıl/, (pl. kuntul) n. log.

kunto /kunto:/ n. top side of a road are kunto/ kunto/on the upper side of the path. Kuntoka/ kuntoka/ n. upper side; North (see kaynatoka).

kuntokö/kuntokə/ n. South (see kaynaporö).

kuntul /kuntul:/ n. pl. logs (see kuntıl).

Kungat/kunat/ prep. besides; again (see ngat).

kunyik/kunjı/, (pl. kunyikoy) n. maze (especially used for killing cattle); sledge; hammer.

kunyıt/kunıt/ n. (great) brains. kunyurnyıt / kunurñıt/ adv. continuously. kunyut/kunüt/, (pl. kunyu:t) n. brains.

Kupcup/kupku:p/ v. [2.ke] to make a purification ceremony for women called parpara pö kor-ka. kikupcupöt/kikupcupat/ n. par. that ceremony. kikupcupsyö/kikupcupşö/ n. purifying a woman. kikupcupin/kikupcupi:n/ n. the leader of that ceremony.

kupkuo:t/kupkuo:t/ adj. par. a woman who has done that ceremony.

kupkuo:/kupkuo:/, (pl. kupkupisyon) adj. putrifiable <sy, <otö), <u, <chü.

kur/ku:r/ v. [2.ke] 1 to call 2 to invite. 3 to spell (for a word) kuröt/kurət/ 1 n. call. 2 vocation. 3 refrain in a song. 4 to name someone.

kursyo/kursjə/ n. calling. kurin/kuri:n/ 1 n. caller. 2 n. soloist in a song. kuro:t/kuro:t/ adj. par. called; invited. kuro/kuro:/ adj. able to be called. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

ku'rıl/kurıl/ n. (shoulder) joint.

Kuril/kuril/ n. knee cap.

kuris/kuris/ n. uncoagulated milk.

kurkur/kurkur:r/ (A) v. [1.ke] to bare; to pass through a hole. kurkuratku n. par. boring. kurkur'at/ kurkura:t/ adj. par. sneaked.

kurkur/kurkur:r/ (B) v. [2.ke] to wallow. ki-kurkuröt/kikurkurat/ n. par. wallowing. ki-kurkursyo/kurkursjö/ n. wallowing. Kikururin/kurkuri:n/ n. someone who does so. kikurkurön/ kikurkurön/ n. wallower. kurkur'ot/kurkuro:t/ adj. par. wallowed. kurkuro/kurkuro:/ adj. able to wallow. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

kurtö/kurto/ der. v. [3.ke] to invite (to call for something). kurtoğh/kurtoy/ n. par. invitation. Kurteghin/kurteyin/ n. inviter; host. kurtegho:t / kurteyo:t/adj. par. invited. kurtegho/kurtexo:/ able to be invited. <egh(u).

kururat/kururat/ v. to starve (see chwon).

kurnet/kurnet/ n. grenade.

kus/ku:s/ v. [1.ku] to praise; to glorify. kikusat/ kikusat/, (pl. kikusut) n. praise. Kikusin/kikusi:n/ n. praiser. kikusan/kikusan/ n. someone praised. kus'at/kusa:t/ adj. par. praised. kuso/kuso:/ glorifiable. <chü, <u, <otö).

kuskus/kuskus/ v. [1.ku] to urge; to accelerate; to haste; to gabble. kikuskusat/kikuskusat/, (pl. kikuskusut) n. par. urging. kikuskusyo / kikuskusjə/ adv. urgency; acceleration. kikuskusin/kikuskusi:n/ n. someone who haste; gabbler.

kikuskusan/kikuskusan/ n. gabbler. kuskus'at/ kuskusat/ adj. par. urged; hasted. kuskuso/ kuskuso:/ able to be hasted. <sy, <otö), <u, <chü, <egh.

kusom pö lüp/kusom pö lüp/ n. small of the back.

kut/kut:/ (A) v. [1.ke] 1 to blow. 2 to scold; to berate. kutat/kutat/ n. par. blowing; scolding; reprimand. kutsyo/kutsjö/ n. blowing.

kutin/kuti:n/ n. blower; piper. kut'at/kuta:t/adj. par. blown.

kuto/kuto:/, (pl. kutisot) adj. blowable. <sy, <otö), <u, <chü, <t, <egh.

kut/kut:/ (B) v. [2.ke] to scrape (especially scratching a pot). kutöt/kutöt/ n. par. scraping. kutsyo/kutsjö/ n. scraping. kutin/kuti:n/ n. scraper (someone who scraps).

kut'ot/kuto:t/ adj. par. scraped. kuto/kuto:/, (pl. kutisot) adj. scrapable. <sy, <otö), <u, <chü, <egh.

kut/kut:/ (C) v. [2.ki] to blaspheme. kutöt/kutöt/n.

par. blasphemy. kutin/kuti:n/ n. blasphemous. kut'ot /kuto:t/ adj. par. blasphemed. <egh.

kut/kut/,(pl.kutöw) 1 n. mouth. 2 n. voice. 3 n. tune (in a song). 4 n. message. 5 n. opening. kutpa kitin /kutpa kitin/ n. nipple. kuti ngot/ kuti nöt/ n. a spear's blade. kuti tarit/kuti tarit/,(pl. kutöw töritwö) n. beak. kut la- kas/kut la kas/ adj. mouthful. kut nyö karam/kut no karam/ adj. sonorous.

kutany/kutanj/ prep. toward(s).

kutii/kuti/ v. [3.ke] to swell; to bloat. kutunat/kutunat/ swelling. kutunan/kutunan/ n. protrusion; swelling. kutun'at/kutuna:t/ adj. par. swelled. kutuno/kutuno:/ adj. able to swell. <otö, <chü, <egh.

kutii/kuti/ (A) n. rust (Kis.).

kuting/kutinj/,(pl.kutungot) n. 1 hill; hillock. 2 knee.

kutita/kutita/ der. v. [3.ke] to emit; to blow.

kutitagh /kutitay/ n. par. emission. kutitöghin/ kutiteyin// n. emitter. kutütegh'ot/kutiteyo:t/ adj. pl. emitted. kutito/kutito/ emittable. <egh, <otö.

kuti/kuti/,kiti/kriti/,(pl.kitin) n. cat. kuti soo / kuti so:/ n. tall grass; elephant grass. kuti kitin / kuti kitin/ n. nipple.

kutkutya/kutkut'a/ n. medicinal herb for treating chepiskut (cough); moss.

kutö/kutə/,(pl.kutoy) n. aardvark.

kutöwon/kutəwon/,(pl.kutöw) n. spatula; scraper (see kut/kut/ A).

kutwö /kutwö/ n. crowd.

kuvi/kuvi/, kughü/kuyı/,(pl.kuwüsöy, kughüsöy) n. front leg of animals.

kuy/ku/ v. [2.ki] to remove horns from a horny animal. kuyöt/kułet/ n. par. removing horns. kusyö/kusłe/ n. removing horns. kuyin/kułin// n. a remover of horns. kuyön/kułen/n. an animal whose horn have been removed.

kuyo't kuyo't/kułot/ adj. par. when the horns of an animal have been removed. kuyo/kuło:/ adj. removable. <sy, <otö, <u, <chü, <egh. kuy /ku/ n. pl. horns (see kuyöw).

kuyegh/kułey/ conj. toward; ahead. kuyegh tagh/ kułeytagh/ prep. onward; from now on; henceforth.

kuyöw/kułə/, kuyögħ/kułəy/,(pl.kuy) n. horn.

kwagh/kway/ v. [1.ke] to pick up from the ground; to retrieve. kwaghat/kwayat/ n. par. picking up. kwöghsyö/kwəysło/ n. collec- tion. kwöghin/ kwɔxin/ n. picker. Kwaghan/kwayan/ n. something picked. kwagh'at/kwayat/ adj. par. picked up. kwögho/kwəgo/ adj. pickleable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

kwagħha/kwaxa/,(pl.kwoghe) n. he-goat.

kwan'achan/kwana:tʃan/,kwanach'an/kwanatʃa:n/ n. something ragged.

kwang/kwanj/,(pl.kwangtis) (A) n. bow.

kwang/kwanj/ (B) v. [1.ki] to be confused. kwangat /kwa ńat/ n. par. confusing. Kwangan/ kwanjan/ n. con- fused. kwang'at/kwanja:t/ adj. par. confused. kwongo/kworo:/,(pl.kwongisyot) confusable. <u, <chü, <egh.

kwanta/kwanta:(A) n. his/her father.

kwanta/kwanta/ (B) v. [3.ke] to knock something down; to thrash. kwantagh/kwantay/ n. par. knocking down; thrashing. kwönteghin/kwönteyin/ n. a person who knocks others down. kwan- teghan/ kwanteyan/ n. someone knocked down.

kwantegh'at/kwanteyat/,(pl.kwöntegh'ot) adj. par. thrashed. kwöntegho/kwönteyo:/ able to be thrashed. <sy, <chü, <eghu, <eghotö.

kwantine/kwantine/ n. pl. their fathers.

kwany/kwanj/,kwang/kwanj/, pkwany/pkaj/ (A) v. [1.ku] to flash. kikwanyat/kikwanat/ n. par. flashing.

kwkwonyö /kikwənsłə/ n. flashing. kikwo- nyin/ kikwoñi:n/ n. flasher. kwany'at/kwanat:/,(pl. kwony'ot) adj. par. flashed. kwonyo/kwono/ adj. flashable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t, something.

kwany/kwanj/ (C) v. [1.ke] to frizzle. Kwanyat/ kwanat/ n. par. frizzling. kwönyösyö/kwənsłə/ n. frizzling. <egh, because of.

kwanyagh/kwanay/ n. par. dotage.

kwanyan/kwanan/,(pl.kwan) n. bowels; intestines; en- trails. kwanyan/kwanan/ n. the reading of an animal's entrails for foretelling the future.

kwankwany/kwajkwaj/ v. [1.ki] to stir; to mix. kwankwanyat/kwankwanat/ n. par. mixing. könykönyösö/kənkeñsło// n. stirring. kwöny- kwönyin/kwəñkəñin/ n. someone who stirs. kwanykwanyan/kwajkwanan/ n. something stirred. kwanykwany'a t/ kwajkwana:t/ adj. par. stirred. kwönykwönyo/ kwəñkwəño:/(kwönykwönyisyot) adj. mixable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

kwarat/kwarat/ v. [1.ke] to scratch. kwaratat/ kwaratat/ n. par. scratching. kwörötsyö/kwərətsłə/ n. scratch. kwörötin/kwərətin/ n. scratcher. Kwaratan/kwaratan/ n. scratched. kwarat'at/ kwarata:t/adj. par. scratched. kwöröto/kwərəto:/ adj. par. scratchable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, (<ch)ü, <egh, scratch toward the speaker.

kwaresima/kwaresimq/ n. lent (Kis., Latin).

kwarkwaryan/kwarkwarijan/,(pl.kwarkwar) n. type of (ev- ergreen) plant; ivy (cissus rotundifolia). kwat (A) v. [1.ke] to dodge. Kwatat/kwata:t/ n. par. dodging. kwötsyö/kwətsłə/ n. dodging. kwötin/kwəti:n/ n. dodger. kwat'at/kwata:t/ (pl.kwö'tot) adj. par. dodged. kwöto/kwəto/,(pl. kwatisyot) adj. avoidable. <sy, <otö, <u, <chü.

kwat/kwat / (B) v. [1.ke] to challenge someone.

kwatat/kwatat/ adj. par. challenging. kwötsyö/ kwötsö/ n. challenge. kwötin/kwötin/ n. challenger. kwat'at/kwata:t/, (pl.kwö't ot) adj. par. challenged. kwöto/kwöto:/ adj. challengeable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

kwat/kwat / (C) v. [1.ke] to stumble someone; to trick. kwatat/kwatat/, (pl.kwotut) n. par. stumbling. kwotin/kwotin/ n. person who enjoys to trick others. kwatan n. recently stumbled. kwat'at/kwata:t/, (pl.kwö't ot) adj. par. stumbled. <o(tö), <egh, <u, <chi.

kikwelkwelet/kikwelkwelet/ n. par. bantering. kikwelkweleyö/kikwelkweleyö/ n. bantering. ki-kwelkweelin/kwekwelin/ n. a person who does so. kikwelkwelön/kikwelkwelön/ n. bantered. kwelkwelet/kwelkwelet/ adj. par. bantered. kwenykwennyö/kwenykwennyö/ able to be bantered. <sy, <otö, <u, <chi. kw'en/kw'en/ n. & adj. 1 middle. Kwenu/kwenu/, kwenoyö /kweno:ə/ middle of; adv. between. 2 peaceful place where no enemy can reach, in the middle. kwenu kareran/ kwenu kareran/ adj. half, a share. kwenu korope/ kwenu korope/ n. hub (for bicycles).

kw'en/kw'en/kwenta/kwenta/ n. firewood. kwenta kile/kweta kile/ n. woody, good only for firewood.

kwenykweny/kwenqweny/ v. [1.ke] to gleam; to twinkle. Kikwenkwenyat/kikwenkwenyat/ n. par. gleaming. kikwenykwennyö/kikwenqkwennyö/ n. gleaming. kikwenykwennyin/kikwenqkwennyin/ n. gleamer. ki- kwenykwennyan/kikwenqkwennyan/ n. gleaming. kweny- kweny'at/kwenqkwenat/ adj. par. gleamed; twin- kled. kwenykweno/kwenqkweno:/ able to gleam. <otö, <u, <chi.

kwerkwer /kwerkwer/ v. [2.ki] to glitter. kwer- kwer/kwerkwer/, (pl.kwerkwere) adj. glittering. kwer- kwerinön/kwer.kwerinän/ n. glitter. kwerkweröt /kwerkweröt/ n. par. glittering. Kwerkwerit/kwerkwerit/ (pl.kwerkweritu) v. to become glittering.

kwil/kwil / (A) v. [1.ke] to select; to choose; to vote. kwilat/kwilat/ n. par. election; voting. kwilsyö/kwilsö/ n. election. kwilin/ kwilin/ n. elector, voter. kwilan/kwilan/ n. elected; voted. kwil'at/kwila:t/ adj. par. elected. kwilo/kwilo/ s eligible. <sy, <otö, <chi, <u, <t, to choose among. <o, <egh. (Kara.)

kwil /kwil / (B) v. [2.ke] to club. kwilöt/kwilat/

kwechkwech/kwetjkwetj/ (A) v. [1.ke] to behave funny. n. par. clubbing kwilsyö/kwilsö/n. clubber 2 naughty. kwechkwechat/kwetjkwetjat/ n. par. funny behaviour.

kwechkwechan /kwetjkwetjan/ n. funny. wechkwech'at/kwetjkwetjat/ adj. par. funny.

kwechkwech/kwetjkwetj/ (B) v. [1.ke] to fail raining. kikwechkwechat/kwetjkwetjat/, (pl.kwechkwechut) n. par. failing of rain.

kikwechkwechan /kikwtjkwtjan/ n. fail rain- ing; e.g., Kikwechkwechan ilat könyinete The rain this year has been very poor.

kwechkwecho/kwetjkwtjo:/ (pl. kwechkwechyt) able to fail raining.

kweghö/kwęgə/ (pl.kwegh) n. shoe; any footwear. kwegho mitika/kwęgomitika/ n. footwear made of tyre. kwelkwel/kwälkwel/ v. [2.ke] to banter; to tease.

kwilin/kwili:n/ n. club. kwilo:t/kwilo:t/ adj. par. clubbed. kwilo/kwilo:/, (pl.kwiliyat) possible to be clubbed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

kwil/kwil/ (C) v. [2.ki] to slaughter. kwilöt/ kwilöt/ n. par. slaughtering. kwilsyö/kwilsö/ n. slaughtering. kwilin/kwilin/ n. slaughterer. kwilo:t /kwilo:t/ adj. par. slaughtered. kwilo/ kwilo:/,possible to be slaughtered. <sy, <otö, <u, <chi, <o, <egh, <t.

kwile/kwile/ adv. only (with derogative sense); e.g., Ichiniyi chi kwile—You are just a person.

kwilistö/kwilistə/ n. mongoose.

kwireran /kwireran/ n. idler, loafer (Kara.).

kwiryon /kwiryon/ n. a type of a tree used to make a walking, shepherding or even fighting stick (see akwiryon).

k(w)iti/kwiti:/, /kiti:/(pl.krititin/ n. cat.

kwil/kwil/ v. [1.ke] 1 to strengthen; to insist. 2 to enforce into oneself. kwilat/kwila:t/ n. par. insistence.kwilin/kwilin/ n. in- sistent person; someone who strengthens. kwil'at/kwilat/, (pl. kwilo:t) adj. par. strengthen. kwilo/kwilo:/, (pl. kwilyot) adj. able to be strengthen. <sy, <otö, <u, <chi, <egh, <t. kwilista/kwilista/, (pl.kwilisten) n. whitenape weasel.

kwirön /kwirən/ n uncoagulated milk.

kwör/kwär/ v. [2.ki] 1 to smite. 2 to carry heavy luggage.

kwörkwör/kwörkwör/ v. [2.ke] to glitter. kwörkwör- nön/kwörkwörön/ n. glitter.

kwörkwöröt/kwärkwäröt/ n. par. glittering.

kwörkwör/kwörkwör/ adj. glittering.

kwör- kwörinön/kwärkwärinän/ n. glitter.

kwörkwörít(u)/kwerpärít/ v. to become glittering.

kwoghyö/oy/ n. honey badger.

kworkwor/kworkware/ adj. streak.

kworkworit(u) v. to become streak.

kwot (see kwat).

L, I

La/la/- (see lö).

la-chak/latʃak/ adv. Tilil kayay la-chak—That house is very clean. Kam nyinte peny la-chak—He ate all the meat. Keyinta mwaghay la-chak—All the oil has poured out. la-chim adv. all completely. Kaki- rang twakwa la-chim—They took away all their cows. anyin la-chim—very sweet.

la-chim/letʃi:m/ adv. all completely. Karanga twakwa la-chim—They took away all their cows. anyim la-chim—very sweet.

la-kat/laka:t/ adv. Kila asis la-kat—The sun is very hot. ngwan la-kat—very bitter.

la-kich /lakɪf/ adv. Kipir milöt la-kich—She pressed into the bag very much. Kidwa- ri Apongotum kipir sırwali la kich—Apon-gotum had very tight trousers because of his fatness.

la-kwar /la-kwar/ adv. quickly; promptly. Nyonö la-kwar—Come at once.

la-ryaw/lari:w/ adv. Kewonyö la-ryaw—It got finished at once.

la-say/lasa:/ adv. quiet; e.g., Kisis la-say—They kept a silence.

la-siny/lasiŋ/ adv. Tera la-siny—Listen carefully.

la-tiny/latɪŋ/ adv. Kagham omisyö la-tiny—The food was just enough.

la-wa /lawa:/ adj. quickly.

la-wel/lawel/ adv. quickly, fast, immediately, soon. Nyonö la-wel—Come quickly.

lach (see lak).

lach/latʃ/ v. [1.ke] to scorch; to char; to burn. lachat/latʃat/, (pl.lochut) n. par. scorch- ing. Lachan/latʃan/ n. something recently burnt. lach'at/latʃat/, (pl.loch'ot) adj. par. burnt. locho/lotʃo:/ adj. scorchable. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

lak/lak/ n. something very sweet; e.g., Iyupenyi chay chole lak—You drink very sugary tea.

lak /la:k(A) v. [1.ke] to wear; to dress.

ki- lakan/kilakan/(pl.kilökut) n. par. vestment. ki-loksyo/kilosyo/ n. wearing. Kilakan/kilakan/ n. vest- ment. lak'at/laka:t/, (pl.lök'ot) adj. par. dressed. loko/loko/, (pl.kisyon) adj. possible to wear. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

lak/lak/ (B) v. to divorce (a married daughter). kilakan/killakan/, (pl.kilokut) n. par. divorce. ki-loksyo/kilosyo/ n. divorcing. kilokin/kilokin/ n. par- ent who divorces his daughter. Kilakan/ kilakan/ di- vorced woman. lak'at/laka:t/, (pl.lok'ot) adj. par. di- vorced. loko/loko/: adj. possible to divorce. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. (see katyach) (Kari.)

la-do/lado:/ adv. all; everybody. Kurunö

la-do—Call everybody. pitch

lak/lak/,lök /lök/ (C) v. [1.ke] to throw stones; to stone. lakat/lakan/, (pl.lökut) n. par. stoning.

la-ham /laham/ adv. Kiwoki la-ham—He answered back at once; he snatched immediately.

la-kaa/laka:/ adv. rel la-kaa—very white.

la-kas/lakas/ adv. full. Kinyighi la-kas—It was completely full.

lökin/ləki:n/ n. stone thrower. lak'at/laka:t/,lök'ot/ ləkɔ:t/ stoned. loko/ləko:/, (pl.lökisyon) adj. possible to stone. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t, at someone or something. laklak/laklak/,löklök/ ləklək/ rep. v. [1.ke] 1 to stone continuously (see lak). 2 chisking.

lakwan/lakwan/ v. [1.ke] to mix liquids; to blend; to mingle. lakwanat /lakwanat/ n. par. blending. lokwöniñ /lokwöniñ/ n. one who mixes. lakwaná't/lakwana:t/, (pl.lökwöno:t) adj. par. mixed. lokwöno/lokwöno/, (pl.lökwönisyot) adj. mixable. <o(tö), <chi, <u, <egh.

lakwar /ləkwar/ adv. prompt.

lakwen /lakwən/ 1 to mix. 2 exchange. 3 deviate. lal/ la:l/, (pl.laloy) n. horn used for keeping oil. lalach / lałat/ v. [1.ke] to shake off; to drub.

lalachat/lalatʃat/, (pl.lölöchut) n. par. shaking. lölöchsyö/łəłtʃsɔ:/ n. shaking off. lölöchin/ ləłetʃin/ n. one who shakes something. lalach'at/ lalatʃat/, (pl.lölöch'ot) adj. par. shaken. lölöcho/ ləłetʃo:/, (pl.lölöchisyon) adj. shakable. <o(tö), <u, <chi. lalayta/lala:t'a/ shake off from.

lalak /lalak/ v. [1.ki] to sicken by glutting with sweetness; to destroy a house and then build it again; to shake one's cloth in order to drop some unwanted insect(s); to postpone a previously arranged journey.

lamaka/lalamka/ n. temporalis.

lalang/lalan/ v. [1.ke] 1 to make warm. 2 to incubate (of a hen). kilalangat/kilalanat/, (pl. kilolongut) n. par. incubation. <egh, referring to place where the hen is incubating. lalang/lalan/, (pl. lolonge) adj. warm; snug. lo- longyo/lołonjɔ:/ n. warmth. Lalangit/lalanjt/, (pl. lölöngitu) v. to become warm.

lapapka /lapapka/ n. cheek.

lalay/lala:/ v. [1.ke] to cover something slightly (e.g., with sand); not to close a door completely. kilalayat /kilala:t/ n. par. cover- ing. Kiloloyin/ kilolojin/ n. person who does so. lalay'at/ lala:jat/, (pl.loloy'ot) adj. par. covered. lölöyo/ ləło:o/ lösyon/ adj. possible to cover. <u, <chi, <o, <t.

laiyan/laiyan/ v. [1.ke] to be shy. laiyanat/ laiyanat/ n. par. shiness. loliyonin/loli:oniñ/ n. shy person. laiyan/laiyan/ n. shy person. <ata, <oy.

lalwa/lalwa/, (pl.lalwatin) n. river.

lomo/lomo/, (pl.lomisyot) adj. possible to reboil. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <t, for someone else; or referring to the instrument.

lam/lam/ (B) n. 1 tarmac road. 2 asphalt. nam lam/nam.la:m/ v. to get many problems.

lamkach/lamkats/ n. temporarily.

lamok/lamok/ v. [1.ke] to cover a gourd with a goat's skin after celebrating 'moy'. kilamokat/kilamokat/, (pl.kilömokut) n. par. cover. kilömoksyo/kilömoksyo/ n. covering. kilömokin/kilämokin/ n. one who covers the gourd for that occasion. Kilamokan /kilamokan/ n. covered gourd. lamok'at/lamoka:t/(pl.lömök'ot) adj. par. covered. lömoko/lämoko:/ adj. possible to cover. <o(tö), <u, <chii.

lang/laŋ/ (A) v. [1.ki] to climb; to ascend; to mount; to go up. langat/laŋat/, (pl.longut) n. par. climbing. longsyö n. climbing. Longin/lonjin/ n. climber. lang'at/laŋa:t/, (pl.long'ot) adj. par. climbed. longo/loŋo:/ adj. mountable; possible to climb. <otö, <chii, <i, <o, <egh, <i, towards the speaker, <t away from the speaker.

lang/laŋ/ (B) v. [1.ki] to claim something for long time. Langat/laŋat/ n. par. claiming. Longin/lonjin/ n. claimer. lang'at/laŋa:t/, (pl.long'ot) adj. par. claimed. <otö, <u, <chii, <egh, because of.

langany/laŋan/ v. [1.ke] to lament; to regret; to resent. langanyat/laŋaŋat/, (pl.löngönyut) n. par. resentment. löngönyösyo/loŋŋəŋsyo/ n. regretting. löngönyin/loŋŋəni:n// n. resentful. langanyan/laŋaŋan/ n. regretful. langany'at/laŋaŋat/, (pl.löngöny'ot) adj. par. regretted; resented. <o(tö), <t.

langta (see lanya).

lanya /laŋta/v. [3.ke] to succeed. Lanytagh/laŋtax/ n. par. success. lönyteghin/loŋtexin/ n. person who prospers. lanyteghan n. success- ful. lanytegh'at/laŋtegh'at/, (pl.lönytegh'ot) adj. par. prospered. <o(tö).

lap /lap/ (A) v. [1.ke] to add more beer.

la-pat/la.pat/, (pl.löput) n. par. going for more beer.

lale /laŋteyan.lale/ v. [2.ke] to itch. kileleyöt/kilelejöt/

löpsyö/loψsyo/ n. adding more beer. Lapan/lapan/ n. par. itching. leleyo/lelejö/, (pl.leleisyon) adj. able to itch. <o(tö), <egh.

lam/lam/ (A) v. [1.ke] 1 to ponder; to recon- sider well. Kilamat/kilamat/ n. par. pondering; reboiling. kilomin/kilomin/ n. one who pon- ders. lam'at/lamat/, (pl.lom'ot) adj. par. reboiled. n. one of the ceremonies of circumcision. lap'at/lapat/, (pl. löpö't) adj. par. when more beer has been added.

lap/lap/ (B) v. [1.ke] to smear with; e.g., blood, mud, etc. lapat/lapat/ n. par. smearing with. lapan n.

smeared with. lap'at/lapa:t/, (pl.löpo:t) adj. par. smeared; sprinkled with. <otö.

l'ap/la:p/ (B) v. [1.ki] to cleanse a woman after child birth. l'apa/la:pa/, lapat/lapat/(pl.löput) n. par. that ceremony. löpin/löpi:n/ n. the old woman that performs the ceremony. lap'at/lapa:t/ (pl.löp'ot) adj. par. woman who has received that ceremony. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <o, <egh. lapan/lapa:n/, (pl.lopöw) n. the third main ceremony during the initiation rite of circumcision; it takes place around three months after the circumcision; for girls it is the last of the ceremonies held. l'apa/la:pa/, lapat/lapat/, (pl.löput) n. par. that ceremony. löpin/löpi:n/ n. the old woman that performs the ceremony. lap'at/lapa:t/ (pl. löpö't) adj. par. woman who has received that ceremony. <u, <chii, <o.

lapay/ləpəi/ 1 adv. & pron. all; each; everyone; everybody; everything. 2 n. severe fine to pay for the killing of a person.

lapilyan/lapılyan/ n. trout.

lapititit/lapititit/, (pl.lapitititu,löpititu) v. to become slimy. lapitit/lapitit/, (pl.löpitite) adj. slimy. la- pityöö/lapititöö/ n. slimeness. lapitit kut/lapitit kut/ n. person who lisps (litt., slippery mouth).

laporta/laporta/, (pl.löporten) v. to transfer (Kari.).

las /las/ v. [1.ku] to pant; to gasp. ki-lasagh/kilasa:y/,kilasat/kilasat/, (pl.kilosut) n. par. panting. kilösön/kiläsön/kilasan/kilasan/ n. person who pants. las'at/lasat/, (pl.lös'ot) adj. par. panted. löso/leso/, (pl.lösyot) adj. possible to pant. <otoy, because of (Kara.).

laskan/laskan/ v. [1.ke] to leave something imperfectly done. Laskanat /laskanat/ n. par. not doing well; inadequacy. loskonöö/loskonsöö/ n. flaw- ing. loskonin/loskonin/ n. person who does not fulfil his/her duties. laskanan n. some- thing not well done (e.g., roasted meat). laskan'at/laskanat/, (pl.loskono't) adj. par. not well done; inadequate. loskono/loskono:/, (pl.loskonisyot) adj. possible to leave something not well done. <u, <chii, <o.

lasta/lasta/ v. [3.ke] 1 to subtract; to deduct. 2 to pardon. 3 to misplace; to lose. 4 to throw away. lasta ngoki/lasta noki/ to repent. lastagh/lastay/, (pl.löstöghut) n. par. subtraction; repentance; neglect. lösteghin/loſtexin/ it n. neglectful person. lastegh'at/lasteyat/, (pl. löstegh'ot) adj. par. deducted; pardoned; misplaced. /teghchii, /teghu.

lat/lat/ v. [1.ke] to castrate. latat/lata:t/, (lötut) n. par. castration. lötsyö/lōtsyo/ n. castrating. lötin/lötin/ n. person who castrates. Latan latan/ n. recently castrated animal. lat'at/lata:t/, (pl.löt'ot) adj. par castrated. löto/lato/, (pl. lotisyot) adj. possible to castrate. <o(tö), <u, <chii.

lata/lata/ adv. like; as much as.

latan /la:tan/ v. [1.ke] to get a handful of something (only with one hand). latan'at/la:tanat/, (pl. lotönut) n. par. handful. lotönsyö/lotöns'öñ/ n. getting handfuls. lotönin/lotz/ n. one who likes getting things in handfuls. <o(tö), <u, <chü.

lateno /lateno:/ adv. like; resembling to; as (see lata).

latiny /latin/ adv. exact.

lawach/lawatʃ/, (pl.lawatin/ n. section.

Lawal/lawal/ adv. quick(ly). lawel /lawel/ adv. fast; immediately; soon.

lay /laj/(A) (stat.) v. [1.ku] to heat. Kilaya/kila:a/, ki- layat/kila:at/, (pl.kiloyut) n. par. heat. kiloyin/ kilo:nin/ n. one who heats. lay'at/lajat/, (pl.loy'ot) adj. par. heated; hot. Layat/lä:a:t/ n. ardour; warmth of feeling. <ötö, <gh, <o, <eghu, >eghchü.

lay/laj/ (B) v. [1.ki] to pave; to lay over. layat/la:at/, (pl.loyut) n. par. nin/pavement. loysyö/lo:i:sö/ n. paving. loyin/lo'iñ// n. one who paves. layan/la:an/ n. something recently paved. lay'at/lä:a:t/ (pl.loy'ot) adj. par. paved. Loyo/lo:o:/ adj. possible to pave. <u, <chü, <o, <egh.

lay/la/ (C) adv. [1.ke] to improve (of a wound).

Layat/la:a:t/ n. par. improving. <o(tö). layin/la:iñ/ (pl.layintin) n. 1 line. 2 downtown (Eng.). layta /la:ta/ der. v. [3.ki] to throw recklessly (e.g. seeds); to spill; to scatter. Laytagh/lä:ta:y/ n. par. spilling (word combining lasta—to throw and leyta—to sow).

le/le/ adv. & conj. like; as. kile/kile/ it is as. le wölona/le:wölonä/ adv. partially.

lecha/letʃa/ adv. pl. like. lecha choni /letʃa:tsoni/ like those. lekek/lekem/lekək.lekem/ n. longnecked cow. lekit/lekit/ adv. near; soon. ato lekit/ato lekit/ soon; near place. lekito /lekrito:/ near to; lekitö/ lekitö/ nearby.

lekit/lekit/, (pl.lekitöch) adj. near; close.

lekitün/lekitün/ n. nearness. lekitit(u)/lekitit/, lekitöchitu/lekitötjít/ v. to become near.

lekwa/lekwa/, (pl.lekwoy) n. small girls.

lel /lel/ v. (A) [1.ke] to mangle; to err; to fault (unintentionally). lelat/lelat/, (pl.lelut) n. par. fault; mistake; error.

lelsyö/lelsö/ n. erring.

lelin/lelin/ n. one who faults. lelan/lelan/ n. mangled thing. lel'at/lelat/, (pl.lel'ot) adj. par. erred. lelo/lelo/, (pl.lelisyot) adj. possible to err. <o, <t.

lelat/lelat/ adj. (unintentional) er- ror.

lelut/lelut/ n. accident; mistake. lelyot/leli:ot/ adj. accidental.

lel /lel/ v. (B) [1.ku] to dim (Sabaot).

leley/lele:/ v. [2.ku] to itch. kileleyöt/ kilele:ät/, (pl.kileleyut) n. par. itching. leleyo/ lele:o/, (pl.leleyisyot) adj. able to itch. <ötö, <egh, <o.

lelit/lelit/ n. name for a cow of white ears.

lelmoy/lelmoj/ adv. undisturbed; no intervention; quietly; (e.g., Kiwö nyinte lelmoy He left in peace) unchallenged.

lelöy /lelöj/ v. form. resembles (litt., It will be mistaken with) (see lel). lelöy kegh/lelöj keç/ v. form. 1 they resemble each other. 2 they are indifferent to each other.

lelut /lelut/ n. accident.

lelyot/leli:ot/ adj. accidental.

lem v. [1.ku] to diagnose a sickness. kilemat/ kilemat/ n. par. diagnosis. ki- lemsyö/ki.lemsö/ n. diagnosing. kilemen/kilemin/ n. doctor who diagnoses. Kileman/kileman/ n. patient recently diagnosed. lem'at/lemat/, (pl.lem'ot) adj. par. diagnosed. lemo/<isyot/ adj. possible to diagnose. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh. (Kara.)

lemi/lemi/ n. without horns.

lenchön/lentʃən/, (pl.lenchen) n. he-goat, but not very big.

leng/ləŋ/ v. [2.ke] to surpass others in height. kilengöt/kileŋət/ n. par. surpassing; kile- ngin/ kile.ŋin/,kilengan/kileŋan/ n. surpasser. lengo't/ ləŋo:t/ adj. par. surpassed. lengo/ləŋo/, (pl. lengisyot) adj. surpassable. <o(tö).

lenger/ləŋər/ v. [1.ke] to circumcise; to cut the foreskin (not polite to use in the presence of women). Lenger/ləŋər/ (denger) n. the tip of a male penis; glans. kilengerat/kileŋərat/ n. par. circumcision. kilengersyö/kileŋərsö/ n. circumcising. lenger'at/ləŋərə:t/, (lenger'ot) adj. par. circumcised. lengero/ləŋəro:/, (lengerisyot) adj. possi- ble to circumcised. <u, <chü, <o(tö), <t. (Kari.)

lentöy-ne/ləntəi.nə/ n. greeting; e.g., How is it? – Good. Lentene? – Pöghisyö. lentöy chi v. form. it seems.

lenye/ləŋə/ adv. & conj. like; as much as. ki-

lenye/kileŋə/ it is as. lenye nyoni /ləŋə.noni:/adv. like that. kilenye nyoni lenye nyini /ləŋə.niñi:/ adv. just like that. lenyi/ləŋi/ adv. like this. lenyini/ləŋiñi:/ adv. 1 straight; e.g., Wiyö lenyini nko kaw/wi:ñi lenjini nko kaw/—Go straight away home. 2 like that. lenyoni/ləŋoni:/ adv. like that.

lep/lep/ v. [1.ke] to stalk; to lurk; to ambush. kilepat/ki.lepat/ n. par. stalk. kilepsyö/kilepsö/ n. stalking. kilepin/kilepi:n/ n. stalker. kilepan/kilepan/ n. something lurked. lep'at/ ləpa:t/ adj. par. stalked; lurkerd. lepo/lepo:/ adj. possible to stalk at. <u, <chü, <t, referring to the things used for stalking.

leponion/leponion/,lepon/lepon/ n. female (woman or animal) who has delivered four or five offsprings (inference)

lepta/lepta/ der. v. [3.ku] to tiptoe; to walk quietly. kileptagh/kileptax/ n. par. tiptoing. kilepteghin/ kilepteghin/ n. one who tiptoes well. leptegh'at/

lepteyat/ tiptoed. Kilepteghan/kilepteyan/ n. one who tiptoes. <otö, <o, <egh.

Lesan/lesan/ v. [2.ki] to be so full up that one feels like vomiting. Lesinat/lesanait/ n. par. that kind of nausea; constipation. lesönin/lesönin/ n. one with delicate stomach. lesan'at/lesanait/,(pl. lesan'ot) adj. par. feeling like vomiting. <o(tö) <egh.

lesö/leso/,(pl.lesen) n. big colourful cloth tied round the waist down by women (Kis.).

let/ v. [1.ke] to proceed; to develop; to progress. kiletat/kiletat/,(pl.kiletut) n. par. proceed- ing; development. kiletin/kiletin/ n. developer; one who goes ahead. Kiletan/kiletan/ n. developed; proceeded. let'at/leta:t/,(pl.let'ot) adj. par. devel- oped; proceeded. leto/leto:/,(pl.letisyot) adj. pos- sible to develop. <o(tö), leta tagh/leta ta:y/ v. to proceed.

ley/ v. [1.ke] to sow; to broadcast. leyat/lejat/ n. par. sowing. leysyö/le:sö/ n. sowing. Leyin/lejin/ n. sower. ley'at/lejat:/(,pl.ley'ot) adj. par. sown. leyo/le:o:/,(pl.leyisyot) adj. possi- ble to sow. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <t, for someone else.

leyley//le:le:/ (A) v. [2.ke] to float. kileyleyöt/ kilejlejo/ n. par. floating. leyleyo't/lejlejöt/ adj. par. floated. leyleyo/le:lə:o:/ adj. able to float. <o(tö).

leyley//lejlej/ (B) v. [1.ke] to undulate.

kileyleyat/kilejleyat/ n. par. waves; ripples. <o.

leyta/lejta/s der. v. [3.ke] to throw recklessly (e.g., seeds); to spill; to scatter. laytagh/lajtagy/ n. par. spilling (word combining lasta (to throw) and leyta (to sow)). leyta ngal/le:ta ngal/ to disseminate. ley tö/le:tə/ der. v. [3.ke] to sow. leytagh/le:jtagy/ n. par. sowing. ley töghin/le:təyin/ n. sower. leyteghan/le:təyən/ n. recently sown field. <otö, <eghu, <eghchi.

li/ /l/ v. [2.ke] to feel hot or warm because of fever; e.g., Kiliwanin malerya/kiliwanin maler:la—Malaria has made me feverish. kiliwöt/kiliwöt/ n. par. fever. kiliwön/kiliwön/ n. prompt to get fever. liwo:t/ /liwo:t/ adj. par. feverish. <otö, <egh, because of.

lik/ /lk/ n. gang; raiding party; platoon. likü/likü/ v. [3.ki] 1 to become. 2 to happen. liküch/liküts/ n. heartburn. liküp/liküp/,(pl.likup) n. staff; cane; stick; rod. likuy/likü/ v. [2.ku] to wean.

likwi/likwi/ v. [1.ki] to diminish in the production of milk (any female). likwiyat/likwiyat/,likuyat/liküat/ n. par. diminishing pro- duction of milk. likwiyin/likwiyin/,/likuyin/liküin/ n. mother that remains without milk soon. likwiyän/likwiyän/ n. child or sucking animal that remains without its mother's milk. likwiyat/likwiyän/ adj. par. diminished on the production. <o(tö).

likwoch/ /lkwo:tʃ/,(pl.líkwochtin) n. store or stand for keeping firewood.

lilik/ /lilik/ v. [2.ke] to turn upside down. likök/likök/ n. par. turning upside down. likikin/likikin// n. one who turn things up-side down. likökt/likököt/ adj. par. bent. likiko/likiko:,likikisyot) adj. possible to turn upside down. <u, <chü, <o. likikön/likikön/ n. 1 watery meal. 2 a person who acts abnormally.

lilly/ /lilly/ v. [2.ke] to ululate; to wail; to exalt. ki-lillyöt/kililöt/ n. par. ululation; praise. ki-lillysyö/kililisjə/ n. ululating. kililiyin/kililin/ n. per- son who ululates. lillyo:t/lillyot/ adj par. ululated. <u, <chü, <o.

lilinyö/ /lilinq/ v. [3.ke] to mix liquids. kililinyogh n. par. blending; mixing of medicine. ki-lilinyin/lilinqin/ n. one who mixes liquids. lilyö:t/lilinqot/ adj. par. mixed. <eghu, <eghchi.

lilö/lilə/ n. clan.

lilus/ /lilus/ (A) v. [1.ki] to scald. lilusat n. par scalding. lilus'at/lilusat/ adj. par. scalded.

liluso/ /liluso/ adj. possible to scald.

<otö, <o, <egh.

lilus/lilus/ (B) v. [1.ke] 1 to roast lightly. 2 to tinge. lilusat/lilusat/ n. par. half roasting. lilusyö/lilusjə/ n. roasting. kililusin/lililusin/ n. one who does not roast well. lilusan n. food not well roasted, or cooked. lilus'at/lilusat/ adj. par. not well roasted. liluso/liluso/,(pl.lilusot) adj. possible to roast. <u, <chü, <o. (Kara.)

lilit/ v. S[1.ke] to swell after being beaten. kililutat/kililutat/ n. par. swelling. ki-lilutin/kililutin/ n. person prompt to swell at the slightest tapping. lilit'at/lilitat/ adj. par. swollen. <egh, because of.

lim/ /lm/ v. [1.ke] to hear; to overhear. lima/lima:/, limat/limat/ n. par. hearing. limin/limin/ n. eaves- dropper. lim'at/limat:/(,pl.limo:t) adj. par. heard. limo/limo:/,(pl.limisyot) adj. audible. <o(tö), <u, <chü, hear with; hear from, <egh, hear from, <t. to feel.

lim'a/ /lima/ n. cousin (on the mother's side). lime the cousin.

limat/ /limat/ n. hearing.

limö/ /lmə/ n. (for cattle only) going back and forth for pasture and water alterna- tively, not very far from home. limön/limɔ/ stat. v. [2.ki] to take livestock for pas- ture and drinking and drinking alterna- tively, usually not going far from home. limonöt/limonat/ n. par. doing that kind of plan. limonin/limonin/ n. person who loafers around. limono:t/limonot/,(pl.limonoch'ot) adj. par. livestock on that condition. <otö, <u, <chü, <o, <egh, referring to place.

lümum/ /lümum/,(pl.lümumoch) adj. whole, e.g., Tökü lümumoch ropiyeñichoni—The entire money is still there. lümumyö/ /lümumjə/ n. some- thing that is not yet cut; without a mark; something spherical.

limta/límta/ der. v. [3.ke] to feel. límtagh/ límtay/ n. par. feeling. <egh, because of, <o, with something. límtéghát/límteğá:t/ adj. sensitive.

linkis/línkis/ n. hidden place; out of reach place; niche.

líng /línj/ v. [1.ke] to take back; to return. ki-língat/kilíngat/ n. par. returning.ki-

lingsyö/kiliŋsə/ n. taking back. kilíngin/kilíngin/ n. one who takes back. kilingan/kilíngan/ n. some- thing retaken.

ling'at/linjat/ adj. par. re-taken. língo/ línjo/, língisyot) adj. possible to retake. <u, <chii, <o.

lip/lip/ v. [1.ki] to singe; to char.

lipat/lipat/n. par. singeing. lípsyö/lípsö/ n. charring.

lipin/lípi:n/ n. one who likes to char. lípan/ lípan/ n. newly charred.

lip'at/lipat:t/ adj. par. charred. lípo/lípo/ adj. possible to char. <otoy, <u, <chii, <o, <t, with.

ipesa/lipesa/ v. [3.ke] to lay down. kilípesagh/ kilípesax, kilípesat/kilípesat/ n. par. laying down. kilípesin/kilípesin/, kilípesa/kilípesa/ n. one who lays down. kilípes'at/kilípesat/ adj. par. laid down. <egh.

lipiti yomöt/lípti jomöt/ prep. v. to feel cold; e.g., Lópiyanıñ yomöt /lápıtjanın jomöt/—I feel a cold breeze. lípítip(u)/lípérpit/(pl. lípöpöchitu) v. to become transparent. lípöpö/lípəpə/(pl. lípöpe, lípöpöch) n. transparent; clear; crystalline. <chii, <egh.

liw/liw/ (B) (see lí).

liwii/liwi/ (C) v. [3.ke] to radiate; to shine (of sun, moon, etc.). kilíwunogh/kilíwunox/ kilíwuno:t/kilíwuno:t/ n. par. shining. <chii, on something.

liwisyot/lìwìsìot/ adj. drinkable milk.

liwu asis/liwu asi:s/ v. form. sun shining (see liwii).

lich /litʃ/ v. [2.ke] 1 to cover again something. 2 to take over; to inherit; to replace someone. kilichöt/ kilitʃo:/ n. par. replacement. kilichin/kilitʃin/ n. one who replaces. lich'ot adj. par. replaced. licho/litʃo/(pl.lichisyot) adj. replaceable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

likwön/likwən/ n. type of tree. [1.ke] to feel repug- nance; to repel something; e.g., Lilanın kígh mwagh—I hate oil; to be angry, or dis- tressed. kililat /kililat/ n. par. repugnancy. líl'at/lila:t/ adj. par. feeling repugnancy.

lij /lil/(A) v. [1.ke] to offend; to irritate; to pique; to annoy. kililat/kililat/ n. par.

lipöpö/lípöpö/, n. clarity; transparency. offence; irritation. kilisyö n. offending; irritating. kililin/ kilimi:n/ n. offender. líl'at/lila:t/ adj. par

offended; irritated; an- noyed. lílo /lilo:/ adj. irritable. <o(tö), <egh, <u, <chii. Lilanın kígh/ lilanın kix/ —I am upset because of something (litt., something is distressing me).

lipop/lípəp/, (pl.lípöpöch) adj. 1 undamaged; intact. 2 honest person. lípöpöyö/lípəpjə/ n. sincerity; honesty (see lípöpö).

lis/lis/ v. [1.ke] to cheat; to deceive; to swindle; to sham. lísa/lísa/ lisat/lísat/ n. par. cheat; fraud. lísin/lísin/ n. deceiver; swindler. lís'at/lísa:t/ adj. par. cheated; deceived. líso/líso/, (pl.lísisiyot) adj. deceivable. <o(tö), <u, <chii.

lit /lít/ v. [2.ke] to enter; to come in; to get in.

lit kisön/lít kisön/ v. to be overexcited.

litöt/lítet/n. par. entrance. lítogh/lítog/ n. entering.

lit'ot/lítot/ adj. par. entered. lito/lítot/(pl.lítisiyot) adj. possible to enter; or fit in a place. <otoy, <o, <u, <chii. lít sany/lít sanj) v. to come out.

lit'i/lítı/ der. v. (from lít+chii) to interfere; to intervene; to intrude; to meddle. lítinogh/ lítino/ n. par. interference; interven- tion. lítichineghin/lítitsineyin/ n. interferer; med- dler. <otö, <egh. lítichi ko/lítitçi ko/ committing adultery. lítunön/lítunən/ n. stranger.

lityay/lít'ai lítöy/lítjej/ n. stone used for sharpening; file; anvil.

liw/liw/ (A) v. [2.ki] to drink milk. líwöt/ liwët/ drinking milk. líwin/líwin/ n. assiduous drinker of milk. líwisyot/líwìsìot/ adj. par. drunk. líwo/líwo/, líwìsìot/ adj. drinkable. <o(tö), <u,

lili/lili/ v. [3.ku] to exasperate. Kililunat/ kililunat/ n. par. exasperation. Kililunin/ kililunin/ n. one who exasperates. lílun'at/ líluna:t/ adj. par. exasperated. líluno/líluno:/ adj. par. possible to exasperate. <otö, <egh.

lili/lili/ der. v. [3.ku] to distress. Kililunat/ kililunat/ n. par. distressing.

lion/lilon/ n. clean honey without wax.

lim/lim/ v. [1.ke] to repeat; to revise. kilimat<ut/ n. par. repetition. ki- limsyö/kilimsjə/ n. repeating. kilimin/kilimi:n/ n. re-peater. lím'at/líma:t/ adj. par. repeated. limo/limo:/ adj. repeatable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

lima/lima/ n. speck; dotted cow.

limlim/limli:m/ n. rumours. ngala limlim n. rumours.

limö/limö/ n. (for herds) going back and forth for pasture and water alternatively, not very far from home.

limön/limön/ stat. v. [2.ki] to take livestock for pasture and drinking alternatively, usu- ally not going far from home. limönöt/limönät/n. par. doing that kind of plan. limönin/limenin/n.

person who loiters around. limöno:t/liməno:t/, (pl. limönch'ot) adj. par. livestock on that condition. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, referring to place.

lintön/lintən/ v. [2.ki] to cool down (the atmosphere) because of a breeze, cloud, sunset, etc. lintönöt/lintənət/ n. par. refreshing. lintöno:t/lintənə:t/ adj. par. fresh. <egh.

lip/li:p/ v. [2.ku] to eat very slowly. ki-lipöt/ki.lipət/ n. par. eating slowly. newly sharpen tool. litat/ litat/ adj. par. sharpen. lito/lito:/ adj. possible to sharpen. <otoy, <u, <chii, <o.

litürecha/litirətʃa/ n. literature (Eng.).

lö def. v. to say. Kilö/kilə/-(S)he, they said (third person). Lentöy/lentɔj/-(S)he says, they say (see lenten). **lö** & la are used with other words to de- scribe the action of the verb to its maximum. They are adverbs. la is used according to phonetics for an easier pronunciation, though lö is the most used. **lö** conj. that. kilipsyö n. eating slowly./kilipsjə/ ki-

lö-chak/lo.tʃak/ adv. tolelyö lö-chak—very vague.

lipin/lipi:n/, chelip/tʃelip/ n. one who eats slowly. lipo:t/lipo:t/ adj. par. eaten. <o. lip kong/lip koŋ/ v. [2.ke] to peep; to observe.

lip/lip/v. [2.ke] 1 to refill; to restore (e.g., a wall, traces on a roof, etc.). 2 to add water to beer in order to improve it. 3 to replant, or to do again. kilipöt/kilipət/, (pl.kiliput) n. par. restoration; replanting. kilipsyö/kilipsjə/ n. restoring; replanting. kilipin/kilipi:n/ n. restorer; one who replants a field. kilipö/kilipə/ n. field that has been replanted. lipo:t/lipo:t/ adj. par. restored; replanted. lipo/lipo:/ adj. restorable. <otoy, <u, <chii, <o, <t, for someone else. lip v. [2.ku] 1 to add something extra. 2 to intertwine twigs for building. ki-lipöt/lipo:t/ n. par. tangle. kilipsyö/kilipsjə/ n. intertwining. kilipin/kilipi:n/ n. one who adds something; one who tangles twigs. kilipön/lipan/ n. newly entangled twigs. lipo:t/lipo:t/ adj. par. added; entangled. lipo/lipo:/ adj. possible to add; possible to entangle. <sy, <o(toy), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

lipöpöy/lipöpɔj/ adv. far away; e.g., Kangwian aka! lipöpöy /kaŋwina:n aka! lɔpəpɔj/ I came this morning from far.

Liwö chekö lo-chak/liwə tʃekə la.tʃak/—Drink all the milk.

lö-chakaw-chakaw/lə tʃakaw tʃakaw/ adv. Choghöy kelpö chi lö-chakaw-chakaw/tʃɔxɔj kelpö tʃi lə tʃakaw tʃakaw/—A person walking does. . .

lö-chamcham adv. Kyam nyinte omisyö lö-chamcham/lə tʃamtʃam/,—He ate the food very avidly.

lö-champıl/lə.tʃampıl/ adv. Kelit pögh lö-champıl—His nose dived into the water.

lö-chaykak/le.tʃajkak/ adv. Kingwın lopedese lö-chaykak—The hyena came uneasily.

lö-chichil/lə.tʃitʃɪl/, lö-chikil adv. Kisöp nyinte lö-chikil—She got well promptly.

lö-chikinkin/lə.tʃikinkin/ adv. Kinamanin mompöchi löchikinin—The child has not left me. Ke-nam sikot koti lö-chikinkin—The glue stuck the arrow strongly.

lö-chikumchikum/lə.tʃikumtʃikum/ adv. Kinam nyinte mpira lö-chikumchikun—He got the ball very easily.

lö-chimas/lə.tʃimas/ adv. Kengwın Kiriki lö-chimas—Kiriki came unexpectedly.

lö-chimpas/lə.tʃimpas/ adv. Ne teriwe ngwiny lö-chimpas? How come you sleep flat like that?

lir/li:r/ v. [1.ke] to stir around (e.g., blood so

lö-chinchinchin/lə.tʃintʃintʃin/ adv. Reriyö m^ogh lö- that it does not coagulates; dirty water with serokit so that the soil settled on the bottom). kilirat/kilirat/ n. par. action of stirring. kilirsyö/kilirsjə/ n. stirring. kilirin/kiliri:n/ n. one who stirs. Liryot/liröt/ adj. par. stirred.<o(tö), <u, <chii, <t.

Lislis/lislis/ v. [2.ke] to feel like vomiting.

lit/li:t/ v. [1.ki] to sharpen. litat/litat/ n. par. sharpening. litsyö/litsjə/ n. sharpening.

litin/litin:n/ n. one who sharpens. litan/litan/ n. chinchinchin—The calf is sucking fast.

lö-chip/lə.tʃip/ adv. Ghyongöy nyinte lö-chip—He stands upright.

lö-chipap/lə.tʃipap/ adv. Kengwın nyinte lö-chipap—He came unexpectedly.

lö-chirüm/lə.tʃirim/ adv. Kömigh lö-chirüm—He got very scared.

lö-chiriwi/lə.tʃiriwi/ adv. Kechutö moning ghat lö-chi-riwi—It dragged the child on the rock.

lö-chipap/lə.tʃipap/ adv. rumitenö lö-chipap to peep suddenly and go.

lö-chis/lə.tʃis/ adv. Ghitenö kelyon lö-chis—Straighten your legs well.

lö-chis/lə.tʃis/ adv. Chama chole ngal lö-chis—Agree with all these words.

lö-chit/lə.tʃit/ adv. Köpüri kata lö-chit—He pressed out the thorn from the flesh quickly. Keripa lö-chit—Let us get out of here quickly.

lö-chitchit/lə.tʃittʃit/ adv. Kapotanan lö-chitchit—I trembled very much.

lö-chödökchödök/lə.tʃodoktʃadok/ adv. Wetöy lö-chödökchödök—It goes limping.

lö-chörömön/lo.tʃormon/ adv. Keam chane lö-chörömön—Everyone present ate something.

lö-churmum/lə.tʃurmum/ adv. Kaman paghechan lö-churmum—I have eaten my crop alone. Körötyö asis lö-churmum—The sun has set down completely. Kanyikuda okinte lö-churmum—He swallowed the fruit at once.

- lö-chwaa** /lə.tʃwa:/ adv. Kirip lö-chwaa—He ran very fast. —Press down strongly.
- lö-döt** /lə.dət/ adv. Kechit lö-döt—He pulled at once.
- lö-dpey**/lə.dpεj/ adv. Ngwütütena lö-dpey—Spit out all (special 'p').
- lö-du**/lə.du/ adv. Keduka kö lö-du—He is hidden in the house for long.
- lö-duu**/lə.du:/ adv. Tilöy ilat lö-duu—The lightning made such a noise.
- lö-dyo'**/lə.d̥o:/ adv. Kipech lö-dyō—The sky remained clear after raining.
- lö-ghat**/lə.yat/ adv. Komungan lö-ghat—I bit him strongly.
- lö-ghitghit**/lə.yɪtɪt/ adv. Wisa chekö montanyu lö- ghitghit—Gulp the milk at once.
- lö-ghyaghyā**/lə.yaχya/ adv. Karopan lö-ghyaghyā—It rained a lot.
- lö-ham**/lə.ham/ adv. Kewoki kukiy peny lö-ham—The dog took the meat suddenly.
- lö-kados**/lə.kados/ adv. Pusöy kamas lö-oskados—He climbs very fast.
- lö-kala**/lə.kala/ adv. Kenyigh pögh lö-karla—It was
- lö-chwachwa/lə.tʃwatʃwa/ adv. Siköröröy sikiryö chwachwa—The donkey is pissing. lö- full till the brim.
- lö-kalpas**/lə.kalpas/ adv. Riwöy moning lö-kalpas
- lö-chwar**/lə.tʃwar/ adv. Kölitkö lö-chwar—She entered the house at once.
- lö-chwat**/lə.tʃwat/ adv. kilä/lalang lö-chwat—very hot.
- lö-chwerchwer** /lə.tʃwərtʃwər/ adv. rel lö-chwerchwer—striped (white and black).
- lö-chwererere**/lə.tʃwərərərə/ adv. rosa lö-chwererere—stare without blinking.
- lö-chwiit** /lə.tʃwi:t/ adv. chiröy chi lö-chwiit—that person is very sick. komotöy lö-chwiit—first labour pains.
- lö-dakdak** /lə.dakdak/ adv. kwagha lö-dakdak—pick in haste.
- lö-das**/lə.das/ adv. Kowutan lö-das/kowuta lö.das/ n—I shoot very sharply. —The child sleeps innocently.
- lö-kamchi**/lə.kamtʃi/ adv. pирö lö-kamchii—Press hard.
- lö-kanchaw** /lə.kantʃaw/ adv. Kateng pögh lö-kanchaw—The water dried very fast/completely.
- lö-kantal** /lə.kantal/ adv. Kantela ma lö-kantal—Take a lot of care of fire.
- lö-kangkangkang**/lə.kaŋkŋkŋ/ adv. Roröy lö-kangkang- kang—She is laughing without stop.

- lö-kapkap** /lə.kapkap/adv. Wokini ngal korkenyi chick lö-kapkap—His wife intrudes in conversation always.
- lö-karla**/lə.karla/ adv. Kanyighi pögh lö-karla—It was full till the brim.
- lö-karmar** /lə.karmar/ adv. Kiwö Turkanoyintonay lö- karwar—That Turkana left with the tale
- lö-di'a**/lə.dia:/ adv. Kaghya törö broke severely. The pot between the legs (Kara.).
- lö-karöngröng** /lə.karəŋrɔŋ/ adv. Kitopö konyan lö-ka-
- lö-dididi**/lə.dididi/ adv. Didiyöy ilat lö-dididi (Ringringoy ilat lö ringring)—The rain fell like that.
- lö-ding**/lə.dir/ adv. Chöghöy karina lö-ding—The metal makes like . .—It went completely. röngröng—My house stood firmly.
- lö-karongrong** /lə.karonjronj/ adv. Tipisot chane lö-ka- rongrong—They stay very disorderly.
- lö-karpas**/lə.karpas/ adv. Kichogh karpasya lö-karpas—The coin made a clashing noise.
- lö-kaskas** /lə.kasks/ adv. Kogħöy tany lö-kaskas—She is milking the cow.
- lö-dömös** /lə.dəməs/ adv. Pirö ngwiny lö-dömös
- lö-kat**/lə.kat/ adv. Kila asis lö-kat—The sun is very hot. Tagħ lö-kat—Refuse completely.
- lö-kawkawkaw** /lə.kawkaw/ adv. chogħöy kelpö chi lö- kawkawkaw—a person walking does.
- lö-kicħ**/lə.kitʃ/ adv. marich lö-kicħ—very narrow.
- lö-kii**/lə.kri:/ adv. Kenget lö-kii—He got up at once.
- lö-kik** adv. Ghyongöy askaryon ompö lain
- lö-kik** /lə.kirk/—A soldier standing in parade should be firm.
- lö-kimpis**/kırpis/ adv. Misa ma lö-kimpis—Extinguish the fire completely.
- lö-king** /lə.kirj/ adv. Nama lö-king—Hold it tightly. Kukonö lö-king—Bear properly.
- lö-kir**/lə.kir/ adv. & pron. 1 all; completely. 2 very silent. Kilö-kir sükul—The school remained very quiet.
- lö-kirpit**/lə.kirpit/ adv. Kotyö chepay lö-kirpit/ lə.kirpit/—That girl got very scared.
- lö-kömöm**/lə.kəməm/ adv. Kanamanin tikitya lö- kömön—I feel muscles strain.
- lö-köpny** /lə.kəpñ/ adv. Rapacha nyinte lö- köpny—Slap him strongly.
- lö-köriyow** /lə.kərijow/ adv. Kegħyö lö-köriyow—She stood steadily.
- lö-körpit**/lə.kərpit/ adv. Kyotyö lö-körpit—She got shocked suddenly.
- lö-körpís**/lə.kərpis/ all Kam omisyö lö-körpís—He ate all the food.

- lö-köyosköyos** /lo.kjöskojs/ adv. kwïskwïs lö-köyosköyos —very very light.
- lö-kö'** /lə.ko:/ adv. aghigh lö-kö—very hard.
- lö-kokoko** /lo.kokoko/ adv. Choghöy tarit lö-kokoko —The bird sings a lot.
- lö-kompis** /lə.kompis/ adv. Kama ma lö-kompis—The fire went off instantly.
- lö-koó'** adv. Kanget lö-koo'—He got up at once.
- lö-kuchkuch** /lo.kutʃkutʃ/ adv. Nyikuda lö-kuchkuch —Swallow it in gulps.
- lö-kukukuku** /lə.kukukuku/ adv. Kökichut lö-kukukuku—It was dragged in one pull.
- lö-kup** /lə.kup/ adv. Reriyi montö lö-kup-kup—The baby sucks unceasingly.
- lö-kwar** /lə.kwar/ adv. Kirip lö-kwar—He run very fast.
- lö-kwartat** /lə.kwartat/ adv. Paka sira lö-kwartat—Tear the cloth at once.
- lö-kwîchkîch** /lə.kwîtʃkîtʃ/ adv. Wisa chekö montanyu lö-kwîchkwîch—Gulp the milk my child.
- lö-kwidanykwidany** /lə.kwidankwîdan/ adv. Rîpöy plekwa lö-
- kwidanykwidân** /kwîdankwîdan/—The hare runs from side to side.
- lö-kwil** /lə.kwil/ adv. Kenget lö-kwil/kejet ls kwil—They got up at once.
- lö-kwirer** /lə.kwirer/ adv. Kyakwireran lö-kwirer ompö ngalechetechi—I stared blankly after these complications.
- lö-lalala-hew** /lə.lalahew/ adv. Wetöy yomöt lö-lalala-hew—The wind goes swiftly.
- lö-lîlîl** /lə.lîlîl/ adv. Kanamanin nöghöy suswon lö-lîlîl—Grass burns . . .
- lö-lîmîm** /lə.lîmîm/ adv. Luma mötingu lö-lîmîm—Cover your head completely.
- lö-lim** /lə.lim/ adv. Luma kegh lö-lim—Cover yourself completely.
- lö-lyak** /lə.lyak/ adv. Kengunta chane lö-lyak—She vomited . . .
- lö-lyatlyat** /lə.ljatljat/ adv. Melöy aran wawenyi lö-lyatlyat—The goat licks its kids . . .
- lö-lyaw** /lə.law/ adv. Kamal kot lö-lyaw—Smear the house.
- lö-lyop** /lə.ljop/ adv. Nöghöy ma lö-lyop ato ki-mîlchi mwagh—Fire burns with flames if oil is poured on it. lö-lyoplyop /lə.ljopljop/ adv. Nöghöy ma lö-lyoplyop—The fire flares.
- lö-malse** /lə.malse/, lö-malsya/lə.malsja/ adv. Ighöy kasii lö-malse—He works carelessly.
- lö-mel** /lə.mel/ adv. Kipech lö-mel/kipetʃ.lə.mel/—The rains clear off suddenly.
- lö-midismidis** /lə.mîdismîdis/ adv. Wetöy mayosya

- lö-mi—dismidis—The baboons walk proudly.
- lö-mîk** /lə.mîk/ adv. Kepit lö-mîk—He fell instantly.
- lö-mîrmîr** /lə.mîrmîr/ adv. tuw lö-mîrmîr or tiw nya mîrmîr—partially dark.
- lö-mis** /lə.mis/ adv. Kepot lö-mis—It disappeared secretly.
- lö-mm-mm** /lə.mmmm/ adv. Wochöy kirik lö mm-mm—The bull is mooring.
- lö-mpoo** /lə.mpo:/ adv. Ghitöy tany lö-mpoo—The cow is mooing.
- lö-mulkuch** /lə.mulkutʃ/ adv. Kanyukuda lö-mulkuch—He has swallowed the whole of it.
- lö-nanchal** /lə.nantʃal/ adv. Kipar karachina plekwoy lö-nanchal/lə.nantʃal/—The young men killed a lot of rabbits.
- lö-nîkiku** /lə.nîkiku/ adv. Kikar tany lö-nîkiku—The cow is totally blind.
- lö-nînti** /lə.nînti/ adv. keyi lö-nînti—very thin.
- lö-nang** /lə.nanj/ adv. lö-nang—very black.
- lö-nönöngte** /lə.nenøn̩te/ adv. keyi lö-nönöngte—very thin.
- lö-nongkwe** /lə.noŋkwe/ adv. kiyosit lö-nongkwe—very soft.
- lö-ntîl** /lə.ntîl/ adv. Kiwir lö-ntîl—He boxed.
- lö-ntöl** /lə.ntöl/ adv. Kitîlö mpira lö-ntöl—The tyre bursted.
- lö-ntul** /lə.ntul/ adv. Kilît yomöt kö lö-ntul—The wind entered in the house gashing in.
- lö-ngaa** /lə.nga:/ adv. Kilîwu asis lö-nga—The sun is very bright.
- lö-ngang** /lə.nganj/ adv. tiw lö-ngang—very black.
- lö-ngartat** /lə.ngartat/ adv. akwagh lö-ngartat—very fat.
- lö-ngawngaw** /lə.ngawnjaw/ adv. Meomöy omisyö lö-nga—Do not eat noisily. adv. Oketiyi tick lö-nga—The cows eat grass . . .
- lö-ngew** /lə.ngew/ adv. Ketö pante lö-ngew montany—She gave her child all the ugali.
- lö-ngewngew** /lə.ngewngew/ adv. Ngwara ngwich lö-ngewngew/lə.ngewngew/—Scratch the scabies completely.
- lö-ng'ongo** /lə.ngojo:/ adv. orus lö-ng'ong'o—very grey.
- lö-ngotop** /lə.ngotop/ adv. Meloköy sira chepi nyö lö-ngotop—Do not wear too short cloths, you girl.
- lö-nyamnyam** /lə.namnam/ adv. Meomöy omisyö lö-nya—Do not eat noisily!
- lö-pey** /lə.pei/ adv. Ngwitiitenä lö-pey—Spit out all ('p' has special pronunciation).
- lö-pičik** /lə.pitʃik/ adv. Kanin lö-pičik—It got completely rotten.

lö-pichik /lə.pitʃɪk/ adv. Kedong lö-pichik—It dropped alone like a dung.

lö-pidik /lə.pɪdɪk/ adv. Mila lö-pidik—Turn it (like ugali) suddenly.

lö-pya /lə.pjɑ:/ adv. rel lö-pya—very white ('p' has special pronunciation).

lö-ping /lə.piŋ/ adv. putin lö-ping—very great liar. lö-pirir /lə.pɪrɪr/ adv. Rimö lö-pirir kestonichete- chi—Go round these homes many times.

lö-piririr /lə.pɪrɪrɪr/ adv. röpö lö-piririr—Run with no stop.

lö-pirko /lə.pɪrkɔ/ adv. Könyala lö-pirko—He got very annoyed.

lö-pirpir /lə.pɪrpɪr/ adv. Witwitöy lö-pirpir—Turn around continuously.

lö-piskil /lə.pɪskɪl/ adv. Kepit lö-piskil—She stumbled and fell instantly.

lö-pit /lə.pi:t/ adv. rel lö-pit—very white.

lö-pitir adv. Kenar lö-pitir/lə.pɪtɪr/—He got very fat.

lö-pitey /lə.pitej/ adv. Ngwütitena lö-pitey—Spit out all.

lö-piw /lə.piw/ adv. Röpö kalalyanta lö-piw—The fly runs away at once.

lö-nyil /lə.njɪl/ adv. Kinyöryö pagh lö-nyi—The

lö-pölpöl /lə.pəpəl/ adv. Wetöy losemeyeñ lö-pölpöl grains have been grinded very finely.

lö-nyüt /lə.njɪt/ adv. nyo nükis lö-nyüt—very heavy.

lö-nyit /lə.njɪt/ adv. Kotigh lö nyit—Smash.

lö-nyomnyöm /lə.njomnɔm/ adv. nyomnyomöy lö-nyom- nyöm—very delicate.

lö-orchach /lə.ortʃətʃ/ adv. Köwis mu lö-orchach kama Lodongo otini kamilegha werinyi poryot —Lodong's mother was relieved when her son came back from war.

lö-oyong /lə.oŋɔŋ/ adv. Kashara ket lö-oyöng—The tree fell heavily.

lö-pal /lə.pal/ adv. Kepalta kigh lö-pal tepa kamana —The cow of that woman was killed by something. Keperta lö-pal—It went away like the wind. adv. Kacharta lö-pal—It sprang away.

lö-pankaw /lə.pankaw/ adv. Pönkörö lö-pankaw—Open instantly.

lö-paparyat /lə.paparjat/ adv. Kepit lö-paryat—It fell at once. —The warrior is able to walk very fast.

lö-pöntöw /lə.pəntəw/ adv. Kanget lö-pöntöw—She got up with all of it.

lö-pöpöy /lə.pəpəj/ adv. far away, e.g., Kangwinan akway lö-pöpöy—I came this morning from far.

lö-pok /lə.pok/ adv. Ngutinö ngwiny lö-pok—Spit on the floor with strength.

lö-popopo /lə.popopo/ adv. pölöy lö-popopo—very noisy.

lö-pot /lə.pot/ adv. rel lö-pot—very white.

lö-poy /lə.poi/ adv. Kepot lö-poy—It disappeared mysteriously.

lö-puu /lç.pu:/ adv. Kiwö lö-puu—He vanished.

lö-ras /lə.ras/ adv. karkegh lö-ras—same size. Okinö lö-ras—Line up uniformly.

lö-raw /lə.raw/ adv. Kichagh ropiyon lö-raw—The coin made a lot of noise.

lö-reep /lə.re:p/ adv. Lepanin riwöntö lö-reep—I am feeling very drowsy.

lö-rüm /lə.rüm/ adv. Katyach lö-rüm—He stepped on a stick and broke at once.

lö-rümum /lə.rümum/ adv. Ne nyo kirümumeghenyi lö-

lö-singkok /lə.siŋkok/ adv. Kipel peny lö-singkok—The fire burnt meat . . . **lö-siriri** adv. Amtena lökoyo ringtagh rümum asete? Why do you squat silently pö koor lö-siriri—Proclaim the news of today?

lö-ririri /lə.rɪrɪrɪ/ adv. Ririyö kiriny lö-ririri—The footsteps sounded like . . .

lö-rüs adv. Koruyö ngwiny lö-rüs—They felt down at once.

lö-riii /lə.ri:/ adv. Ghumöy rop lö-riii—The rain sounds . . .

lö-ris /lə.ris/ adv. Kewanya lö-ris—All of it got finished. Konyorï lö-ris—She got everything. Kapecha lö-rüs wöni—We all went there.

lö-rururu /lə.rururu/ adv. Kerutu ani ngula lö-rururu—My saliva dropped constantly.

lö-ruuu /lə.ru:/ adv. ghumöy mütika lö-ruuu—the sound caused by a car. victory everywhere.

lö-siririri /lə.siririri:/ adv. everywhere, everybody. Ape koor lö-siririri—Go to all places.

lö-sirtitit /lə.sirtitit/ adv. Yitoy monëng lö-sirtitit—The kid has a diarrhoea.

lö-serti /lə.serti:/ adv. Kinir lö-serti—One is wet through.

lö-sit /lə.sit/ adv. Kekar kukat lö-sit—The door is well blocked (obstructed).

lö-sya /lə.sja/ adv. Kawösyanin pögh lö-sya—He sprayed me with a lot of water.

lö-sönkölyow /lə.sənkəlɔw/ adv. Kinyikuda omisyengu lö-sönkölyow—Gulp in your food.

lö-sörörörö /lə.sərərərə/ adv. Pangase kot lö-sörörörö—

lö-rwat /lə.rwat/ adv. Wiyö

lö-rwat, a, ingwün—Go rö—The house is wide open for a while and come back.

lö-rwatrwat /lə.rwatrwat/ adv. Choghunö tikiñ lö-

rwat- rwat—Throw things at interval.

lö-sankaw /lə.sankaw/ adv. Kedong lö-sankaw—He remained astonished.

lö-sangany/lə.sanjan/ adv. Kasis lö-sangany—She kept a deep silence.

lö-sawsaw /lə.sawsaw/ adv. Köchögh wuw saani lö- sawsaw—The bush sounded . . .

lö-say adv. Sisa lö-say—Keep quiet. lö-simpow / lə.simpow/ adv. kepot lö-sipow—lost completely.

lö-sinchil/lə.sintʃil/ adv. Kepot lö-sinchil—It got completely lost.

lö-sipapa/lə.sipapa/ adv. Kiwö Pkite lö-sipapa—Pkite went without success.

lö-sipow/lə.sipəw/ adv. kepot lö-sipow—lost completely.

lö-sich /lə.sitʃ/ adv. Kakar lö-sich—Blockage was strangling him.

lö-sighgh/lə.six/ adv. Sighöy tarit lö-sighgh—The bird shrieks.

lö-sikarkar/lə.sikarkar/ adv. 1 Kasyara ani tany amina lö-sikarkar—My cow died last night instantly. 2 Kama poyon lö-sikarkar—The old man died immediately.

lö-sim /lə.sim:/ adv. Kara pögh lö-sim—Block the water completely.

lö-sincha/lə.sintʃa:/ adv. Roroy tipin lö-sinchaa—Girls laugh endlessly.

lö-sunsun/ləsunsun/ adv. Kengonngon lö-sunsun They turn around sleeping a lot.

lö-surtiti /lə.surtiti/ adv. Kalok moning lö- surtiti—The child cried unceasingly.

lö-swat /lə.swat/ adv. Kerip nyinte lö-swap—He run fast and silently.

lö-swit /lə.swit/ adv. Keta artani lö-swit—He tied well this goat.

lö-syap/lə.siŋ/ adv. Kapka lö-syap—They came all at once.

lö-syaw /lə.siŋ/ adv. Kedong lö-syaw—It remain stranded with no support.

lö-syöl/lə.siŋ/ adv. Kölit lö-syöl—He went in without touching anywhere.

lö-syo /lə.slo/ adv. Syonanin lö-syo wölo kakimuny-tö kokonini—I felt pity for that woman the way she was beaten.

lö-syol/lə.siŋ/ adv. Kasängwilta poyon lö-syol—The old man spitted a jet of saliva.

lö-syoo/lə.sjo:/ adv. putin lö-syoo—strong liar. Syolöy kamas lö-syoo—The mountain raises straight up.

lö-tal /lə.tal/ adv. Rapacha cheptö lö-tal—Slap the girl soundly.

lö-talpa/lə.talpa:/ adv. Kaghya pögh lö-talpa—The water oozed suddenly.

lö-taltal/lə.taltal/ adv. 1 Nyagha lö-taltal!—Chew fast! 2 ngölo nöy lö-taltal—speaks continuously/.

lö-tapik /lə.tapik/ adv. Kikar nyinte lö-tapik—He is totally blind.

lö-tapkany /lə.tapkan/ adv. Kapusi arawa lö-tapkany—The moon appeared . . .

lö-tar /lə.tar/ adv. Kaghya mikö lö-tar—The gourd cracked all over.

lö-taraktarak /lə.taraktarak/ adv. Katkata pare lö-taraka- rak—Plant the field sparsely.

lö-tarpal/lə.tarpal/ adv. Metopenö ngwiny lö-tarpal—Do not sit down anyhow!

lö-tartar /lə.tartar/ adv. Wetöy chi nyo kitamas lö- tartar—A drunkard goes staggering.

lö-tas /lə.tas/ adv. Kümirö kowö aran lö-tas—The goat's leg got broken.

lö-tastas /lə.tastas/ adv. Rumu karwal lö-tastas ompö möt—Grey hair are very well seen on a head.

lö-tayustayus /lə.taŋustaŋus/ adv. Ntoröy tany pagh lö- tayustayus—A cow chews corn very fast.

lö-teyteytey /lə.teŋteŋteŋ/ adv. Potönöy nyinte lö-teytey- tey—He trembles unceasingly.

lö-tichtich /lə.tɪtʃtɪtʃ/ adv. Mutmuta lö-tichtich—Cut it into pieces. Sirasira lökoyiku Chele lö-tichtich—Chele narrates all your tales briefly.

lö-tiduk /lə.tiduk/ adv. Kachinii kogh lö-tiduk—The stone fell. lö-tighyas adv. Kama arte lö-tighyas—The goat died immediately.

lö-tik/lə.tik/ adv. piirir lö-tik—very red.

lö-tikiku/lə.tikiku/ adv. Kikar montöyan lö-tikiku—My child has become completely blind.

lö-tikirkir/lə.tikirkir/ adv. Kinapa lö-tikirkir—It was sewn very compactly. Kama lö-tikirkir—She fell and remained deadly. Kiminy chepay lö-tikirkir—That girl became completely deaf.

lö-tıl/lə.tıl/ adv. kaghit lö-tıl—very cold. nyaril lö-tıl—very green.

lö-tileyenglyön /lə.tiɻeŋŋlyɔ̃n/ adv. Kichumu tyonyay lö-tileyenglyön—That monster appeared where nobody was expecting.

lö-tılılu/lə.tılılu/ adv. Köwö poyon lö-tılılu—The old man went without hesitating. chased away the Karimojong completely last night.

lö-tılululu/lə.tılululu/ adv. Kapecha lö-tılululu—We went in a hurry without stopping.

lö-timimi/lə.timimi:/ adv. Kiminy lö-timimi—She became completely deaf.

lö-tümömo/lə.tüməmo/ adv. Kamanin tumamiwon lö- tümömo—I became completely numb.

lö-tinchil /lə.tɪntʃɪl/ adv. Itu Gham lö-tinchil—Kari- mojong will come unexpectedly. Ki- chinta södökonay lö-tinchil—That needle fell where nobody knew.

lö-tinkow adv. Kekit konyan lö-tinkow—My house has been thatched very well.

lö-tinytiny /lə.tɪntrɪn/ adv. Pöranin möt lö-tinytiny—I have a strong headache.

lö-tipachpach /lə.tɪpətʃpətʃ/ adv. Kewönyö lö-tipachpach—It got completely finished.

lö-tirangrang /lə.tɪraŋraŋ/ adv. kama lö-rangrang—He died at once.

lö-tirkuku /lə.tɪrkuku/ adv. Kaminy lö-tirkuku—He remained dumbfounded.

lö-tirmis /lə.tɪrmɪs/ adv. Katuwit lö-tirmis—It has become dark instantly.

lö-tirpil adv. Kilit pögh kikigh lö-tirpil—The crocodile dived into the water.

lö-tirsyo /lə.tɪrsjø/ adv. Kiryon nyinte lö-tirsyo—He sneezed continuously.

lö-tirumrum /lə.tɪrumrum/ adv. ropiyon akonga lö-tirumrum—just two shillings.

lö-tirungrung /lə.tɪrungrʊŋ/ adv. Longa lö-tirungrung—Climb fast. tangogh lö-tirungrung—very short.

lö-tiryal /lə.tɪrjal/ adv. Kiteny lö-tiryal—It dried completely.

lö-tituu /lə.tɪtu:/ adv. Köryöp nyinte mîke lö-tituu—He crashed the gourd completely.

lö-tiwyöwöy /lə.tɪwæjwæj/ adv. Ne tetötenö lö-tiwyöwöy? Why do you give out oil?

lö-tiwtiw /lə.tɪwtɪw/ adv. Kipokisyö lö-tiwtiw siro pö koko Loyukuk—The cloths of Loyukuk's grandmother are very teared. Kaghya lö-tiwtiw—It broke into pieces.

lö-tilliny /lə.tɪlɪn/ adv. Kochogh nusiyontö—The coin made a tinkling noise. lö-tilliny

lö-tich /lə.tɪtʃ/ adv. Muryenö lö-tich paghe ip walak—Divide well the grains and take some.

lö-tilkich /lə.tɪlkɪtʃ/ adv. Keryam pörköye lö-tilkich—The rope has matched very well.

lö-tilulu /lə.tɪlulu/ adv. Ketul Pökötü Gham lö-tilulu

lö-tiltil /lə.tɪltɪl/ adv. Siranin kîgh lö-tiltil—Something is itching me.

lö-tirara /lə.tɪrara/ adv. Kichiinta mikö lö-tirara—The ompö poryomii pö amïna—The Pöket gourd fell and broke.

lö-tis /lə.tɪs/ adv. Paka lö-tis—Rip off at once.

lö-tök /lə.tək/ adv. Kighyö lö-tök—It stood straight up.

lö-tökol /lə.təkəl/, lö-tökom/ləkom/ adv. for a

while; little, e.g., Ompuran yete lö-tökom—I will stay here for a while. Pala pürimpe lö-tökom—Just dig a small hole.

lö-töl /lə.təl/ adv. Keperchi musar kinagh lö-töl—Fire spark on the cloth and burnt it.

lö-töpik /lə.təpɪk/ adv. Kikar nyinte lö-töpik—He is totally blind.

lö-tok /lə.tok/ adv. pürir lö-tok—very red. lö-wat—Our father came from Kapenguria very tired.

lö-way adv. Kiyin pögh tör lö-way—All the water was spelt out of the container.

lö-wayway /lə.wajwaj/ adv. Kiyin möku pany lö-way way—The maggots have eaten the meat completely.

lö-weng /lə.wɛŋ/ adv. Kipot lö-weng monängay—That child disappeared completely.

lö-wichwich /lə.wɪtʃwɪtʃ/ adv. Wichöy pögh lö-wichwich—The water is boiling.

lö-wir /lə.wɪr/ adv. & pron.

lö-too /lə.to:/ adv. Kanagh töpeyowö lö-too—The all; everything; everyone. torch (traditional torch) burned very brightly.

lö-tortor /lə.tortor/ adv. Wetöy chi nyo kitamas lö-tortor—A drunkard goes zigzagging.

lö-tululu /lə.tululu/ adv. Kiwö lö-tululu—He went without stop. Kakat yomöt terityon lö-tululu—The wind raised a lot of dust.

lö-tursis /lə.tursis/ adv. Pulchinö lö-tursis—Emerge suddenly.

lö-twar ad/v. Kama lö-twar—It died instantly.

lö-twöl /lə.twəl/ adv. Kama nyinte lö-twöl—She died at once.

lö-tyar /lə.tjɑr/ adv. Kangat lö-tyar—It got cut instantly. lö-tyartyar/lə.tjɑrtjɑr/ adv. Igha kasï lö-tyartyar—Work well and fast.

lö-työ /lə.tjɔ/ adv. orus lö-työ—very blue.

lö-työl /lə.tjɔl/ adv. Kipech lö-työl—The sky remained clear after raining (cloudless sky).

lö-waa /lə.wa:/ adv. Kuyin pögh lö-waa—It poured a lot of water. Rïpö lö-waa—Run fast.

lö-wachak /lə.watʃak/ adv. Kapar lö-wachak—They were killed mercilessly. Polecha kasinö lö-wachak—This work is too much for us.

lö-wal(wal) /lə.wal/ adv. Kipka chane lö-wal—They came quickly. Kacheng nyinte kitapu lö-wal—He took the book abruptly.

lö-wanchal /lə.wantʃal/ adv. Kangang yomöt pörkö lö-wanchal—The wind blew away the whole roof.

lö-wang /lə.waŋ/ adv. Yata lö-wang—Open widely. Kiyech lö-wang—It has become dawn.

lö-warkal /lə.warkal/ adv. Kiwoghokisyö konyin lö-war kal—He rolled the eyes inside out.

lä-wat/lə.wat/ adv. Kingwino paponyo Kapenguria

lä-wöywöy/lə.wojwoj/ adv. Ne tewangöna lä-wöy? What happened to finish like that.

lä-wuuu/lə.wu:/ adv. Ghumöy yomöt lä-wuuu –The wind whistled like . . .

lä-yiwat/lə.jiwat/ adv. Kingwino paponyo Kapenguria lä-yiwat—Our father came from Kapenguria very tired.

löchwat/lə.tʃwat/ n. argument. tö löchwat v. to argue, e.g., Metö löchwat ropiyenichan—Do not argue about my money.

lök/lok/ v. [2.ki] to throw stones; to stone. lököt n. par. stoning. lokin/ləki:n// n. stone thrower. lökön/ləkən/ n. one who has been stoned recently. lök'ot adj. par. stoned. löko/ləko:/adj. possible to stone. <sy, <otö, <u, <chi, <o, <egh.

lökichi/ləkɪtʃɪ/ interj. Ah!

lökitarinön/ləkitarɪɔn/ n. medicine (Turk.).

löklök/ləklæk/ rep. v. [2.ki] to knock with stone continuously (see lök).

lökölö/ləkələ/ n. 1 small harvest sack made of twined cords; mesh; pannier. Kowö arawa lökölö The morning star has gone hidden.

lökötetwö/ləkətətwə/, (pl.lakatet) n. type of tree (carisa edulis).

lökötyö/ləkətjə/ n. motherhood or fertility belt. It is worn by women after giving birth. It is a large belt stitched with cowry shells. kikir-anin lökötyö yonyan v. to be spared by luck (litt., to be protected by the belt of one's mother).

lökom/ləkəm/ n. sludge used during 'parpara' (Kara.).

lökoy/ləkoi/ n. pl. news (see lökoyon). lököyo köny/ləkəo kən/ n. legend; myth. lökoyon/ ləkəon/(pl.loköy) n. 1 story; tale; fable. 2 news. lökoy cho karamach good news Gospel. am lökoy/lokəi/ v. to narrate (litt., eat a story).

lökwen/ləkwən/ v. [2.ku] to interchange. kilö-kwenöt/kiləkwənet/ n. par. interchange. ki-the circumcision of girls; it is done two (2) months after circumcision itself. 2 n. pl. (see lapan).

lopöyiwok/ləpɔjwok/ n. bare ground.

löpo/ləpo:/, (pl.löpoyöch) adj. clear; lighten; bril-

lökvensyö/lokvensɪə/ n. interchanging. kilö-liant. löpoyin/lopoɪn/ n. light. löpoy v. kwenin/ kilokwenin/ n. interchanger. lökweno't/ ləkweno't/ adj. par. interchanged. lökweno/ ləkweno/ adj. interchangeable. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <t.

lü/ləl/ stat. v. to coagulate (of milk) (only used in third pers. pl. because it refers to a liquid). lölöt chekö the milk is coagulating. löl'ote/ləlotə/ adj. par. coagulated milk. löløy/ lələj/ (stat.) v. [2.ke] 1 to keep milk apart so that it coagulates. 2 curdle. kiloleyöt/kilələjət/

n. par. preservation of milk for coagulation. kiloleyin/kilələjən/ n. good gourd for coagulating milk. kiloleyö chekö the milk has coagulated. löløyot/lələjət/ adj. par. coagulated milk. <o, <egh. (Kara.) lölön/lələn/ n. yoghurt; coagulated milk.

lölöch (see lalach). lölöy (see lalay). lölöyten (see layata).

lömöyin/ləməjin/ n. gangrene (Kara.).

lömöywö/ləməjwə/, (pl.lamay) n. 1 kind of tree. 2 fruits of that tree, which are eaten during severe famine, albeit that it takes a long time to cook them.

lömok (see lamok).

lömom/ləməm/, (pl.lömomöch) adj. whole; undimin- ished. lömommnyö/ləmommə/ n. wholeness. (see lümum)

löne/lənə/ adv. how?

lönköwöw/lənkəwəw/ n. something lighter than thought or expected.

lönköngy (see langany). lönchten (see langta). lönyten (see lanyta).

löp/ləp/ n. hip; plate. köwo lög hook- bone.

lög (see lap).

löpay/ləpəi/adv. pron. all; everybody.

löpö/ləpɪ/ v. [3.ke] to scandalize; to abject. lönunogh/ləpunəy/, lönunöt/ləpunət/ n. par. scandal; ab- jection. lönunön/ləpunən/ n. scandalized. lönuno't/ləpuno:t/ adj. par. scandalized. <o.

löpwö/ləpow/ n. 1 the second main ceremony of [2.ku] to glow; to enlighten. kilöpoyöt n. par. lightning. kilöpoyin/kiləpojɪn/ n. one who enlightens. löpoy'ot/ləpo'ot/ adj. par. en- lighten. <otö, <u, <chi, to explain, <o. lopöywok /ləpɔjwok/ n. bare ground. lopöyit(u)/ləpɔjɪt/, (pl.löpoyöchitu) v. to become brilliant, re- splendent, clear.

lönponion/ləpponiɔn/, (pl.lopon) n. adult (for people or animals) who has given birth to at least three (3) offspring (also leponion).

lönunöt/ləpuno:t/ n. scandal.

lös (see las).

lösös/, n. licence (Eng.).

lösö/ləsɪ/ der. v. [3.ke] to throw this way. losunogh/losuno:y/ n. par. throwing (see lasta).

lösun (see losi).

löt adv. & prep. behind; after. nyo pö löt adj. the last. lötu/lətu/ n. behind of; back of.

lötunyan/lətunjan/behind me. lötungu behind you. lötunyi behind him/her. lötuncha behind us. lötunkwá behind you (pl.). lötungwa behind them. lötü at the back (see also lat).

löwön/ləwən/ v. [2.ke] to prefer; to choose. löwönöt/ləwənət/ n. par. preference. lög

wönin/löwönin/ n. whitty person.

löwönö/ləwənə/ n n. elected. löwönö't/ləwənə:t/ adj. par. chosen. <otö, <u, <chii, <egh, <t, for someone else.

löwon/lawon/ v. [2.ke] to exchange. löwönöt/ləwənə:t/ n. par. exchange.

löwonin/ləwənɪn/ n. exchanger. löwonön/ləwənə:n/ n. something exchanged. löwönö't/ləwənə:t/ adj. par. exchanged. löw'ono/ləwəno:/, (pl. löwonisyot) adj. exchangeable. <o(töy).

löy, loy (see lay).

löyö/ləjɔ:/, (pl. löyos) n. shoulder.

lochapa lalwa/lotʃpa lałwa/, (pl. Lochapa lałwan) n. Kikuyu (derogative).

lochele(k)wi/lətʃeləwı/ n. ground squirrel.

lochodo/lotʃodo/ n. lame person. lochodo- nön/ lotʃədənə:n/ n. lameness.

lodawayan/lədawjan/, (pl. lodaw) n. kind of small beads (for women).

lodöm/lədəm/, (pl. lodömtin) n. swellings inside a person's mouth, kind of polypus.

lodöwuko/lədəwukɔ/ n. type of lizard.

lodomtin/lədəmtin/ n. croup disease. Lodongol/ lədəŋol/, lodöngöl/lədəŋəl/, (pl. lodöngöltin) n. olive baboon.

lok/løk/ (A) v. [1.ke] to cry; to weep; to mourn. lokat/løkat/ n. par. weeping. loksyö weeping.

lokin/løki:n/ n. one who cries a lot. lok'at/løka:t/ adj. par. cried for. loko/loko:/, (pl. lokisyot) adj. able to cry. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

lok/løk/ (B) v. [1.ke] to make a healing ceremony, curing a person, or a full home (perhaps related to kilokat C, in the sense of trapping the sickness or the spirit disturbing that person). kilokat/kilokat/ n. par. that ceremony. kilokin/kilokin/ n. the person conducting the ceremony, usually a woman. lak'at/løka:t/ adj. par. one who has done that ceremony. <o(tö), referring to place, <egh, referring to means, <u, <chii.

lok (see lak B and lok B).

lok /løk/(C) v. [1.ku] to trap; to noose.

kilokat/kilokat/ n. par. snare; trap. ki- loköyo köny/ləkøjø kəjø/ n. legend; myth. am loköy/ am.løkøjø/ v. to narrate (litt. eat a story).

lokodet/lokodet/ n. 1 a cup with handle. 2 rifle with handle.

lokolon/lokolon/, (pl. lokolontin) n. dung beetle.

lokolonyö/løkəlønø/ n. dung beetle.

lokonkona/lokonkona/, (pl. lokonkonen) n. musket; self made gun; rifle (see amitidany).

lokow/lokow/, (pl. lokowtin) n. 1 container of five kilograms. 2 coughing disease.

lokun (see lokï).

lokunyik/løkuṇi:k/, (pl. lokunyiktin) n. ground squirrel.

lokwaich/lokwaitʃ/ n. warrior (Kari.). lok-wakwichon/løkwakwitʃon/, (pl. lokwakichtin) n. warrior. lokwakwichiñön/lokwakwitʃiñön/ n. war.

lokwamuroy/lokwamuroj/ n. pale fox.

lokwangay/lokwaŋa:j/ n. ugali from maize flour.

lokwlöng/lokwləŋ/, lokwlöng/løkwələŋ/ n.

parrot (bird). lokwön (see lakwan). loliyon (see laliyan). ololong (see lalang).

lolos/lələs/ v. [2.ke] to misuse. Kilolosyogh/ kilələsjo:j/, ki- lolos'ot /kilələsot/ n. par. misusage. kilolosin/killələsin/loksyö n. trapping. kilokin/i/ n. one who misuses. lolos'ot adj. par. trapper. Kilokan/kilokan/ n. prey; something trapped. lok'at/løka:t/ adj. par. trapped. loko/loko:/, (pl. lokisyot) adj. possible to trap. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, for someone else; or with something.

l'ok /lø:k/ n. tears.

lokarkar/lokarka:r/ n. flat land.

lokesyon/løkesjøn/, (pl. lokesyöntin<tin/ n. location (Eng.).

lokï/løk/ v. [3.ku] to cleanse someone's things after his death. kilokunöt/kiləkunət/ n. par. ceremony misused.

lolos'ot/loloso:t/ adj. possible to misuse. <u, <chii, <o. (Kara.)

lototwö/lølotwə/, (pl. lalat) n. type of tree (some of its branches are good for making traditional trumpets (konti) and flutes (pkirerun) because they can be perforated easily and still keep their consistency. Its fruits are edible, and used as a medicine against coughing).

loloyön/lølojən/ stat. v. [2.ki] to be curious; to pry; to meddle. loloyönöt/lølojənət/ n. par. of purification after a person's death. ki- meddling. loloyönsyö/løløjonsjo/ n. meddling.

lokin/kiløkin/ n. person who directs that ceremony. lokuno:t adj. par. (of things) pu- rified. <otö, <egh, referring to the place where the ceremony takes place. lokchii to do it for someone else.

lokipi/lokipi/ n. when a great number of animals die.

lokit/løki:t/ n. sickness of cows (East Coast Fever). lokitor/lokitor/, (pl. lokitortin) n. skin skirt (for girls). lokwilemwö/løkəwilemwe/ n. kind of sorghum. loköyon/løkajon/, (pl. loköy) n. 1 story; tale; fable. 2 news. loköy cho karamach Gospel.

loloyöni/lolojənin/ n. curious. loloyönön/ lolojənən/ n. curious. loloyönsyot /lolojənsjot/ (third pers. pl.) being curious. <o(tö), <egh. lom (see lam).

lomeresyö/lømeresjø/ n. caracal. lomeriyete/

lomerijete/n. tin of cowboy butter oil. lomoyin/
ləmojɪn/ n. gangrena. lomuto/ləmutə/, (pl.lomut)
n. type of tree (datwa stramonium). lomyon/
ləmjon/, (pl.loma) n. type of fruit. lonch'i (see
longch'i).

long/ləŋ/ (A) v. [1.ke] to climb; to ascend; to mount; to go up. langat/laŋat/, (pl.longut) n. par. climbing. longsyö/longsö/ n. climbing. Longin/
lonjin/ n. climber. lang'at/laŋat/, (pl.long'ot) adj. par. climbed.

longo/loŋo/ adj. mountable; possible to climb.
<o(tö), (<ch)i, towards the speaker, <t, away from the speaker.

long/loŋ/, (pl.longtin) n. long trousers (Eng.).

longa/loŋa/, (pl.longoy) n. shield.

longch'i/loŋtʃi/ v. [3.ke] 1 to accuse. 2 to claim with no right; to pretend. longchinogh /
loŋtʃinoy/ n. par. 1 accusation. 2 pretension. longchineghin/ləŋtʃineχin/ n. accuser; pretender. longchinegho't/ləŋtʃineχo:t/ adj. par. accused. pre-tended. <eghu, <eghch'i.

longi/ləŋi/ v. [3.ki] to faint out of a frenzy or happiness.

longun'ot/ləŋjuno:t/ n. par. fainting. longunin/
ləŋjunin/ n. person prompt to faint that way. longun'ot/ləŋjuno:t/ adj. par. fainted. <o(tö), <egh.

longom/ləŋgom/ n. tape worm.

longotyö/ləŋötjə/ v. [3.ki] to balance. longotyogh/loŋötjöy/ n. par. balancing. longotyeghin/ləŋötjeyin/ n. one who balances. longoty'ot/ləŋötj'ot/ adj. par. balanced. longotyo/
loŋötjö:/ adj. bal- anceable. longotyö/loŋötjö/ n. balance. <otö, <egh(u), <eghch'i.

long(t)öwon/loŋawon/, (pl.long(t)öw) n. ladder; staircase.

longun (see longi).

lopedese/lopedese/, lopenese/lopenese/ n. aardwolf. lopekemik/ləpekeṁik/, (pl.lopekemiktin) n. small warthog. lopeway/lopewaj/, (pl.lopewaytin) n. one gallon container. lopi'/lopi/ v. [2.ke] to fail (because of one's fault); to become ruined.

lopunöt/lopunöt/ n. par. fail- ure; failing.

löpunin/ləpunin/ n. person who has failed. lopunön/ləpunon/ n. ruined person. lopuno't /
lopuno:t/ adj. par. failed.

lopitik/ləpitrɪk/ n. basilisk; type of lizard. loplope adj. warm (of water). lopotwö/ləpotwɔ/, (pl.lopot) n. 1 Sodom's apple (*solanum incanum*). 2 fruits of that shrub (used for ceremonies like 'katkata').

Lopput/ləput/ n. pain that foresees problem ahead; bad omen.

lori/ləri/ n. truck; lorry (Eng.). loryong/lərjon/ n. water scorpion.

losaka sarur/losaka sarur/ n. parasite.

losemeyeñ/losemejan/, (pl.losemen) n. warrior (of old).

loskon (see laskan).

lot/lə:t/ v. [1.ke] to win; to overcome; to defeat; to prevail. lotat/lotat/, (pl.lotut) n. par. victory. lotsyö/lətsjə/ n. prevailing. lotin/ləti:n/ n. winner. Lotan/lotan/ n. defeated; loser. lot'at/ləta:t/ adj. par. defeated. loto/ləto:/, (pl. lotisyon) adj. possible to win. <o(tö), <u, <ch'i.

lotaw/lətaw/ n. piece of meat given to children during celebrations.

lotiriri/lətiriri:/, (pl.lətiriritin) n. 1 helicopter. 2 beetle.

lotön (see latan).

lotokin/lotokin/ v. [2.ke] to betroth. kilotokinöt/kilətokinöt/ n. par. betrothal. kilotokinöy/kilətokinsö/ n. be- trothing. kilotokinin/kilotokinin/ n. one who be- troths a woman. lötokin'ot/lətokinöt/ adj. par. betrothed. lötokin/o/lətəkin/o/ adj. marriage- able. <o(tö), <u, <ch'i.

lotokon/lotokon/ n. 1 insect. 2 headdress.

lotoy/lətɔ:/ v. [2.ku] 1 to woo (see wöley) (Kara.). 2 to betroth (see aloto). kilotoyöt/kilətɔ:öt/ n. par. betrothal. kilotoyösyö/kilətɔ:jösyö/ n. betroth- ing.

kilotoin/kilotojn/ n. one who betroths a woman.

lotoy'ot/lətɔ:jöt/ adj. par. betrothed. lotoyo/
lətɔ:o/ adj. possible to betroth.

<sy, <otö, <u, <ch'i, <o, <egh. lotura/lotura/, (pl. loturen) n. red river hog. lowit(u), lowochitu/
lowotjitu/ v. to become distant.

low/lə:w/, (pl.lowöch) adj. distant; remote; far. lowin/ləwɪn/ n. distance. low möt/ləw.möt/ n. distracted; raptured. low adv. & prep. far. wölo low/wəlo low/ distant place. low kütöl farther.

lowidiny/ləwidin/ n. dwarf; short person.

lowiryen/ləwirjen/ n. dwarf; short person.

lowkoy/ləwkoj/ n. animals' bronchitis.

lowöya/ləwö:a/ n. tall man. lowpal/ləwpal/ n. python.

loyete/ləyēte/, (pl.loyetetin) n. d'Arnaud's barbet (tra- cyphonus Darnaudii).

loyitin/ləjiti:n/ n. hare; rabbit.

loykwakwich/ləlkwakwitj/ n. warrior (see lok- waich).

luch/lutj/ (A) v. [1.ke] to overturn. Kiluchat/
kilutjat/ n. par. overturn. Kiluchin/kilutjin/ n. one who uses wrongly. kiluch'at/kilutjat/ adj. par. overturn. <ch'i, <o.

luch/lutj/, (pl.luchtin) n. room.

luk (A) v. [2.ke] to deceive. luköt/luket/ n. par. deceit.

luksyö/luksjə/ n. deceiving. lukin/luki:n/ n. deceiver.

luko't/lukɔ:t/ adj. par. deceived. <otoy, <o, <chii, <u.

luk/lu:k/ (B) v. [1.ke] to isolate; to put apart; not to finish. Kilukat/kilukat/ n. par. isolate. kilu- kin/ kiluki:n/ n. one who isolates. luk'at/luka:t/ adj. par. isolated. <o, <u, <chii.

luk/lu:k.(pl.luktin) n. cage (see luch).

lukluk/lukluk/ rep. v. not to do things straight; to dodge; to skip (see luk).

lul/lu:l/ v. [2.ke] to forgive; to absolve; to excuse; to pardon. lulöt/lulɔ:t/, lulogh/lulox/ n. par. pardon; absolution. lulin/lulin:n/ n. one who forgives. lulön/lulon/ n. forgiven. lulo't/lulot/ adj. par. forgiven. lulo/lulo:/ adj. excusable. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

lulut/lulu:t/ v. [1.ke] to swell after a beat- ing; to bruise. kilulutat/kilulutat/ n. par. bruise. Kilulutin/kilulutin/ n. person prompt to bruise. kululut'at/kululuta:t/ adj. par. bruised.

luloto/luloto:/ adj. possible to swell. <o(tö), <egh.

lulwö/lulwə:(pl.lulwoy) n. stone similar to Kisii stone; it is used for hitting the horns of a calf so that they bend.

lum/lu:m/ v. [1.ke] to cover; to wrap; to encase. Kilumat/kilumat/ n. par. covering. kilumsyö /kilumsjö/ n. wrapping. Kilumin/kilumi:n/ n. one who cov- ers. Kiluman/kiluman/ n. something covered; en- cased. lum'at/luma:t/,(pl.lumo:t) adj. par. covered. lumo/lumo:/,(pl.lumisyon) adj. possible to cover. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, for someone else.

lup/lu:p/ v. [1.ke] to add. lupat/lupat/ n. par. addition. lupsyö/lupsjə/ n. adding. Lupin/lipi:n/n. one who adds. lup'at/lupa:t/ adj. par. added. lupo/lupo:/,(pl.lupisyon) adj. possible to add. <o(tö), <t.

lupar/lupar/ v. [1.ke] to face up; to brave; to assail. kilupar'at/kilupara:t/,(pl.luporut) n. par. braving. ki- luporsyö/ki.luporsjö/ n. facing up. Kiluporin/kiluporin/ n. brave one; someone who faces a challenge (proper of folk dance). lupar'at/lupara:t/,(pl.lupor'ot) adj. par. faced. <o(tö).

lupi/lupi/ n. blue. lupi:yon/lupijon/,(pl.lupitin) n. blue beads.

luslus/luslus:/ v. [ke] to scold.

lusön/lusən/ v. [2.ki] to mould. n. swollen dead body. lusön/lusön/ v. [2.ke] to decompose; to decay. lusönöt/lusonat/ n. par. decomposing; decom- position.

lusönin/lusənin/ n. something prone to decompose. lusönön/lusönön/ n. something de- composed. lusöno:t/lusenöt/ adj. par. decomposed. <o.

lusyö/lus:ə/ (stat.) v. [3.ke] to deliver (only

for women); to give birth. (ki)lusyogh, kilusyeghöt/ kilusjeyət/ n. par. childbirth. Kilusyeghin/ kilus'eyin/ n. midwife. lusye- ghō:t/ lusjeyət/,lusyeghyot/lusjeyət/ adj. par. woman who has delivered. <otō.

lut/lu:t/ v. [2.ke] to insert; to score; to put in. kilutöt /kilutat/ n. par. insertion; scoring. ki- lutsyö/ ki.lutsjə/ n. inserting. Kilutin/kilutin: n. scorer; one who inserts. kilutön/kilutan/ n. one who scores.

luto/luto:/,(pl.lutisyon) adj. insertable. <o(tö), <u, (<chii), towards the object.

luw/lu:w/ v. [2.ke] to spike. kiluwöt /kiluwöt/ n. par. spiking. Kiluwin/kiluwin: n. one who spikes. luw'ot /luwo:t/ adj. par. spiked. luwo/ luwo:/<isyot/ adj. possible to spike. <u, <chii, <o.

lwolwoyön/ lwolwo:on/ n. something watery; liquid.

lyak/ljak/ v. [1.ke] 1 to spit ceremoniously. 2 to perform a kind of exorcism on a sick person; to jump over someone (animal or person), done by old men. lyakat/ljakat/,(pl.lyakut) n. par. ex- orcism.

lyoksyö/ljoksjə/ n. exorcising. lyokin/löki:n/ n. exorcist.

lyakan/ljakan/ n. recently exorcised person.

lyak'at/ljaka:t/,(pl.lyok'ot) adj. par. exor- cised. lyoko/ljoko:/,(pl.lyokisyon)adj. possible to exorcise. <u, <chii, <o, <t. lyaklyak/ljakljak/ v. [1.ke] to lap up; e.g., liquids for drink- ing. kilyaklyakat/kiläkäkat/,(pl.kilyölyökat) n. par. lapping up. kilyölyöksyö/kiljäkljäksjə/ lapping up. kilyölyökin/kiljäkljäki:n// n. one who laps up. lyaklyak'at/ljakljakat/,(pl.lyaklyök'ot) adj. par. drunk in that manner. lyölyöko/löklöko:/ adj. possible to lap. <o(tö), <u, <chii.

lyap/ljap/ v. [1.ke] 1 to add to something; to overcharge. 2 to take food after the main meal (e.g., dessert). kilyapat/kiljapat/,(pl.kilyöput) n. par. dessert. kilyöpsyö/kiljäpsjə/ n. eating dessert. kilyöpin/kiljäpi:n/ n. one who likes eating after meals. kilyapan/ n. dessert. <o(tö).

lyat/ljat/ v. [1.ke] to lick. kilyatat/kiljatat/,(pl. kilyötut) n. par. lick. kilyökin/kiljäki:n/ n. something that licks. kilyötan/kiljötan/ n. something that licks. lyatat/lpatat/,(pl.lyöt'ot) adj. par. licked. lyöto/lyøto:/,(pl.lyötisyon) adj. possible to lick. <o, <u, <chii.

lyaw/ljaw/ v. [1.ke] to plaster walls with a smooth finish; to lick its young (cow). kilyawat n. par. plastering. kilyöwsyö /kiljäwsjə/ n. plastering. kilyöwin/kiljäwin/ n. one who plasters well. Kilyawan/kiljawan/ n. newly plastered house, or wall. lyaw'at/ljawat/,(pl.lyöw'ot) adj. par. plastered. lyöwo/ljëwo:/,(pl.lyöwisyot) adj. possible to plaster. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <t, for someone else.

lyew(lyew)/lëw/ v. [2.ke] to rinse. kilyew(lyew) öt/kiljeljewät/ n. par. rinse. kilyew(lyew)syö/ kiljeljewsjə/ n. rinsing. kilyew(lyew)in/kiljewi:n/ n.

rinser. kilyew(lyew)ön/kiljewən/ n. recently rinsed.

lyew(lyew)'ot /ljewo:t/ adj. par. rinsed.

lyewlyewo/ljewljewo:/ adj. rinsable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü.

lyogh/ljəg/ v. [2.ki] to lack; to miss something.

lyöghöt/ljəgət/ n. par. missing; lacking. lyögho't/ ljəgə:t/ adj. par. lacking. <o(tö).

lyökklyök (see lyaklyak).

lyöp (see lyap). lyöt (see lyat). lyöw (see lyaw).

lyoch/ljøtʃ/ v. [2.ke] to spar; to shun away something; e.g., a blow, an object, etc. ki- lyochöt / kiljötʃət/ n. par. shunning away. ki- lyöchin/kiljötʃin/ n. person who is skilful on skipping.

lyoch'ot /ljotʃo:t/ adj. par. shunned. lyocho/ ljøtʃo:/, (pl.lyochisyon) adj. possible to avoid. <o(tö), <egh.

lyok/llok/ v. [2.ke] to sharpen. kilyoköt/

kiljökköt/ n. par. sharpening. kilyoksyö /kiljoksje/ n. sharpening. Kilyokin/kiljoki:n/ n. one who sharpened. ki- lyökön/kiljökän/ n. something sharp. lyök'ot/ljukvöt/ adj. par. sharpened. lyoko/ljoko:/, (pl.lyokisyot) adj. possible to sharpen. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

lyoktö /ljoktə/ v. [3.ke] to cuff. kilyotogh n. par. cuffing. lyoktoghin/ljoktojin/ n. person who cuffs. lyoktogh'ot/ljokoyot/ adj. par. cuffed. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchü.

lyoplyop/ljopljop/ v. [2.ke] 1 to flare. 2 to be unstable on keeping opinions. kilyoplyo- pöt/ kiljöpljöpet/ n. par. flaring. kilyoplyo- pin/ kiljöpljopin/ n. 1 fire that flares well. 2 unstable person. lyoplyopö/ljopljöpa/n n. unstable person.

lyoplyopo't/ljopljöpo:t/ adj. par. flared. <egh, <o.

lyopöt/ljöpət/ n. flame; blaze.

M, m

Ma/ma/ v. form used as Kima—(S)he, they died (see megh).

má/ma:/(pl.mo(o)t) n. fire.

ma- (see mö).

mach/matʃ/ v. [1.ke] to want; to wish; to demand; to aspire; to need. machat/matʃat/, (pl. möchut) n. par. want; need; demand. mach'at/ matʃat/, (pl. möch'ot) adj. par. wanted; needed. <o(tö). machey/matʃej/ (pl. möchey) n. mark (especially those done on cattle to show ownership, clans mark); signs; emblem.

machunkyan/matʃunkjan/, (pl. machunken) n. orange (Kis.). mad/mad/ v. [1.ke] to brand; to mark animals. kimadat/kimadat/, (pl. kimodut) n. par. brand. ki- modsyö/kimodsjö/ n. branding. kimodin/kimodi:n/ n. one who brands animals. Kimadan /kimadan/ n. recently branded animal. mad'at/mada:t/, (pl. mod'ot) adj. par. branded. modo/modo:/, (pl. modisyot) adj. possible to brand. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <t.

madïng/madiŋ/, (pl. madingtin) n. depraved person.

madikin /madikin/ v. [1.ki] to brag; to show off (seldom used). maemchon/mæmtʃɔ:n/, (pl. mmaempen) n. 1 mango tree. 2 mango fruit (Kis.).

mail/mail/ n. mile (Eng.).

makak(a)/makak/, (pl. makaken), n. twigs used for the building of a house walls. makakayan/ makaja:n/, (pl. makaken) n. small rafters for building a house.

makal/makal/, (pl. mökol) n. ram. makalu ram of.

makanikayan/makanika:j:a:n/, (pl. makaniken) n. mechanic (Eng.).

makany/maka:j/ n. pl. 1 fig trees. 2 figs (see mökönögwö).

makasi/makası/ n. scissors (Kis.). makatyan/ makatjan/, (pl. makatin) n. (loaf of) bread. makawa/ makawa/, (pl. makawen) n. 1 mandazi: small cakes with yeast. 2 tea room.

makes/makes/cho makes/ (no plural form) adj. 1 easy. 2 delicate; fragile. Makesit/makesit/, (pl. mökesitu) v. to become easy, or fragile.

makit/makit/ n. market (Eng.).

makos /mako:s/ v. [1.ke] to enrich.

makos/mako:s/, (pl. mö- kosöch, mökose) adj. rich. mökosyö/mäkosjö/, (pl. mökose) n. richness. Kimakosat/kimakosat/ n. par. enriching. makosit(u)/makosi:t/, (pl. mökosöchitu) v. to become rich.

makugh/makux/ n. pl. (see mokughwö) kind of tree. Makuw/makuw/ n. type of tree (goats eat its leaves very much; women use it for massaging (chururat); young men make arrows from its twigs; its fruits are edible).

makwá/makwa:/, (pl. makwatin) n. a male with only one testicle; but not castrated.

mal/mal/ (A) v. [1.ke] to smear; to mud (e.g., a house). malat/malat/, (pl. molut) n. par. smearing. molsyö/molsjö/ n. smearing. Molin/moli:n/ n. one who smears. Malan/malan/ n. recently smeared house. mal'at/malat/, (pl. mol'ot) adj. par. smeared. molo/molo:/, (pl. molisyot) adj. possible to smear. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <t, for someone else.

mal/mal/ (B) v. [1.ke] to drive animals slowly. malatena, mala n. par. driving animals. molin/ moli:n/ n. person who drives animals. mal'at/, malat/, (pl. mol'ot) adj. par. driven slowly. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <t.

mala /mala/v. [3.ki] to descent; to set (of the sun).

malagh pö /malax pö as:i:s/ n. par. sun set.

malal/malal/ n. food enjoyed during ceremony; beer that is drunk on the spot after sending some to better places.

malal/malal/ (A) v. [1.ke] to gather, to amass; to garner. malalat/malalat/, (pl. mölölut) n. par. gath- ering.

mölösyü n. amassing. mölölin/mölslin// n. one who gathers things together. malalan/malalan/ n. things gathered together. malal'at/malala:t/, (pl. mölöl'ot) adj. par. gathered. mölölo/mäləlo:/, (pl. mölöslyot) adj. possible to gather or collect. <sy, <o(tö), <u, (<chii), <egh, to collect towards the speaker; <t, to collect for someone else.

malal/malal/ (B) v. [1.ke] to sort. malalat/ malalat/, (pl. mölölut) n. par. sorting. mölösyü n. sorting. mölölin/mölslin/ n. per- son who sorts things. malal'äl/malala:t/, (pl. mölöl'ot) adj. par. sorted. adj. able to be sorted. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

malat /mala:t/ der. v. [3.ki] to drive animals slowly.

malatagh /malatay/ n. par. driving animals slowly. malaykyan/malajkjan/, malayıkayan/malajkajan/, (pl. malayiken) n. angel (Kis.).

malerya/maler:a/, (pl. maleryen) n. malaria (Eng.).

maliröyon/malirəjon/, (pl. Malirö) n. Malire people.

malkachech/malkatʃen/ v. [1.ke] to be obstinate, stubborn; to scoff. malkachechat/ malkatʃetʃat/, (pl. molkö- chechut) n. par. stubbornness.

mol-köchechin/molkötʃetʃi:n) n. stubborn.

malkache- ch'at/malkatʃetʃat/, (pl. molköchech'ot) adj. par. obsti- nate. <o(tö). malkachechan/malkatʃetʃan/, (pl. malka- chechtin) n. rascal (Kara.).

malkat /malkat/ n. pl. (see molkotwö).

malmal/mamal/ (A) v. to hinder; to obstruct; interfere. malmalat/mamalat/, (pl. molmolut) n. par. hinderance; interference. molmolsyö/molmolsjö/ n. interfering. molmolin/mäləli:n/ n. one who

in terferes, or makes things difficult.

mal-malan/malmalan/ n. naughty; disobedient.

malmal'at/malmalat/, (pl.molmolo't) adj. par. hindered. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

malmalit/malmalit/, (pl. mölmölit(u)) v. to become rogue; scoundrel, naughty, stubborn. **malmal/malmal/**, (pl.mölmölle) (B) adj. rogue; scoundrel. mölmölyö/mälmaljö/ n. rogueness, naughty, stub- born. malmaltiyon/ **malmaltrion/**, (pl.malmalti') n. 1 type of shrub growing close to rivers. 2 n. name of a river near Amolem.

mals/mals/ n. a cattle sickness.

malse /malse/ adv. carelessly; e.g., Ighöy nyinte kasü-lö-malse—He works carelessly.

malta /malta/ v. [3.ke] to excel; to push aside; to overtake.

maltagh/malta/ n. par. overtaking. Molteghin/ moltegin/ mn. one who excels, or overtakes. maltegh'at/maltega:t/, (pl.moltegh'ot) adj. par. overtaken. moltegho/moltego:/ adj. possible to excel. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii. maltin/maltin/ n. pl. scabbard; sheaths (see malyan).

malul /malul/ (A) v. [1.ke] to cover up. malulat/ malulat/, (pl.molulut) n. par. cover; deceive. molulsyö/molulsjö/ n. covering. molulin/mäluli:n/ n. one who covers, deceives. Malulan/malulan/ n. one who have been deceived. malul'at/ malulat/, (pl.molul'ot) adj. par. deceived. molul'o/molulo/:/molusyö/) adj. possible to deceive. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

malul /malul/(B) v. [1.ke] to spell; to bewitch someone. kimalutat/kimalulat/, (pl.kimölulut) n. par. bewitching. kimölulin/kimäluli:n/ n. one who sends spells. malul'at/malulat/, (pl.mölułot) adj. par. bewitched. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

malutyan/malut'a:n/, (pl.malut) n. a small plant.

malyan/mal'a:n/, (pl.maltin) n. sheath of a spear.

malyang /maljanj/ (A) v. [1.ke] 1 to retort; to rebuke. 2 to call someone secretly. malya- ngat/ maljanat/, (pl.mölyongut) n. par. rebuke. mölyöngsyö/mäljönsjö/ n. retorting. mölyöngin/ möljin:n/ n. rebuker; retorter. malyang'at/ maljanat/, (pl.mö- lyongo't) adj. par. retorted. mölyö- ngo/mäljərjo:/<syot/ adj. rebukable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, (<ch)i, <egh.

malyang/maljanj/ (B) v. [1.ki] to respond. mölyö- ngin/möljöni:n/ n. person who responds. malya- ng'at/maljanat/, (pl.mölyongo't) adj. par. correspondence <otö, <u, <chii.

mama/ma:ma/, (pl.mamatin) n. 1 uncle on the mother's side. 2 nephew or niece (child of one's sister).

maman/maman/ v. [1.ki] to fold.

mamanagh/mamanay/, mamanat/mamanat/, (pl. mömönüt) n. par. fold. mö- mönsyö/mä.mänsje/ n. folding. mömönin/mämäni:n/ n. one who folds.

maman'at/mamanat/, (pl.mömönö't) adj. par. / folded. mömönö/mämäno:/, (pl.mömönisyot) adj. par. foldable. <o(tö), <u, <chii, also to fold something inside.

mamicha n. pl. (see mominye).

mämötöön/mämätöön/, (pl.mämötöy) n. widow (con- traction of ma+möt.)

mampiřir/mampiri:r/ n. parerred goat. mampuli/ mampuli/, (pl.mampulitin) n. umbrella (Kis.). mampusyon/mampusyon/, (pl.mampustin) n. serf; slave; prisoner. 2 defeated in children's games.

man /ma:n/ n. 1 truth. 2 justice. 3 right. 4 real. nyö pö man/ño pö man:/ adj. true. ompö man adv. truly. nyoman adv. very; very much. chipö man just person; honest. 5 pal; friend. we-man—my friend.

man/ma:n/ (A) v. [1.ku] to be challenged; to in- sist. kimanat n. par. insistence. ki- monin/kimoni:n/ n. one who challenges, or in- sist; insistant. man'at/mono't/ adj. par. challenged; insisted. <otö, <egh.

man/ma:n/ (B) v. [1.ke] to want. kima- nat/ kimanat/, (pl.kimonut) n. par. insistence. kimo- nin/kimoni:n/ n. one who wants, or insist; in- stant. man'at/manat/, (pl.mono't) adj. par. wanted, insisted. <otö.

man/ma:n/ (C) v. [1.ke] 1 to provoke; to net- tle; to rile; to irritate. 2 to warn some- one because of some resentment; to scold. kimanat/kimanat/, (pl. kimonut) n. par. provocation; scolding.

kimonsyö/kimonsjö/ n. provoking; scold- ing. kimonin/kimoni:n/ n. one who provokes; scolder. man'at/manat/, (pl.mono't) adj. par. pro- voked. mono/mon:/, (pl.monisyot) adj. irritable. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

man/ma:n/ (D) v. [1.ke] to dislike. kima- nat/ kimanat/, (pl.kimonut) n. par. disliking. ki- monin/kimoni:n/ n. one who dislikes eas- ily. man'at/manat/, (pl.mono't) adj. par. disliked. mono/möno:/, (pl.monisyot) adj. par. easy to be disliked. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

mana/mana/ n. colostrum (first milk of an animal after giving birth).

manak/manak/ v. [1.ke] to rent; to entrust some- thing to someone. kimanakat/kimanakat/ n. par. renting. kimönokin/kimänöki:n/ n. land owner. kimanakan /kimanakan/ n. rented thing. manak'at/manakat/, (pl.mönök'ot) adj. par. rented. mönoko/mänoko:/, (pl.mönökisyon) adj. rentable. <o(tö), <u, <chii, (mönöki).

manam-pelyon/manam.peljöön/ n. type of tree (rauvolfia cafra).

manka/manka/, (mankoy) n. tree gum; sap.

mankarach/mankarats/, (pl.mankarachoy)

n. guinea fowl (bird).

mankirichon/mankirich/ n. red-headed lizard.

mankora v. [3.ke] to crouch during sleep. kimankorat n. par. crouching in sleep. kimönkorin/i/ n. person who crouches during sleep. mankor'at/ monkor'ot/ adj. par. crouched. o(tö).

mankirichon/mankirich/ n. red-headed ant.

mankuanan/mankuanan/,(pl.mankuwantin) n. type of tree (cassia didymobotrya).

manta/manta:/ v. [1.ke] to rely. manta kegh/ manta key/ to depend on. Kimantagh /kimantay/, kimante- ghat n. par. relying; dependence. kimontoghin/kimontøyin/ n. dependant; mantagh'at/mantaya:t/,(pl.montegh'ot) adj. par. relied on. <o(tö).

mantar/manta:r/,(pl.mantaray) n. type of tree, good for fencing (see also möntörwö).

mang/ma:nj/ (A) v. [1.ke] 1 to worry; to bother; to annoy. 2 to get a loan; to bor- row. kimangat /kimajat/ n. par. bothering; wor- rying. kimöngin/ kimənjin/ n. one who wor- ries. mang'at/ manjt/,(pl.mönge:t) adj. par. worry.

mongo/mönjö:/,(pl.mongisyot) adj. annoiable. <o(tö), <egh.

mang /maj/ (B) v. [1.ke] to dwell; to inhabit; to occupy; to live at. mangat/marjat/,(pl.mönget). n. par. residence; dwell. möngisyö/mönjisö/ n. dwelling; residing. möngin/mönjin/ n. dweller; inhabitant; occupant. Mangan /marjan/ n. newly settled homestead. mang'at/marjat/ adj. par. inhabited. möngö/mənjo:/,(mönngisyot) adj. habitable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü.

manka/manka/ n. tree gum; sap. manganga/ manjana/ n. boss; rich person. many/man/ v. [1.ki] to get hoarse throat; to mute.

manyat/ma:nat/ n. par. hoarse throat. mönyin/ mənjin/ n. person who gets a hoarse throat easily. many'at/marja:t/ adj. par. with hoarse throat. <otö, <egh, because of. manyat/ ma:nat/,(pl.monyut) n. envy; jealousy.

mapa /mapa/ of.

mapa kokay /mapa kokai/ n. hell.

mapatyany/mapatjan/,(pl.mapatin) n. corrugated iron sheet (Kis.).

map /ma:p/,(pl.maptin) n. map (Eng.).

mar/mar/ (A) v. [1.ke] 1 to want; to need. 2 to search. 3 to count. marat/marat/,(pl.mörut) n. par. want; need; always looking for something. mörin/möri:n/ n. one who needs; accountant. mar'at/marat/,(pl.mörut) adj. par. wanted; counted. moro/məro:/,(pl.mörisyot) adj. searchable. <o(tö).

mar/mar:/ (B) v. [1.ke] to suffer diarrhoea. kimarat/ki.marat/ n. par. suffering diarrhoea. kimorin/kimori:n/ n. one who suffers that sickness. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

mar/mar/ (C) v. [1.ke] to bother; to vex. mar kegh/

mar.key/ v. to rue; to riot. Kimarat/kimarat/ n. par. vexing.

maranketi/maranketri/ n. blanket (Eng.).

marar/mara:r/ v. [1.ke] to patrol; to oversee.

Mararat/mararat/ n. par. patrol. mörörsyö / mərərsö/ n. pa- trolling. mörörin/mörɔri:n/ n. watchman; one who goes on patrol. marar'at/ mararat/,(pl.mörör'ot) adj. par. patrolled <o(tö), <u, <chü.

marel/mare:l/ v. 1 to keep animals off from drinking for a few days. 2 stat. v. to suffer thirst (for animals).

marelat /marelat/ adj. p/ar. suffering thirst.

mörelin/mörelin:n/ n. person who conditions people or animals away from drinking. marel'at/ marelat/,(pl.mörelyot) adj. par. suffering from thirst. <otö, <egh, because of; <t, for someone else; <u, <chü.

marel /mare:l/ ssadj. white-coloured (goat).

marewa n. nonplus; condition of perplexity where one is not able to walk, talk or speak maria v. to flail, to go round and round wildly until one feels dizzy (see chischis).

marich /mari:tʃ/ v. [1.ke] to narrow down; to be tight. marich/mari:tʃ/,(pl.möriköch) adj. 1 narrow. 2 confined; restricted; with no space; tight. mörikyö/mörikö/ n. narrowness. kimarikat/ kimarikat/,(pl.kimörökut) n. par. reducing size, or space. kimörökin/kimöriki:n/ n. one who reduces. marik'at/marika:t/,(pl.möriko:t) adj. par. re- duced. möriko/mériko:/ adj. possible to reduce. <otö, <u, <chü, <egh, <t. marichit(u)/ maritşit/,(pl.möriköchit) v. to become narrow.

marinta/marinta/,(pl.mariten) n. skirt (Kis.).

markalal /markalal/ (stat.) v. [1.ki] to curve. marka- lalat/markalalat/,(pl.kimörökölöt) n. par. curve.

markalal'at/markalalat/,(pl.mörköleyo:t) adj. par. curved. mörkölolo/märkälälo/ adj. possible to curve. markalal/markalal/,(pl.mörkölö) adj. cunning; crafty; tricky; difficult to catch.

mar /ma:r/ (D) v. [1.ke] to auction; to offer

mörkölööy/märkäläljö/ n. craftiness; shrewdness. something around. kimorsyö /kimorsjö/ n. offering around. Kimorin/kimori:n/ n. auctioneer. mar'at/marat/,(pl.moro:t) adj. par. auctioned. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

maragh pö möt/maray pə mət/ n. par. desperation. marak(i)wan/marakıwan/,(pl. marakwen) n. bean (Kis.). maral/maral/,(pl.mörel) n. thirst. mörelyö/məreljö/ n. keeping animals off drinking for one or a few days. maral pö tapa/ maral pə tapa/ looking for tobacco. maral pö kumin/maral pə kumin/ longing for beer. am maral/am maral/ v. to be thirsty (see am).

markale /markaləl/ v. to teach one to be crafty, shrewd. Kimarkalelat/kimarkalelat/ n. par. craftiness; ability to dodge. markalalit/ markalalit/, mörkö-lölit/markälälit/,(pl. mörköölilitu) v. to become cun- ning, crafty. markalal/markalal/,(pl.mörköölöle) adj. 1 bent; curved; arched. 2 difficult; hard to get; complecated. mörkölelyö/märkälälä/, (pl. mörköle) n. 1 curved(-ness). 2 difficulty.

markalal/markalal/, (pl.mörköölö) adj. cunning; crafty; tricky; difficult to catch. mörkölelyö/ märkälälJä/ n. craftiness; shrewdness. <otö, <o, <egh.

markatat/markatat/ n. a strong person.

marmar/marmar/ n. reticulum.

marmar/marmar/,mörmör/märmär/ adj. streaky; with stripes.

marmar/marmar/ v. to share food in small amount, but not enough for all.

marmarat/marmara:t/n. par. shared but not enough (Kara.).

marmarian/marmarian/,(pl.marmaris) n. a place with only a few bushes.

marsikit/marsikit/ n. type of tree (prunus puddum).

marta/marta/ der. v. [3.ke] 1 to peddle; to advertise. 2 to search something for someone. kimartagh n. par. peddling.

martas/martas/,(pl.mortos) n. monitor lizard.

mas/ma:s/ (B) v. [1.ke] to claim, demand; to snatch. masat, masagh/masay/, (pl.mosut) n. par. claiming. mosin/mosi:n/ n. claimer. masat/masa:t/,(pl. mos'ot) adj. par. claimed; snatched.

moso/moso:/ adj. claimable. <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh, <t.

masach/masatʃ/ n. pl. (see mosochin).

masankwi/masankwi/ n. a religious sect known in Kenya as 'Dini ya Msambwa' which was suppressed by the colonial power in 1954; but it is still alive in some of the mountainous areas of Pökot land.

masar/masar/,(pl.masaren) n. rag.

maskwan /maskwan/ v. [1.ke] to treat recklessly.

maskwanat/maskwanat/ recklessness.

moskwonin/moskwoni:n/ n. reckless person. maskwanan/maskwanan/ n. one who is treated recklessly. maskwanat/maskwanat/,(pl.mos-kwono:t) adj. par. treated recklessly. <egh, <o, <chī, <u. maskwan/maskwan/,(pl.maskwantin) n. reckless.

masoy/masoi/ n. pl. (see masyan).

masta v. [3.ki] to go astray from the way; to take a short cut. mastagh treachery. treacherous. mastin n. pl. (see masyan). masyakan/masyak/ n. beer residues. masyan/masoy, mastin/ n. 1

piece of hide tied on the legs especially after killing an enemy. 2 type of tree (polyscias kikuyuensis).

matangwil/mataŋwil/ n. nook (Kara.). matany/ matan/,(pl.mötöny) n. cheek; jaw.

mataparyan/mataparen/ n. brick (Kis.).

matay/matai/ n. pl. finger millet (see mötöywö).

matis/matis/ n. mathematics (Eng.).

matigh/matiy/, (pl. mötigh) [1.ke] to groan, moan. matighat/matiyat/,(pl.mötighut) n. par. groaning. mötighin/mtiy:i:n/ n. one who groans; groaner. matigh'at/matiyat:/(pl.mötighut) n. par. groaning. mötighin/mtiy:i:n/ n. one who groans; groaner. matigh'at/matiyat:/(pl.mötigho:t) adj. par. groaned. mötigho/matiyo:/ adj. able to groan. <o(tö), <egh.

matonkil/matonkil/ n. 1 gourd's handle. 2 difficult situation. matony/mator/ n. hawk eagle. matuw/matuw/,ptuya/ptua/ n. black goat. maw/ maw/,(pl.mawtin) n. a big snake. mawaya pa kong/ mawa:pa konj/ n. cornea.

may/ma:i/ v. [1.ki] to dry something in the sun; to bask. Mayat /ma:lat/ n. par. drying. Moyin/ möjin:/ n. one who puts things to dry in the sun. may'at/ma:a:t/ adj. par. dried. <u, <chī, also referring to the place where the object is placed.

mayay/majaj/ stat. v. [1.ke] to be confused, to baffle; to perplex.

mayyat/majajat/ n. par. baffleness. Moyoyin/ möjöjin/ n. one who get baffled all the time.

mayayan/ n. stupid; blockhead; ig- norant. mayay'at/ma:a:t/,(pl.möyöyi:sot) adj. par. baffled. möyöyo/majajo/,(pl.möyöyi:sot) adj. par. able to be baffled. <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh.

mayil/majil/ n. mile (Eng.). mayintyon/ma:li:ntion/,(pl. mayintin) maize.

maym'a/majma:/ n. praying mantis. mayos/ majo:s/,(pl.möyosoy) n. olive baboon.

maywa/majwa/ n. fermented flour; kumi maywa/ kumi: majwa/ n. beer from flour.

mpola/mpøla/,(pl.mpolatin) n. funnel.

mcharut/mtʃarut/ n. pied wagtail (bird). me- conj. no; 1 not (negative prefix for ku- verbs attached to the verb; it contracts with the personal prefix of the verb; contrac- tions make: ma, mo (see mö); it only ap- pears as prefix for the third person). 2 it is as well the prefix of the negation of adjec- tives derived from verbs of the same kind; e.g.,

meweronye/mewerone/ inaccessible; mesomonot- nye /mesomonot ñε/uneducated; memukonye /memukonqe/impossible, unlikely; merøkonye/ merøkonqe/ unfit; memölonye /memɔlɔnqe/ un- deniable; menkitotnye/menkitotñε/ unknown. meriyo- nya /meri:yo.ñε/unbreakable.

medel/medel/ (A) v. [2.ke] to delude. kimedelat,

kimedelöt/kimedelöt/ n. par. dilution. ki-medelin/médelin/ n. deluder. medel'ot/médelot:/ adj. par. deluded. medelo/medelo:/,(pl.medelisyot) adj. possible to delude. <o(tö).

medel/medel/ (B) v. [1.ke] 1 to gibe; to ridicule. Kimedelat, kimedelöt n. par. gibe; ki- medelsyö/ ki.médelȫ/ n. ridiculing. Kimedelin n. giber, ridiculizer. kimedelön/kimedelən/ n. mocked person.

medel'at/medelat/, (pl. medel'ot) adj. par. ridiculized. <o(tö), <u, <egh, <chü.

mehg/mey/ v. [1.ku] 1 to die; to perish. 2 to break down (of something) meghat/meyat/, megha/meyä/ n. par. death.

Meghin/meyin/n. agonizing.

megh'at/meyä:t/ adj. par. dead. megho/meyo/, (pl. meghisyon) adj. mortal; pos- sible to die. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <t. megh kisön/mey.kisön/ v. coagulate. megha kukiy/meyä.kukri/ expr. to die a useless death.

meghata arawa/meyata rawa/ n. eclipse of the moon. meghata asis/meyata asis:/ n. eclipse of the sun. megh mïkulöw/mey mïkulaw/ v. to dispirit; to discourage.

megh ma/meyma:/v. to extinct fire. megh yomöt/ mey jomat/ v. to be calm, windless.

megha mirön/mey mirən/ n. hero's death.

megh kong/mey kong/ v. to become blind. megh por / mey por:/ v. to be paralysed.

meghmegh/meymey/ rep. v. to weaken. meghmeghat /meymeyat/ n. par. weakness.

meghan/meyan/ n. weak, languid per- son. meghmegh'at/meymeyan/ adj. par. weak. <o(tö), <egh.

meghta/meyta/ der. v. megh- tagh/mey tay/ n. par.

meghta kegh/meyta key/v. to pretend one has died. meghtha por /meyta po:r/v. to become paralysed.

mel/mel/ v. [1.ke] to lick. melat/melat/ n. par. licking. melsyö/melsjə/ n. licking. melin/meli:n/ n. licker.

mel'at/melat/ adj. par. licked.

melo/melo/, (pl.melisyot) adj. lickable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü.

meli/meli/, (pl.melin) n. boat; ship (Kis.).

melkong/mækŋɔŋ/, melkony/mækŋɔn/, (pl.melkongtin) n. circumciser, especially of girls.

melmel/melmel/ v. [2.ke] 1 to wallow. 2 to disregard; to ignore kimelman/kimelman/ n. par. wallowing (see mel); disregarding. ki- melmelsyö/ melmelsjə/ n. wallowing; disregarding. Kimelman/kimelman/ n. one who wallows disrespectfully. melmelo't /melmelot/ adj. par. swallowed; disregarded. melmelo/malmelo:/ adj. able to wallow. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü.

melö/mela/ adv. no; not (this word precedes the adjective or noun to negate it. It can precede also a verb; however this latter is not very correct).

melwon/mélwon/ n. June.

men/men/ v. [1.ke] to despise; to ignore; to neglect. menöt/menät/ n. par. despising. menin/menin/ n. menön/menön/ n. pride. men'ot/meno:t/ adj. par. to be proud of. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

men/men/ n. pl. hides (see menyon).

menchö/ménçjə/, (pl.menchoy) n. house for circumcised boys.

meng/mey/ v. [1.ke] to yawn. kimengöt/ kimengot/ n. par. yawn. Kimengin/kimeni:n/ n. one who yawns often. mengo't /mengo:t/ adj. par. yawned. meno/meno/, (pl.mengisyot) adj. par. able to yawn. <o(tö).

mengengunenyine kigh/mængænænɛnɛ kig/you are good for nothing (see ngengi).

mengwa/mængwa/, (pl.mengwoy) n. glow worm.

menotyon/menotjon/, (pl.menot) n. 1 neglectful. contemptuous. menötinön/menätinän/ n. contempt. mentö/menta/ adv. no; not (this word precedes the adjective or noun to negate it. It can precede also a verb; though its use is not very correct).

meny (see meng).

menyighunye/mænɪgænɛ/ adj. useless.

menyon/menyon/, (pl.men) n. animal's hide (used as mattress for sleeping).

mer/mer/ (A) v. [1.ke] 1 to defeat; to expel away. 2 to get dirty around the mouth, or eyes during sleep; e.g., mer kut, mer kogh. Kimerat/kimerat/ n. par. defeating. Kimerin/kimeri:n/ n. one who defeats many. mer'at/merat/ 1 defeated. 2 dirty (i.e. eyes, mouth). <otö, <u, <chü, <egh.

mer/mer/ (B) v. [1.ke] to dirt with soil (like a child). Kimerat/kimerat/ n. par. dirtying. kime- rin/ kimeri:n/ n. dirty.

mer'at/merat/ adj. par. dirty.

meretwo/meretwə/, (pl.meret) n. the dirt under the foreskin of uncircumcised male; male oribi meretin one who carries male dirt. <o(tö), <egh, <chü. referring to place. mer kegh/mer key/ v. [2.ke] to count.

merencha/meretʃa/, (pl.merenchoy) n. bushbaby; lemur; galago (animal).

merewö/merewə/, (pl.merewotin) n. red-headed bluebill (bird).

meriswö/meriswə/, (pl.meriswen) n. stick used for clean- ing gourds (meruswo).

meriyö/meri:jə/ v. [3.ki] to lick one's finger (espe- cially if dirty with honey). meriyöt/ meriyat/, me- riyogh/meri:jɔy/ n. par. licking. meriyeghin/meri:jɛyin/ n. one who licks his/her

fingers. meriyegh'ot/merrięyo:t/ adj. par. licked. <otö, <egh(chi).

merit/merit/ n. male oribi.

mermer/mérmer/ v. [1.ku] to gleam; to glow; to glitter; to shine; to glimmer; to sparkle; glitter- ing. kimermerat n. par. glowing; gleam- ing. mermer'at/ mérmerat/ adj. par. gleaming. mermero/ mérmero:/,(pl.mermerisyot) adj. possible to gleam. <o(tö).

meruyon/meruion/,(pl.Merun) n. Meru (people).

mes/mës/ v. [2.ku] to blab; to speak non-sense. kimesöt/kimèsat/ n. par. blabbing. kimes-yö/ kimesə/ n. blabbing. Kimesin/kimesi:n/ n. blabber. meso:t /mesot/ adj. par. blabbed. <otö, <o, <egh.

mesa/mesa/,(pl.mesen) n. table (Kis.; Portuguese).

meseryon/meserjón/,(pl.meseren) n. alms; gifts given to circumcised youths.

mesiya/mesi:a/ n. Messiah (Eng.).

mesunye/mesunqe/,(pl.mesucha) adj. insignificant, un- satisfactory.

met(i)rang/metirarj/ n. type of black beetle; tobacco beetle.

metron/metron/ n. tobacco beetle.

mey/mej/ n. pl. poor people (see meywön).

meyta /mëta/ der. v. meytagh pö por/mëta po:r/ to paralyse (see meghtha).

meywontön/mëjwontan/ v. [2.ke] to impoverish. mey- wontönöt /mëj.wontöñöt/ n. par. impoverishment; poverty. meywön/mejwo:n/,(pl. mey) n. poor per- son; destitute; miserable. meywontön/mejwontan/ n. poverty; misery; penury. ipu meywontön v. to impoverish.

michele/mitʃele/,,(Pl.michelen) n. rice (Kis.).

michi/mitʃi/ v. [3.ke] 1 to suit. 2 to deserve; to suffice. mîchinî /mitʃini:/ it suits. mîchinogh/ mitʃinox/ n. par. fitness. mîchinot/mitʃinot/ adj. par. fitted; suited.

mîgh/mîg/,(pl.mighoy) n. python (or any big snake).

mîgh/mîg/ v. [2.ki] to frighten; to be afraid.

mîghöt/mîyat/ n. par. fear. mîghin/mîxin/ n. fearful. mîghöt/mîyat/ adj. par. frighten; aghast. <otö, <chi, <u, because of.

mîghöt/mîyat/ n. time of abundance. mîghöt korö/mîyat korä/ state of bliss, and abundance.

mîkaka/mikaka/ adj. ragged; wrinkled. mîkököyü/mîkakəj/ n. state of being in bad condition.

mîkang/mîkanj/,(pl.mkangtis) n. 1 ladle. 2 paddle; oar. mîkasa/mîkasa/,(pl. mkaßen) n. committee member (Kis.). mîkaskasyan/mîkaskasjan/,(pl. mîkaskas) n. pimple. mîkatyan/mîkatjâ:n/,(pl. mîkatin) n. bread (same as makatyan).

mîkentö/mîkentə/ n. brown. mîkeyon/mîkejöñ/ n. August.

mîkin/mîkin/ n. 1 pillow; cushion. 2 hand without fingers, leg without toes.

mîkis/mîkis/,(mîkistin) n. ochre soil used to smear the cloths of circumcised boys (tyos).

mîkitkit/mîkitkit/ n. yellow-billed barbet (trachylæmus purpuratus).

mîkô/mîka/ n. 1 neck of a spear (the metal between the blade and the shaft). 2 mîkô/mîkə/ gourd.

mîkökö /mîkakə/ adj. rough. mîkököyo n. roughness.

mîkön/mikon/ n. a grass. mîkonkwö onyöt/ mikonkwə oñət/mîkanka onyöt/ n. flower of aloe (litt. cooking stick of a ghost). mîkukön/mîkukən/ (A) v. [2.ki] to bear; to toler- ate; to be patient. mîkukönöt/mîkukənət/ n. patience.

mîkukönin/mîkukənin/ n. patient per- son. adj. par. borne. mîkuköno/mîkukəno:/,mkukönisyot) bearable.<otö), <u, <chi.

mîkukön/mîkukən/(B) v. [2.ke] to lull. kimukonut/ kimukonut/ n. par. lulling. kimîkükönin/ kimîkükönin/ n. one who lulls. mîküköno:t / mîkukönöt/ adj. par. lulled. <otö), <egh.

mîkul/mîkul/ adj. whole, intact. mîkul-kîpes/ mîkulkîpes/ adj. barren (wo)man.

mîkulögħ/mîkuləgħ/,(pl. mîkulōw) n. 1 heart.

mîchmîch/mitʃmitʃ/,,(pl.mîchmîche) fair. mîchmîch-kogħpō

mîkulōw/koż pâ mîkuləw/ idem. 2 spi

mîchmîchin/mitʃmitʃin/ n. fairness (Kara.).

mîda/mîda/ v. [3.ke] to wait. mîdagh/mîday/ n. par. waiting; expectation. mîdeghin/mîdeyin/ n. one who waits for long.

mîdegh'at/mîdeyat/ adj. par. waited for. <otö, <egh(chi).

mîduken /mîduken/ n. unripened ugali.

mîkulōw **nyo** **tilil** /mîkulə no tîlîl/ Holy Spirit.

mîkunkyon/mîkunklon/ n. fist. mîkung/mîkunj/ n. paw.

mîkuryon/mîkurjón/ n. a man's wrist bracelet.

mîkus/mîkus/,(pl.mîkusoch) adj. impotent; sterile (for male animals). mîkusyö /mîkusje/ n. impotency; sterility. mîkusit(u)/mîkusit/,(pl. mîkusöchitu) v. to become impotent.

mîl/mîl/ (A) pron. v. to be attracted; to feel interesting; e.g., Mîlanin Cherotich—I like Cherotich.

mîl/mîl/ (B) v. [1.ke] to pour. mîlat/mîlat/ n. par. pouring.

mîlsyö/mîsjə/ n. draining. mîlin/mîlin/ n. drainer.

milan /mīlān/ n. drained liquid. mīl'at/mīlā:t/ adj. par. drained. mīlo/mīlō:/,(pl.mīlisyon)/ adj. drainable. <otö, <sy, <u, <chī.

mīl/mīl/ (C) v. [1.ki] to inherit. mīla/ mīla/, mīlat/mīlat/ n. par. heritage.

mīlin/mīlin/ n. inheritor. mīlān/mīlān/ n. inherited. mīl'at/mīlā:t/ adj. par. inherited. <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh.

mīla tarkal /mīla tarkal/ n. scrotum.

mīlchi/mīltṣi/ v. [3.ke] to infuse; to pour in. mīl- chinogh/mīltṣinoy/ n. par. pouring into something. mīlchin'ot/mīltṣino:t/ adj. par. poured in.

mīlkīch/mīlkītṣ/ v. [2.ku] to gulp. kimīlkichöt/ kimilkitsöt/ n. par. gulping.

mīlkīchin/mīlkītsin/ n. one who gulps often. mīlkīchön/mīlkītṣən/ n. gulp. mīlkīch'ot/ milkitṣöt/ adj. par. gulped. <o(tö), <egh. mīlmīl/ mīlmīl/ (A) v. [1.ki] to rinse once mouth.

mīlmīlat /mīlmīlat/ n. par. rinsing. mīlmīlin/ mīlmīlin/n. rinser.

mīlmīl'at/mīlmīlat/ adj. par. rinsed.

mīlmīlo/mīlmīlo:/,(pl.mīlmīlisyon) adj. possible to rinse. <o(tö).

mīlmīl /mīlmīl/ v. [1.ki] 1 to make round. 2 to roll.

mīlmīlat/mīlmīlat/ n. par. roundness. mīlmīlin/ mīlmīlin/ n. one who knows how to do round things well.

mīlmīl'at/mīlmīlat/ adj. par. round. mīlmīlwak/ mīlmīlwak/ n. oval. mīlmīl/mīlmīl/,(pl.mīlmīlöch) (B) adj. round; spherical, mīlmīl- yō / mīlmīlō/ n. roundness. mīl(mīl)was n. oval. mīlmīlya/<tin/ n. caterpillar.

mīlot/mīlot/ n. bag.

mīlus/mīlus/, (pl.mīlusöch) adj. impotent.

mīlusnōn/mīlusnən/ n. impotence. mīluso/ mīluso/ v. [3.ke] possible to make one impotent.

mīlu sogh/mīlusøy/ n. par. impotency.

mīlusit(u)/mīlusit/, (pl.mīlusöch(itu)) v. to become sterile.

mīlwak/mīlwak/ n. spherical thing.

mīmīgh/mīmīy/ (A) v. [1.ki] 1 to roll. 2 to deliberate secretly (in order to solve some problems). mīmīghat/mīmīyat/ n. par. rolling; deliberating.

mīmīghsyö/mīmīysjə/ n. rolling; deliberating. mīmīghin/mīmīyin/ n. one who rolls; one who deliberates. mimigh'at/mīmīyat/ adj. par. rolled; deliberated and solved. <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh.

mīmīgh/mīmīy/ (B) v. [1.ki] to smother; to suffocate. mīmīghöt/mīmīyət/ n. par. n. one who gets suffocated easily. mīmīghön/mīmīyən/

n. suffocated. mīmīgh'ot/mīmīyo:t/ adj. par. suffocated. mīmīgho/mīmīyo:/ adj. possible to be smothered. <o(tö), <egh, <u, <chī.

mīnamīn/mīnamīn/ n. elephant. mīnanian/ mīnanian/,(pl.mīnantin) n. nickname. mīnchīr/ mīntṣir/ v. [1.ki] to crush into small pieces. mīnchīrat/mīntṣirat/ n. par. crushing.

mīnchīrsyö/mīntṣirsjə/ n. crushing.

mīnchīrin/mīntṣirin/ n. one who likes to crush things into tiny pieces. mīnchīran/mīntṣiran/ n. morsel; small pieces; cramps. mīnchīr'at/mīntṣira:t/ adj. par. crushed. mīnchīro/mīntṣiro:/ adj. crushable. <sy, <otö, <u, <chī, <o, <egh. mīnchīrsyon/mīntṣirssjə/,(Pl.mīnchīris) n. trader, merchant. mīnchīrisinön/mīntṣirisinən/ n. trade; commerce.

mīnich/mīntṣi/ v.[1&2.ki] to become pregnant after a long time. mīnichat/mīntṣat/, mīnichöt/mīntṣat/ n. par. becoming pregnant after long time. mīnichan/mīntṣan/, mīnichön/ mīntṣən/ n. woman who became pregnant after long. mīnich'at/mīntṣat/, mīnich'ot/mīntṣo:t/ adj. par. pregnant after long time. <otö, <egh, because of.

mīningit(u)/mīnijit/, (pl.mīnkechitu) v. to become small. mīning/mīnij/,(pl.mīnkech) adj. small. mīningyö/mīnijɔ:/ n. smallness.

mīntir/mīntir/ n. kind of herb.

mīntīril/mīntīril/ v. [1.ke] to flavour (with salt) a meal. kimīntīrilat/kimīntīrilat/ n. par. flavouring. mīntīrilit(u)/mīntīrilit/ v. to become sour. mīn-tīril/mīntīril/,(pl.mīntīrile) adj. sour; salty. mīntī- rilyö/mīntīrili:/ n. sourness. mīntīrilwo/mīntīrilwo/,(pl.mīntīril) n. type of tree (its fruits are edible—they taste a bit salty).

mīng/mīŋ/ v. [1.ki] to deafen; to be dumb

mingat/mīŋat/ n. par. dumbness; deafening. mīngin/mīŋin:/ n. deaf.

mingan /mījan/ n. one recently deafened.

ming'at/mīja:t/ adj. par. deafened. <o(tö), <egh, because of. mīng/mīŋ/ n. unlucky person; destitute (lost all (s)he had).

mīngin/mīŋin/ n. misfortune.

mīny/mīŋ/ n. puffadder.

mīny/mīŋ/ adj. foul smell; fetid; bad smell; stinking; nasty. mīnyin/mīŋin/ n. nastiness.

mīnyany/mīŋan/, (pl.mīnyony) n. edible pumpkin.

mīnyaris/mīŋaris/ n. person suffering of a hangover; e.g., Mīnyaris chichī/mīŋaris tʃitʃi/— This person has a hangover (because of a previous drunkenness); weak because of sickling person.

mīnyas/mīŋas/ n. 1 caprice. 2 appetite (especially for delicacies).

mīnyony/mīŋon/ n. pl. pumpkins (see mīnyany).

mīr/mir/ n. pl. rats (see mīryan).

mîr/mîr/ adv. especially. kümîr/kîmir/ adv. especially.

mîr/mîr/ (A) v. [2.kî] 1 to deviate. 2 to de- lay someone. Mîröt/mîret/ n. par. deviation. mîrin/mîrin/ n. one who delays oth- ers. Mîro't/mîro:t/ adj. par. deviated; delayed. Mîro/mîro:/,(pl.mîrisot) adj. possible to deviate. <o, <t, to make a strong deviation.

mîr /mîr/ (B) v. [2.ke] to lie; to accuse; to allege.

mîröt/mîret/ n. par. allegation. mîriin/mîri:n/ n. liar. mîro't/mîro:t/ adj. par. accused. <o(tö), <u, <chî, <egh. mîr putintön/mîr putintön/ to bear false witness.

mîran/mîran/,(pl.mîrantin) n. juicy meal, especially one with ugali.

mîray/mîra:j/ n. small amount of food.

mîrchi mîkulöw /mîrtçî mîkulâw/ v. [3.kî] to be sad. mîr- chinöto

mîkulöw/mîr tşinato mîkulâw/ n. par. sadness.

mîrintî /mîrintî/ n. bad omen caused by a pregnant woman; e.g., wîr mîrintî /wîr mîrintî/ beaten by that omen. (see wîr).

mîrîru /mîrîru/ adv. easy to disappear.

mîriy /mîri/ v. [1.ke] to break; to shatter. mîriyöt/ mîrijet/ n. par. shattering. mîriyin /mîrijin/ n. one who shatters things. mîriyo't/mîrijo:t/ adj. par. broken; shattered. Mîriyo/mîrijo/ adj. able to able to be shattered. <o(tö), <u.

Mîriyö/mîrijë/ n. purple colour.

Mîrkat /mîrkat/ adj. feeling uneasy because of danger. Mîrkotyö/mîrkotë/ n. danger.

Mîrkatit(u)/mîrkatit/ v. to get that feeling of uneasiness; e.g., Mîrkat körö asete—It is dangerous. mîrkilüt/mîrkilüt/ n. knot of a tree. mîrkîtwö/mîrkîtwö/,(pl.mîrkît) n. type of tree (diospyros mespiliformis).

mîrkot /mîrkot/ adj. dangerous (see mîrkat).

mîrkwî /mîrkwî/ n. soaked remains of ugali in the cooking pot (after cooking ugali, water is poured in order to soak the hard crust attached to the wall of the pot; that soaked crust is called mîrkwî).

mîrmîr/mîrmîr/ v. [1.kî] to get ready. mîrmîrat/ mîrmîrrat/ n. par. getting ready. mîrmîrsyö /mîrmîrsyö/ n. getting ready. mîrmîrin/mîrmîrin/ n. one who gets ready fast. mîrmîr'at/ mîrmîra:t/adj. par. ready. mîrmîro/mîrmîrro:/,(pl. mîrmîrisot) adj. able to get ready. <sy, <otö, u, <chî, <o, <egh.

mîrmîrit(u) /mîrmîrit/ v. to become rude, unkind.

mîrmîr/mîrmîre/ (B) adj. rude; mo- rose; unkind.

mîrmîryö/mîrmîrjë/, mîrmîrin/mîrmîrin/ n. unkindness.

mîrmîro/mîrmîrro:/ adj. ductile. mîrō stat. v. to be broken, fractured.

mîrön/mîrân/,(pl.mîrön) n. pl. 1 man; gentleman. 2 bridegroom. mîrönöt/mîrânat/ n. virility; manhood; gentlemanship; grantsmanship.

mîröntî /mîrântî/ n. bad omen caused by a pregnant woman (used with verb wir mîröntî).

mîrötö/mîrötö/ n. partition; space in between.

mîronkit/mîronkit/,(pl.mîronkit) n. 1 type of tree (medicine against venereal diseases). 2 quiver (made of that tree).

mîror /mîror/ n. pl. brides (see mîrar).

mîrsî /mîrsî/ n. coagulated milk.

mîrsîny/mîrsîn/ n. 1 soft leather used to make thongs to tie cow bells. 2 mattress.

mîrtîchö/mîrtîtçä/ n. 1 accident. 2 a sudden storm.

mîrtö /mîrtö/ der. v. [3.ke] to walk straight on.

mîrtogh/mîrtçäj/ n. par. walking ahead.

mîrut/mîrut/,(pl.mîru:t) n. structure of a house.

mîrutyo/mîrutçö/ n. the beams of.

mîrûos/mîrûos/ n. lies; allegation. mîrûosinön/ mîrûosinan/ n. lying; alleging.

mîryâ/mîryâj/ n. deep brown. mîryan/mîrjan/ ,(pl. mîr) n. rat; mouse.

mîryonit(u)/mîryonit/, (pl.mîryonöchitu) v. to become brownish. mîryo/mîrjo/,(pl.mîryoch) adj. dark brown.

mîs /mîs/ v. [2. ke] 1 to wink. 2 to quench; to extinguish; to blow out a fire. ki- mîsöt /kimîsöt/ n. par. winking; quenching. Kimisin/kimisi:n/ n. firefighter.

mîs kîgh /mîs kîjy/ prep. v. [2.ku] to feel like vomit- ing, e.g., Kemisanın kîgh/kemisanın kîjy/I feel like vomit- ing because of something. kimîsöto kîgh/kimîsöto kîjy/ n. par. nausea.

mîsara/mîsara/ n. salary; wage (Kis., Arabic).

mîsîk/mîsîk/ n. widow. mîsîk/mîsîk/,(pl.mîsuk) n. stump; trunk; stubble.

mîsimenö/mîsimenö,(pl.mîsimen) n. saw (Kis.).

mîsmîs /mîsmîs/ (A) rep. v. [2.ku] 1 to blink. 2 to flicker (of fire) kimîsmîsöt/kimîsmîsöt/ n. par. blinking; flickering. mîsmîso/mîsmîso:/,(pl. mîsmîsot) adj. able to blink. <o(tö). (see mîs).

mîsmîsit(u)/mîsmîsit/ v. to become blurred, vague. mîsmîs/mîsmîs/,(pl.mîsmîse) (B) adj. blurred; vague; unclean. mîsmîsyo/mîsmîsjë/ n. vagueness.

mîsuk /mîsuk/ n. pl. (see mîsik).

mîswö /mîswâ/ n. cursing (see mîsyö).

mît /mît/ v. [2.ke] to chew (as tobacco, sweets, tamarind).

mítöt /mítət/ n. par. chewing. mít- in/mítin/ n. one who is fond of doing so. mít- tat /mítat/ adj. par. chewed. mító/mítos/:,(pl.mítisyot) adj. chewable. <egh, <o.

mítaghaghít/mítayayít/, (pl.mítöghögħitu) v. to become sour and sweet. mítaghagh/ mítayay/, (pl.mítöghö- ghe) adj. tasting between sour and sweet (bitter sweet). mítöghögħyö / mítayaygħø/ n. taste between sour and sweet.

mítich /mítit/, mítik /mítik/ v. [2.ke] to cut; to sever. mítichöt/mítitjət/ n. par. severing. mítichin/mítitjin/ n. one who serves. mítich'at/ mítitjət/ adj. par. severed. míticho/mítitjə:/ adj. possible to sever. <u, <chī, <o, <egh.

mítika/mítika:/(pl.mítika) n. vehicle (Eng.).

mítinkal/mítinkal/ n. handle; piece of leather sewn to a gourd as handle.

mítir/mítir/,(pl.mítiroj), ,(pl.mítir) n. female/ mother animal producing little milk (especially cows when their milk production dwindles).

mítinqö/mítinqə/ stat. v. [3.ku] to benumb. kimíntingöt/kimíntinqət/ n. par. benumbing. kimíntingin/ kimíntinqin/ n. benumb person. mítinq'ot/ mítinqət/,(pl.mínti- ngisoyt) adj. par. benumb. <otö, <o, <egh.

mítus/mítus:s/ v. [2.ke] to make something blunt; to smother.

mítusit(u) /mítusit/, (pl.mítusöchitu) v. to become blunt.

mítus/mítus/,(pl.mítusöch) adj. blunt; unsharp. mítusyö/mítusɔ:/ n. bluntness.

mítusto/mitusto/v. [3.ke] to go about secretly. mítustogh/mitustox/ n. par. going in secret. mítustöghin/mítustoxin/ n. one who goes in secret. <egh.

mítwö/mítwə/,(pl.mítwen) n. 1 stub. 2 animal without tail, or cut short. 3 half broken stick mítwoket. 4 broken hand mítwo kel./mítwo kel/ (Kara.)

míyach/míyatʃ/ n. robust animal.

midal/midal/ n. medal.

mi(to), mitoni/mitoni:/ v. 1 to be; to stay in a place. 2 there is/are. mi sany /mi san/ irrelevant. mi ori /mi ori:/ included. mi parak /mi parak/ superficial. mi kwen/mi kwen/ in the middle.

migh/míy/ n. python.

migh/míy/ v. [2.ki] to pull down. mighöt/míyo:t/ n. par. pulling down. mighsyö /mixsjə/ n. pulling down. mighin/míxin/ n. one who pulls down. migh'ot/míyo:t/ adj. par. pulled down. migho/ míyo:/(pl.míghisiyot/ adj. possible to pull down. <otö, <sy, <u, <chī.

mighi/míy/, (pl. mighun) v. [3.ke] to hug. kimighu-nöt/kimiqunat/ n. par. hug; hook. kimighu-nin/kimiqunin/ n. one who hooks. mighuno:t/ miyuñot/ adj. par. hugged. <otö, <egh(u), <egħchi. (Kara.)

milyalyangit/míljaljanjt/,(pl. milyolyöngitu) v. to be- come tasteless. milyalyang/miljaljan/milyol-yong/miljoljon/ adj. tasteless. milyalyöngyö/ miljaljenja/ n. tastelessness.

milyon/miljon/, (pl.milyontin) n. million.

minchi/mintʃi/ der. v. [3.ki] to nickname; e.g., Ki- minchanin Chepantoy/kimintšanın t̄sepantɔj/—I was nicknamed Chepantoy (see min).

minchiran/mintʃıran/ n. morsel; tiny pieces.

minin/minin/ n. semen (light semen, or mucus).

minyat/míqat/ adj. deft. minyotyö/minqotjə/ n. deftness (see ming).

Mir/mir:r/ (A) v. [2.ke] to beat someone treacherously. kimiröt/kimirət/ n. par. beating someone unexpectedly; treachery. Kimirin/kimiri:n/ n. treacherous.

mir'ot/míro:t/ adj. par. beaten treacherously. <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh.

mir/mir:r/ (B) v. [2.ki] to be pregnant. miröt/mirət/ n. par. pregnancy. mirsyö /mirsɔ:/ n. being pregnant.

mirin/miri:n/ n. woman who gets pregnant easily or often. mir'ot/miro:t/ adj. par. pregnant. miro/ miro:/(pl.mirsyot) adj. able to become pregnant. <o(tö), <sy, <u, <chī, <egh.

mirar/mirar/, (pl.miror) n. 1 maritable girl; girl after circumcision; lady. 2 bride.

mirkasan/mirkasan/ n. our mother, (praising name); e.g., Kesala mirkasan/kesala mirkasan/—Let us praise our mother. mirlököt/mirləkət/ n. our mother, (praising name); e.g., Kesala mirlököt— Let us praise our mother.

mirmir/mirmi:r(A) stat. v. [2.ke] to glitter. kimirmiröt/mirmirröt/ n. par. glittering. mirmi-ro/mirmiro:/ adj. able to glitter. <o, <egh, because of.

miryan/mirjan/, (pl.mír) n. rat.

mirtö/mirtə/ der. v. [2.ke] 1 to beat something obliquely. 2 to throw something slantly. Kimirtogh/ kimirtoy/ n. par. beating in that way. <egh, <o, with.

mis/mis:s/ n. truce; peace treaty.

mis/mis:s/ v. [1. ke] to erase. misat /misat/n. par. erasing.

misin/misi:n/ n. one who erases. mis'at/<ot/ adj. par. erased. miso/miso:/ adj. erasable. <o(tö), <u, <chī (misi), <t, for someone else.

mis kığħi/mis kiy/ v. [2. ke] to feel like vomiting; e.g., Misanin marakwen—With beans I feel like vomiting.

miskitonwö/miskitonwə/miskitan/ n. type of tree (nuxia congesta).

misowon/misəwon/, (pl.misöw) n. duster; erase; rubber eraser; mop.

mis'ot/miso:t/ adj. par. quenched. miso/miso:/ adj. quenchable; extinguishable. <o(tö), <u, <chü (misi), <t, for someone else.

misyon/mision/,(pl.misyen) n. pl. missions (Eng.; Latin).

mita/mita/ n. metre (Eng.).

mkach/mkatʃ/ v. [1.ke] to peck on someone. mkachat/mkatʃat/mköchut/mkatʃut/ n. par. pecking on someone. mköchin/mkatʃin/ n. one who pecks on others. mkachat/mkatʃat/,(pl. mköch'ot) adj. par. pecked. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

mkarkar/mkarkar/ n. dry meat; ham. mkaryana v. [1.ku] to give (Kara.). mköch (see mkach). mköreryon/mkärerjon/,(pl.mkörer) n. shoulder. mkurkong/mkurkonj/ n. type of tree (medicine for babies, and against 'igha', backache and 'kata').

mnalat/mnalat/ v. to defy orders or instructions (chirkit). Mnalatian /mnalatian/ n. one who defies orders or instructions.

mnarkich/mnarkitsʃ/ n. plant used to making a sipping pipe for drinking beer.

mngökiyön/mnjkiyən/,(pl.mngökiyis) n. sinner. mwö- kiyön/mwækijon/,(pl.mwökiyis) n. sinner.

mnyakaw/mnqakaw/,(pl.mnyakaway) n. frog; (also) toad.

mnyaril /mnqari:l/ n. yellowish vomit, especially after taking some herbs.

mnyaris/mnqaris/,(mnyaristin) n. 1 convalescent. 2 person with hangover. mnyarisinan /mñarisinan/ n. convalescence; hangover.

mö/mə/ conj. 1 no; not (negative prefix for ki/ ki/ verbs attached to the verb; it contracts with the personal prefix; contractions make; ma mo). 2 it can make the negation of ad-jjectives as well as a prefix, plus the suf- fix -nye, or -cha; e.g., mösiweghonye un- seen; möswangatnye undamaged; möngorü- nye many. Mökighnye/ mökixñe/-It is nothing (mö- can go with other nouns and adjectives as well; e.g., mömeghonye immortal, etc.).

möch (see mach).

möchon/matʃon/,(pl.möki) n. maggot (found in rotten organic matter, or in latrines).

möchopönye /mötʃopɔne/ v. form & adv. perhaps.

möghen/møyən/,(pl.möghenton) n. beehive.

mök/mək/ n. pl. (see möchon).

mökighwö/mækıywɔ/,(pl.makigh) n. 1 type of tree used to prepare arrows. 2 fruit of this tree.

mökit/mäkit/ v. [1.ke] to dip out; to take something with the fingers (e.g., sand). mökitat/mäkitat/ n. par. dipping out. mökitsyo/mökitsɔ/ n. dipping out.

mökitin/mäkitin/ n. one does so. mökit'at/ mäkitat/ adj. par. dipped. mökiito/mäkito:/<isyot/

adj. possible to dip out. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

mökögh/mækəg/,(pl. mököghtin) n. hippopotamus.

mököghönyon/mækəyənjon/ n. instructor of tyos. mökönö/mækənə/ n. soft grass that grows immediately after rains (used as food as well)

mököngwö/mækəŋwə/,(pl.makang) n. 1 wild fig tree. 2 fruit of this tree: fig.

mökötyon/mækətjon/,(pl.mökötin) n. grass which has been used for thatching.

mököl/makol/ n. pl. rams (see makal). mökol- kö/makol.ko/ the rams.

mökön/mäkon/,(pl.mök) n. maggot (found in rotten organic matter) (see möchon).

mökoskos/mækoskos/,(pl.mäkoskosoy) n. kind of insect.

möl/mal/ (A) v. [2.ke] 1 to refuse; to deny; to oppose. 2 to obstruct. kimölöt/kimälət/ n. par. refusal; denial; obstruction. ki- mölsyö/kimälsjə/ n. opposing. kimölin/kimälın/ n. opponent.

möl'ot /məlo:t/ adj. par. opposed; refused. mölö/məlo:/mölyisot) adj. possible to refuse. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü.

möl/məl/ (B) v. [2.ke] to peel off the bark of a tree. kimölöt /kimälət/ n. par. peeling off. kimölin/kimälın/ n. one who removes the bark of a tree. möl'ot /məlo:t/ adj. par. peeled. mölö/məlo:/ adj. possible to peel. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

môle/male/ adj. simple (Kara.). mölü /məlɪ/ v. to bring goats in bits.

mölmöl /məlməl/ (see malmal).

mölmölyö/məlmaljə/ n. doggedness (see malmal).

mölök/mələk/,(pl.mölöktin)<tin/ n. any spotted thing especially animals.

mölöl/mələl/ v. [2.ke] peal a fruit. mölölöt/mələlət/ n. par. pealing. mölölön/mələlin/ n. some- one who peals. mölölön/mələlən/ n. recently peeled fruit.

mölöl'ot/mələlə:t/ adj. par. peeled. mölölo/ mölələb:/ adj. possible to peal. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

mölül/mələl/ (see malul).

mölyöngi/məljəŋi/ der. v. [3.ke] to answer; to re- spond; to reply. mölyöngunöt/məljəŋunət/ n. par. response; answer. mölyöngunin/məljəŋunin/ n. responder. mölyönguno't/ məljəŋuno:t/ adj. par. re- sponded; answered. <u, <chü, <egh,<o.

möminye/məmijə/,(pl.mamicha) v. form. (negative of mi) there is not. möminye kığh/möminę kığ/ nothing (litt. there isn't a person).

mömön /məmən/ v. [2.ki] to fold. mömönöt/ məmənət/n. par. fold.

mömönsyö/məmənəsə/ n. folding. mö- mönin/ məmənən/ n. one who folds. mömönön/ məmənənə/n. something recently folded. mömöno't adj. par. folded. mömöno/ məmənə:/, adj. foldable. <sy, <otö, <u, <chi, <o, <egh. mömönchin/məməntʃin/, mömönchii/ məməntʃi/ der. v. [3.ki] to wrap. mömönchinogh/ məməntʃinox/ n. par. wrapping.

mömöril/məməril/,(pl.mömöriltin) n. serval.

mön/mən/ (see man).

mönmön/mənəmən/ n. type of tree.

mönö/mənə/ n. 1 type of tree (*ricinus communis*). 2 oil obtained out of its seeds (used for softening skin): clay.

mönögh/mənəg/ n. toothless person or animal. möönök /mənək/ n. grass found on hilly places. mönoch/mənok/ (see manak).

mönök/mənok/ (see manak).

mönoki/mənokı/ der. v. [3.ku] to lease. kimönökü-nöt/kimənökı.nät/ n. par. leasing. mönokin'ot / mənokin:t/ adj. par. leased.

mönokyon/mənokjon/,(pl.monok) n. type of grass (mostly found on hilly places).

mönöñ/mənən/ n. evening.

möntörwö/məntərəwə/,(pl.mantar) n. 1 type of tree. 2 fruit of this tree.

möng/məŋ/ v. [2.ki] to dwell; to reside; to inhabit; to settle. möngöt/məŋət/ n. par. dwelling; residence; settlement. möngsyö/məŋsjə/ n. residing. möngin/məŋin/ n. resident; settler.

mönge't/məŋət/ adj. par. inhabited; set-tled. möngo/məŋo:/ adj. inhabitable. möngot/məŋət <ut/ n. village; hamlet; camp; abode; residential area. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. (see mang).

möny/məŋ/ (see many).

mör/mər/ (A) v. [2.ke] 1 to lock properly. 2 to terrace sloppy land. möröt/mərət/ n. par. sticks used to lock an entrance. möron/ məron/ locking. mörin/məri:n/ n. locker. mör'ot/mərə:t/ adj. par. locked. möro/ məro:/,(mərisyot) adj. lockable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi.

mör/mər/ (B) v. [2.ke] to twine; to entangle.

möröt/mərət/ n. par. twining. mörsyö/mərsjə/ n. twining. mörin/mari:n/ n. person who entangles. mörön/mərən/ n. newly entangled house, thing. mör'ot/mərə:t/ adj. par. entangled. möro/məro:/,(pl.morisyot) adj. possible to entangle. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. mörel/mərel/ n. pl. (see maral & marel). möriyon/məriyon/,(pl.mörir) n. husk. mörik(öch)/ mərikət/ (see marich).

möril/məril/ n. leopard. möril pö törit/məril pə törit/ n. sparrowhawk (bird).

mörkel/mərkəl/ (stat.) v. [2.ke] to bend; to twist. kimörkelöt/kimərkələt/,(pl.kimörkelut)n. par. bending. mör- kel'ot/märkələt/mörkelyot/ märkələt/ adj. par. bent. mör- kelo/märkelo:/,(pl. mörkelyot) adj. bendable.

mörkel/mərk el/,(pl.mörkelöch) adj. bent; crooked; twisted. mörkelyö/märkələ/ n. twisted- ness. <o(tö), <egh. mörkelit(u)/märkeli/, (pl.mör- kelöchitu) v. to become bent; twisted; crooked. mörkölə/märkələl/ v. [2.ke] to compli- cate; to wriggle. kimörkölət/kimərkələt/ n. par. complication (see markalal) <o(tö). mör- kölələ/märkələlə/ v. [3.ke] to avoid; to dodge; to shun; to skip. kimörköləgħ/kimərkələgħ/, kimörkō- lelöt/kimərkələlət/ n. par. dodgeing kimörkō- lelin/i/ n. dodger. mörköləl'ot/märkələlət/ adj. par. dodged. mörköləlo/märkələlo:/ adj. possible to dodge. <o(tö), <egh.

mörmr/mərmər/ (see marmar).

mörölot/məralət/ n. a constellation of Ursus Major.

mörör/mərmər/ (see marar).

mörörin/mərəri:n/ n. scout; ranter; spy.

möröwön/mərmərəwən/,(pl.möröw) n. closing bar; latch; dike. möröw/mərəw/ n. pl. barricade.

möryökwo/mərjəkwə/,(pl.maryak) n. type of tree (good for building and for honey).

mösər/məsər/ n. pl. (see mösör).

mösirönye/məsirənə/ adv. truly; undoubtedly.

mösököryon/məsəkərən/,(pl.mösökören) n. cob of maize.

mösör/məsər/,(pl.mösər, mös'or) (A) n. heifer which has not produced yet. mösör (B) n. (high pitched) unclear. mösöwon/məsəwon/,(pl.mösöw) n. shepherd; herdsman.

mösop/məsəp/ n. /highland.

mösopchon/məsəptʃə:n/,(pl.mösopot) n. highlander. mösowö/məsəwa/ n. anus; anal goove. (obscene). möt/mət/,(pl.mötöw) n. 1 head; 2 title of a book.

mötöt/mətət/ n. the head. mötöwo poss. n. heads of. kowo möt /kowo mət/ n. scalp.

mötigh/mətih/ (see matigh).

mötün(g)ye/mətinqe/ adv. evidently; indeed; extremely; very much; e.g., pichiğh nyö mötinqe/pitʃix no mətinqe/-very pretty.

mötö/mətə/ v. [3.ke] to lose. mötogh/mətəy/ n. par. losing. möteghin/məteyin/ n. one who loses things.

möto/mətə:/ v. [1.ke] to despair.

mötoghchii/mətəytʃi/, mötoghchin/mətəytʃin/ v. [3.ke] to for-give. mötoghchinöt/mətəytʃinət/ n. par. forgiveness.

mötögh/mötəg̊/ n. lurch; shelf. mötömkotut/ mätəmkotut/ adj. lucky.

mötöwug̊/mätəwuγ̊/ n. Sickness of cereals.

mötöy(i)wö/mätəjwə/, (pl. matay) n. Finger millet.

möt'ony/məto:n̊/ n. Marital eagle (Verraux' eagle).

möt^ony/məton̊/ n. pl. cheeks (see matany).

mötöringat/mətəriŋat/ n. Something very hard to solve; sort of dilemma. mötöringöt/ mətəriŋət/ n. Impossible thing; hidden place (from mötor ngöt the spear cannot pierce it).

mötpö lodongol/mətpə lədəŋol/ n. Layer of tubes (hymenium).

möyön/məjən̊/ v. [2.ke] to surprise. möyönogh/ məjənoγ̊/, möyönöt /məjənat/ n. par. surprise. möyönö't/məjəno:t/ adj. par. surprised. <o(tö), <egh.

möyönti/məjəntı/ n. net.

möyokwö/məjokwə/, (Pl. moyok) n. type of tree (good to make beehives; its flowers produce good honey; goats eat its leaves).

möyonganye/məjorjaŋe/ neg. v. form I don't care (see yang).

möyos/mə:b:s/, (pl. möyosoy) n. baboon.

m^o/mo/ moyoy/mo:o:j/ n. sore; wound. mochore n. answer to the call 'muyne' that shows that the people talking are Pokot; password.

m'ochön/mo:tʃən̊/, mōpö/mopɔ/ n. 1 stem of sorghum. 2 maize, (sugar) cane; (all those stems can be chewed after removing the husk).

mod/mo:d/ (see mad).

modotetanya/modotetaŋo/ n. ladybird (insect).

mogh/mox̊/, (pl. m'ogh) n. calf. mokighwö/ mokrywə/, (pl. makigh) n. 1 type of tree used to prepare arrows. 2 fruit of this tree. mokogh/ mokv̊y/, (pl. mokoghtin) n. hippopotamus. mokoghonyon/mokv̊yonyon/, (pl. mokoghony) n. patron; initiator of tyos (circumcised boys).

mokongwo/mokv̊ywö/, (pl. makang) n. 1 wild fig tree (ficus sycomorus, ficus platyphylla). 2 fig fruit of this tree (eaten by people and animals).

mokos/mokos/ (see makos).

mokyon/mokjon/, (pl. moken) n. cassava (Kis.).

mol/mo:l/ v. [1.ki] to kill an animal; to slaughter.

molat/molat/ n. par. slaughtering. Molan/mola/ n. any killed animal that did not die of natural death. <otö, <u, <chi, <a, to kill because of something.

mola/mola/ n. comfortable place (used in cheme- rü songs).

molan/molan/ n. animal (goat, cow, etc.) which has been slaughtered for food.

molen/molen/ (see mala).

molí/molı/ (A) v. [2.ki] to exceed (to be better than); to overcome. molunöt/molinət/ n. par. exceeding. moluno:t/moluno:t/ adj. par. exceeded. <egh, <o.

molí/molı/ (B) der. v. [3.ki] to give or receive something in turns. moluno:t/moluno:t/ n. par. doing those turns or shifts. moluneghin/ moluneyin/n. person who gives in shifts (especially watering animals). molunegh'ot/ molunegot/ adj. par. done in shifts. <egh.

molköchech/molkətʃətʃ/ (see malkachech).

molkotwö/molkotwə/, (pl. malkat) n. 1 type of tree with hard wood and brittle. 2 fruit of this tree small and sweet.

molmol/molmo:l/ (see malmal). molmolöy/molmoləj/ n. rinderpest. Moloten/moloten/ (see malata). Molu/molu/ (see molı).

molul/molul/ (A) v. [2.ke] to pray for the coming back of a something lost; the prayer is /done by an old man; to imprecate; to implore. molulöt/molulət/ n. par. that kind of prayer. molulsyö/molulsjə/ n. praying. Molulin/moluli:n̊/ n. person who does so. molul'ot/molulot/ adj. par. imprecated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. molul/molul/ (B) v. [2.ke] to flatter (especially) in order to get favours. kimolulöt/kimolulət/ n. par. flattering. kimolusyö /kimolusjə/ n. flattering. Kimolulin/kimolulin/ n. flatterer. molul'ot/molulot/ adj. par. flattered. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

momwör/momwər/ v. [2.ku] to dance, moving like a snake, during Sapana. amomwör/ amomwɔr/, ki- momwöröt/ki.momwərət/ n. par. that dance. ki- momwörsyö/ki.momwərsjə/ n. dancing that dance. ki- momwörin/ki.momwərin/ n. one who participates in that dance. momwör'ot/momwɔrō:t/ adj. par. when it has been danced. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t, for someone else.

mon/mo:n/ (see man).

monchöch/montʃətʃ/, monchök/montʃək/ n. ceiling; doom.

monchoronwö/montʃorónwə/, (pl. monchoron) n. type of tree (ficus natalensis).

moniŋ/m'oniŋ/ n. child; infant.

montö/monta/ the child. monto/montə:/, mompö/ mompə/ poss. n. child of.

moniŋo/moniŋo/ poss. n. children of. mompö/mom pə sörökítwö/särökítwə/ n. doll. par. dissatisfied. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchü.

monten/monten/ (see manta).

monto/monto/, moneko/moneko:/ poss. n. child of. Monto/monto:/ monto/moneko /moneko:/ montö/ monta/ n. grandchild. monto kegh/monto key/ v. [3.ke] to depend (to be like a child). Montogh/ montoy/ n. par. dependance. monteghot kegh/ montegot key/ adj. par. dependant on. montö/ monta/ n. the child (see moniŋ).

montorwö/montorwə/, (pl. mantar) n. 1 type of tree. 2

fruit of this tree. mong (see mang). monges/monkes/ n. blue monkey; guereza colobus. mongor/monko:r/ n. pl. (see mongoryon). mongoren/monkorən/ (see mangora).

mongorönön /monkorınən/ n. richness; opulence.

mongoryon/monkorjon/, (pl. mongor) n. rich; wealthy; opulent.

moot /mo:t/ n. pl. fires (see ma).

mopö /mopɔ/ n. pl. (see mochön).

mor/mor:r/ v. [2.ke] to share. moröt/morət/<ut/ n. par. share. morsyö/morsɔ/ n. sharing morin/ mori:n/ n. sharer. mor'ot /moro:t/ adj. par. shared. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi.

mor /mor:r/ (see mar).

mori /mori/ n. pl. (see moriyon).

m'orin/mo:rın/, morin/morin/, (pl. mori) n. finger. morina ket/morina ket/, (pl. mori ket) n. branch. morin nyo wow/mori nyo wow/ n. thumb. morin wölle sany/morin wölle saŋ/ back of the hand. morino karmoris/morino karmoris/ ring finger. morino kel nyo wow big toe. morino kwen/morino kel nyo wow/ n. middle finger. mori kel/mori:kel/ n. pl. toes. morin nyo minüng/morin no minüng/ little finger. Ara morin /ara: morin/ hand palm's lines. koyo morin/ kyo morin/ carpus/metacarpus/phalanx. mirutyo morin/mirut'o morin/ radial side of the hand. sighya morin/six'a morin/ finger nail.

morir /morır/ v. [2.ke] to be severe; to be proud. moriröt/moriröt/ n. par. pride; severity.

moririn/moriri:n/ n. person who gets angry eas. ily; proud. moririön/moririon/ n. severe person.

mompö kapompich/momba kapompi:tʃ/, mompo/ mompa/ n. imp. monïngnön/monıñnən/ n. childhood; infancy.

monion/monio/, (pl. montin) n. ankle. kowo monion/kowo: monion/ n. ankle.

monkach/monkatʃ/ n. millipede.

mönöñ/məno:n/ n. evening (see mönun).

monta/monta/ v. to be dissatisfied. montagh/ montay/ n. par. dissatisfaction monteghin/ monteyi:n/ n. dissatisfied person. monteghat/ monteyat/ adj. morir'ot/moriro:t/ adj. par. severe; proud. <egh, <o.

moriyön/morijən/ n. cordial person.

moriyon/morijon/, mori:mori/ n. kind of curse, believed to be the consequent of a big sin; of because of breaking a taboo.

morkokyon/morkokjon/, (pl. morkoken) n. middle size bead used for necklaces.

morkumönay/mørkumənəj/ n. small red ants that

like to eat sugar and honey.

Mormor/mormor/ (see marmar).

mormorwö/mormorwə/mormor/mørmo:r/ n. type of tree (its roots are used as a medicine).

mormusyon/mørmusjɔn/, (pl. mormustin) n. selfish.

mororoch /mørorotʃ/ n. big lizard that eats termites.

moroy/moro:j/, (pl. moroyut) n. snake; serpent.

moroy(o)koor/morojoko:r/ n. big lizard that eats termites.

mortichö/mortitʃə/ n. something that comes accidentally, or unexpectedly; e.g., Kingwín ilat nyole mortichö/kiŋwín ilat nələ mortitʃə/ —It rained when nobody expected it.

morto/morto:/ (see marta).

moryon/mørjon/, (pl. m'or) n. crust (of bread, but especially the crust of ugali that sticks to the cooking pot).

moryön/mørjon/ v. [2.ke] to whistle.

moryönöt/mørjönət/ n. par. whistling. moryönin/ mørjənin/n. whistler. moryöno:t/mørjənə:t/ adj. par. whistled. moryöno/morjənin/ adj. possible to be whistled. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

mos/mo:s/ (A) v. [2.ki] to paint; to decorate.

mosöt/mosət/ n. par. decorating. mosin/ məsi:n/ n. decorator/. moso:t/møso:t/ adj. par. decorated. moso/moso:/ adj. able to be decorated. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t, for someone else.

mos/mo:s/ (B) v. [2.ke] 1 to share a drink together. 2 to sip with a hose.

mosöt/mosət/ n. par. drinking together.

mosin/məsi:n/ n. people drinking together. moso:t /mosot/ adj. par. drunk together. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi.

moseswö/møseswə/, (pl. moses) n. type of tree (schinus molle).

mosochin/møsotʃi:n/masach/masatʃ/, ,(pl. Masay) n. Maasai people.

mosolyon/møsoljɔn/, (pl. mosolen) n. type of tree (bra chylæna huilensis, sarcostema).

mosong/mosonj/ n. pl. (see mosyon).

mosus/møsus/ n. small child; toddler.

mosut/møsut/, mosu:t/møsu:t/ n. 1 sign. 2 track; track; footsteps (especially those done on grass).

mosyon/mosjon/, (pl. mosong) n. sorghum.

mot/mo:t/ n. pl. fires (see ma).

motiltıl/møtıltil/ n. cow yielding little milk.

motötwö/møtətwə/, motöt/møtət/ n. type of tree (enseite ventricosum).

mototyon/mototjɔn/, (pl. mototen) n. banana; matoke (enseite ventricosum).

motwö/mötwa:/, (pl.mötwen) n. type of tree (Dalbergia melanoxylon).

Motworin/mötworin/ n. servant; employee (see segheyon).

moy/møi/ n. ceremony to expel any evil, or evil spirit, from a sick child. Møykut/mølkut/, ,(pl. moykuút) n. 1 amulet (especially one made of a piece of wood from a shrub of the same name, which is hung on one's neck and chewed in case of danger). 2 any medicine of cattle, especially vaccines. 3 type of shrub.

moyö/mojə/ v. [3. ke] to scramble for something.

moyogh/møjoɣ/ n. par. scramble.

moyeghin/møeni:n/n. one who scrambles. moyegh'ot /mojə:t/ adj. par. scrambled for, <o(tö), <egh(u), <eghchii.

myonganye neg./mojɔŋaŋe/ v. form I don't care (see yang).

moyonti/mołontı/ n. small store; barn.

moyoy/møiɔi/ n. inner skin of the bark of a tree.

moyti/møtı/, (pl.moytin) n. big bull; giant bush.

mpalaw/mpalaw/, (pl.mpalawis) n. cup.

mpaw/mpaw/, (pl.mpawtin) (A) n. panel; board; plank of wood (Kis.).

mpaw/mpaw/ (B) n. go away bird.

mpaw /mpaw/ v. (C) [1.ku] to wander; to roam. Kimpayagh/kimpa'ax/, kimpayat/kimpajat/ wandering. Kimpoyin/kimpoji:n/ n. wanderer. mpay'at/mpajat/, (pl.mpoj'ot) adj. par. wandered. <o(tö).

mpæröl/mpæräl/ v. [2.ke] to cry or shout like a lost domestic animal. kimperölöt/kimperälöt/ n. par. the sound made kimperolsyö/kimperolsjö/ n. crying. kimperölin/kimperälı:n/ n. crying. kimperölin/kimperälın/ n. an animal that cries a lot. kimperöl'ot/kimperälö:t/ adj. par. cried for. <otö.

mpi/mpi/ v. [2.ke] to moist. kimpuyöt /kimpujət/ n. par. moisture. mpuyo:t/mpu:o:t/ adj. par. moistured; wet. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

mpil /mpıl/v. [2.ke] 1 to throb. 2 to gasp. kimpılöt/kimpılət/ n. par. heart beat; pulse; gasping. mpiilo:t/mpilo:t/ adj. par. throbbed (in a hasty way). <o(tö), <egh, because of.

mpir/mpır/ v. [2.ke] to sneeze (of a goat); to cough. kimpıröt/kimpırot/ n. par. sneeze.

kimpırsyö/kimpırsjö/ n. sneezing. kimpırın/kimpırin/

msirirta/msiri:rtə/ v.[3.ke] to hurl; to throw; to n. one who sneezes. mpiiro:t/mpiro:t/ adj. par sneezed. <o(tö).

mpira/mpira/, (pl.mpiren) n. 1 ball. 2 plastic; rubber (Kis.).

mpoch/mpotʃ/ n. bevy; meeting of women.

mpöghogh/mpəgo:ɣ/ n. valley with small stream.

mpök/mpæk/ n. grains not well ripened.

mpöl /mpal/ v. [2.ke] to remove the bark of a piece of wood. kimpölsyö/kimpalsjə/ n. bark- ing off a tree. kimpölin/kimpölin/ n. recently barked tree. kimpölön/kimpälən/ n. recently barked tree. mpöl'ot/mpəlo:t/ adj. par. barked off. mpölo/ mpəlo:/ adj. possible to remove the bark. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh,<t.

mpola/mpøla/ n. funnel. mpol(i) v. [2.ke] to bounce; to spring up; to rebound. kimpolöt/ kimpolət/ n. par. bounce. kimpolsyö/kimpolsjö/ n. bouncing. Kimpolin/kimpolin/ n. thing or person that bounces. mpol'ot/mpolot/ adj. par. bounced. mpolo/mpolo:/ adj. bounced. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, toss; to fling. Kimsirirtagh/ kimsirityay/, mimsirirte- ghat/kimisirteyə:t/ n. par. hurling. kimsirirte- ghin/kimsirirteyin/ n. thrower. msirirtegh'at/msirirteyə:t/ adj. par. hurled. msirirtego/ msirirteyə:/ adj. possible to hurl. <o(tö), <egh(u), <eghchii. msirirü/msirirı/ der. v. to hurl towards the speaker. Kimsirunat/ kimsirunat/ n. par. hurling towards the speaker.

msör /msær/ v. [1.ke] to uproot; to pull up. ki- msörogh/kimsörog/, kimsöröt/kimsərət/ n. par. uprooting. kimsörin/kimsərin// n. one who uproots. msörot /msɔrot/ adj. par. uprooted. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

mswayiliyon/mswaɪlɪjɔn/, Wamswayili/wamswaɪli/ n. Swahili people.

mturul/mturul/ v. [2.ke] to bud; to swell like a bud. kmturulöt/kmturulət/ n. par. swelling like a bud. kmturulön/kmturulən/ n. bud. mturul'ot/mturulo:t/ adj. par. swollen. mturulo/ mturulo:/ adj. possible to bud.

mu/mu/, (pl.mutin) (A) n. belly; stomach; rumen; abdomen insect. muyo/mujo/ stomach of. angwa mu/ɑŋwa: mu:/ belt. bouncing towards the speaker.

mu'/mu:/ (A) n. January.

mporöchon/mporatʃon/ n. ascending colon. mpoy (see mpoch & mpay). mpughöt/mpuχə:t/mpule/ n. moisture.

mpule/mpulə/, (pl.mpuletin) n. tin of Kasuku butter oil.

mpun/mpu:n/ (see mpi).

mpur/mpur/ v. [2.ke] to stay; to abide; to remain.

kimpuröt/kimpuröt/ n. par. staying. Kimpurin/ kimpuri:n/ n. one who stays for long.

mpuro't/mpuro:t/ adj. par. remained. <o(tö). mpur ngwiny/mpur nwini/ to seat down.

mpus /mpus/(A) v. [1.ke] to rest; to relax. kimpusat/kimpusat/ n. par. relaxation; re- laxing. Kimpusin/kimpusi:n/ n. one who relaxes often. kimpusan /kimpusan/ n. fresh; with new energies. mpus'at/<ot/ adj. par. relaxed. <o(tö), <egh.

mpus/mpus/ (B) v. [2.ke] to take a nap. kim- pusöt/

kim.pusət/ n. par. resting. kim- pusin/ kimpusi:n/ n. person who takes naps. mpus'ot/mpusot/ adj. par. rested. <o(tö), <egh, referring to the place of resting.

mpuyo't /mpujo:t/ adj. moistured.

mronkit/mronkit/ n. case for holding poisonous arrows.

much/mutʃ/ v. [1.ke] to be able; can; to afford; to manage. Kimuchat/kimutʃat/ n. par. strength; managing. much'at/mutʃat/ adj. par. managed.

mudö/mudə/, (pl.muden) v. [3.ke] to imitate. kimu- dogh/kimudög/ n. par. imitation. Kimudeghin/kimudeğin/ n. imitator. mudegh'ot /mudeyo:t/ adj. par. imi- tated. mudegho/ mudeğö:/ adj. imitable. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii. (Kara.)

muine/muine/,muyne/mu:jne/ n. call for identification that shows that the one there is a Pöchon/patʃon/. The answer is pochore/potʃore/ password.

muk/muk/ (see much).

muko/muko:/,(pl. mukisyot) adj. possible; able. <o(tö).

mukuri/mukuri/ n. stamp (Kis.).

mul/mul:l/ v. [2.ke] to refuse to share something; to be selfish; to demur. mulöt/mulət/ n. par. refusal. mulsyö/mulsjə/ n. refusing. mulin/muli:n/ n. one who refuses; selfish. mul'ot/mulo:t/ adj. par. refused. <o(tö), <egh, <t, to someone else. mulunchö/muluntʃə/, (pl.mulunchöy) n. warthog; wild pig. muma/mu:ma/, (pl.mumos) n. oath. am muma/am mu:ma/ v. to swear.

mumar/mumar/ n. yeast; barm.

mumö/mumə/ n. sauce; juice from roasted meat.

Mumos/mumo:s/ n. pl. oaths (see muma).

munchi'/muntʃi/ (A) der. v. [3.ke] (from muny) to make someone to rest; to substitute an- other in doing some work. Munchinegho/muntʃinəxo/ replace someone because of.

munchi'/muntʃi/ (B) v. [3.ke] to force; to oblige; to infuse. munchinögh/muntʃinəg/, munchinöt/muntʃinət/ n. par. obligation; forcing. mun- chineghin/muntʃinəxi:n/ n. one who forces, or obliges. munchin'ot munchineghö't/ muntʃinəyo:t/ adj. par. obliged; forced. munchino/ muntʃino:/ adj. possible to force <otö, <egh.

munmun /munmun/ v. [1.ke] might; to be proba- ble (it is an auxiliary verb that demands a subjunctive clause). Kimunmunat/kimunmunat/ n. par. probability; likelihood. munmunöy/ munmunə/ v. form. probable; likely; more of less (it makes a subjunctive clause; e.g., Mun- munöy chichi kumunganin/mun,munj tʃitʃi kumunganin/ It is likely that this person will beat me).

mung/muŋ/ (see muny).

mungo/muŋə/ v. to beat someone (using a stick).

Muny/mun/ (A) v. [2.ke] to beat; to cane. mu- nyöt/ muŋət/ n. par. beating.

mungsöö/munjsjə/ n. beating. munyin/muni:n/ n. beater. munyon/muŋɔn/ n. one who recently beaten.

muny'ot /mun,o:t/adj. par. beaten. munyo/muno:/ adj. possible to beat, or cane. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, for someone else.

muny/muŋ/ (B) v. [2.ke] 1 to breathe; to sigh; to inhale. 2 to rest; to pause kimunyogh/kimuŋox/, kimunyöt/kimuŋət/ n. par. 1 breath; breath- ing. 2 rest; pause. Kimunyin/kimuŋi:n/ n. one who breathes, or rests. muny'ot/muŋo:t/ adj. par. blown; rested. Munyo /muŋo:/ adj. possible to breathe. <o(tö), <egh.

munyan/muŋa:n/, (pl.munyin) n. colour; paint. munyanta chemerü/muŋanta: tʃemərə/ white chalk used by cir- cumcised girls to paint their faces not to be recognized by men. munyanta ilat/muŋanta: ilat/ n. fungi that grows on rocks and logs.

mur/mu:r/ v. [1.ke] to dye. kimurat/kimurat/ n. par. dying. kimursyö /kimursjə/ n. dying. Kimurin/ kimurin/ n. one who dyes. Kimuran/kimuran/ n. recently dyed cloth, object. mur'at/mura:t/ adj. par. dyed. muro/muro:/ adj. possible to dye. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

murïngul/murïŋul/ n. ornament made of aluminium (Kara.). murïru /murïru/ adv. lost; the wrong way; e.g.,

Kiwo lõ-murïru/kiwə lə murriːru:/—It got lost.

mumuryö/mumurjə/ rep. v. [3.ke] to divide (see mur- yö). kimurmuryogh/kimurmuryöy/ n. par. partition; division.

murmuryö/murmurjə/ stat. v. [2.ke] to disperse; to scatter. Murmuryogh/murmuryöy/ n. par. dispersion. Murmuryeghin/murmurjəxi:n/ n. scatterer. murmuryo:t/murmurjə:t/ adj. par dispersed; scattered. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

muromburyon/muromburjon/, (pl.muromburtin) n. lintel (see atamanayat).

murtöö/murtɔ:/ v. [3.ke] to postpone. murtogh/murtoy/ n. par. postponement. Murtoghin/murtoj:n/ n. one who postpones. <egh(u), <eghchii.

murunchä/muruntʃa/, (pl.murunchen) n. 1 club; stick for beating donkeys or camels. 2 heavy rain that collects logs.

muryö /murjə/ (recip.) v. [3.ke] to interrupt; to divide. Kimuryogh/kimurjöy/ n. par. division; interruption. Kimuryeghin/kimuryexin// n. divider; interrupter. muryegh'ot/murjəyo:t/ adj. par. divided. muryo/murjə:/, (pl.mursyot) adj. possible to divide. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii, <t.

musanya/musanya/ n. fodder; dry grass for pasture. musar/musar/, (pl.musor) n. porridge (plural noun). Musarer/musarer/ n. 1 (poisonous insect in) a certain grass. 2 blotting a cow ruminant because of

eating too much fresh grass.

musor/muso:r/ n. pl. (see musar ; it refers to several dishes of porridge).

mustö /mustə/ v. [3.ke] to imitate; to simulate; to ape; to copy; to feint. Kimustogh/kimustoy/ n. par. imitating. kimustegħot/kimustegħin/ n. image; imitation. Kimustegħin/kimustexin// n. imitator. mustegħo:t/mustegħo:t/ adj. par. imitated. <o(tō), <egħi.

musunchon/musuntʃon/, (pl.musungun) n. white man (Kis.).

mut/mu:t/ (A) v. [1.ke] 1 to cut (general use). 2 circumcise. 3 to pass a sentence; to judge. mutat/ mutat/ n. par. 1 cut; cutting. 2 circumcision. 3 sentence. mutin/muti:n/ n. 1 one who cuts. 2 circumciser. 3 judge. mut'at/mutat:/ adj. par. possible to cut. <o(tō), <u, <chi, <egħi. mut sighiny/mutsi:yin/ to decapitate.

mu't/mu:t/ (B) n. & adj. par. five. mut nko akonga/mu:t nko akona/ six. mut nko odeny / mu:t nko seven. mut nko sömök/mu:t nko səmək/ eight. mut nko angwan/mu:t nko arwan/ nine. mut kasħi/mut kasħi/ Friday. mut nko akonga kasħi/ mut nko akona kasi/ Saturday. mut nko five and (used to make digital after five). nyo pō mut fifth. tömönut mut fifty. pököläy mut -five hundred.

mu't/mu:t/ (C) adv. slowly. mutmut/mu:tmut/ slowly.

mutket/mutket/ n. 1 rhinoceros beetle. 2 heavy rain.

mutmut/mutmut/ rep. v. [1.ki] to criss-cross. mut- mut'at/mutmutat/ n. par. criss-crossing (see mut).

mu'tmu't/mutmut/ adj. slowly.

mutmuta/mutmuta/ stat. v. [3.ke] to upset; to be upset. mutmutagh/mutmutay/ n. par. being up-set. mutmutegħin/mutmutegħin/ n. one who gets upset every now and then. mutmutegħat//mutmutegħat/ adj. par. upset. Mutmuto/ mutmuto:/ <o(tō), <egħi.

mutwak/mutwak/ n. 1 fraction of something; e.g., Kipka tħiċċ chole mutwak/kipka tħiċċ tħolē/—Not all the cows came back. 2 cut into pieces.

mutyö/mut:tə/ adv. sorry.

muyo-kirik/mu:o,kirik/ n. type of tree (used as veg- etable and as medicine).

muya/mut:a/ v. [3.ke] to be able. Kimuytagh/ kimu:tay/ n. par. strength; power. Kimuytoghin/ kimu:togħin/ n. powerful; almighty. muytegħ'at/ mujtegħat/ adj. par. overcome. <otō, <egħi.

muyten/mu:tən/ (see muytö).

muytö/mu:tə/ (see mustö).

mwa(gh) /mway/ (A) v. [1.ki] to say (always used with lö) mwagħħat/mwayat/, (pl.mwogħut) n. par. saying; proverb. mwogħin/mwoxin/ n. one who says. mwagħat/mwayat/, (pl.mwogħo:t) adj. par. said. <o(tō), <u, <chi (mwochi), because of.

mwagh/mway/ (B) v. [1.ku] to abuse a person; to insult; to slander. kimwagħħat/kimwayat/, kimwogħħut/kimwoġġut/ n. par. abuse; insult. kimwogħ-syō/kimwoġġsjø/ n. slandering; abusing. kimwogħ- in/kimwoxin/ n. one who slanders.

mwagh'at/mwayat/, (pl.mwogħo:t) adj. par. slandered. <sy, <o(tō), <u, <chi, <egħi.

mwagh/mway/, (pl.mwogħwöy) (C) n. 1 fat. 2 oil. mwagh pō mitika/mway pə mitika/ petrol. mwagh pō ket/mway pa ket/ pitch of a tree. mwagh pō möt /mway pə mat/ head ointment.

Mwaka/mwaka/ v. [1.ka] to beckon at someone or show by eye signal. Kamwakan chi chonö/ kamwaxan tji tħon—I have beckoned at that person.

Mwat/mwat/ v. [1.ki] 1 to wash; to purge. 2 to purify.

mwatat/mwatat/, mwata/mwata/ n. par. washing.

mwötsyö/mwətsjə/ n. washing. mwötin/ mweti:n/ n. washer; purifier. mwat'at/ mwata:t/, (pl.mwöt'ot) adj. par. washed; purified. mwatan n. first beer drunk during ceremony; cocktail.

mwatīta/mwatīta/ v. [1.ki] to report; to inform; to proclaim; to recite. mwatitagh/ mwatitat/, mwaħħat/mwatitħat/ n. par. report; proclamation; informing. mwotitogħin/ kamwakantħin/ n. informer; announcer; speaker. mwatit'at/mwatitħat/, mwotit'ot/mwotitħot/ adj. par. proclaimed. <otō, <egħ(u), <egħchii.

mwatyan/mwatjan/, mwat(it)/mwatit/ n. female animal or woman who gave birth to first offspring or child.

mwino/mwina/ n. 1 password of many Pöket to identify themselves in times of danger; the answer is poħore/potjore/. 2 custom.

mwochi/mwotħi/ der. v. (see mwagh) to tell; to promulgate; to announce. mwochinogh/ mwotħinoy/ n. par. telling.

mwogħwöy/mwoġwə/ n. pl. (see mwagh).

mwöt/mwat/ (see mwat).

mwotīta/mwotitħa/ (see mwatīta).

myach/mjatʃ/, (pl.myoche) n. (animal) fat.

myawudyon/m̊awudjɔn/, (pl.Wayawudin) n. Jew (Kis.).

N, n

naa /na:/ n. tonight (see asis).

nach /natʃ/ v. [1.ke] to move aside; to shun. kinachat/kinatʃt/ n. par. moving aside. /i/ n. one who moves aside, shuns. nach'at(noch'-ot) adj. par. moved aside, shunned. no- cho(<yot) adj. possible to shun. <otö, (<ch)i, (nachi, naki), nokunö, towards the speaker, <t, (nayena), away from the object.

Nagh /na:x/ v. to tie to a newly wed woman the türüm (see nay).

Nagh /nax/ v. [1.ke] to get used to; to accustom. naghät n. par. getting used to. nogh- in/i/ n. person who gets used to easily. nagh'at(nogh'ot) adj. par. used to. na- gha(<yot) adj. able to get used to. <otö, <(egh)a, referring to place.

Nagh/nax/ v. [1.ke] to light a fire; to ignite. kina- ghat n. lighting. kinoghsyö n. lighting. kinoghin/i/ n. person who lights fires. kinaghan n. a newly started fire. na- gh'at(nogh'ot) adj. par. Lighted. no- gho/<isyot/ adj. inflammable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

na(gh)nagh/nanax/ rep v. [1.ke] to tangle. nana- ghat(<ut) n. par. tangling. nonogh- syö n. tangling. nonoghin/i/ n. person who tangles.

Naghta/naxta/ v. [3.ke] to acquaint. Naghtagh/ naxtax/ n. par. acquainting; experience. nöghteh- ghin/i/ n. one who acquaints him/herself.

naghtegh'at/naxtexat/ dj. par. ac- quainted. <egh. nak v. [1.ku] to add water slowly into something else. kinakat n. par. adding water. kinökin/i/ one who does so.

Nakat/nakat/ adj. par. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <o, <egh.

Naknakit /naknakit/, (nöknökitu) v. to become sticky. Naknak(nöknöke) adj. sticky. nöknö- kyö n. stickiness.

Nam /nam/ v. [1.ke] 1 to get; to catch; to grasp. 2 to adopt. Namat(<ut) n. par. adoption. nömsyö n. grasping, adopting. nömin/i/n. one who gets; adopter. naman n. adopted. nam'at(nöm'ot) adj. par. got- ten; adopted. nömo(<yot) adj. able to be caught. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t. nam arası v. to deplore. nam kegh pögh v. to freeze.

Nama /nama/ n. ceremony to cleanse a sacrilege to victimize because of wrong doing (fault) against the community (see naman).

nameresyö /nameresjö/(<tin) n. lynx.

namirüru /namiriru/ (pl. namirirutin) n. 1 kind of ogre men- tioned to children to scare them; e.g., Meloköy tamaliminyi namirüru—Do not cry, so that the ogre does not hear you. 2 fearsome.

Namlatyan /namlatjan/ (pl.Namlatis) n.persistent person; insistent.

Nampa /nampa/ (pl. Nampeen) n. number (Kis., Eng.).

Nan /nan/ v. [1.ke] 1 to think. 2 to remem- ber. Kinanat(<ut) n. par. thought. ki- nonsyö n. thinking remembering. kino-

nin/nin/n. a person with a good memory. Nanat(non'ot) adj. par. remembered; thought. Nono(<yot) adj. thinkable; possible to be remembered. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, to remember because of, anam/anam/(pl. Anamtin) n. sea; lake (Turk.).

nanastin/nanastin/ n.pineapple (Kis.).

Nantiyin(Nantü(tin)) Nandi/nandi/ n. people. nang möt block headed

nangar/najar/ v. [1.ki] to keep store little by little.

nangarat/najarat/ n. par. storing in bits. nöngörsyö n. storing. nöngörin/i/ n. storer. nangaran n. something stored in bits. nangar'at(nöngör'ot) adj. par. stored. nöngöro(<isyot) adj. possible to store. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Nang'at /nar'at/ (pl.nöngötus) n. night.

Nangnang möt /najnaŋ mot/ n. block headed. nangole/narole/ (pl.nangoletin)n. gun.

Nap /nap/ v. [1.ke] to sew. napat n. par. sewing. nopsyö n. sewing. nöpin/i/ n. sewer. nap'at/ nöpo't/ adj. par. sewn. no- po(<isyot) able to be sewn. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t. nap kegh v. to prepare oneself.

Napasa /napasa/ adv. in crowds (more often kinapa- sa).

Napnap /napnap/v. [1.ke] to part. kinapnapat/ ki- nöpoput n. par. part sewing; stitch. kinopnopsyö n. parties. nopnopin/i/ n. one who parts. napnap'at(nopnop'ot) adj. par. patted. nopnopo/<yot/ adj. possible to part. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Nar /nar/ v. [1.ke] to fatten; to be stout.

Narat /narat/ (pl. nörüt) n. par. fatness. nörsyö n. fattening. nörin/i/ n. person who gets fat fast.

n'aran /naran/ n. adolescent; youngster.

nar'at /narat/ adj. par. fat- tened. nöro(<yot) adj. able to become fat, stout. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Narech /narets/ narek stat. v. [1.ke] to get an- gry, serious. narechat n. serious, an- gry. nörekyö n. anger. nöreksyö n. anger. nörekin/i/ n. person who gets an- gry easily. narek'at(nöreky'ot) adj. par. angry. nöreko(<isyot) adj. possible to get angry. (<ch)i (narechii, nareki), <sy, <o(tö).

Nasilinyang /nasilinanj/ (pl. nasilinyangtin) n. a big machine gun.

Nategha /natexa/ v. [3.ke] to extend; to prolong; to take to. kinategħat n. extension. kinotegħenin/i/ n. one who extends. nategh'at(noteħġ'ot) adj. par. extended. Noteħgo(noteħhyot/) extendable. <otö, <i, to extend towards the speaker, <chii, <u.

Natin /natin/ n. pl. bolts (see natyan). natulön n. a type of sorghum. natyan/natin/ n. bolt (Eng.) naway-pa kong n. cornea.

Nawu /nawu/ v. [3.ke] to be impudent. nawunat n. par. impudent. nawunat n. impudence. nay v. [1.ke] to twine; to coil.

Nayat /najat/ (noy-ut) n. par. twining, coiling nöysyö; no- yin/i/ n. one who twines, coils. nay- an n. something coiled. nay'at(noyo't) coiled. noyo/<isyot/ able to be coiled. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

Nayan /najan/ n. 1 something coiled; a bracelet. 2 newly wed woman; e.g., Tökï nayan kokonini She has just received the 'tirum' (woman bracelet equivalent to the wedding ring). nayat(nöyet) n. wall.

Nayne /naike/ n. coagulated blood. nayta v. (see nach) to move away from the speaker.

Nchaw /ntʃaw/ v. [1.ke] to roam. Kinchawat(kinchowüt) n. par. roaming. kinchöw- syö n. roaming. kinchöwin/i/ n. roamer. kinchawan n. roamer. ncha- wat(nchöw'ot) adj. par.roamed. <sy, <o(tö), <egh, because of something.

nchiryon /nchirjon/ (pl.chüren) n. nicator bird (also nchiryon/(n)chiren).

nchöl /ntʃɔl/ v. [2.ke] to dance by jumping, especially girls. kinchölöt(<ut) n. that type of dance. kinchölyö n. dancing in small jumps. kinchölin/i/ n. person who likes that type of dance. <sy, <o(tö), <egh, referring to the place.

nchör /ntʃɔr/ n. last remainings of something.

nchöw /ntʃɔw/ (see nchaw).

ndar /ndar/(see ntar). Ndara /ndara/ (<tin) n. python.

Ndenguyon /ndenjujɔn/ n. big beads.

Ndimyon /ndimujon/ (pl. ndimun) n. lemon (Kis.). ndisyon (ndisjon) (pl. ndisin) n. banana (Kis.). ndo /ndo/ (pl.ndotin) n. bucket ne prep. What? What about? ne köny? what about?

nen/nenach /nɛn/, /nenach/ adj. & prep. 1 what kind; what colour? 2 how? e.g., Ichinyi nen osis nya Lodow? How are you always Lodow?

Nes /nes/ v. [1.ke] 1 to blacken. 2 to feel distressed. kinesat n. par. blackening. kine- san n. something made black; distressed person. <o(tö), <egh. (Kari.)

net /net/ v. [1.ke] to teach. Kinetat(<ut) n. par. lesson. kinetsyö teaching n. konet- in/i/ n. teacher. kinetan/kinet'an/ n. pupil. net'at(<ot) adj. par. taught. ne- to(<isyot) adj. teachable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. net kegh v. to learn (litt. to teach oneself).

Netyan /netjan/ (pl. netin) n. net

nik (A) v. [2.ke] to split; to sever. ki-niköt(<ut) n. par. split; sever. ki- nïksyö n. splitting. kinikin/i/ n. one who severs. niko't

adj. par. severed; split. niko adj. possible to split. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

nik /ník/ (B) v. [2.ke] 1 to treat (for sickness). 2 to mend the walls of a house. niköt(<ut) n. par. treatment. nïksyö n. treating. nï- kin/i/ n. person who treats others; nurse.

niko't /níkot/ adj. par. treated; remended. nïko/<yot/ adj. possible to remend. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

nïkïsit /níkisit/ (u), nïkïsöchitu v. to become heavy. nïkïs/nïkïsöch adj. heavy. nï- kïsyö n. heaviness. nïkïsin n. weight; density.

nïkwïryon /níkwirjɔn/ (<tin) n. bull with bent horns. nïn (A) v. [2.ke] to stretch; to expand. ki-nïnöt n. par. stretching. kinïnsyö n. elasticity. kinïnin/i/ n. one who stretches things. nïn'ot adj. par. stretched, expanded. nïno(<isyot) adj. expandable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

nïn /nín/ (B) v. [1.ke] to rot; to decompose. nïnat(<ut) n. par. rotting. nïnsyö n. rottenness. nïnin/i/ n. something prompt to rot. nïnan n. something rotten. nïn'ot adj. par. rotten. nïno/<yot/ adj. able to rot. <sy, <o(tö), <egh

nïngur /nínjur/ v. [1.ke] to thicken a liquid. nïngur/nïngure/ adj. viscous. nïngur- yö n. viscosity. kinïngurat n. par. viscosity; thickness. nïngurit(u) v. to become viscous.

nïnötyö /níno:tjö/ n. rottenness (see nïn).

nïpnip /nipnip/ v. [1.ke] to sew; to mend. ki-nïpnipat(<ut) n. par. mending. ki-nïpnipsyö n. mending. kinïpnipin/i/ n. mender; sewer. kinïpnipan n. cloth recently sewn. nïpnip'at(<ot) adj. par. sewn. nïpnipo(<isot) adj. possible to be sewn. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh

nïr /nir/ v. [1.ke] 1 to dissolve. 2 to be soaked. nïrat(<ut) n. par. soaking. nïrsyö n. dissolving. nïrin/i/ n. person or thing that soaks fast; drenched; or dissolves into liquids. nïr'at(<ot) adj. par. soaked; dissolved. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

nïriya /nïriya/ n. part of the stomach (Kari.).

nïrotyö /nïrotjö/ n. wetness.

nïs /nïs/ v. [1.ku] to rain continuously. kinïsat n. par. raining continuously; e.g., Kenïs amïna kore—Last night it rained uninterrupted; it drizzled continuously.

nïwak /niwa:k/ n. spleen; pancreas.

Nisan /nisan/ v. [1.ke] to boast. kinisan- at/ kinisönut/ n. par. boasting; pride. kinisöñin/i/ n. boastful; proud. ki-nisanan n. proud. nisan'at/nisöño't adj. par. proud. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

Nka /ŋka/ inter. yes. nka pron. that is the one; right.

Nkal /ŋkal/ v. [ke] to click with tongue kinka-lat(ut) n. par. clicking. kinkölsyo n. clicking. kinkölin/i/ n. person who does so, especially a

child. nkalat/nk'ol'ot/ adj. par. clicked. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Nkari /ŋkari// n. car (Kis., Eng.).

nkarya/ŋkarjan/ n. calcium used to paint the face of circumcised girls -chemerii (see munyanta chemerii).

nkïryon/ŋkïrjɔ:n/ (pl. nkur) n. earthworm.

nkït /ŋkit/ v. [2.ke] to know. kinkitöt n. par. knowledge. kinkitin/i/ n. knowledgeable. nkït'ot adj. par. known. nkïto/<yot/ adj. possible to be known. <u, <o. nkï-tu der. v. [3.ke] to know; to realize. ki-nkïtunöt n. par. knowledge. nkïtun'ot adj. par. knows; realized. nkïtuno(<yot) adj. perceivable. <egh, <chii.

nkïrow /ŋkirow/ n. a tobacco container.

Nko /ŋko:/ conj. 1 and. 2 prep. with. (not ngo).

Nkogh /ŋkɔ:x/ v. [2.ke] to give; to deliver something. nkoghötagh n. par. delivery. nkogh- syö n. delivering. nkoghin/i/ n. person who delivers. ngok'ot adj. par. delivered, given. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. nkoghchii der. v. to deliver; to hand over. nkoghchinogh n. par. handing over (see nkogh).

nkökipö/ŋkokipə/ conj. although.

Nkor /ŋkor:/ v. [2.ke] to protrude (especially of a tattoo, or scar). kingköröt n. par. protruding. nkor'ot adj. par. protruded. <o(tö).

nkumi /ŋkumi/ <pl. nkumin/ fist (Kis.)

nkutyan /ŋkutja:n/ (pl. nkut) n. worm. nkuryokitpö kachapen /ŋkjurjokitpo katʃ apen/ n. lymph node.

Nkwachan /ŋkwatʃa:n/ (pl. nkwach) n. bug.

nkwaryan, nkwäryön v. [1.ke] to tease; to mock. Kinkwaryanat(kinkwäröön- ut) n. par. tease; mock. kinkwäröön- syö n. teasing; mocking. kinkwäröön- in/i/ n. mocker. kwaryan'at/nkwäryöö- n'ot/ adj. par. mocked. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

nkwich /ŋkwi:tʃ/ n. pl. scabies.

nkwiryon /ŋkwırjon/ pl. nkwir) n. 1 maggot. 2 wood made by a maggot.

nögh /nəx/ v. [2.ku] to hit. kinöghöt/<ut/ n. hitting. kinöghsyö n. hitting. ki-nögħin/i/ n. hitter; stumbler. nögho't adj. par. hit. nögho/<yot/ adj. possible to be hit. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

nögh /nəx/ (see nagh B). nöghök /nəxət/ n. lynx. nöghökö /nəxokə/ n. soft palate. nöghtö (see naghta). nöghten (see naghta).

nöghyö /nɔxjə/ v. [3.ke] to fight (hit each other). kinöghyöt, kinöghyogh n. par. fighting. kinöghyegħin/i/ n. fighter. nöghye- għo't adj. par. fought. <otö, <egh(u).

nök /nšk/ v. [2.ke] to drain. kinököt/<ut/ n. par. draining nöksyö n. drainage. ki-nökin/i/ n. drainer. nökö't adj. par. drained. nöko/<yot/

drainable.<sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh (see also nak). nöki/nak [ke] to pour water slowly into something else. kinakat n. par. pour water kinökin/i/ one who does so. na- kat/nök'ot/ adj. par. <sy, <otö, adj. sticky. nöknökyö n. stickiness.

nökogh /näkoy/ n. 1 fire place. 2 the cellular family; e.g., the immediate members of ones family Mömichininye kelitini ngala nökoghish—It is not good to interfere with family affairs.

nömchii /näm̥tʃi/ der. v. to affix; to impose; to at- tach.

nömchinogh /näm̥tʃinɔg/ n. par. attachment; imposition.

nömchineghin/näm̥tʃineχi:n/ n. one who attaches. nömchin'ot adj. par. at- tached. <egh(u). nöminto kaghak (no- mi kaghak) n. fisherman (see nam).

nömowon /näm̥wɔ:n/ (pl. nömöw) n. handle.

nömøy /näm̥eɪ/ (<ma lawel) v. to be easily inflammable (see nam).

nömunö /näm̥muno/ (<kegh) der. v. to undertake (see nam).

nomyö /näm̥jə/ der. v. [3.ki] to fix; to stick together; to glue. nömyogh n. par. adhesion; togetherness. nömyegħin/i/ n. person who sticks; one who brings people together. nömyegħ'ot adj. par. fixed; together. nömyegħo(<yot) adj. stickable; possible to bring together. <egh(u).

nöngör /nəŋjər/ (see nangar).

nöngötus /nəŋjətu:s/ n. pl. nights (see nangat).

nöp /nəp/ nap (see nap).

nöpchi /nəptʃi/ der. v. [3.ke] to predispose. nöpchi- negħin/i/ one who helps others to prepare themselves. <egh(u). nöpinto put n. hairdresser.

nöpwö /nəpəw/ (noput) n. stich.

nör /nər/ (see nar).

nörek /nərɛ:k (see narech).

nörekyö /nərekjə/ n. anger; seriousness.

nöröyon /nərəjə:n/ (pl. nöröytin) n. mud; bog. nösyon n.

nöyet /nəjet/ n. pl. walls (see nayat).

nötyö /nəjɪtə/(see naghta).

Nogh /noɣ/ (see nagħ A & nay).

noghyö /noxjə/ (nogħyen) (A) v. [3.ki] to try hard (use for any activity; work, fight, etc.) nogħyogh n. par. hard trying. nogħyo- negħin/i/ n. person who tries hard to achieve what (s) he wants.

nogħyegħ'ot adj. par. having tried hard. <egh(u), <egħħi.

nogħyö /noxjə/, nogħyen (B) v. [3.ke] to strive; to struggle for. kinogħyogh n. par. striving.

kinoghayeghin/i/ n. striver. noghy'ot n. par. striven for. <otö, <t, <egh(u), <eghchii, in favour of.

noki /noki/ der. v. [3.ke] to come close to; to come near; to move towards the speaker. ki- nokunogh, kinokunöt n. par. nearing. nokun'ot adj. par. neared to (see nach).

Non /nən/ (see nan).

nonchi /nɔntʃi/v. [3.ku] to remind; to inform. kinonchinogh n. par. reminder; information. kinonchineghin/i/ n. person who reminds; informant. nonchinegho't adj. par. reminded. <otö, <egh(u).

nonisyot /nənisjöt/ adj. memorable (see nan).

Nonogh /nɔnɔx/ n. fluid oozing from a woman's vagina.

Nopnop /nɔpnɔp/ (see napnap).

noteghchi /nɔtextʃi/ der. v. [3.ke] to move to somewhere (see nach).

notegehö /noteyə/ (see nategha).

Noyut /nɔju:t/(<öy) n. bandage (see nay).

Ntaghogh /ntaygħ/ v. [1.ke] to forego; to precede. kintaghoghat n. par. foregoing. ki- ntöghoghin/i/ n. forerunner. ntaho- għat/ntöghogh'ot/ adj. par. preceded. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Ntar /ntar/ (A) v. [1.ke] to ruminate. kinta- rat n. par. ruminating. kintorsyo n. rumination. kintorin/i/ n. ruminant. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

ntar /ntar/ (B) v. [3.ki] to munch. n

ntarat /ntarat/ (ntö- rut) n. par. munching. ndörsyo n. munching.

ntörin /ntərin/ /i/ n. munching animal. ntaran / ntaran/ n. ruminant. ntar'at/ntör'ot/ adj. par. ruminated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. ntara/<en/ n. python. ntelyan/<tin/ n. beaker.

ntelyö /nteljə/ (en) n. type of rat.

ntiluch v. /ntilutʃ/ [2.ke] to beat (not very hard).

kintiluchöt /kintilutʃet/ (<ut) beating. kintilusyo n. beating. kintiluchin /kintilutʃin/ /i/ n. person who does so. ntiluch'ot adj. par. beaten. ntilicho/<yot/ adj. beatable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

ntö-/ntə/ conj. 1 till (see tö). 2 in order to.

ntöghogh /ntəgħoġ/(see ntaghogh).

ntöl /ntəl/ v. [2.ke] to burst. kintölöt n. par. bursting. kintölin/i/ n. ntöl'ot adj. par. burst. ntölo(<isyot) adj. able to burst. <egh, <o, <u, <chii. ntömökipö /ntəməkɪpə/ conj. if not; unless. ntör (see ntar).

Ntulu /ntulu/ (pl. ntulultin/ n. arrow of circumcised

Ngadich /ŋaditʃ/ (pl. ngadichtin) n. boat.

Ngadosit /ŋadosit/ (ngodos(öch)itu) v. to become rude. ngados/ŋgħosöch, ngħodose /ŋadvse/ adj. rude; rough; irritable. ngħodsoñ, ngħodsoxy n. roughness, rudeness.

ngagh /ŋaġ/ v. [1.ke] to pluck (grass, feathers).

Ngagħat(<ut) n. plucking. ngħoħsyö /ŋəġsjə/ n. plucking. ngħoħin/i/ n. plucker. ngaghan n. recently plucked. ngagh'at (ngħoħo') adj. par. plucked. ngħoħo(<isyot) adj. pluckable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Ngagh /ŋaġ/, ngay v. [1.ke] to grind.

Ngagħat /ŋaġat(<ut/) n. par. grinding. boys without head, just with a ball of gum

ngħoħsyö /ŋəġsjə/ n. grinding. ngħoħin/i/ n. at its end.

nuch /nutʃ/ (A) v. [2.ke] to quench; to extinguish; to slake. nuchöt n. par. quenching. nu- chyö n. quenching. nuchin/i/ n. one who quenches fires. nuch'ot adj. par. quenched. nucho/<yot/ adj. quenchable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Nuch /nutʃ/ (B) v. [2.ke] to doze; to sleep; to be dormant kinuħchöt n. par. dozing. ki- nuchin/i/ n. person who dozes. nuch'ot adj. par. slept. <o(tö), <egh. to doze in a place. nuch kong v. to close the eyes a little.

Nuch /nutʃ/ v. to soothe (see nuch A). nuk, nuch v. [2.ke] to perform special treatment for curing of stomach illness. nuköt/<ut/ n. par. the ceremony itself. nukin/i/ n. person who performs that ceremony. nuk'ot adj. par. one to whom that ceremony has been done. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

nur /nur/ v. [1.ke] to soak; to dissolve. nurin/i/ n. soaker. nur'at/<ot/ adj. par. soaked.

nuro /<isyot/ adj. soakable.<o(tö), <egh, <u, <chii.

nusiyon (nus(t)in) /nustrijø:n/ n. one shilling (half a rupee (two shillings is a rupee)).

Ng, ng

Ngachapen /ŋatʃapen/ n. temple (Kara.).

Ngachar /ŋatʃar/ (pl. ngöcher) n. chair; stool; seat; stool. ngacharu n. chair of. grinder. ngagh'at(ngögho't/) adj. par. ground. ngögho(<isyot) adj. able to be ground. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, for someone else.

ngal /ŋal/v. [1.ku] to click (with the tongue). ki- ngalulat(<ut) n. par. clicking. kingöl- syö n. clicking. kingölin/i/ n. person who does so, especially child. ngalat/ngö- l'ot/ adj. par. clicked.

ngal /ŋal/ n. pl. 1 words (see ngal). 2 language. ngala n. words of. ngala Pököt n. Pököt language. Mö- minye ngala—There is nothing to worry about. ngala ngat /ŋala nat/ n. habitual stories; routine. ngala ngötinyö n. proverbs; talk with double meaning. ngala mari- mar n. maxim; straight talk. ngala sî- nîs'in n. gossiping. ngala tîliny tîliny n. superstitions. ngala morin n. beckon.

ngala yoo /ŋala jo:/ n. mother tongue. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <o, <egh. ngalan v. [1.ke] to talk; to speak. ngalana n. speech. ngala- nat(<ut/)n. par. speaking. ngölönin/i/ n. talkative person. ngalan'at/ngögolo't/ adj par. talked about. <en, talking about, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Ngalom /ŋalom/ (<tin) n. toothless.

ngalul /ŋalul/ v. [2.ke] to bite roughly; to destroy. kingalulöt n. par. biting roughly. kinga- lulin/i/ n. person who does so. ngöllulo't /ŋœlulot/adj. par. roughly dented <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Ngalyap /ŋaljap/ (pl. ngölyep) n. 1 tongue. 2 cadence; accent. ngalyap mîkech n. uvula; clitoris. ngalyap v. [1.ke] to call someone secretly. Ngalyapat(ngölyaput) n. par. secrecy. ngölyopin/i/ n. secretive person. ngalyap'at /ŋaljapat/ (ngölyopo't) adj. par. called secretly. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

ngam /ŋam/ v. [1.ke] to starve. ngamat n. starv- ing. ngömsyö n. starvation; never eat- ing enough. ngömin/i/ n. someone who starves. ngaman n. starved person. nga- m'at(ngöm'ot) adj. par. starved. ngö- mo(<yot) adj. able to starve. <otö, <u, <chii, <egh.

Ngangagh /ŋanjay/ v. [1.ke] 1 to remove the husk. 2 to rub. ngangaghat n. par. removing the husk; rubbing. ngöngöghin/i/ n. person who does so. ngangagh'at(ngöngögho't) adj. par. when the husk of cereals have been removed. ngöngögho(<isyot) adj. possible to be removed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

ngan-angan /ŋan-ŋjan/ (ngon-ngonitu) v. to become lose, or delicate. ngan-angan adj. to become feeble because of shaking. ngan- ngan/ngon-ngone/ adj. delicate; lose. ngan-angan quality of being lose; delicacy.

Ngangat /ŋanjat/ (ngöngut) n. page.

ngangin /ŋarjın/ n. onomatopoeic sound of the crying of a hyena.

ngangöhöt /ŋanjexət/ (nganghoghit) n. smallest of all black ants.

Ngano /ŋano/ (<un)n. wheat (Kis.).

Ngany /ŋanj/ v. [1.ke] to unfold; to uncover; to remove. nganyat/<ut/ n. par. unfolding. ngönsyö n. unfolding. ngönyin/i/ n. uncoverer. nganyan n. unfolded thing; re- moved. nganyat(ngönyö'ot) adj. par. re- moved. ngönyo/<isyot/ adj. unfoldable; removable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <i, <t, (see nganya).

Nganya /ŋajanta/ v. [3.ke] 1 to denounce; to reveal. 2 to profess. nganytagh n. par. denouncing; revelation; profession. ngönyteghin/i/ n. denouncer. nganyteghat/ngonyte- gho't/ adj. par. denounced; revealed; pro- fessed. ngonytegho/<yot/ adj. de- nounceable; revealable. <egh(chii), <otö.

ngarach /ŋaratʃ/ (ngarak) (A) stat. v. [1.ki] to enjoy; to rejoice. Ngarachat (<ut) n. rejoicing. ngörekyö n. happiness; joy; excitement. ngörekin/i/ n. happy person.

Ngarachat /ŋaratʃat/ (ngörekyot) adj. par. happy; rejoiced. <o(tö), <chii, <egh.

Ngarach /ŋaratʃ/ (ngarak) (B) v. [1.ke] to help; to assist; to aid. Kingarakat(<ut) n. par. helping; assistance. kingöríkin/i/ n. helper; assistant. kingarakan n. assisted person. kingar'at/ ngörök'ot/ adj. par. assisted; aided. ngöroko/<syot/ adj. assistable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Ngaryl /ŋaral/ v. [1.ke] to abort (mostly for women). ngaryl'at/ngörolut/ n. abort- ing. ngörolsyö n. abortion. ngörol- in/i/ n. woman who aborts. ngaralan n. woman who aborts. ngaryl'at/ ngöröl'ot/ aborted. ngörolo/<sot/ adj. able to abort. <o, <egh.

Ngaror /ŋaror/ n. goats.

ngarpil /ŋarpıl/ (<wok) n. pool; pond.

ngarw'a/oy/ n. marsh, full of grass be- cause of the swamp.

Ngas /ŋas/ v. [1.ke] to eat ugali without any vegetable. kingasat n. par. eating only ugali. kingösün/i/ n. a person who does so. kingasan n. ugali which is eaten without any other thing. <otö.

Ngasngas /ŋasŋas/ (ngösngöse) adj. brittle. ngös- ngösyö n. brittleness. ngösngösün n. brittleness; braking in brittles. ngasngas- it, ngösngösitu v. to become brittle.

Ngastin /ŋastin/ n. pl. (see ngasyan).

Ngaswa /ŋaswa/ (pl. ngasöy) n. a type of gourd with a wide mouth.

ngasyam /ŋasjam/(A) v. [1.ke] 1 to muzzle. 2 to force a child to eat. ngasyamat n. muzzling. ngösöyomsyö n. muzzle. ngös- yomin/i/ n.

someone who muzzles. nga- syaman n. muzzler. ngasyam'at/ngö- syom'ot/ adj. par. muzzled. ngösyo- mo/<syot/ adj. able to be muzzled. <sy, <chii, <u, <o(tö).

ngasyam /ŋasjamat/(B) v. [1.ke] to gag.
ngasya- mat n. par. gagging. ngösyömsyö n. gag. ngösyoimin/i/ n. one who gags. ngasyaman n. one who had the mouth opened. ngasyam'at/ngösyo'm'ot/ adj. par. gagged. ngösyo'mo(<yot) able to be gagged. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. ngasyam/<ay/ n. jaw.

Ngasyan /ŋasjan/ (pl. ngastin) n. underwear.

Ngat /ŋat/ v. [1.ke] to break apart. ngatat n. par. breaking apart. Ngatat/ngöt'ot) adj. par. broken. <sy, <o(tö), <egh. (mostly used in past tenses or passive voice). ngat adv. again. ngata korka, ngata miron when a woman reach the age of menopause. ngat keo omisyö expr. the food got finished. ngata adv. 1 approximately. 2 prep. within.

ngatalat /ŋatalat/ n. brink.

Ngatip /ŋatip/ (ngötipöch) adj. sharp. Ngatipit /ŋatipit/, (ngötip(öch)itu) v. to become sharp.

Ngatoron /ŋatoro/ (<tin) n. beads men put on their heads.

Ngaw /ŋaw/ v. [1.ke] to eat ugali without vegetables, milk, etc. kingawat n. par. eat- ing ugali only. kingöwin/i/ n. person who eats only ugali. ngaw'at/ngöw'ot/ adj. par. people eating ugali only. <o(tö), <egh.

ngayam /ŋajam/ n. pl. sand. (see ngöyomwö).

Ngaysil /ŋajsil/ (<tin) n. earring for men.

Ngel /ŋel/ (A) v. [1.ke] to diverge. kingel- at/<ut/ n. par. diverting. diversion. kingelin/i/ n. diverter. ngel'at/<ot/ adj. par. diverted. <otö, <i, towards the speaker.

ngel /ŋel/(B) v. [1.ke] to slaughter. kingelat n. par. slaughtering. kingelsyö n. cutting meat in pieces. ngel'at/<ot/ adj. par. slaughtered. ngelo/<sot/ adj. able to be slaughtered. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. ngem /ŋem/ v. [2.ke] to mock. ngemöt/<ut/ n. par. mocking. ngemsyö n. mockery. Ngemin /ŋemin/ /i/ n. one who mocks others.

ngeman /ŋeman/ n. one mocked. ngem'at/<ot/ adj. par. mocked. ngemo/<isyot/ adj. able to be mocked at. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Ngemughyon /ŋemujxon/ (see ngömighyon).

ngeng /ŋer/ (A) v. [1.ke] to assist someone. Ngengat(<ut) n. par. assistance. ngengsyö n. assisting. ngengin/i/ n. as- sistant; helper. ngeng'at/<ot/ adj. par. assisted. ngengo/<isyot/ adj. assistable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, (<ch)ii, <egh.

Ngeng /ŋer/, (ngeny) (B) v. [1.ke] 1 to raven; to eat meat around the bones. 2 to feel hungry; e.g., Ngenganin mu—The stomach is crying for food. Ngengat(<ot) adj. possible to be eating. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

ngengechwo /ŋenjetjwo/ (pl. ngengech) n. type of tree (its flowers are good for honey; it is dangerous for goats, if they eat it they become crazy and wild).

ngengi /ŋeŋi/ der. v. [3.ke] to be of benefit. nge- ngnüt n. par. benefit (see ngeng A).

ngen (see ngeng B).

ngen /ŋen/ n. 1 salt; salty ground; animals' lick.

Nger /ŋer/ (A) v. [1.ke] to wail. Kingerat(<ut) n. par. wailing. kingsyö n. wailing. kingerin/i/ n. wailer. Ngerat(<ot) adj. par. wailed. Ngero(<isyot/) able to wail. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

nger /ŋer/ (B) v. [2.ke] to glut; to eat in abundance. ngeröt n. par. gluttony. ngersyö n. glutting. ngerin/i/ n. glut- tonous. ngero't adj. par. satiated; glutted. <sy, <otö.

Nget /ŋet/ v. [1.ke] 1 to raise; to get up. 2 to resign (in prepositional form); e.g., Kinge- tanin kasü-I have been sacked. kinget- at n. par. raising. kingetsyö n. raising. kingetin/i/ n. one who gets up. nget- at(<ot) adj. par. raised. Ngeto(<isyot) adj. able to get up. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <en, get up from, <i, get up towards the speaker. ngetat/ngetot/ n. (gentle)man. ngetatan n. gentleness. Ngeteyon /ŋ/etejɔn/ (ngetey) n. one of the two age- sets from Sapana (the other being ngimo- ryon); people belonging to this set wear a yellow (brass) bracelet.

ngichigh /ŋitʃiy/ v. [2.ke] to cross. ngichighöt(<ut) n. par. crossing. ngichighsö n. cross. ngichighin/i/ n. person who crosses often. ngichigh'ot adj. par. crossed. ngichigho/<yot/ adj. crossable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, (<ch)ii, <egh, to cross towards the speaker.

ngighin /ŋiyin/ n. part of a tree below the ground that constitutes the roots.

ngileyton /ŋiletyon/ (pl. ngilet) n. 1 grass 2 salty grass eaten by animals (cattle).

ngimoryon /ŋimorjɔn/ (pl. ngimor) n. 1 one of the two age-sets from Sapana. 2 people belonging to this set, they wear a red (copper) bracelet, and they are the ones to cut the meat of any sacrificed animal.

nginngin /ŋinŋin/ <wok n. 1 something cut all round. 2 an old cow's horn looks cut around as well as old people's teeth. 3 gorge; valley (Kara.).

nginqing /ŋinŋin/ n. spur; cliff; passage on a river (Kara.).

ngir /ŋir/ (A) v. [1.ke] to cross to the other side. kingirat n. par. ngir'at (ot) adj. par. crossed to the other side.

ngir /ŋir/ (B) v. [2.ke] 1 to make a surprise attack. 2 to massacre. kingiröt(<ut) n. par. massacre. kingirsyö n. massacring. kingirin/i/ n. person who massacres. ngiro't adj. par. massacred. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

ngirîma /ŋjırıma/, ngirîmen v. [3.ke] to bow the head. ngirîmagh, ngirîmat n. par. bow- ing. ngirîmin,

ngîrîmeghin /ŋjırımexin//i/ n. per- son who bows well and often; e.g., a blind person through a thicket. ngirîm'at adj. par. bowed down. <otö, <eghu, <eghchi.

ngîrîmnyan /ŋjumjan/ (pl.ngirîmen) n. goats' pimples around the mouth.

ngîrir /ŋjırı:r/ v. [2.ke] to scrape, especially done to leather straps to make them more flexible. ngirîrot n. par. scraping.

ngîririn /ŋjırırin/ /i/n. person who scraps straps. ngirîrön n. newly scraped strap of leather. ngirîr'ot adj. par. scraped. ngirîro(<yot) adj. scrapable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chî, <egh, <t.

ngîrirî /ŋjırırı/ v. [3.ke] to bring something from someone who is not appreciated by the speaker. ngirîrunöt n. par. the action of doing so. ngirîruneghin/i/ n. one who brings without much will. <egh.

ngîrñgîr /ŋjırñjr/ (A) v. [2.ke] to be malicious; to malignant. ngîrñgîröt n. par. malice. ngîrñgîrsyö n. malignant. ngîrñgîr- in/i/ n. malicious person. ngîrñgîröt n. par. malicity. ngîrñgîrsyö n. malignant. ngîrñgîrin/i/ n. malicious person. ngîrñgîr'ot adj. par. maligned. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chî, <egh.

ngîrñgîr /ŋjırñjr/ (B) v. [1.ke] 1 to make noise with a blunt knife. 2 to set ones teeth on edge.

ngîrñgîrat /ŋjırñjr/ n. par. making that noise; feeling edging. ngîrñgîrin/i/ n. person who does so.

ngîrukö /ŋjırukə/ v. [3.ke] to bow down; to crouch. kingîruköt, kingîrukogh n. par. crouch- ing. kingîruksyö n. crouching; in- clination.

kingîrukîn /kiŋjıruki:n/ /i/ n. one who bows down often. ngîrukegh'ot adj. par. crouched. ngîrukö/<yot/ adj. able to bow down. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchi.

ngîryach /ŋjırjak/, ngîryak, ngîryök v. [1.ke] to cut across. kingîryakat n. par. cutting across.

ngîsîrnîgsîr /ŋjısırŋısır/ n. person who gets annoyed very easily.

ngîsîrö /ŋjısırə/ n. beer not yet ready.

(ngî)sîryan /ŋjısırjan/ ((ngî)sîr) n. louse.

ngîsölimoyon /ŋjıslımojon/ (ngîsölimoy) n. hamster. sölumoy(<tin, <oy) n. hamster.

ngîsy a(<en) n. small stone used for grind- ing.

ngîtinogh /ŋjıtınog/ n. par. blessing done by spitting.

ngîtul /ŋjıtul/ n. born naturally without tail (e.g., a hyrax or a ram).

Ngîchay /ŋjıtʃai/ (<oy) n. joint. Ngîchayay /ŋjıtʃajai/ ball of the foot.

ngîghono kelat /ŋjixonô kelat/ n. dental nerves.

ngîrñgîr /ŋjırñjr/(A) v. [1.ke] to struggle to cut something. ngîrñgîrat n. par. struggling to cut. ngîrñgîrin/i/ n. person struggling to cut something (especially meat). <otö.

ngîrñgîr /ŋjırñjr/ (B) v. [1.ke] to twist; to stretch oneself cause of pain. kingîrñgîrat n. par. stretching. kingîrñgîrin/i/ n. person who does so. Ngîrñgîrat(<otö) adj. par. stretched. <otö.

ngîrñgîr ngal /ŋjırñjr näl/(C) v. [2.ke] to lie; to confuse. ngîrñgîrötö ngal n. par. confusing, lying with confusing statements. ngîrñgîrin/i/ n. liar. ngîr- ngîr'ot adj. par. confused. <sy, <otö, <u, <chî, <t.

ngîrñgîra /ŋjırñjra/ v. [1.ke] to writhe. kingîrñgîragh n. writhing.

Kingîrñgireghin /kîrjîrjirexi:i:n /i/ n. person who writhes in pain. ngîrñgi- reghat rexat/ adj. par. writhed in pain. <egh. ngîrñgîrat adj. spiral

ngîsîya (kutîng) /ŋjısja kutrıŋ/ n. kneecap.

(ngî)sîryan /sîrjan/ (pl. ngî)sîr) n. louse (also (ngî)- sîryan/(ngî)sîr/).

Ngitelây /ŋjîtelâı/ n. 1 crowd; community (Kara.). 2 humanity.

ngîtön /ŋjîtən/ v. [2.ke] to reply; to respond. ngîtönöt(<ut) n. par. responding. ngîtönsyö n. response. Ngîtonin /ŋjîtənin/ /i/ n. re- sponder. ngîtöno'ı /ŋjîtənət/ adj. par. responded. ngîtöno(<isyot) adj. possible to be responded. <sy, <otö, <chî, <egh.

ngîtopîryon /ŋjîtopırjö:n/ (<tin) n. ornament placed in a hole under the low lip.

ngöcher /ŋjætʃer/ n. pl. seats; chairs (see ngachar).

ngöcherwo /ŋjætʃerwo/, ngöchorwo n. chairs of.

ngögh /ŋjex/ (see ngagh).

ngöghom /ŋjægom/ v. [2.ke] to make wise; clever; to instruct.

ngöghom /ŋjægom/ (ngöghomöch) adj. clever; wise; astute. ngöghom- (n)yö n. wisdom; skill. kingöghomöt n. par. instructing; showing tricks. ki- ngöghomin/i/ n. educator. ngöghomit(u), ngöghomöchit(u) v. to become wise; clever; astute.

ngöl /ŋjøL/ (see ngal).

ngölon /ŋjelon/ (see ngalan).

ngölösün /ŋjelosın/ n. 1 a slight mistake or lack. 2 gap of teeth (see söngöl).

ngölul /ŋjelut/ (see ngalul).

ngölyep /ŋjeljep/ n. pl. tongues (see ngalyap).

ngölyon /ŋjeljòn/ (ngal) n. 1 word. 2 matter. 3 message.

ngöm /ŋjäm/ (see ngam).

ngömîgh /ŋjämix/ (<tin) n. type of tree (used

during women's 'lapa'; goats like to eat it).

ngömöhyon /ŋəmɪgjən/ (ngömöh) n. cud.

ngöngön /ŋəŋən/ v. [2.ku] to make feeble by shaking. ngöngön,

ngangan /ŋaŋan/ /(ngöngön) adj. feeble; flexible. kingöngönöt n. par. shaking. ngöngönit /ŋəŋənit/, (ngöngönitu) v. to become feeble because of shaking. ngöngön(e) n. something loose; one that is not firm.

ngöngögh /ŋəŋəɣ/ (see ngangagh). ngöngös /ŋəŋəs/ adj. (see ngasngas). ngönyötö (see nganya).

ngöp /ŋəp/ v. [2.ke] to hew. ngöpöt(<ut) n. par. hewing. ngöpsyö n. person who hews. ngöpön n. something cut deeply. ngöpo't adj. par. hewn. ngöpo/<yot/ adj. possible to be cut deeply. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

ngör /ŋər/ (A) v. [1ke] to cultivate; to till; to dig. ngörat/<ut/ n. par. tilling. ngörsyö n. agriculture. ngörin/i/ n. farmer; tiller. ngör'at(<ot) adj. par. cultivable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <t, for someone else.

ngör /ŋor/ (B) v. [1.ki] to guess. ngörat, ngöra n. par. guessing; prophesy. ngörin/i/ n. guesser. ngörat/<ot/ adj. par. guessed. <u, <chii, <o, <egh.

ngörekyö /ŋərekjə/ n. happiness; joy (see ngarach A).

ngörer /ŋorer/ v. [2.ku] 1 to imitate; to mock. 2 to molest. kingöreröt n. par. imitat-ing; mockery; molesting. kingörersyö n. imitation; molesting. kingörerin/i/ n. imitator; mocker; molester. ngörer'ot/<yot/ adj. imitable. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <t.

ngöri /ŋərɪ/adj. & pron. few; scarce. ngöringin n. scarcity. ngöringityo n. scarcity.

ngörok /ŋərok/ (see ngarach B).

ngöröl /ŋərəl/(see ngaral).

ngöröwon /ŋərəwən/ (pl. ngöröw) n. bawdy person; someone with bad manners.

ngör^om /ŋərəm/ (<oy) n. twisted downwards (like the beak of a vulture).

ngörumen /ŋərumen/, (ngörumö) v. [3.ke] to twist down. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

ngös /ŋəs/ 1 red-hot charcoal. 2 excessive anger 3 faint gleam (see ngas). ngösyom /ŋəsjom/ (see ngasyam).

ngötiny /ŋətɪŋ/ /ngötuny/ n. lion.

ngötinyö /ŋətɪŋə/ n. proverb; metaphor. ngala ngötinyö n. proverbial language with double meaning.

ngötipyö /ŋətɪŋə/n. poignant; sharpness.

ngötüy /ŋətij/ v. [2.ke] to cut. ngötüyt n. par. cutting. ngötüyin/i/ n. person who cuts things. <o(tö), <egh.

ngötop /ŋətop/ n. short clothing.

ngötünön /ŋətunən/n. remainder.

ngötuny /ŋətunj/n. pl. lions (see ngötiny).

ngötüt/<oy/ n. ditch; canyon; brook; ravine.

ngötüwö /ŋətwə/ n. pl. spears (see ngot). ngötwe n. spears of.

ngöw /ŋəw/ (see ngaw).

ngöwin /ŋəwi:n/ (pl. angaw) n. type of tree (its bark is chewed as medicine against stomach-ache; its fruits are edible).

ngöwunon /ŋəwunon/ n. delivered prematurely; some- thing minute.

ngöy (see ngagh).

ngöyomwö /ŋəjəmwə/ (pl. ngayam) n. sand. ngo int. pron. who?

Ngoghogh /ŋɔχɔχ/ v. [2.ke] to rub (see ngaghagh). kingoghöt n. par. rubbing. kingogh- in/i/ n. one who rubs. ngogh'ot adj. par. rubbed. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

ngoki /ŋɔkɪ/ n. sin; or sins. ngoki n. sin of.

ngökiswok /ŋɔkiswok/ n. evil, very sinful. Ngokoy(<oy) n. stripped palecat. ngolekit n. 1 troublesome person. 2 agegroup (sowö).

ngolesör /holesər/ adj. (goat) with white face.

ngolol /ŋɔlɔl/v. [1.ke] to cut the dewlap of cattle so that it hangs apart, or rather a name of dewlap cut. kingolol'at/<ot/ n. par. cut in the dewlap. kingololsyö n. cutting the dewlap of cattle. kingololan n. cow with a cut dewlap. ngolol'at adj. par. cut. ngololo/<isyot/ adj. (of a cow dewlap) possible to cut. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

ngolöwon /ŋɔləwən/ (pl.ngolöw) n. steel dust.

ngom /ŋom/(A) v. [2.ke] to suspect; to mur- mur. ngomöt(<ut) n. par. suspect- ing. ngomsyö n. suspicion. ngomin/i/ n. suspecter. ngomön n. suspected person. ngom'ot adj. par. suspected. Ngomo(<yot) adj. suspectable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Ngom /ŋom/ (B) v. [2.ke] 1 to dig a well in a river bed. 2 to fetch water in small bits; to take water from a shallow well. 3 to destruct someone; to be suspicious of a person. ngomöt n. par. fetching. ngomsyö n. fetching. ngomin/i/ n. person who fetches water in small amounts. ngoman n. new dug well. ngom'ot adj. par. fetched (remained without water). ngomo/<yot/ adj. able to be dug. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. (Kara.)

ngongogh /ŋɔŋŋɔχ/ v. [1.ke] to make smooth; e.g., by filing. ngongoghat n. par. smooth- ing.

ngongoghin/i/ n. one who smooths things.

ngongogh'at(<ot) adj. par. smooth down.

ngongogho/<isyot/ adj. possible to make smooth.

<sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

ngongoghöwn n. eraser.

Ngongan /ŋɔŋŋɔn v. [2.ke] to move. kingonganöt

n. par. moving, shaking. kingong- onsyö
n. moving. kingonganin/i/ n. person who moves all the time. ngongan'ot adj. moved. Ngongono(<isyot) adj. movable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. Ngongong /ŋɔŋɔŋ/ v. [1.ku] to move nervously (Kara.).

ngongowt /ŋɔŋɔwt/n. the inflammation of the skin between the legs as a result of working a long distance.

ngongosöwon /ŋɔŋɔsəwɔn/ (pl.ngongosöw) n. stratum; rubble.

ngoranıyan /ŋɔranjan/ (pl.ngoran) n. name given to circumcised girls before 'lopöw' and they can walk out of their compound.

ngorim /ŋɔrim/ (<tin) n. cliff; a deep valley. ngorin/i/ n. bawdy person. ngorökoyon (ngoröko) /ŋɔrəkɔjɔn/ n. bandit.

Ngorolat /ŋɔrolat/ n. when an expectant mother sees blood coming from the birth canal.

ngoryon /ŋɔrjɔn/ n. foot and mouth disease. ngo-ryon shank.

ngos /ŋɔs/ v. [2.ke] to put marks, beacons. ngosöt/<ut/ n. par. marking. ngosyö /ŋɔsja/ n. marking. ngosin/i/ n. person who puts signs, or beacons. ngos'ot adj. par. marked. ngoso/<isyot/ adj. markable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

ngot /ŋɔt/ (pl.ngötwö) n. spear. Ngotan /ŋɔtan/ (ngot'an) n. selected people. ngotisyego ata? How much will it cost? Up to where will it reach?

ngotyö /ŋɔtjə/ n. goat's compartment inside a hut.

Ngoj /ŋɔi/ (A) v. [1.ku] to annoy. kingoyat n. par. annoying. kingoyin/i/ n. easy to be annoyed. kingoyan n. easy to be annoyed. ngoyat/<ot/ adj. annoyed. ngoyo/<isyot/ adj. annoyable. <otö, <egh.

Ngoj /ŋɔi/ (B) v. [1.ke] to soothe an animal; to caress; to pad. kingoyat n. par. sooth- ing. kingoyin/i/ n. caresser; soother. ngoy'at/<ot/ adj. par. padded. <otö, <chii, <egh.

ngulan /ŋulan/n. score. ngulchii mögh idem.

Ngumi /ŋumi/ (pl. ngumin) n. fist (Kis.). ngumun/<oy/ n. ditch with licking salt. ngunta v. [3.ku] to vomit. kinguntagh n. vomiting. kingunteghin/i/ n. someone who vomits frequently. ngunte- ghat(<ot) adj. par. have vomited. <otö, <egh, <eghchii, <egho.

Nguono /ŋuɔnɔ/ n. traditional poison for arrows.

Ngura /ŋura/ adj. (goat) with black and white head.

ngurmum/ŋurmum/ n. ditch with licking salt.

ngurmumwö /ŋurmunwə/ n. place for an- imals' salt (but not large); salt lick.

Ngurgur /ŋurgur/ v. [1.ku] to murmur. kingurgurat(<ut) n. par. murmuring. ki- ngurgursyö n. murmuration. kingur- ngurin/i/ n. murmurer.

kingurnguran n. murmurer. ngurgur'at(<ot) adj. par. murmured. Ngurguro(<syot) adj. murmurable. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <o, <egh, <t.

nguryelut pö kachapen /ŋurjelut pə katjapen/ n. lymph node.

Nguryon /ŋurjɔn/ (pl. ngur) n. grain moth; maggot.

ngusy'a /ŋusja/n. something carried by a woman on the back. ngusya egh n. hand palm ngusyö v. [3.ku] 1 to clasp hands 2 to join two pieces (say or ropes) together.

ngutö /ŋutə/ v. [3.ke] to smell. ngutogh n. par. smelling; smell. ngutoy lö pülpil fragrance.

Ngutyan (pl. ngut) n. maggot.

nguunionion/ŋuwon/ n. small piece of maize meal given to children before meals. Nguy /ŋui/ v. [2.ke] to hate. kinguyöt n. par. hatred; hate. kinguyin/i/ n. hateful person. nguy'ot adj. par. <o(tö), <u, <chii.

Ngwachyan /ŋwatʃan/ (pl. ngwach) n. bedbug.

ngwal /ŋwal/ stat. v. [1. ke] to limp; to cripple. ngwalat n. par. limping. ngwolsyö /ŋwalsjo/ n. lameness. ngwolin/i/ n. cripple; lame. ngwalan n. cripple. ngwal'at/ngwol'ot/ adj. par. crippled; handicapped. ngwo- lo(<isyot/)able to limp. <o(tö), <egh.

ngwan /ŋwan/ ngwöniitu/ngwonöchitu v. to become bitter; painful. ngwan/ngwonöch/ adj. 1 painful; harmful. 2 ngwo

nöch /notʃ/ adj. pl. painful; bitter. ngwana /ŋwana/ (ngwono) n. gall bladder; bile. ngwanit v. [1] to make something bitter.

ngwangwa /ŋwaŋwa/ adj. 1 improved; better; e.g., Ngwangwa porto paponyan asete—My fa- ther feels better today; Ngwangwa Lo- komol ompö Ptyos- Lokomol is better than Ptyos. Ngwangwa /ŋwaŋwa (ngwöngwe) adj. supple.

ngwöngwöniin /ŋwəŋwənin/ n. suppleness. ngwang- wan v. [1.ke] to prefer; to improve; to con- sole a child. Kingwangwanat /kiŋwəŋwənat/ n. par. pre- ferring. kingwöngwönsyö n. preference. kingwöngwöniin/i/ n. improver; some- one who prefers. ngwangwan'at(ngwö- ngwöno') adj. par. preferred; selected as better. ngwöngwöno/<isyot/ adj. preferable. <chi, <u.

ngwar /ŋwar/ v. [1.ke] to scratch oneself. kingwarat /ŋwarat/ n. par. scratching kingwörsyo n. abrasion. kingwörin/i/ n. some- one who scratches himself/herself. ngwar'at/ngwör'ot/ adj. par. scratched. ngwö- ro/<isyot/ adj. scratchable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

ngwichan /ŋwitʃan/ (pl.ngwich) n. scabies.

ngwil /ŋwil/ v. [1.ke] 1 to shave the head, especially after a relative's death. 2 to curve something with care. 3 to lick something inside the mouth (all the different mean- ings can have the same derived words and infixes). ngwilat n. par. shaving; licking. ngwilin/i/ n. shaver; someone who licks.

ngwil'at (ot) adj. par. shaved; licked.
ngwilo(<yot) adj. able to be shaved; lickable.
 <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

ngwilya(<y, oy) n. pebble.

ngwilyan /ngwilyan/ n. saliva.

ngwin /ŋwɪn/ der. v. [1.ke] to come. kingwü-nat(<ut) n. par. coming. kingwín- in/í/ n. comer. ngwinat(<ot) adj. par. come. <o(tö), <chi, <u, <egh, by means of, <en, to come from. Kengwiña pute—It missed narrowly. Ngwino (imp. sg.) Come! Kipkonecha—We come. Opkonekwa—You (pl.) come. Pkonoy—They come. ngwiño v. to come from.

ngwiny /ŋwɪn/ n. 1 earth; dirt. 2 prep. down.

ngwiriš /ŋwirɪs/ n. the sound of eating meat half cooked.

ngwiriyon /ŋwirɪjən/ (ngwir) n. (wound made by a maggot.

ngwiryel /ŋwirjel/ v. [1.ke] to stare. kingwiryelat n. par. staring. kingwiryelsö n.stare.

kingwiryelin/í/ n. one who stares. <otö, <chi, <egh.

ngwiryel /ŋwirjel/ (<ut) n. glands.

ngwís /ŋwɪs/ v. [1.ke] to unload. ngwísat /ŋwísat/ n. par. unloading. ngwísin /ŋwísin/ /í/ n. unloader. ngwisan /ŋwisan/ n. unloader. ngwísat /ot/ adj. par. unloaded. ngwiso(<yot) adj. unloadable. <sy, <otö, <u, <chi, <egh.

ngwísya /ŋwísja/ n. grinding stone.

ngwitita /ŋwítita/ v. [3.ke] to spit.

ngwítitagh /ŋwítitay/ n. par. spitting.

ngwítiteghin/í/ n. person who spits. ngwítiteghat adj. par. spitted. <otö, <u, <egh(chi).

ngwöngwön /ŋwoŋwon/(see ngwangwa).

ngwöngwöniñ /ŋwoŋwonin/ n. fairness; modesty. ngwör (see ngwar).

ngwonin /ŋwɔnín/n. 1 pain; distress. 2 bitterness.

ngwonö /ŋwɔnə/in/ n. 1 bile. 2 poison. 3 harmful.

Ny, ny

nya /na/ v. form. 1 let (short form of kanya; it demands a verb in subjunctive); e.g., Nya kungwín tagh chi nyo nkít—Let the one who knows come ahead; nya keyeti sö- rö—thanks a lot; Nya kile choni—Let it be so. 2 adv. particle used at the end of a question to stress it.

Nyada /nada/, nyoden v. [3.ki] 1 to defeat. 2 to overtake.

nyagh /nax/ v. [1.ke] 1 to win; to overcome. 2 to come before; to precede.

Nyaghat /naxat/ (<ut)n. par. winning; victory. nyöghsyö n. victory.

nyöghin /nəxīn//í/ n. victor. nyagh-

'at/'ot/ adj. par. overcome; preceded. nyogho/<yot/ adj. able to be overcome. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. nyagh kelat v. to gnaw teeth. nyaghnyagh v. [1.ke] to compete. nyaghnyaghat/ nyoghnyogh- ut/ n. par. competition. nyoghnyogh-sö n. competing. nyoghnyoghin/í/ n. competitor. nyaghnyagh'at/nyoghnyogho't/ adj. par. competed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

nyak /nak/v. [1.ke] 1 to smash; to crush. ki- nyakat/kinyokut/ n. par. smashing. kinyoksyö n. smashing; crushing. kinyokin/í/ n. smasher. kinyakan n. some- thing smashed. nyak'at(nyok'ot/)adj. par. smashed; crushed. nyökö(<isyot) adj. smashable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t. 2 first encounter. nyakan/nyökon/ n. hero; brave person; bold. nyakan- at n. bravery; boldness. nyaknyak v. [1.ku] to come frequently to somebody. ki- nyaknyakat/kinyoknyokut/ n. par. fre- quent trips. kinyoknyosyö n. going back and forth. kinyoknyokin/í/ n. person who does so. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. nyakar /nakar/ v. [1.ke] to jump up with courage during Sapana; to parade. ki-nyakarat/kijnakarat/ (kinyökorut) n. par. parad- ing. kinyökorsyö /kijnökorsjø/ n. parade. kinyöko- rin /kijnokrin/ /í/ n. person who parades. nyakar'at(<ot) adj. par. paraded. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

nyakera /nakera/ v. [3.ke] to make someone brave.

Nyaker /naker/ (nyöker-) öch/ adj. brave.

nyökeryö /nøkerjø/ n. braveness. Kinyakerat /kijnakerat/ braveness. Nyakerit /nakerit/, nyöker(öch)it(u) v. to become brave.

nyakim /nakim/ v. [1.ke] to envelop; to fold.

nyakimat /nakimat/ (nyökümut) n. par. folding. nyökümsyö n. fold. nyökümin/í/ n. person who folds. nyakiman n. thing that can be folded. nyakim'at(nyöki- m'ot) adj. par. folded.

nyökimo(<yot) adj. foldable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

Nyakinya /nakina/ dem. pron. that one (mentioned

long before).

Nyakor /nakör/(nyökoröch) adj. coward; fearful. nyökoryö n. cowardice. Nyakorit /nakörít/, nyökör(öch)it(u) v. to become a coward.

ny' al /jal/ (A) v. [1.ke] 1 to turn inside out. 2 to get annoyed.

ny' alat /natat/ n. par. turning the inside out.

nyölin /nölin/ /i/ n. person who gets annoyed easily. nyalan n. annoyed. nya- l'at/nyö'l'ot/ adj. par. turned inside out; annoyed. nyölo/<isyot/ adj. possible to turn inside out. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Nyal /nal/ (B) v. [1.ke] to dance.

Nyalat /nalat/ (<ut) n. par. dancing. nyölsyö n. dance. nyölin /nölin//i/ n. dancer.

nyal'at /na:lat/ /nyö'l'ot/ adj. par. danced.

Nyolo /jolo/ (<osyot) adj. danceable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

nyala /nala/ v. [3.ki] to be annoyed, furious. nya- lagh /nalax/ n. par. annoyance.

nyöleghin /nöleyin/ /i/ n. one who gets angry. nyaleghat/nyö- leghot/ adj. par. annoyed. nyölegho /<isyot/ adj. possible to be annoyed. <egh(u), <chii, <otö.

Nyalnyal /nalnal/ (nyölnyöle) 1 adj. supple. 2 in coma. nyölnyölyö n. suppleness. nyal- nyalit, nyölnyölitu v. to become supple. nyaloti(<in) n. chewing tobacco.

nyaltıyan /naltıjan/ n. liana.

nyam /jam/ v. [1.ki] to be in plenty. Nyamat /namat/ n. par. plenty, abundance. nyama n. abundance. nyam'at adj. abundant; e.g., Kenyam—It was abundant; Kinyam püsa asete—Today there is a lot of flour.

nyames /names/ v. [1.ke] to spurn; to ignore; to jeer.

Kinyamesat /kijnamesat/ (kinyömesut) n. par. spurning; ignoring. kinyömesin/i/ n. one who likes to spurn others; jeerer. ki- nyamesan n. contemptuous. nyames'at(nyömes'ot) adj. par. spurned. nyö- meso(<syot) adj. able to be spurned. <otö, <egh, because of 2 belittling.

nyamin /jamin/ v. [1.ke] to be sick for a long time; to be deformed. kinyaminan n. very sick person. nyaminat(nyömiń ot) adj. par. very sick; in deep trouble. <otö, <egh.

nyancha /nantʃa/ (<en) swamp. nyankaye dem. prep. the other one.

Nyang /janj/ v. [1.ke] to overdepend; to be a parasite; to claim unnecessity. kinyang- at(kinyöngut) n. par. overdepending. kinyöngsyö /kijnəjsjə/ n. overdependence.

kinyöngin kijnonj:n//i/ n. one who overdepends, parasite.

nyang'at /janjat/ (nyöngö't) adj. par. depended, exploiter <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

nyanyayan /janjan/ (pl.nyanyen) n. tomato (Kis.).

nyapanava /napana/ v. [3.ke] to return.

nyapanagh /janpanay/ n. par. returning.

nyöpöneghin/i/ n. person who returns. nyapaneghat/ nyöpöneghot/ adj. par. returned. <egh.

nyaparyan /janparjan/ (nyaparen) n. foreman.

Nyar /nar/ v. [1.ke] to spoil; to damage; to mistake. kinyarat/kinyorut/ n. par. dam- age; mistakes. kinyorin/i/ n. spoiler; destroyer; one who makes a lot of mis- takes. Nyarat(nyor'ot) adj. par. destroyed, spoiled possible to damage; break- able. <o(tö), <egh, <u, <chii.

nyara /nara/ dem. pron. 1 that one. Nyarate / janrate/ dem. pron. that one on the other side. 2 spoiled.

nyaril /naril/ v. [1.ke] to suffer. kinyarilat / kinyarilat/ (ki- nyörilut) n. par. suffering.

kinyorsyo /kijnorsjo/ (nyarilat/nyörilot) adj. par. suffering. <u, <(ch)i, <egh, because of something or someone. nyaril kong v. [1.ke] to punish; to persecute. kinyarilata kong/kinyörilut pö kong/ n. par. pun- ishment. kinyörlin n. one who punishes; persecutor. nyarilat/nyörilot/ adj. par. punished, persecuted. nyaril/nyörilwok/n. problem; difficulty; trouble.

nyarin /narin/ n. stupid. nyarina exp. damn.

nyarin /naril/ n. word used for abusing other; e.g. Olïwinyi so we nyarin—I will beat you later, you fool (Kara.).

nyaril /naril/ (nyörilöch) adj. 1 green. 2 raw.

nyörilin /narilin/ n. rawness. nyörilyö n. rawness. nyarilit, nyöril(öch)itu v. to become green. nyarilwak (arawa) new moon.

Nyarkal /narkal/ (nyörkölöle) adj. 1 fragile; deli- cate. 2 n. baby. nyörkölelyö n. fragility. nyarkalalit, nyörkölölitu v. to become fragile.

nyarkwat /narkwat/ n. mud. nyarkwat kile adj. muddy.

nyarkwilölit /narkwilslit/, (nyörkwilölitu) v. to become soft.

Nyarnyar /janjan/ rep. v. [1.ku] to put things in disorder.

Kinyarnyarat /kijnarjarat/ (kinyornyorut)

n. par. disorder. kinyornyorin/i/ n. untidy, confuser. nyarnyar'at/nyormyo- r'ot/ adj. par. disordered; messy. <o(tö), <egh, <u, <chii (see nyar).

Nyarus /janus/ (nyörusöch) adj. satiated.

Nyas /nas/ (A) v. [1.ke] to be unhealthy. nyasat n. par. being unhealthy. nyosin/i/ n. unhealthy person; slim. nyasan n. slim, sick. nyasat/nyosot/ adj. par. unhealthy. <otö, <egh, because of.

Nyas /nas/ (B) v. [1.ke] to despise. kinyasat/kinyasat/ n. Nyosut /nosut/ n. par. despising. kinyasan n. despiser. kinyosin/i/ n. despiser.

nyas'at/nyos'ot/ despised. <otö, <chi, <egh.

Nyat /nat/, nyot v. to interpose (Kara.).

Nyaw /naw/ v. [1.ke] to become useless because of sickness. Kinyawat (kinyöwut) n. par. sickening. kinyöwsyö n. sickening. ki- nyawan n. sickish person. kinyöwin/i/ n. sickish person.

Nyawat /nat/ (nyöwot) adj. par. weak; sick. >otö, >egh, because of something.

Nyay /nai/ dem. pron. that one (mentioned before). nyaye dem. pron. that (mentioned before). -nye suffix for making the negative of verbs. Nyelnyel /nelnel/ v. [1.ke] to make flexible. nyel-nyel (nyelnyelöch) adj. flexible. nyel- nyelyö n. flexibility. kinyelnyelat n. par. flexibility. nyelnyelit(u) v. to become flexible.

nyengu /neju/ poss. pron. yours (sg.). nyenyi /neji/ pos. pron. his/hers. nyenu poss. pron. mine (very dear to me).

Nyer /ner/ (A) v. [1.ke] to bother; to scorn. nyerat/<ut/ n. par. scorning. nyer- syö n. scorning. nyerin/i/ n. person who scorns. nyeran n. bothered, annoyed. nyer'at(<ot) adj. par. scorned. nye-ro/<isyot/ adj. annoyable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi.

Nyer /ner/ (B) v. [2.ke] to beat something in order to weaken it. kinyerot/ut/ n. par. beating. kinyersyö n. beating. kinyer- in/i/ n. beater. kinyerön n. the object being beaten. nyero't adj. par. beaten. nyero/<yot/ adj. beatable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

nyer (C) v. [1.ke] to joke; to play with someone. nyerat n. joking. nyer- syö n. playing. nyerin/i/ n. playful person; joker. nyeran n. one who laughed at. Nyerat(<ot) adj. par. joked. nye-ro/<isyot/ adj. possible to be laughed at. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, because of.

Nyerer /nerer/ v. [1.ke] 1 to whimper; to make a long prolong sound. 2 to raise objection, demur. Nyererat(<ut) n. par. whimper- ing. nyerersyö n. whimpering. nyererin/i/ n. person who whimpers. nyerer'at(<ot) adj. par. whimpered. <sy, <otö, <egh, <u, <chi.

Nyermen(<tin) n. type of tree (medicine for diarrhoea and stomach disorder).

Nyete /nete/ dem. pron. this particular thing.

nyetenyi /neteni/ dem. pron. this very one.

nyi /ni/ dem. pron. this one.

nyigh /nixy/ v. [2.ke] to tense; to strain. nyighöt n. par. straining. nyighöö n. tension. nyighin /nixin/ /i/ n. person who strains. nyi- ghön n. something strained, especially the string of a bow. nyigho't adj. par. strained. nyigho(<yot)

adj. strainable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

nyighin /nixyin/(nyighin) n. 1 meat fibre. 2 bow's string.

nyighit /nixxit/ v. [1.ke] to fill. kinyighitat n. filling. kinyighitin/i/ n. person who fills. nyighitat/o't/ adj. par. filled; full. nyi- ghito/<yot/ adj. possible to fill up. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

nyighnyigh /nixxnyix/ v. [1.ki] to rub, especially one's eye. nyighnyighat/<ut/ n. rubbing. nyighnyighsyö n. rubbing. nyighnyi- ghin/i/ n. one who rubs. nyighnyi- gh- at(<ot) adj. par. rubbed. nyighnyi- gho(<isyot) adj. possible to be rubbed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

nyighön /nixyen/ n. bow's string.

nyikida /nikida/ v. [3.ke] to swallow. nyikidagh n. swallowing. nyikideghin/i/ n. one who swallows without chewing. nyiki- deghat adj. par. swallowed. nyikidegħo(<isyot) adj. able to be swallowed. <otö, <egh(chi).

nyikiw /nixkiw/ v. [1.ke] to swallow. nyikiw- at(<ut) n. par. swallowing. nyikiwin/i/ n. one who swallows without chewing. nyi- kiwat /kiwat/ (<ot) adj. par. swallowed. nyi- kiwo(<isyot) adj. possible to swallow. <otö, <chi, <egh.

nyikim /nixkiw/ v. [2.ke] to hesitate, especially in sharing something. kinyikimöt n. hesitating. kinyikimsyö n. hesitation. kinyiki- min/i/ n. one who hesitates. kinyikim- an n. one who hesitated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. nyikim adj. easy to hesitate, e.g. chi nyo nyikim—hesitating person.

nyikutyan /nixkutjan/ (pl. nyikuten) n. second.

nyil /nil/ (A) v. [1.ke] to abort (for animals). kinyilat(<ut) n. par. death of offspring; aborting. kinyilsyö n. abortion. kinyi- lin /kijnili:n/ /i/ n. animal that aborts frequently. kinyilan n. the aborted foetus. nyil- at(<ot) adj. par. aborted. nyilo /nilo/(<sot) adj. able to be aborted. <sy, <o(tö), <egh, because of something.

nyil /nil/ (B) v. [1.ke] to repeat; to revise. nyilat(<ut) n. par. repeating; repetition. nyilin/i/ n. repeater.

nyil'at /nilat//<ot/ adj. par. repeated. nyillo(<sot) adj. possible to be repeated. <o(tö), <u, <chi, because of. kenyil pass. form. times (used for multiplication).

nyil /nil/ (C) v. [1.ke] to add cloths or hides to make the bed more comfortable; to reaffirm. kinyilat n. reaffirmation. ki- nyilsyö n. adding hides. kinyilin/i/ n. one who adds more hides. nyil'at/<ot/ adj. par. reaffirmed.

nyilil /nilil/ v. [1.ki] to trickle (like water does).

nyilil /nilil/ v. [1.ku] to bother; to disturb; to annoy (see kisusöt) (Kara.)

nyilit /nilit/ v. [1.ke] to bother; to disturb; to annoy. kinyili- tat(<ut) n. par. nuisance; disturbance. kinyilitsyö n. annoying. kinyilitin/i/

n. annoyer; bothersome. kinyilitan n. annoyer; disturber. nyilit'at(<'ot) adj. par. annoyed. nyilito(<syot) adj. annoyable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

nyilkis /n̥ɪlkɪs/ v. [2.ke] to make feeble. nyil /n̥ɪl/- kis(nyilkisöch) adj. feeble; easily breakable; inattentive. nyilisyö n. feeble- ness. kinyilkisöt n. feebleness. nyil- kisö(<yot) adj. possible to make feeble (Kara.). nyilkisit(u), nyilkisöchitu v. to become feeble; easily breakable.

nyilwa /n̥ɪlwɑ/ (<oy) n. phoetus; embryo.

nyilöw /n̥ɪlwøw/ (ön) v. [1.ke] to do something again and again, to add something.

nyim /n̥ɪm/ v. [1.ku] to milk again an animal. ki- nyimat(<ut) n. par. milking again an animal. kinyimin/i/ n. person who milks. kinyiman n. an animal who produces little milk, or it is hard to get it. nyimun v. [1.ke] to milk again an animal. kinyimunat n. par. act of milking again. kinyi- munin/i/ n. person who likes to remilk cows. kinyimunan n. cow that needs to be milked more than once in order to get all its milk. nyimun'at/ot/ adj. par. milked twice. <otö, <egh, because of, <u, <chii.

nyina /n̥ɪnə/ dem. pron. that one far away. nyinate dem. pron. that one on the other side. nyini dem. pron. that one.

nyinökötö /n̥ɪnəkətə/ conj. 1 instead. 2 as soon as.

nyängwiyan /n̥ɪŋwɪt̥an/ (pl.nyängwiny) n. 1 soil. 2 thousand.

nyinyigh/n̥ɪnɪg̥/ v. [1.ke] to rub, especially one's eye. nyinyighat(<ut) n. rubbing. nyi- nyighsyö n. rubbing. nyinyighin/i/ n. one who rubs. nyinyighat(<'ot) adj. par. rubbed. nyinyigho(<syot) adj. possible to be rubbed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

nyipit /n̥ɪpit/ v. [2.ke] to taste and share around. nyipitöt(<ut) n. par. tasting. nyipit- syö n. tasting. nyipitin/i/ n. taster. nyipit'ot adj. par. tasted.

nyipito /n̥ɪpɪtə/(<yot) adj. possible to taste. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. nyipita(en) n. snail.

nyir /n̥ɪr/ v. [1.ke] 1 to rub. 2 to smear one's body with oil or paint. 3 to paint. nyirat(<ut) n. par. rubbing;smearing. nyirsyo n. rub- bing; ointment.

nyirin/i/ n. person who rubs; painter. nyiran n. recently rubbed skin, or cloth. nyirat(<'ot) adj. par. rubbed; smeared; painted. nyiro(<syot) adj. possible to be rubbed, painted. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

nyirkich/n̥ɪrkɪtʃ/(<tin) n. type of tree (people like to chew its gum).

nyirtö(<in) n. laggard.

nyit /n̥ɪt/ (A) v. [1 ke] to refuse stubbornly.

Nyitat(<ut) /n̥ɪtət/ n. par. refusing. nyittin/i/ n. person who refuses. nyitan n. person who refuses. nyitat/ot/ adj. par. refused

<egh, <o, because of some reason to be pested.

nyit /n̥ɪt/ (B) v. [1.ku] to melt in an oozy way, e.g. fat. kinyität n. melting. kinyitin n. container that allows oozing because of heat. kinyitan n. something melted. nyi- tat(<'ot) adj. par. melted. nyito(<yot) adj. possible to melt. <egh, <o.

nyit /n̥ɪt/ (C) v. prep. v. [1.ke] to become monotonous. kinyität n. par. becoming monotonous. kinyitin/i/ n. person easily bothered. nyitat/o't/ adj. par. bothered; e.g., Nyitanin ngala moning cho minkch —children's talk is monotonous to me.

nyi /n̥i:/pers. pron. you (2nd person sg.). nyi kegh yourself.

nyighön /n̥ɪxɔn/ n. loin of a cow (strings of good bows were made out of the muscle fibre from the loins). nyighöno ket root.

Nyilil /n̥ɪlɪl/ v. [1.ke] to ooze. nyililat n. par. oozing. nyilisyö n. oozing. nyililin/i/

n. thing that oozes. nyililan n. thing that oozes. Nyililat(<'ot) adj. par. oozed. Nyililo(<yot) adj. possible to ooze. <sy,

<o(tö), <egh, <t.

Nyilo /n̥ɪlø/ (<sot) adj. possible to add more hides. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii.

Nyimnyim /n̥ɪmnmɪm/ v. [1.ke] to smile. kinyimnyimat(<ut) n. par. smiling. kinyimnyim- in/i/ n. person who smiles. nyimnyim- at/o't/ adj. par. smiled. <o(tö), because of something.

nyimpöyon /n̥ɪmpəjɔn/ (nyimpöö) n. barren (mostly because of a physical defect).

Nyincha /n̥ɪntʃa/ poss. pron. ours. nyinkwa poss. pron. yours (pl.). nyungw'a poss. pron. theirs. nyinwo poss. pron. yours (pl.).

nyini /n̥ɪni/ conj. when. töki nyini la-wel on that very moment. nyinö dem. pron. that very one (far away). nyinö mötïnye adv. obviously. nyinte pers. pron. (s)he (third person sg.). nyinte kegh him/herself. nyinany poss. pron. mine. nyinyo poss. pron. ours (of everyone present).

nyipito /n̥ɪpɪtə/boastful.

Nyirit /n̥ɪrit/, (<in) n. chameleon.

Nyirkech /n̥ɪrkɛtʃ/, nyirkich/<ay, <tin/ n. rubber tree.

Nyirkit /n̥ɪrkɪt/ v. [1.ku] to press; to crash. kinyirkitat n. par. crash. kinyirkitin/i/ n. one who crashes. kinyirkitan n. scrap; chunk. nyirkit'at(<'ot) adj. par. crashed. nyir- kitö(<syot) adj. crashable. <o(tö), <u,<chii, <egh, <t.

nyirtö /n̥ɪrtə/(<in) n. laggard. nyis v. [ke] to get discouraged nyisat n. par. discouraged. nyiso/<syot/ adj. easy to discourage <otö, <egh.

nyögh /n̥øχ/ (see nyagh). nyök (see nyak). nyöker (see nyaker). nyöküm (see nyaküm). nyököryö n.

shyness.

nyökon /nəkəv/ n. pl. brave; heroes (see nyakan).

nyöl /nəl/ (see nyal). nyölö /nələ/ (see nyala).

nyölul /nələt/ (see nyalul).

nyöm /nəm/ v. [2.ke] to collapse because of starvation. kinyömöt n. collapsing. ki- nyömsyö n. collapsing. kinyomin/i/ n. one who collapses often. nyöm'ot adj. par. collapsed; fallen. nyömo/-isyot/ adj. able to collapse. <otö, <egh, because of something.

nyömes/nəməs/ (see nyames).

nyömnyöm /nəmənəm/v. [2.ke] to make tender. nyömnyöm/nyömnyöme/ adj. tender. nyömnyömyö n. tenderness. kinyöm- nyömöt n. par. making tender. nyöm- nyomit(u) v. to become tender. nyöm- pü'lilit(u) v. to become soft. nyömpü'lil/ nyömpü'lile/ adj. very soft. nyömpü'lilyö n. softness. nyömpü'lilin n.softness.

nyörilwok /nərılwək/ n. pl. problems (see nyaril).

nyörkölö /nərkələl/ (see nyarkalal).

nyörkwilil /nərkwı'lıl/ (see nyarkwilil).

nyörusöch /nərusətʃ/ adj. pl. satiated (see nyarus).

nyöryö /nərjə/ v. [3.ki] to be very fine, e.g. flour. nyöryögh n. par. quality of being fine. nyöryö't adj. par. fine.

nyösöwon /nəsəwən/, nyöswö(nyas) n. type of grass (used for thatching houses).

Nyo /no/(cho) adj. & pron. 1 that; what. 2 this particle is used with adjectives when they are placed after the noun. nyo le/cho le/ pron. which is attributive particle used with nouns. (it is used to make attributive clauses when the attribute is a noun rather than an adjective), e.g. chi nyo le sölwö a foolish person; pich cho le chorı people who are thieves (adjectives: chi nyo chü- rer a clever person). nyo pö particle to translate English adjectives with Pöket discouragement nyisin/<ot/ adj. par. nouns; e.g., nyo pö aghachat tiresome; nyo pö akonga /no pə akoja/ at once; nyo pö angwan ochech /otʃəʃ/ inter. woe (used for cursing); e.g., the fourth; nyo pö atay previous; nyo ochech akwa chölwoki woe to you sinners.

pö kaw /pə kaw/ domestic. nyo pö kokay eternal; nyo pö keston domestic; nyo pö köny old;

ochey /otʃeɪ/ n. pl. flocks (see achey). ochoghtö /otʃoxtə/ v. [3.ku] to throw; to pelt. kinyo pö kongotön friendly; nyo pö kuchoghtogh /tʃoxtɔy/n. par. pelting. kichoghtemün alcoholic; nyo pö mut fifth, etc.; nyo pö löt last; nyo pö nyo man very true; ghin/i/ n. thrower. odeny /odeŋ/ n. two. nyo pö odeny second. kwonyo pö nyaril sorrowful; nyo pö sörom deny both. tömönut odeny twenty. pölast; nyo pö tagh first; nyo pö töngöñchin mysterious; nyo pö ye current; adv. nyo kogh long time; nyo nikny not at all. nyo tagh firstly. nyo tangogh a while; shortly. 3 conj. when.

Nyoghnyogh /nɔχnɔχ/ (see nyaghnyagh).

nyok /nok/(see nyak).

nyolkis /nɔłkis/ v. [2.ki] 1 to pamper. 2 to bend the branch of a tree without breaking it.

nyomin /nɔmın/ (see nyamin).

nyona /nɔna/ dem. pron. that one (the other one). nyonate dem. pron. that one on the other side. nyoni dem. pron. that is the one.

nyonö /nɔnə/ v. form. imperative of ngwİN,to come.

Nyono /nɔnɔ/ (chono) int. pron. which one?

nyonyon /nɔnɔn/ adj. jealous (more in use: chep-nyonyon or pnyonyon).

Nyonyin /nəni:n//i/ n. envious person; one who refuses to do something unless the other does it as well (e.g., children). nyonyintön /nɔnɔntə/ n. envy, jealousy.

nyopönö /nopənə:/ (see nyapana).

Nyor /nɔr/ (see nyar).

nyorı /nɔri/v. [3.ke] to find. **nyorunöt** n. par. finding; acquisition. nyorun'ot adj. par. found. nyoruno/-isyot/ adj. able to be found. <otö.

nyornyor /nɔrnɔr/ (see nyarnyar).

nyoryö /nɔrjə/ recip. v. [3.ki] to meet; to encounter. nyoryogh n. meeting; assembly. nyoryot adj. par. met. nyorsot adj. able to meet. <egh, to meet in a certain place.

nyow /nɔw/ (see nyaw).

nyu /nu/adv. then; so (very much used in conversation).

O, ö

och inter. no; yah. kolay odeny two hundred. odeny kası n. tuesday. odenyoy n. two by two.

oghühe /oɣüxe/ adj. par. hard; stout. oghühyö n. hardness; difficulty (see aghüg).

oghütit /oɣütit/ n. three days ago.

oghi /oxy/ n. before yesterday; yesterday but one.

oghö /oɣə/ n. night. oghö kwen midnight.

oghyö /oɣjə/v. [3.ki] to cross over (especially a river). oghyöt n. par. crossing. oghyö- ghin/i/ n. one who crosses rivers well. oghy'ot adj. par. crossed over. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

okal /økal/ (<tin) n. small byre for calves. oketii v. stem for continuous tenses (see aketii) to feed; to pasture animals.

okip /økip/ n. coal, traditionally used to plait women's hair.

Okin /øki:n/ (pl. akwa) n. fruit.

oköl /økal/ (<tin) n. big bag made of goatskin; pound.

ökönwö /økənwə/ (pl. akan) n. edible wild fruits, roots, etc.; e.g., pölotö pich akan people going to dig for roots.

ököwon /økəwə:n/ (oköw(tin)) n. 1 rug. 2 wad; hide patch.

okoghtö /økoytə/ v. [3.ki] to give out (away from the speaker).

Okom /okom/ (<tis) n. overcoat; sash; cape worn by women.

okorö /økorə/ n. going to look for food especially cereals, either by working for someone, and being paid in kind, or by asking from relatives.

Oksen /øksen/ (<tin) n. auction.

okumpö /økumpə/ n. on the side of; around of. okumpö sany outside; exterior. okum- pö ar inside. okumpö sürüm border (see onkun).

okwoghe /økwøɣə/ adj. pl. fat. okwoghyö n. fatness (see akwagh). ol v. stem for continuous tenses of 'to buy'.

Olin /øli:n/ n. buyer; purchaser (see al.).

Oland /oland/ n. Holland.

Olkich /olkitʃ/ (<tin) n. pointed of arrow, but without blade.

olkos /olkos/ n. someone who likes speaking in riddles.

olokwö /øløkwə/(pl.alak) n. 1 contents of a pumpkin which are removed to make gourds. 2 endocarp of a fruit.

olsyö /ølsjə/ n. purchasing. Olteghin /ølteɣi:n/ n. seller (see alta).

olyö /øliə//en/ n. manger.

olyöt /øløt/ n. price.

omchiï /ømtʃi/ der. v. [3.ki] to relate; to narrate. omchinogh n. par. narration. omchinöghin /ømtʃinəxii:/, (omchineghin) n. nar- rator. omchin'ot /ømtʃinst/ adj. par. narrated. <otö (see am).

omiï /ømɪ/ (A) der. v. [3.ki] to inform. omunöt, omunogh n. par. information (see am)

omii /ømi/ (B) v. [3.ki] 1 to become fierce. 2 to become fertile (a field only). omunöt, omunogh n. par. 1 ferocity; fierceness. 2 fertility. omun'ot adj. par. fierce; fertile (it was not before). <egh, because of; <o, to resist.

Omin /ømi:n/ n. 1 parasite. 2 enemy; Kari-mojong. ominto lökoy n. narrator (see am).

omisyö /ømisjə/(pl.omisyewut) n. food. omisyö

omsut /omsut:/<oy/ n. cartilage. omsutyo kut n. orbicularis oris.

Omteghin /ømtexi:n/ n. preacher; announcer (see amta). omu adj. fierce; wild; sharp (for a knife). omunö /ømunə/ der. v. [3.ki] to resist; to become fierce because of (see omii).

ongeröch /ønjerətʃ/ adj. pl. (see anger).

ongeryö /ønjeriə/n. hardness (see anger).

ongorwö /ønorwə/(pl.anger) n. type of tree (its bark is medicine for 'termes').

ongurwö /øngurwə/(pl.angur) n. plant whose roots are used as herbs. onkit /ønkit/ opin pron. alone. onkiyon /ønkiyon/(pl.onkiy) n. vegetable.

onköl /ønkal/ (<tin) n. 1 angle. 2 big bag made of goatskin; pound.

onkör /ønkar/ (<tin) n. nook.

onkoghchii /øŋkøχtʃi/ v. [3.ki] to give out someone. onkoghchinogh n. par. offering. onkoghchin/i/ n. generous person. onko- ghii, onkoghuñ v. [3.ki] to give from a far distant towards the speaker.

Onkol /øŋkol/ n. anything carried at the back.

onkun /ønkun/ n. side (always used with demonstratives). onkunete this side. Onkunona /ønkunəna/ that side. onkuninö /øpkuninə/ that side. onkunara that side (not very far). onkunay that side (mentioned already). onkunakinya that side.

onö /ønə/ adv. & pron. where? onö atö where? tökwoghe breakfast. omisyö poghet onö wölo where? lunch. omisyö oghö n. supper. omiit n. meal; food. omo adj. edible (see am).

omötu /ømətu:/ n. yesterday.

ompö /ompə/ prep. (with many uses) 1 from; at; sake; by. ompö ne adv. & pron. why? ompö wö lo prep. because of. 2 (it makes adverbs with nouns) adv. ompö könyis annual. ompö kwotin intentionally. ompö löwir

generally. ompö man truly. ompö mängin unfortunately. ompö ngat generally. ompö ngörekyö gladly. ompö onö from? ompö osis always. ompö sîrüm finally. ompö su usually. ompö tongoghiñ in short. ompö wiki weekly. 3 conj. ompö atoni thus.

ompölyon (ompöltin) /ompäl'yoŋ/ n. plain; plateau.

ontö /onta/(öy) n. 1 skin. 2 specially roasted skin that is edible.

onyin /ɔnjin/ (e) adj. pl. sweet; delicious. onyinñ n. taste; seasoning. onyiniö n. 1 sweet- ness (see anyin). 2 good luck; fortune.

onyöt /ɔnət/ /<öy/ n. 1 spectre; ghost; phantom. 2 devil; demon.

oo /ɔ:/ interj. yes; yeah; aye (sound expressing consent). oo-oo interj. bye-bye (only for small children).

opï /əpi/ v. [3.ki] to decrease; to abase. opu-nogh, opunöt n. par. decreasing. opu-ñot adj. par. decreased. <egh.

opï /ɔpi/ conj. (showing wish; it rules simple way tenses); e.g., Opï kowetan—I wish I would go. Opï kochan cheptö—I wish I were a girl.

opin /ɔpin/ (chö) pron. pl. alone (for plural) (see onkit).

Opis /ɔpis/ n. office. opisa/<tin/ n. officer; police agent (Eng.).

opökwa /opækwa//en/ n. small bag (of 16 litres).

Opogh /opoy/(pl.opoghöch) adj. 1 glutton. 2 cov- etous; greedy; avaricious. opoghyö n. 1 gluttony. 2 avarice; covetousness. opogh tick the cows have calves, they are being milked.

opteghi, /ɔpteygi/ opteghun der. v. [3.ke] to descend something; to take down. opteghu- nöt n. par. descending (see apta).

opun /ɔpun/ (see opï). or /ɔ:r/ n. pl. (see ar).

Or /ɔr/ n. pl. heaps of ashes (see oryon). orüm/<öy/ n. shaft of a spear. oris/<tin/ n. smell.

örisyon n. spring of water.

ori /ɔri:/ adv. & prep. in; inside; within. orito in- side of. orinyan inside myself. oritöngu inside you. orinyi inside him/her. orin- cha inside ourselves. oringkw'a inside you (pl.). oringw'a inside them.

Orir /ɔrir/ n. pl. riots.

orke /ərke/ n. old lady. 2 affective way of calling an old mother.

örö /ɔ:rə/(<tin/ n. 1 clan. 2 brother or sister in law.

örölwö /orolwo/, orolwö/orol, arol/ n. 1 type of tree (vangueria infausta). 2 (round, edible) fruits of this tree.

örönöt /ɔrənət/ n. a mournful song; dirge (sung when one has killed a lion or person, or when one has defeated an enemy).

öröre /ɔrərə/ adj. pl. foul. orörítu v. form. to become foul. öröryö n. stale smell; stinking (see arar).

öröwosyon /ɔrawosjɔŋ/ (pl.oröwos) n. moss.

Oro /oro/ (<tin) n. 1 road; path; route; way. 2 gate; entrance to a compound. 3 method; style ara part of. oro path of. oro mítika road (litt. path of cars). oro musunchon road (litt. path of white people).

oro sii- körör /oro sikəror/ n. urethra. oromít / oromit/ n. pl. highways (see aramít).

Oror /ɔrɔ:r/ (ororöch) n. popular; known; famous.

ororyö /ɔrɔrɔjə/ n. popularity; fame; glory. Ororit /ororit/ v. [2.ke] to make someone known. ororit(u), ororöchitu v. to become famous, popular.

Orowos /ɔrowos/ (<oy) n. mushroom.

orowöyet /ɔrowsjet/ n. pl. roads (see arawöyet).

Orus /ɔrus/ (orusöch) n. 1 blue. 2 euphemism to call a woman in menstruation. oru- sîn n. blush. Orusit /orusit/(u), orusöchitu v. to become blue. orusyon/orus/ n. (euphemism) menstruating woman.

Oryon /ɔrɔ:jɔ:n/ (pl. or) n. ashes.

os n. 1 things worn by special women in reference to their special child delivery (different kind of seeds, claw of lion, hoofs of dikdik). Those things are related to superstition. 2 last milk of a cow (when the animal is drying up).

osil /ɔsil/ (<oy) n. tradition.

osis /ɔsis/ n. pl. 1 days. 2 adv. always. osis-o- sis adv. always; all the time; continuously. osiswö n. pl. days of. osiswo arawa n. date. osiswe chakinya on those days. osiswe chara those days. osiswe chay on those days. osiswe chete nowadays. osis- we chï these days. osiswe chinö those days. osiswe chona those days.

osmyöö /ɔsmjo:/ (<tin) n. an agamous moth (see chepkoto).

osön /ɔsən/ v. [2.ke] to prepare 'chepolaleyö'. osö- nöt /ɔsənət/ n. par. first day of preparations for 'naleyö'.

oso adv. did very well, a praise for something given.

Oswok /oswok/ (oswo'k) n. child born before its due time.

Otel /otel//<tin/ n. hotel (Eng.).

otete /otete/ adv. here. otete-otï just here.

otï /otï/ adv. here; place. otanyi his place.

otöncha /otəntʃa:/ our place. otönguni your place. otonkw'a your (pl.) place. otongwa /otənwa:/ their place. otonyan my place.

Otini /otini:/ conj. whence; when; during otini-tinö just over there. otinö dem. pron. there. otino le ket close to the tree.

otön /oto:n/ (pl.ata) n. cep boletus (type of

mush- room) otonion/oton/ n. big mushroom.

otöp /otəp/ (<tin) n. 1 behaviour; habit; manner; style; attitude. 2 custom; culture. otöp nyō karam good manners. otöp nyō gha bad manners. otöpinön n. way or staying.

otöte /otəte:/ n. next year.

Otoni /otini:/ conj. then. otoni-tona dem. pron. just over there.

otupö /otupə/ (<oy) n. 1 middle size container used for watering animals and other domestic needs; basin; tray. 2 zero.

otyegħo /otħeġo/ der. v. [3.ke] to frighten; to scare; to terrify to startle. otyegħot n. par. frightening. otyegħin/i/ n. one who frightens. <egħu, <egħchi, <otö. otyö /otħe/ v. [3.ke] to be scared; to be frightened; to wince. otyogh n. par. scare. otyegħin /otħeġi:n/ n. coward; scared person. otyo't adj. par. scared. <egħ(u), <egħchi.

owesyö /øwesjə/n. 1 strength; effort; energy; power. 2 authority. 3 toughness (see awes).

owir /owir/ n. 1 hereditary traits from one's own clan. 2 something white in its hereditary traits.

owön /ɔwən/v. [2.ke] to reinforce a fighting army; to assist when called upon.

owönöt /øwanöt/ (<ut) n. par. reinforcement; assistance. owön n. 1 rabble, crowd; mob. 2 a crowd of people going to assist someone in dire need.

owönsyö /øwesjə/ n. assisting. owönin /ɔwəni:n/ n. assistant. owöno't adj. par. as-sisted.

owöno /øwəno/ (<isyot) adj. possible to be assisted.

owöntogħ /øwantɔgħ/n. reinforcing. owöntöghin /ɔwəntɔx:i:n/, owöntegħin /i/ n. one who reinforces. owöntöghon n. rein-forcing force. owönto't adj. par. rein-forced. <o(tö), <egħ, <sy, <t, <u, <chħi, for someone else.

owönħi /øwəntʃi/ der. v. [3.ke] to associate. owön- chinogh n. par. association. owön-chineħin /i/ n. member of a society. owönchinħego't adj. par. associated.

owönchinegħo der. v. [3.ke] to defend with owönten, owönto der. v. to reinforce. (see owön).

owöy /ɔwoi/ inter. yes. owöy-owöy inter. bye-bye.

Oy /ɔri/ n. pl. ghosts; spirits. chepoyi n. crazy. ipoy n. crazy. oyinħon n. craziness; madness.

oyi /ɔjri/ adv. & pron. when? oyi ato? when?

oyitit /ɔjti:t/ n. three days ago.

oyön /ɔjən/ n. the general stress that affects a mourning family.

Oyon /ojon/ (<tin) n. mat; small skin used for sitting.

oywö /<oy/ n. axe.

P, p

paa /pa:/ (<tin) n. tavern; bar (Kis.).

pach 1 (see pak). 2 to have.

pacham /patʃam/ (<ay) n. 1 pyjamas. 2 shorts. pachta v. [3.ke] to faint in colour. pachte- Għat/ ya:t/ n. par. faint in colour. pachtegħ'at adj. par. sallow.

padir /padır/ (<tin) n. father; priest (Eng.) padirnön n. priesthood.

padri /padri/ (<tin) n. father; priest (Kis.)

pagħ /pay/ (A) v. [1.ke] to feed; to nourish; to cater. pagħat/pöghut/ n. par. feed; nourishment. pogħsyo n. feeding. pö- ghin/i/ n. feeder. pagħat/pögħo't/ adj. par. fed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chħi, <egħ.

pagħ /pay/ n. pl. cereals; grains harvest; crop. pagħha sösyan n. dates pagħha lal- wa n. type of grass (used as medicine against cold) (see pagħyan & paynat).

pagħat /paxat/ v. [1.ke] 1 to bleed. 2 to be sick. pagħatanat n. par. bleeding; sickness. <egħ, because of.

pagħta /pajta/ der v. [3.ke] to purvey; to supply. pagħtagħ n. par. provision; purveying. pogħteghin /i/ n. provider. pagħte- gh'at(pogħtego't) adj. par. provided. <otö, <egħ(u), <egħchi.

pagħyan /paxja:n/ (pagħ) n. grain.

pak /pak/ v. [1.ke] to rend; to tear. pak- at(pokut) n. par. rend. poksyo n. rending. pokin/i/ n. render. pakan n. tear; rag. pak'at/pok'ot/ adj. par. rent. pok/<<isyot/ adj. par. possible to rend. <sy, <otö, <u, <chħi, <egħ, <t, for someone else, <o, from.

pakach /paketʃ/ (A) v. [1.ke] to abandon; to leave behind; to neglect; to omit; to desist. pa- k'ach'at/<ut/ n. par. neglection; abandonment. pökoħchin /i/ n. neglectful. pa-kachan n. remainder. pakach'at /paketʃat/ adj. par. neglected. pökoħo adj. possible to abandon. <o(tö), <u, <chħi, <egħ, <t.

pakach /paketʃ/ (B) v. [1.ke] to kill; to assassinate.

pakach'at /pökħchut/ n. par. assassination pökoħsyo n. killing. pökoħchin /i/ assassin. pakach'at/pökħoch'ot/ adj. par. killed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chħi, <egħ.

pakad /pakad/ (see papach).

pakasyan /pakasja:n/ (pl.pakastin) n. slave; porter (Kis.).

pakpak /papkak/ rep. v. [1.ke] 1 to shred. kipakpaka t. par. shredding (see pak). 2 to rub a piece of soap to get foam.

pakwa /pakwa/ n. a shy person.

pal /pal/ v. [1.ke] to rip off; to tear. palat/po-lut n. par. tearing. polsyö n. tearing. polin/i/ n. tearer. palan n. something recently torn; piece mend. pal'at/pol'ot/ adj. par. ripped off. polo/<isyot/ adj. par. tearable. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <egh, <t, for someone else, <o, from.

pal moy v. to go to a soothsayer in order to know one's future. palal v. [1.ke] to tear. palalat n. par. tearing. pololin/i/ n. one who tears. palalan n. torn cloth. palal'at/polol'ot/ adj. par. torn. pol-olo/<isyot/ adj. par. tearable. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

palal /pala/ /<tin/ n. 1 lichen. 2 inner strata of hides. palalyan/palal/ n. inner skin of a hide. palalyan/palaltin/ n. 1 paper. 2 letter; epistle.

palang /palanj/ n. scapula.

palor /palor:/ (<tin) n. person with ample fore-front; bold. palorin n. boldness.

palpal /palpal/ (A) v. [1.ke] to waste; to squander. kipalpalat/kipolpolut/ n. par. waste. kipolpolisyö n. wasting; squandering. kipolpolin/i/ n. squanderer. palpal'at/polpol'ot/ adj. par. wasted. <o(tö), <egh.

palpal /palpal/ (B) n. scapula, shoulder blade.

palyamen /paljamen/ /<tin/ n. parliament (Eng.). pampamut adv. slow and careful pam-pamut nyoe ngölyon-slow trip, that is, going slowly is better than rushing.

pan /pan/ (A) v. [1.ku] to loiter about; to delay; to stay longer than expected. kipanat/kipo-nut/ n. par. delay. kiponyö n. loitering. kiponin/i/ n. one who delays often. ki- panan n. one who has delayed. pan/pon-wöy/ n. 1 trip; journey. 2 time. pana- ye at that time; on that moment. panini at that time. pan'at/pono't/ adj. par. delayed. pono/<isyot/ adj. par. able to delay. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

pan /pan/ (B) v. [ki] to bewitch; to send a spell. panat/pönut/ n. par. witchcraft. pan/pönu/ n. witchcraft. pönsyö be-witching. pönin/i/ n. witch. panan n. person who has been bewitched. pan- at/pönot/ adj. par. bewitched. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <egh, <t, to cast an involuntary spell.

Pan /pa:n/ (pl. pantoy/ (C) n. ugali (cooked flour till it becomes hard—it can be of any cereal); bread.

Panak /panak/ (pönök) n. ground hole of fierce bees (these bees stay for long), mostly found in stone gaps.

Panan /panan/ (pl. pönöñ) n. orphan; homeless.

Pancha /pantʃa/ (<en) n.

nest; stall for food or utensils.

Panka /panka/ (<en) n. machete (big knife) (Kis.). pankas/pönkosöch (see pangas).

Pankay /pankai/ v. [1.ku] to object; to conquer.

panta /panta/ der. v. [3.ki] to curse an

involuntary spell. pantanagh n. par. bad spell. pön- toghin/i/ n. person with evil spells. pan- teghan n. person who has been bewitched involuntarily.

pantoy n. pl. (see pan B).

pang /panj/ v. [1.ki] to remove the leaves covering a maize cob. pangat/pongut n. par. removed of those leaves. pongsyö n. remov-ing. pongin/i/ n. one who removes those leaves. pangan n. cob without leaves. pa- ng'at/pongo't adj. par. removed, cleaned of those leaves. pongo/<isyot/ adj. par. removable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Pangany /panjan/ (<ay) n. white chested hornbill (bird).

Pangas /panjas/, ,põngöse adj. par. hollow; void; empty. põngösyö n. emptiness. pang- as v. [1.ku] to hollow something; to leave something open. kipangasat n. par. hol-lowing; void. pangasit, pangasitu/pö- ngösitu/ v. to become hollow. pangas möt/põngöse möt/ adj. par. person who learns easily; reasonable; sensible. Pangas möt chichi—this person learns very easily.

Pany /panj/ n. pl. meat (see peny).

Panyakoyon /panakojoñ (panyako) n. soldier.

panyako n. pl. army.

Panyakut /panakut/ n. pl. lips (see pempöket). panyis n. foul smell; stink.

panyirit /panirit/ (<tin) n. type of tree (acacia reficiens).

pap /pap/ n. type of tree (medicine to cure worms).

Pop /pop/ v. [1.ku] to bang; to thump; to punch; to knock. kipapat/kipoput/ n. par. banging; knock. kipopsyö n. knocking. kipopin/i/ n. one who knocks. pap'at/popö't/ adj. par. knocked. popo/<isyot/ adj. par. knockable. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <o, <egh, <t.

papa(t) /papat/ v. [1.ki] 1 to shell a maize cob. 2 to thresh; to thresh. papatat/popotut/ n. par. shelling. popotsyö n. shelling. popotin/i/ n. one who shells maize. pa- patan n. recently shelled maize. papat'at/popot'ot/ adj. par. shelled. popo- to/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to shell. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Papo /papo:/ (<tin) n. father. papotinön n. fatherhood; paternity.

Par /par/ (<en) (A) n. garden; farm; field; plantation. para field of. para tarit n. mistletoe.

par /par:/ (B) v. [1.ku] to point at; to show; to indicate; to point; to identify. 2 to share; to divide. kiparat/kiporut/ n. par. 1 pointing 2 share; division. kiporsyö n. pointing; sharing. kipor-in/i/ n. 1 pointer; shower; divider. 2 sharer. kiparan n. something shared; a share. par'at/por'ot adj. par. shared. poro/<isyot/ adj. par. sharable; divisible. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t to

someone else. kiparata omisyö n. par. serving food.

par /par/ (C) v. [1.ki] to prepare a load well to carry it on one's shoulders, e.g., Para milöt – Prepare the bag. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <o, <egh, <t.

p'ar /par/ (D) v. [1.ki] 1 to kill; to spear. 2 to blame. 3 to raid; to loot. parat/po-rut/ n. par. 1 killing. 2 blame. 3 raiding; slaughter. pörsyö n. killing; kill; harming. pörin/i/ n. killer. par'at/pö-r'ot/ adj. par. killed. pöro/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to be killed (referring to the instrument used): <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <o, <egh, <t. par marya v. to be giddy. par mikelöw to deter; to dispirit; to daunt; to discourage. parata miku-löw n. par. discouragement. par möt to feel headache. parata möt n. par. headache. e.g., Pöranin möt—I have a headache (litt. the head is killing me). 2 to prepare an animals head for cooking. par soyö v. to shake yoghurt.

paradiso /paradiso/ n. paradise (Kis.).

parak /parak/ adv. & prep. on; on top; over. para-ku on top; upon; atop. parakunyan upon me. parakungu upon you. parakunyi upon him/her. parakuncha upon us. pa-rakungkw'a upon you (pl.). parakungwa upon them.

paral /paral/ v. [1.ki] 1 to dismantle; to destroy. 2 to open wide one's legs. paralat/pö-rörlut/ n. par. destruction. pörölsyö n. dismantling. pörölin/i/ n. destroyer; spoiler. paralan n. something recently dismantled. paral'at/pöröl'ot/ adj. par. dismantled. pörölo/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to dismantle. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Paral /paral/, pöröl n. skin strap sewn on a gourd

paramarya /paramaria/ n. confusion; disorder; giddy.

Parapar /parapar/ (<tin) n. type of tree (medicine to cure worms (chepturu)).

Parapara /parapara/ (<en) n. road (Kis.).

Pararket /parparket/ n. huge flood.

parasinta /parasinta/ n. type of tree (its flowers produce good honey).

Parpar /parpar v. [1.ki] 1 to twirl; to drill; to perforate; to bore. 2 to make a cleansing ceremony of a couple before their first child. parpara n. ceremony of cleansing a couple. parpar'at/pörpörut/ n. par. 1 twirling. 2 ceremony of cleansing. pörpörsyö n. twirling. pörpörin/i/ n. 1 one who twirls. 2 the old man who conducts a parpara. parpar'at/pörpör'ot/ adj. par. 1 drilled. 2 couple that has received that ceremony. pörpöro/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to twirl. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <o, <egh.

parsikon /parsiko:n/ (<tin) n. 1 place where dry cow dung is kept. 2 sepulchre (some translations have used this word because respected people are

buried inside the kraal).

Parta /parta/ [3.ku] 1 to face. 2 to denounce. 3 to display. kipartagh n. par. facing. kipor-teghin/i/ n.. denouncer; traitor. par-tegh at adj. par. faced; displayed. <otö, <egh, <eghchii, <eghu. partin n. pl. salt (see paryan).

Paruk /paruk/ (<tin) n. round basin used for drinking milk.

Parylal /parjal/ (pöryöle), pöryölöch/ adj. par. blurry; fainted; unclear; dim; confused. pöryölyö n. fuzziness; blurriness; haze. parylalit, pöryölitu v. to become fuzzy, blurry, hazy.

Paryala /parjala/ v. [3.ku] to be unable to see well; to disregard. kiparya- lat n. par. that condition. <egh, because of. Paryalegha /parjalexa/ der. v. to cause something to loose colours. kiparyaleghat n. par. causing something to loose colours.

Paryan /parja:n/ (pl. partin) n. 1 salty place where animals go for leaking. 2 salt (used in plural).

Pas /pas:/ (<tin) (A) n. iron (for smoothing clothes). pür pas v. to iron (see pür) (Kis.).

Pas /pas/ (B) v. [1.ki] to store; to pile up. pasat/pösut/ n. par. storing. pösin/i/ n. person who likes to store up. pasan n. something stored. pas'at/pös'ot/ adj. par. stored up. <otö, <u, <chii, <egh, <o. pasata ropiyan n. raising fund. ropiyan chole pasan n. fund. pasata chö n. storing of milk.

Pas /pas/ (C) v. [1.ku] 1 to act recklessly. 2 to miss out (a person one expected to meet, or something, e.g., the proper germination of one's field, etc.). kipasat/kiposut/ n. par. irresponsibility. kiposin/i/ n. irre-sponsible. pas'at/pos'ot/ adj. par. missed. <otö, <u, <chii, <o, <egh.

Pasaka /pasaka/ (en) n. Easter (Kis.).

Pasapan /pasapan/ n. something that comes little by little.

Paskil /paskil/ (<tin) n. bicycle (Eng.).

Pasta /pasta/ (<en) n. reverend; pastor (Kis.). pasya/en/ n. envelope (Kis.).

Pasyak /pasjak/ v. [1.ki] to split. pasyakat/pös-yokut/ n. par. splitting. pösyöksyö n. splitting. pösyökin/i/ n. person who splits. pasyakan n. slice. pasyak'at/pös-yök'ot/ adj. par. split. pösyöko/<isyot adj. par. possible to split. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

pat /pat/ (A) adv. quite; just.

pat /pat/ (B) v. [1.ku] to chop. kipatat/kipötut/ n. par. chopping. kipötsyö n. chop-ping. kipötin/i/ n. chopper; carpenter. patat/pööt'ot/ adj. par. chopped. pö-to/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to chop. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Pata /pata/ (<en) n. duck; swan (Kis., Arabic). patagh n. back (of a person or animal). patakan n. ears of sorghum.

patal /patal/ v. [1.ki] 1 to take off by force, e.g., the leaves of a maize cob, the bark of a tree. 2 to rape. patalat/potolut/ n. par. taking off. patala t̄ipin n. rape. potolin/i/ n. 1 one who removes by force. 2 raper. pa-tal'at/potolo't/ adj. par. removed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Patetwak /patetwak/ (<ay) n. scant; scraps; pieces; speck.

patisan /patisan/ v. [1.ku] to baptise. kipatisan- at/ kipötisönut/ n. par. baptising. ki-pötisönin/i/ n. baptiser. patisan'at/pö-tisön'ot/ adj. par. baptised. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t. patisö/en/ n. baptism (Kis., Eng., Greek).

Patyeny /patjen/ v. [1.ku] to cull; to separate; to garner; to glean. kipatyenyat/kipötye-nyut/ n. par. separation. kipötyeny- syö n. culling. kipötyenyin/i/ n. person who separates. patyeny'at/pötyeny'ot adj. par. separated. pötyeny/o/ <isyot adj. par. possible to cull. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Paw /paw/ (<tin) n. timber; plank of wood (Kis.).

Payas /pajas/ v. [1.ki] to relax; payasat, payasa/pöyösut/ n. par. relaxation; tranquil- ity. pöyösin/i/ n. quiet peron. payas'at/pöyös'ot adj. par. relaxed. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

pay'ay /pajaɪ/(payay) n. hairless buttocks of a baboon.

payenga /pajenja/ v.[1.ki] to tease, to joke with someone (see chöki).

payin /pajin/ (<tin) n. fine; penalty (Eng.).

payiyan /pajijan/ payiysis obstinate; headstrong. payiyan v. [1.ki] to be obstinate, stubborn, tenacious. payiyanat n. par. obsti- nacy. payiyan'at/pöiyöno't/ adj. par. stubborn. <otö, <egh.

paykong /parkɔŋ/ /<is/ adj. par. envious. paykongnön n. envy.

Paykongnion /paɪkɔŋnɪən/ /pay- kong/ n. jealous.

Paynat /pærnat/ (pagh) n. grain.

Payolochi /pajolotʃi:/ n. biology (Eng.).

Payos /pajɔs/ /pöyose/ adj. par. bald. pöyösün n. bald head. payosit, pöyositu v. to become bald.

paypay /parpaɪ/ v. [1.ku] to calm down. kipay- payat n. par. calming down. paypay- it, pöypöyit/ pöypöyitu v. to become calm; tranquile; frank. paypay/pöypö- ye/ adj. par. frank; calm. pöypöyö n. frankness; calmness; gaity.

payta /paɪta/ v. [3.ki] to rule; to domain; to dominate. paytagh n. par. regime; rule. pöytoghin/i/ n. ruler; king; president. paytegh'at adj. par. ruled. <egh, <eghu, <eghchii (see also pachta).

Pchachel /ptʃatʃel/ n. a serious infection of the gum.

Pchangal /ptʃangal/ n. verbose, talkative person (from chang+ngal).

Pchele /ptʃele/ (<in) n. something that is annoy- ing, mould.

pchikilik /ptʃikɪlɪlɪk/ n. appetite. am pchikilik-to feel apetite. pchikilik n. 1 appetite. 2 feeling of missing a kind of food one was used to.

pchin /ptʃɪn/ adv. luckily. kingwin pchin-by luck.

pchirikan /ptʃɪrɪkan/ (<tin) n. person whose skin peels off easily.

pchichin /ptʃɪtʃɪn/ (<ay) n. type of flower.

Pchikiris /ptʃikiris/ (<tin) n. very rich person. pchitchit/ay, <tin/ n. type of tree (crabia Brownii).

pchori /ptʃɔrɪ/ (<in) n. main and central pole in the hut; mast; column; pillar; pier.

pech /petʃ/ v. [1.ki] to dry. pekat n. par. 1 drying. 2 dry season. pech'at adj. par. dried. <egh.

pechuret /petʃuret/ /<in,<ay/ n. adolescent.

ped /ped/ v. [2.ku] to drill a small hole; to bore.

kipedöt /<ut/ n. par. hole. kipedesyö n. drilling. kipedin/i/ n. person who drills small holes. pedo't adj. par. drilled. pe- do/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to drill, <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. pedes/<tin/ /pedes/ n. slim person or animal. pek (see pech).

pekat /pekat/ n. 1 period without rains (it can be the dry season, or any period of dry spell). 2 dry season; drought.

Pekkonion /pekkonion/ /pekon/ n. fodder; type of grass (good for thatching).

Pekpekon /pekpekon/ (<tin) n. flappet lark (bird; believed to predict the coming of rains and the rising of the flying white-termites).

pel /pel/ (A) v. [1.ki] 1 to roast; to bake. 2 to burn. pelagh, pelat/<ut/ n. par. roasting; burning. pelsyo n. roasting. pelin/i/ n. one who roasts. pelan n. one who roasts. pel'at/<ot/ adj. par. roasted; burned. pelo/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to burn (referring to the place where it is done): <atö, <u, <chii, (referring to the instrument used): <o, <egh, <t.

pel /pel/ (B) v. [1.ki] to raise up the tune of a song. pelin/i/ n. person who has a high pitched voice.

pela /pela/v. to burn (grass) (see chuw).

pelan /pela/ v. [1.ki] to defecate of children (polite way of saying) pelanat/pelonut/ n. par. feaces. pelonsyo n. defecating. pelon- in/i/ n. child that defecates often. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

Pelcham /peltʃam/ n. Belgium.

pelengkw'a /peleŋkwa/ (<tin) n. sallow basin used for watering animals

pelon /pelon/ (see pelan).

below /pelow/ n. pl. elephants (see pelyon).

Pelpany /pelpaŋ/ (<tin, <is, <ay) n. whip; flog;

flexible stick used for beating one who has misbehaved.

Pelpel /pelpel/ (<tin) n. whip; flog.

Pelsepuli /pelsepuli/ n. satan (Kis., Eng., Aramaic). pelyon/pelow/ n. elephant. pem/<tin/ n. poisonous arrow. pempe/<en/ n. small gourd. pempeywö / pempeiwe/ /pempe/ n. maize (in Kaatiatey).

pempö /pempö/ pos. n. meat of. pempö hagh calf of a person's leg. pempö kamosöw appendix. pempö kech n. mutton. pempö kel n. steak. pempö kut/panya kut/ lip (see peny). pempö meghan n. meat from an animal that died natu- rally pempö molan meat from a slaugh- tered animal. pempö mosöw rectum. pempö sükichon sirloin pempö tany n. beef.

penkar /penkar/v. to swear about something (like the possession of a cow).

penpen /penpen/ v. [1.ku] to bring one by one, e.g., cattle to drink. kipenpenat n. par. bringing one by one. kipenpenin/i/ n. one who brings or takes things by one one.

Pensil /pensil/ <tin/ n. pencil.

pentawön /pentawön/ v. [2.ki] to surprise; to star- tle; to amaze. pentawönöt n. par. surprise; amazing. pentowönin n. amazing person or object. pentawönoöt adj. par. surprised. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

pentekoste the feast of Pentecost (Eng., Greek)

pentera /pentera/ (en) n. flag; banner (Kis.).

pentow /pentow/ n. place without water; wasteland. pentowön (see pentawön).

Pengat /perjat/ n. rainy season.

Pengkar /penkar/ (<tin) n. 1 big horn of a cow or bull. 2 huge bull.

Pengpeng /penpen/ (A) v. [1.ku] to be alert, with a sharp mind. kipengpengat n. par. sharp- ness of mind. kipengpengin/i/ n. person who is quick in understanding. kipeng- pengan n. person sharp in mind. peng- peng'at/<ot/ adj. par. alerted. <o, <egh.

pengpeng /penpen/ (B) v. [1.ki] to move fast and disorderly. pengpengat n. par. moving disorderly. pengpengin/i/ n. one who moves disorderly. pengpeng'ot adj. par. moved disorderly. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

Peny /penj/ (pl. pany) (A) n. meat; flesh. pempö meat of.

peny /penj/ (B) v. [1.ki] to disobey. penyat/<ut/ n. par. disobedience. penysyo n. disobey- ing. penyin/i/ n. disobedient. <o(tö), <egh.

penyi /penjin/ (in) n. leach. per n. pl. rind (see perta & peryan).

Per /per/ v. [1.ki] to entertain; to amuse. pe- rat/<ut/ n. par. entertainment; fun; jest; wittiness. perin/i/ n. entertainer; humorist; funny person;

jest; witty. pe- r'at/<ot/ adj. par. amused. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. per kegh to disport.

perchi /pertsi/ der. v. [3.ki] 1 to land down; to rest on (of a bird). 2 to dabble. perchinogh n. par. landing; dabbling. otö, <egh.

perer /pere/ (<tin) n. brown cattle.

peri /peri/ der. v. [3.ki] to run away from some- where towards the speaker; to escape. perunogh n. par. escaping.

Perkoor /perkɔ:r/ adj. chivalrous, gallant. Pernal / pernal/ n. beryl stone.

perper /perper/ v. [1.ki] 1 to lie on one's back. 2 to lay upright. perperat n. par. laying upwards. perper'at/<ut/ lying upwards; layed upright. perperin/i/ n. person who likes to lie that way. perper'at/<ot/ lied upwards. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. perperon adj. par. exposed.

Perta /perta/ v. [3.ku] to flee; to run away; to disappear; to elope. kipertagh n. par. elopement; running away. kiperteghin/i/ n. one who likes to run away often. pertat, perteghat/<ot/ adj. par. eloped. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchi.

Perta /perta/ n. the bark of a tree (see peryan).

peru /peru/ (see peri).

perur /perur/ v. [2.ki] to bless. kiperogh, kiperu- röt/<ut/ n. par. blessing. kiperurin/i/ n. blesser. peruröt adj. par. blessed. <o(tö), <u, <chii, instrument used, <egh, because of.

Perut /perut/ /öy/ n. scar.

Peryaket /parjaket/ /<in/ n. truffle (kind of mush- room).

Peryan /perja:n/ (pl. per) n. 1 bark of a tree. 2 any hard outer cover. perpa kaghak n. scales. perpa ket n. bark. peryanta mö /perjanta mə/ n. scab.

Pespes /pespes/ v. [1.ku] to cut into pieces; to hew; to hack. kipespesagh, kipespesat/<ut/ n. par. hackle. kipespesyö n. hewing; hacking. kipespesin/i/ n. one who hews; hacker. kipespesan n. something cut into pieces. pespes'at/<ot/ adj. par. cut. pespeso/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to hew. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

pest /<in/ n. vest (Eng.).

pest(ö) /pestə/ v. form. stem for the plural forms of the verb westö walk, e.g., Pestoy chane—They are walking. pesteghin/i/ n. pl. walker; people who walk a lot.

pesyö /pesjə/ recip. v. [3.ki] to separate; to divide; to cull. pesyogh, pesyeghöt/<ut/ n. par. division; disunity; separation; schism. pesyeghin/i/ n. divider. pesyot adj. par. separated. pesyo/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to divide. <egh(u), <eghchi.

pet /pet/ v. form. stem for the plural forms of the verb wö to go, e.g., Petöy chane—They are going.

Petepeyan /petepetjan/ (pl.petepet) n. fragment;

morsel; piece.

Peteroy /petərɔɪ/ n. name given to God. Petnar /petnar/ (<in) n. veterinary (Eng.).

petörol /petərɔl/ (<tin) n. 1 petrol; gasoline. 2 sunflower (name given because oil is extracted from it) (Eng.).

Petpet /petpet/ (recip. v.) [1.ki] to scatter; to strew; to spread. petpetat/ <ut/ n. par. scattering. Petpetin /petpetin/ /i/ n. one who scatters. petpetan n. scattered pieces. pet- petyot adj. par. scattered. petpetisyot adj. par. possible to scatter. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Pewpew /pewpew/ / <tin/ n. sparrowhawk (bird). pey n. price. peytö the price (Kis., Arabic). peyan/ peytin/ n. type of tree.

peyapay /pejapai/ n. pl. flying termites (see peyöpöy- wö).

Peykongyon /peikonjon/ (peykong) n. jealous. peyöpöyö/peyapay/ n. flying termite. peyeyö v. [3.ki] to worry; to rush; to hastle. peyeyonöt n. par. rushing. pey- peyönin /pejänin/ /i/ n. one who rushes. pey- peyön'ot adj. par. rushed. peyeyo- no/ <isyon/ adj. par. able to rush. <otö, <egh.

peytin n. pl. (see peyan).

Pghatyan /p̄yatjan/ (pl. pghatoy) n. parasite: someone who takes advantage of others.

pich /pitʃ/ / <oy/ n. fodder for rabbits.

pich /pitʃ/, pich n. pl. people. pipö people of. pipö köný ancestors. pipö koor citizen; local people. pipö ngöcher chairmen (chairpersons). püchara dem. pron. those people (not far away). püchay those people (already known and mentioned). püchete these people. püchi these people. püchina those people (far away). püchini those very people. püchona those people (see chi).

pich /pitʃ/ (A) v. [1.ki] to bedeck; to adorn. püchat/ <ut/ n. par. ornament. püch- syö n. bedecking. püchin/i/ n. bedecker. püch'at/ <ot/ adj. par. adorned.

pich /pitʃ/ (B) v. [1.ki] to emanate water, especially from a house's floor. püchat n. par. emanation. püchan n. ground that emanates water. püch'at/ <ot/ adj. par. because of, <otö, <egh. because of,

pich /pitʃ/ (C) v. [1.ku] 1 to refresh. 2 to clean. kipüchat/ <ut/ n. par. refreshment. kipüchsyö n. cleaning. kipüchin/i/ n. re-fresher. püch'at/ <ot/ adj. par. refreshed; cleaned. pücho/ <isyon/ adj. par. possible to be cleaned. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

picha /pitʃa/ (A) v. [3.ki] to bedeck; to make beautiful. pücha kegh adorn oneself. <egh(u), <eghchii.

püchan /pitʃan/ n. 1 froth; scum; foam. püch- an/püch/ 2 female mosquito (anopheles mosquito).

püchigh /pitʃi:y/ v. [1.ku] to bedeck; to embellish; to adorn. kipüchihat/ <ut/ n. par. ornament; embellishment. kipü- chighsyö n. bedecking. kipüchighin/i/ n. \ bedecker. kipüchighan n. charm- ing; adorned. püchigh'at/ <ot/ adj. par. adorned; bedecked. püchigo/ <isyon/ adj. par. adorable. <o(tö). püchi- ghit, püchighitu/ püchighöchitu/ v. to become beautiful. püchigh/ püchighöch/ n. 1 beautiful; nice; pretty; lovely; admirable; smart. 2 neat; pleasant; interest- ing; splendid; excellent 3 important; spe- cial; foremost. 4 valuable; useful. püch- ighyö, püchighin n. 1 beauty; pretti- ness; smartness. 2 splendour; pleasancy. 3 importance. 4 value.

püchpich /pitʃpitʃ/ / <tin/ n. gale; whirlwind; blizzard. Kaipüchpich-a place in Lelan Divi- sion known for its strong winds.

püghi /p̄ixj/ n. hunger, rik püghi v. to feel hungry, e.g., Karikanin püghi—I am hungry (litt.: Hunger is surrounding me).

püghyö /p̄ixjə/ der. v. [3.ki] to satisfy with (espe- cially with food). püghyogh n. par. sat- isfaction. püghyong stat. v. [2.ki] to get satisfied (especially with food). püghyongtö n. par. satisfaction. püghyongin/i/ n. one who gets satisfied easily. püghyongön n. satisfied person. püghyongo/ <isyon/ adj. par. satisfied. <otö, <egh, <u, <chii. püghyöny n. satiation; satisfaction of food.

pikan /pikan/ n. 1 traditional musical instrument that looks like a lyre; harp. 2 guitar.

pikat /pikat n. small hole.

pükipiki /p̄kipipiki/ n. motorcycle (Kis.).

pikiy /p̄kij/ / <ghöch/ adj. par. strong.

pikuktö /pukuktə/ v. [3.ki] to slide down; to descend through a steep slope. pükuktoh n. par. sliding down. pükuktegh'ot adj. par.滑下.

pilani /pilan/, <en n. vest; underwear (Kis.).

pilekwa /pilekwa/ / <oy n. hare (see plekwa). pilelis n. powder.

piles /piles/ / <oy n. fodder for rabbits. adv. very close; almost, e.g., Kengwina kotü piles —The arrow almost got me.

pilikyon /piliiken/ n. spinster; single; un- married woman.

pülipilyon /pipipijon/ n. pepper (Kis.).

pilölös /p̄ləlös/ n. powder.

pilot /p̄lət/ in/ n. plot (Kis., Eng.).

pülpil /p̄lpil/ v. [2.ki] to penetrate; to pierce (some- thing in order to extract what is inside); to deepen. pülpilat/ <ut/ n. par. piercing. pülpilsyö n. piercing. pülpilin/i/ n. per- son who does so. pülpilan n. some wasted seeds collected from goats' manure. pülpilat/ <ot/ n. pierced.

pülpilo /p̄pilɔ/ / <isyon/ adj. par. penetrable. <sy,

<o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

piltö /piltö/ (A) n. nightjar (bird).

piluchtö /pilutçtö/ v. [3.ki] to reverse; to retaliate. piluchtogh, piluchteghöt (<ut) n. par. retaliation; reversing. piluchteghin/i/ n. one who retaliates, or reverses. piluchtegho't adj. par. reversed; retaliated. pi-luchtegho/<isyot/ adj. par. reversible. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

pün /pin/ (A) v. [2.ki] 1 to emigrate. 2 to lag behind; to linger. pünöt(<ut) n. par. emigration; lagging behind. pünin/i/ n. one who lags behind. pün'ot adj. par. emigrated; left behind. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

pün /pin/ <woy, <way/ (B) n. generation; age- set from the circumcision.

pünich /pinitʃ/ <tin n. the gap between the hind legs of an animal (also used for a person).

pünik /pinky/ v. [2.ki] to fracture; to splinter. pi-nikogh, pürüköt/<ut/ n. par. frac-ture; cleavage. pünökön n. newly frac-tured. püniko't adj. par. fractured. pün'i-ko/<isyot/ adj. par. fracturable. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

pünikö /pinkø/ v. [3.ki] to sprain. püniköt n. par. spraining. püniko't adj. par. sprained. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. because of.

pünkur (yon) /pin/ <tin/ n. dwarf; pygmy; short person.

pünöch /pınətʃ// <tin n. space in between the behind legs.

pünogh /pinoj/ <tin n. 1 vent. 2 small hole in a goat's fold for the removal of manure, or for the passing of kids.

pünötönö /pıntıñon/ n. oddity. pünötyon/pünöt/ n. foreigner; stranger; odd; alien; refugee.

pünpin /pınpın/ (A) v. [2.ki] to drill. pünpinöt/<ut/ n. par. hole; drilling. pünpin-in/i/ n. one who drills. pünpin'ot adj. par. drilled; hollow. pünpiño/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to drill. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

pünpin /pınpın/ <ay/ (B) n. small gourd for babies, which has a small hole on the lid for giving milk to children.

pünpintö /pınpıntö/ v. [3.ki] to endeavour; to try even against all odds. pünpintogh n. par. endeavour. pünpintoghin/i/ n. person who tries in hard circumstances. <egh.

püntanyu /pıntajnu/ n. pl. those who were circumcised in the same generation but didn't share the seclusion house (menjo).

püntö /pıntö/ v. [3.ki] to menstruate for the first time. püntogh n. par. menstruation.

pünunö /pınuñö/ v. [3.ki] to appear; to debut.

pünunogh /pınuñox/ n. debut. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

pünwoy /pinwoı/ n. pl. (see pün).

pinyüs /pıñıs/ <tin n. any animal that digs the ground. köpö pinyüs n. den.

pipıl /pıplı/ v. [2.ki] to deepen; to dig. pipılöt /pıplıɔl/ /pıplıogh n. par. deepening. pipılsyo n. deepening.

pipılın /pıplılin/ /i/ n. one who deepens; digger. pipılo't adj. par. deepen; dug. pipılo/<isyot/ adj. par. adj. par.

pır /pır/ v. [2.ki] 1 to press down; to oppress; to subjugate; to repress; to restrain. 2 to rebuke. pıröt/<ut/ n. par. oppres-sion; repression. pırsyo n. pressing down; restraining. pırın/i/ n. oppressor; sub-jugator; repression. pırön n. something squashed. pıro't adj. par. pressed down; oppressed; represed. pıro/<isyot/ adj. par. pressable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. pır kegh to demean. pır kıroro v. to shrink of plants. pır kura to vote. pır muhuri to stamp pır simi to telephone. pırchı söri to thank. pır(chı) (olyot, pey) to haggle; to bargain. pıröt n. par. bargaining. pırın/i/ n. bargainer; hag-gler. pıro't adj. par. bargained. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

pırawışyan /pırawışjan/ (pl. pırawısı) n. one who wears foreign clothes; useless person.

pırchı /pırtʃı/ 1 der. v. (see pır). 2 to desire; to yearn; to long for. pırchinogh, pır-chinöt/<ut/ n. par. desire; ambition; eagerness. pırchinin/i/ n. ambitious person; one who is eager for something. pırchin'ot adj. par. desired; longed for. pırchinego/<isyot/ adj. par. desirable. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. pırchin desire; zest; leer; ambition; aspiration; eagerness.

pırechon /pıretʃon/ (pl. pırech) n. small red ants. pırewut n. pl. plays; games (see pırö A).

pırim /pırim/ (pl. pırimpot) n. hole; pit; pothole; dent.

pırimoghyon /pırimoxjɔ:/ (pl. pırimogh) n. 1 type of poi-sonous shrub that kills cattle. (mystroxilon aethiopicum). 2 fruits of this shrub.

pırimpot n. pl. (see pırim).

pırinta /pırinta/ <en n. space under the bed.

pırır /pirir/ v. [1.ki] to twine pırır put to plait; to braid. pırırat/<ut/ n. par. twining; braid; ringlet. pırırsyo n. twining; plaiting. pırırın/i/ n. plaiter; hairdresser; one who twines. pırır'at/<ot/ adj. par. plaited; twined. pırıro/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to twine, to plait. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. pırıran/pırır'an/ n. entangled rope.

pırit /pırit/(pl. pırit) n. penis.

pırıka /pırika/ en n. kettle; teapot (Kis.). pırinkan <tin n. cannon (Eng.). pırır /pırrir/(pl. pıröch) adj. par. red. pırır lötok very red; carmine. pırırın n. red-ness. pırırıt, pırırıt/pıröchitu/ v. to become red.

pırkan /pırkan/ v. [1.ki] 1 to wrinkle. 2 to fold;

to pleat. pürkanat/pürkonut/ n. par. fold; pleat. pürkönsöy n. folding. pürkön- in/i/ n. one who folds. pürkanan/pürkanan/ n. recently folded object. pürkan'at/pürkö- n'ot/ adj. par. folded. pürkönö/<isyot/ adj. par. foldable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

pürkana /pürkana/ (n)/<tin/ n. namesake; of the same name.

pürkö /pürkö/ en n. roof. pürkö kut n. hard palate.

pürkötöm /pürkötöm/ <tin n. elephant shrew.

pürkön /pürkön/ (see pürkan).

pürö /pirs/ recip. v. [2.ki] to play; to joke; to dramatize. pürönöt/<ut/ playing; joking. pürönin/i/ n. player; joker. pürön'ot adj. par. played. püröno/<isyot/ adj. par. playable. <o(tö), <egh. pürö/pü- rewut/ n. game; sport; drama; joke; play; entertainment.

pürompöryon /pirompöryon/ (pl.pürompir) <tin/ n. middle size poles used for building place across the wall; frame. pürompöryon, pürom- puryon/ pürompöris/ n. 1 long stiff stick of a traditional bed. 2 hard tree used for building huts; rafter. 3 any of the sticks used to build the base of a store or grain barn. pürompuryon/pürompur/ n. small sticks used to make the ground of a store.

pürönö /pırana/v. [3.ki] to bore. pürönogh n. par. boring. püröneghin/i/ n. person easy to get bored. pürönö't adj. par. bored. <otö, <egh.

pürönötünön /pırənatıneən/ n. idleness; indolence. pürönötün n. 1 boredom. 2 sloth.

pürönötyon /pırənatıçən/ (pürönöt) n. sluggish; lazy; wistful; indolent; idle.

pürötüt /pırətüt/ n. straining bag for sieving beer. püroyon, /pırəjən/ püroyon/<tin/ n. assistant; helper; office messenger.

pürpür /pıprı/ <tin (A) n. croup of an animal.

pürpür /pıprı/ (B) v. [1.ki] to pursue. pürpür'at n. par. pursuing. pürpürin/i/ n. pursuer.

pürpür'at/ot/ adj. par. pursued. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

pürti /pırtı/ n. fog; haze.

pürtüt /pırtıt/ v. [1.ku] to haste. kipürtıtat / kipürtıtat/ n. par. haste. pürtüt /pırtıt/ pürtite/ adj. par. swift; fast; quick; brisk. pürtityö n. quickness; fastness; speed. pürtıtıt, pürtıtıt / pürtıtıt/ v. to become fast.

pürtöwon /pırtowın/ (pl.pürtöw) n. trigger (see ptin- chil).

pürusi /pirusı/ <in/ n. luggage.

pürütüt /pırütüt/ n. pus.

püryak /pırjak/ n. pl. (see püryökwo).

püryengwa /pırjenwa/ <oy n. hard tumors, mostly

of fat in animals and people (people never eat them).

püryö /pırje/ v. [3.ki] 1 to take away secretly. 2 to converge (Kara.).

püryökwo /pırjıkwə/ (pl.püryak) n. 1 kind of tree (pap- pea capensis). 2 seeds of this tree used to make necklace.

püs /pıs/(A) v. [1.ki] (high pitch) to dry out. püsät n. par. drying. püs'at/<'ot/ adj. par. drying; stop raining. <otö, <egh, because of.

püs /pıs/(B) v. [2.ku] to sprinkle. kipüsöt/<ut/ n. par. sprinkle. kipüsöy n. sprinkling. kipüsın/i/ n. sprinkler. kipüsän n. something recently sprinkled. piso/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to be sprinkled. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

püs /pıs/ (C) v. to get rotten, e.g., Kpüs mükö—The gourd is rotten.

pischü /pıstʃı/ der. v. [3.ki] to entrust. pischinogh n. par. entrusting. pischinegho't en- trusted to. <otö, <egh.

pisi /pısı/ v. [3.ki] to allow; to permit. pısunogh, pısunöt n. par. allowance; permission. pısun'ot adj. par. allowed.

pisigh/pısıɣ/ v. [2.ki] to pierce; to stab; to spear.

pisighöt/

pisighin /pısıɣi:n//i/ n. one who pierces. pı- sığın n. something pierced. pisigho't adj. par. pierced. pısiğho/<isyot adj. par. possible to pierce. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, for someone else.

piskil /pıskıl://<tin/ n. bicycle (Eng.).

pispis /pıspıs/ rep. v. [2.ku] to splash. pıspıs- chı̄ der. v. [3.ku] to spray (to sprinkle on). kipıspıschinöt <ut n. par. spraying (see püs).

pistö /pısta/ v. [3.ki] 1 to leave; to abandon; to omit; to get rid of. 2 to resign; to refrain. 3 to surrender; to withdraw. pistogh /pıstɔx/ n. par. omission; abandonment. pisteghin/i/ n. one who abandons easily; neglectful. pı̄s- tegh'o't adj. par. abandoned; left. <otö, <u, <egh(chii).

pisu /pısu:/ (see pisi).

pısyä /pıja:/ n. flour. pısyä ket n. sawdust. pısyän/pısyä/ n. a mote of flour or powder.

pısyenti /pısjenti/ <un n. comrade.

pısyop /pısyo:p/ <tin n. bishop (Eng., Greek).

pit /pıt/ (A) v. [1.ku] to fall; to stumble. kipit- a <ut/ n. par. fall; falling. kipitin/i/ n. one who falls easily. pit'at/ot/ adj. par. 1 fallen. pito <isyot adj. par. able to fall. <o(tö), <egh, <i, to fall towards the speaker. pitat <ut n. bud

pit /pıt/ (B) v. [2.ki] 1 to pick; to pluck; to prick. 2 to inherit. 3 to spurt. pıtöt <ut n. par. 1 plucking. 2 inheritance. 3 ceremony for chasing away evil spirits. pıtö ceremony done for

the inheritance of the property of a deceased person. pīt- syö n. plucking; pricking. pītin/i n. one who plucks. pītōn n. something recently plucked. pīt'ot adj. par. 1 plucked. 2 inherited; hereditary. pīto/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to pluck. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. pīkān to pluck the guitar (to play); to twang. pītat/ ut n. bud.

pīti /pītī/ der. v. [3.ki] (from pīt+chii) to infect.

pītinogh /pītinox/ n. par. infection. <otö, <egh.

pītilon /pītilon/ <tin n. foot cramps.

pītōn /pītō/ n. any small piece of something that falls on the ground.

pītpīt /pītpīt/ v. [2.ki] to penetrate; to perforate; to punch. pītpītöt/<ut/ n. par. perforation. pītpītsyö n. penetrating; punching

pītpītin //pītpīti:n/i/ n. puncher; one who perfo-rates. pītpīt'o adj. par. perforated. pīt-pīto/<isyot/ adj. par. penetrable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

pīy /pīj/ v. [1.ki] to defecate; to shit. pī-yat/<ut/ n. par. shit. pīyisyö n. defe-cating. pīyin/i/ n. one who defecates often (children). pīyan n. faeces. pī-y'at/<ot/ adj. par. defecated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

pīyasyan /pījasjan/ (pl.pīyasin) n. English potato (Kis.).

pīyepöywö/ (pīyepay) /pīyepərwə/ n. flying white ants.

pīyīs /pījs/ n. misfortune, kut pīyīs v. to fall in misfortune (litt. to blow misfortune).

Picha /pitʃa/ <en n. picture (Kis., Eng.).

Pida /pida/ the kraal. pigh/<wöy/ n. byre; kraal for cows only.

pighön /pixən/ n. anything that catches fire easily; tinder.

pighon /pixo:n/ n. 1 sulphur. 2 hard thin sticks used to make fire by friction.

Pikat /pikat/ ,pikot n. entrance; gate (see punpun) (Kara.).

pil /pil/v. (A) [3.ku] to soar; to glide; to fly. ki- pilöt n. par. flying; soaring. kipilin/i/ n. one who glides well. pilo't adj. par. soared; flown. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <i, to fly towards the speaker, <t, to fly away from the speaker.

Pil /pil/ (B) v. [1.ku] to be in heat (of a woman); to desire (sexually). kipilat n. par. sexual desire (in women). kipilin/i/ n. woman who gets in heat often. kipilan n. woman in heat. pil'at/<ot/ adj. par. on heat. <o(tö), <egh. pilchii v. [3.ku] to enamour; to charm. kipichinogh n. par. enamouring. kipilchinin, kipilchineghin/i/ n. charming. pilchin'ot adj. par. enamoured. <otö, <egh.

Pilil /pilil/ <tin /n. type of tree (*Lagerstroemia indica*).

pilil /pilil/ v. [1.ku] 1 to elevate. 2 to extol; to laud; to exalt; to praise. kipililat/<ut/ n. par. exaltation; laud. kipililsyö n. extolling. kipililin/i/ n. one who lauds others. pilil'at/<ot/ adj. par. extolled; elevated. pililo/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to elevate; laudable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

piltö /piltö/ to fly away pilu to fly towards the speaker. (see pil).

pinopin /pinɔpin/n. anything with many holes.

pintit /pintit/v. [1.ku] to erect; to establish; to set up. Kipintitat <ut n. par. establish- ment. kipintitsyö n. erecting. kipin-titin/i/ n. person who erects poles well. Kipintitan / n. newly erected pole. panti- t'at/<ot/ adj. par. erected; established. <syö, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. pintit-wa/<ay/ n. pillar. pintiton/pintit/ n. well erected pole. Pinyiny /pjinj/ <oy n. leech. Pipa /pipa/ <en/ n. watertank (Kis.).

pir /pir/ v. [1.ku] to mix, especially foods. kipirat/<ut/ n. par. mix. kipirsyö n. mixing. kipirin/i/ n. one who mixes. pi- r'ot adj. par. mixed. pirisoy adj. par. mixable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. pir pighon v. to twirl; to make fire with sticks.

piramid /pyramid/ n. pyramid (Eng.). piriran / piriran/ n. woven rope; lank. Pirirchan /pirirjan/ (pl. piriröch) n.tiny insect that bites animals and people.

pirön /pirən/ v. [2.ki] to enact; to play. pirönöt n. par. play; drama concert. pirönsyö n. enacting.

pirönin/i/ n. actor. pirön'ot adj. par. enacted. piröno <isyot adj. par. possible to enact. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

pirpīr /pirpir/ v. [1.ku] to refuse; to reject; to spurn. kipirpirat/<ut/ n. par. refusal. kipir- pürin/i/ n. one who refuses; who spurns. pirpīr'at/<ot/ adj. par. refused. pirpi- ro/<isyot/ adj. par. refusible. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. pirpīr möt v. [2.ku] to refuse with gestures. kipirpiröto möt n. par. refusal. kipirpirsyö n. refusing. kipirpirinto möt/i/ n. one who refuses with gestures. <o(tö), <egh, <u, <chii.

pirti /pirti/ n. heavy wind with a lot of dust that blows at the end of the dry season and the beginning of the rains.

pisikis /pisikis/ n. physics (Eng.).

pistola(<en) /pistola/n. pistol; carbide (Eng.).

pisu v. to rain through; to leak, e.g., Pisu

pögh kö—It rains in the house. pisunogh n. par. leaking. pisun'ot adj. par. leaked.

<egh.

pit /pit/ (A) v. [2.ki] 1 to spray around; to jet. 2 to exorcise (ceremony done by spraying food around in order to chase away spirits) pitöt n. par. spraying; exorcism. pit- syö n. spraying. pitin/i/ n. exorcist. pit'ot adj. par. exorcised.

<sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

pit /pit/ (B) v. [1.ki] to germinate; to spring; to grow. pitat/<ut/ n. par. germination; springing. pitin/i/ n. something that grows fast. pitan n. 1 yeast from germinated seeds. 2 scion; twig. pit'at//ot/ adj. par. germinated. pito/<isyot/ adj. par. able to germinate. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. pitan n. twig.

pitii /pitii/ (A) der. v. [3.ki] to head straigh to.

pitinagh /pitinay/ n. par. heading straight. <otö, <egh.

pitii /pitii/ (B) der. v. [3.ki] (from pit+chii) to generate; to originate; to produce. pitinogh n. par. generation; generating.

piyta /pijta/ v. [3.ki] to spit. piytagh n. par. spitting. piyteghin/i/ n. one who spits a lot. piytegh'at//ot/ adj. par. sput. <otö, <egh.

pkach /pkatʃ/ v. [1.ki] to glimpse; to stare at; to peer. pkachat/pköchut/ n. par. glimpse. pköchsyö n. staring. pköchin/i/ n. one who stares at. pkach'at/pköch'ot/ adj. par. peered. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Pkang /pkaj/, pkany v. [1.ku] to enlight; to flash on something. kipkanyat/kipkönyut/ n. par. flash of light. kipkönsyö n. flashing. kipkönyin/i/ n. one who flashes. pka- ny'at/pköny'ot/ adj. par. flashed. pkö- nyo/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to flash on. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

pkarin /pkarin/ /tay n. long snake with unseen mouth (Kara.).

pkarmariny /pkarmariny/ karmorängitín/ n. molar tooth.

Pkarotket /pkarotket/ <in n. rat.

pkat /pkat/ v. [1.ku] 1 to improve after a long disease. 2 to treat a sick person in a special way. kipkatat/<ut/ n. par. ceremony done to treat a sick person. kipkot- syö n. doing that ceremony. kipkotin/i/ n. person who performs kipkatat. pkat'at/pkot'ot/ adj. par. patient who has been treated that way. <o(tö), <egh.

Pkatyan /pkatjan/ (pl. pkatis) n. 1 robber; bandit; desperado; crooked person. 2 spoiler; stub-born person, one who does not agree easily.

pkeryot /pkerjöt/n. simultaneously, e.g., Ighisyö tii-kin ompö pkeryot—Those events are happening simultaneously.

Pkeyiywon /pkejejwön/ (pkeyeitin) n. 1 serf; slave; prisoner. 2 defeated in children's games (see mampusyon).

pkil'an /pkilan/ (pl. pkilan) n. candidate; elected. pkireri/<un/ n. 1 flute. 2 bellows. pkiryot n. competition.

pköch /pketʃ/ (see pkach).

pköchi /pkatʃi/ n. twig (Kara.).

pköchi /pkatʃi/ pron. v. to understand; to

appre- hend. pköchinogh, pköchinöt n. par. understanding; insight; expertise. pkö- chinöt adj. par. understood. pkochi- no <isyot adj. par. able to understand; understandable. <egh.

pködö /pkadə//<en/ n. kind of wild edible potatoes.

pköghö /pkaxə//<tin/ n. big male baboon.

pköghom /pkayom/ <tin n. dry edible fruits.

pkömpes /pkompes/ <öy n. ground squirrel.

pköneroy /pköneroi/ <tin n. brown mamba.

pköny /pkänj/ (see pkany).

pköpis(on) /pkopis/ ,pköpis n. shower; drizzle.

pkoghom /pkoyom/ <tin n. male baboon.

pkoköch /pkokatʃ/ <tin n. tortoise. pkongön / pkonjen/ <tin n. witness. Pkongot /pkonjot/ <is n. host (Kara.). pkongtin /pkontin/ n. pl. (see pkongön).

Pkony /pkonj/ v. [2.ku] 1 to wave off flies. 2 to bark (of a dog) kipkonyöt/<ut/ n. par. waving away flies. kipkonyö n. 1 waving off flies. 2 barking. kipkonyin/i/ n. 1 one who waves off flies. 2 dog which barks a lot. pkony'ot adj. par. without flies. pkonyo/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to wave off flies; able to bark. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t. **pkonyöt** v. [3.ku] to chase away evil spirit; to expel kipkony Togh/toy/ n. par. sending away; expulsion. kipkonyteghin/i/ n. person who sends away spirits. pkonytegh'ot adj. par. free from evil spirits. <otö, <eghu, <egh(chii).

Pkot /pkot/ (see pkat).

pkoto v. to peel off something, e.g., potatoes.

pkotut /pkotut/ n. luck; to get something by chance (see tömkotut) (Kara.).

pkoylow adv. long ago.

pköyön /pkoyen/ <tin n. useless person. pkoyon/<tin/ n. kind of rain maker.

Pkoysarur /pköisarur/ n. comet; shooting star (see koydadu).

pkumün /pkumin/ <ay n. sugar ants.

Pkwanyan /pkajan/ (pl. pkwangtin) n. seer who reads entrails; entrails' reader; diviner (see karo-yan).

pkwat /pkwat/ v. [1.ki] to steal.

Pkwatat /pkatat/ pkwöt- ut n. par. robbery. pkwötsyö n. steal- ing. pkwötin /pkwatin/ /i/ n. thief. pkwat'at/pkwöt'ot/ adj. par. stolen. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Pkweghyon /pkwejyö:n/ (pl. pkwegh) n. diviner who fore- sees the future reading the way shoes fall after they are tossed up.

pkwöt /pkwät/ (see pkwat).

Plach /platʃ/ <tin, <ay n. chisel, wedge. plalayan n. know-it-all, village clown. plaloy/<tin/ n. big

scorpion. plekwa/ <öy/ n. hare; rabbit. plïny/ <tin/ n. big, naturally swollen navel. plïs /plïs/, pilis n. trypanasomiasis.

plökoyon /plækoyon/ (pl. plökoy) n. messenger.

Plochket /plotʃket/ <in n. woodpecker (bird).

pmpöröch /pmpärətʃ/ <oy/ n. cracked container that leaks; something that has become blunt.

Pnyakaw /pnakaw/, (pl. mnyakaw) <ay n. frog.

Pnyaris /pnamis/ <tin n. person suffering from hangover, or indigestion.

Pnyarkil /pnarkil/ <tin n. baby.

pö /pə/ prep. 1 of (used with nouns in singular and plural when they have no genitive case). 2 belonging to; for. Very much used with nouns to make words which in English are adjectives, e.g., pö ato lekit re- cent; pö kalya peaceful; pö karin metal- lic; pö kireyat hateful; pö kisyönö merciful; pö kinanat theoretical; pö kö domestic; pö köny ancient, old; pö kokay eternal; pö koor native; pö man true; pö ne? what for? pö ngwiny earthly; pö osis normal; pö püro festive; pö pöghetus regular, usual; pö sırim last; pö sörö thankful; pö soryagh hasty; pö tagh first, prior; pö töngonchin mar- vealous; pö tösünöt important; pö tonete indigenous; pö tyangköy proverbial. nyö pö rel. pron. which is of, (it can be used instead of genitive), e.g., kalamu nyö pö Chepkötö-Cepkötö's pen. pö nö? whose.

Pöchonii /pətʃonı/ pöket n. a Pöket.

pögh /pəy//<on/ n. water. pögh pö ma boiled water. pögho psýryoch first rains occurring in the middle of February (see pagh).

pöghisyö /pəyɪʃjə/ v. [3.ki] to work. pöghisyogh/ pəyɪʃjøg/, pöghisyö <ewut/ n. par. service; work; business. pöghisyeghin /pəyɪʃjeyin/ /i/ n. servant. pöghisyegh'ot adj. par. served. <otö, <eghu, <eghchi, to serve someone, <egh, to utilize; to work with. pöghisyö n. 1 greeting meaning ‘to be well’; it is the answer to lentene, or to pöghisyö. 2 time for milking the cattle. 3 pöghisyö/pöghi- syewut/ one’s business, occupations. 4 adv. well; fine. 5 adj. par. free.

pöghnötyon /pəyñetjøn/ n. dam; pool (also pöynötyon).

pögho akwa /pəyø akwa/ juice.

pöghögh /pəyəy/ n. pulse (anywhere in the body).

pöghönüy /pəyənəi/ adv. occasionally.

pöghötön /pəyətən/ (see paghatan).

pöghon /pəxən/ v. [2.ki] to remain; to stay in a place; to lodge; to tarry. pöghon-

öt /<ut/ n. par. remaining. pöghon- syö n. remaining. pöghonin/i/ n. one who remains in a place for long. pögho- n'ot adj. par. remained; lodged. pögho- no/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to remain. <o(tö), <t.

pöghwöy /poχər/ n. ice, or frozen dew.

pöghyotwö /pəχjøtwə/(pl. paghyat) n. type of tree (af- zelia quancensis).

pökesön /pəkenət/ v. [2.ki] to loot; to plunder; to pil- lage. pökesönöt /<ut/ n. loot; plunder.

pökesönsyö /pəkesənsjə/ n. plundering.

pökesön- in/i/ n. looter. pökesönön n. something or someone that has been looted. pökesö- n'ot adj. par. looted. pökesöno /<isyot/ adj. par. possible to plunder. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

pökin /pokın/ <öy/ n. window.

pökit /pəkit/ v. [2.ki] to get wild; to be aggressive; to be cruel. pökitöt n. par. aggressivity. pökitin/i/ n. aggressive. pökit'ot / pokitat/ adj. par. something that has suffered in a cruel man- ner. pökito/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to become aggressive. <o(tö), <egh.

pököch /pəkətʃ/ (see pakach B).

pököl /pəkəl/ <ay, <öy n. hundred.

Pökömomoyon /pəkəmojv:/ /Pökömo/ n. Pokomo peo- ple.

pökoch /pəkətʃ/ (see pakach A).

pökor /pəkor/ <tin n. mother in law; the mother of one’s wife.

pökoschii /pəkostjı/ v. [3.ki] to ensure.

Pöket /pəkot/ n. pl. the Pöket people (see Pöcho- ni).

pöl /pəl/(A) v. [2.ki] to shout; to riot; to wrangle to rue. pölö(t)/<ut/ n. par. shout; riot;

pöng /pəŋ/ v. [2.ki] 1 to loose one’s head after drinking. 2 to be foolish. pöngöt n. par. intoxication. pöngöt /<ut/ n. par. foolishness. pöngin/i/ n. person who loses his head easily. pöngööt adj. par. intoxicated. pöngön adj. naive. n. fool. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. pöngösün / pəŋkəsijn n. slot (see pankas).

pöngol /pəŋɔ:l/ /<tin/ n. dental caries.

pöngongwö /pəŋongwə/ (pl. pöngong) n. mole.

pöngör /pəŋər/ (A) v. [2.ki] to open domesticated animals to go for feeding. pöngöröt /pənərət/ n. opening the animals. pöngorin/i/ n. person who opens the animals. pöngöröt adj. par. freed for feeding. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

pöngör /pəŋər/ (B) v. [2.ki] to remove an obstacle; to clear the way.

pöngöröt /pəŋərət/ /<ut/ n. par. clearance. pöngörösyö n. clearing something. pöngörin/i/ n. one who removes the obstacle. pöngöröt adj. par. cleared way. pöngöro/<isyot/ adj. par. removable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

pöngös /pəŋəs/ (see pangas).

pöngös /<oy, pongos/ n. lizard. pö noise; rowdiness. pölsyö n. shouting. pöl- in/i/ n. rioter; noisy; browler. pöl'ot ghösyö of. the

pööldard /pööldard/ n. lizard. pööngösyö lizard adj. par. tumultuous <o(tö), <chii, <egh.

pöl /pöl/ (B) v. [2.ku] to be incapable. kipölöt n. par. incapacity. <o(tö), <egh.

pöölyon /pöölyon/ v. [2.ki] used only with oghö (night), e.g., Pöölyonöy oghö—It will be midnight. pöölyonöto oghö n. par. midnight.

pöölong /pöölong/ <tin n. scapula; area of the body where the trunk joins the neck; slot above the clavicle.

pöölongos /pöölongos/ tin/ n. cage

pöölowon /pöölowon/ (pl.pöölow) n. pole. pöol /pöol/ n. steep ravine.

pön /pön/ (see pan).

pöönhöö /pöönhöö/ v. to disintegrate. pöönök n. pl. (see panak). pönon /pönon/n. pl. (see panan). pönpönwö /pönpönwö/ (pl.pönpöön) n. type of tree, ebony (sclovia Zeyheri).

pööntö /pööntö/ (see panta).

pööntöwo /pööntöwo/ (n)/<tin/ n. wife of one's father, but not the mother; stepmother.

pööpech /pööpech/ v. [2.ku] to prevent; to hinder; to impede; to obstruct; to restrict; to refrain; to thwart; to exclude. kipööpech-ogh, kipööpechöt/<ut/ n. par. obstruction; prevention; exclusion. kipööpech- syö n. hindering; restricting; thwarting;excluding. kipööpechin/i/ n. one who prevents; thwarts; restricts, etc. kipööpe- chön n. obstacle; obstruction. pööpechöt adj. par. obstructed; thwarted; refrained from. pööpecho/<isyot/ adj. par. possi-ble to obstruct; preventable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, for someone else (also pööpeytö).

pööpilo /pööpilo/ en/ n. loaf of bread (Kis.).

pööpö /pööpö/ n. pl. (see pööyon).

pööpö /pööpö/ en/ n. forest beets eated in time of severe famine.

pööpölos /pööpölos/ <tin/ n. tin of two litres. pööpöö interj. not at all. pööyon /pööyon/n. (pl.pööpö/ n. type of grass. pöörchöch v. [2.ku] to loosen something.

kipöörchöchogh /kipöörtjätjöö/, kipöörchöchöt/<ut n. par. loosening. kipöörchöchin /kipöörtjätjin//i/ n. one who loosens. kipöörchöchön n. something loose. pöörchöchöt adj. par. loose. pöörchöchö/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to loosen. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

pöörho /pöörho/ <en n. raid, e.g., Pertoy pöörho—They go for a raid (see par).

pöörech /pöörech/ <tin n. tap of water (Kis.).

pöörkö /pöörkö/ <öö/ n. roof. pöörkö kut n. hard palate.

pöörködööm /pöörködööm/ <öö n. small wild mouse.

pöörkööyö /pöörkööyö/ (pöörkööyö) n. rope; string; spool; thread.

pöörok /pöörok/ n. 1 wild shrub producing fruits similar to grapes. 2 wine.

pöörol /pöörol/ (see paral).

pöörol /pöörol/ v. [2.ki] to put a handle to a gourd. pöörolagh, pöörlöt/<ut/ n. par. putting handles; gourd's handle.

pöörolin /pöörolin//i/ n. one who knows how to do that job well. pöörlön n. gourd with handle. pöörlöt adj. par. gourds with handles. pöörolo/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to place handles. <o(tö), <chii, <u, <egh. pöörlöt/<öö/ n. handle (especially of a gourd).

pööror /pööror/ <is n. neighbour.

pöörowö /pöörowö/ /pööraw/ n. type of tree (ficus sur).

pöörowon /pöörowon/ (pöörowon/pöörow) n. loot; booty; plunder; spoils.

pööro /pööro/ (pööroyöch) adj. par. spacious. pööryöö n. space. pööroyit(u)/pööroyöchitu/ v. to become spacious.

pööropchon /pööropchon/ <tin n. generous person; saint; gentleman. pööropönöö, pööropchöö n./pööropchöö-nöö/ n. gentleness; virtue.

pöörow /pöörow/ n. pl. (see pöörowon).

pöörowö /pöörowö/ n. May.

pööroy /pööroy/ v. [2.ku] to expand; to widen. ki- pööroyöt n. par. expanding. kipööroy- in/i/ n. one who expands. kipööroyön n. something expanded. pööroyöt adj. par. expanded. pööroyo/<isyot/ adj. par. expandable. <o(tö), <chii, <u, <egh. pööroy/<is, <on/ n. bed. pööroyöö n. space; vacancy; width; volume; occasion.

pöörpör /pöörpör/ (see parpar).

pöörpöryö /pöörpöryö/ v. [3.ki] to tumble. pöörpöryogh n. par. tumbling. pöörpöryeghin/i/ n. one who tumbles. pöörpöryogho't adj. par. tumbled. <otö, <egh.

pööryöleghan /pööryöleghan/ (see paryalegha). pööryöleghö (see paryalegha). pös (see pas).

pöösö /pöösö/ v. [2.ki] kipöösöt kwen chopping firewood (see sil).

pöösöñ /pöösöñ/ v. [2.ki] to lease; to loan; rent. pöösöñöt/<ut/ n. loan; leasing. pöö-söñin/i/ n. leaser. pöösöñöt adj. par. leased; rented; borrowed. pöösöñö/isyot/ adj. par. rentable. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. pöösöñchii der. v. to lend. pöösöñ- chinöt n. par. lending. pöösöñ/<ut/ n. debt.

pöösöñ /pöösöñ/ n. stored milk, e.g., chö chole pöösöñ stored milk.

pöösyö /pöösyö/ n. duty; shift of duty.

pösyök /pəsјək/ (see pasyak).

pötan /potan/ v. [1.ki] to shiver; to tremble; to shudder; to twitter. pötanat/pötönüt/ n. par. shivering. pötönsyö n. trembling.

pötönin /potənini/ n. one who shivers. pötanan n. coward; one who easily shivers. pöta- n'at pötön'ot/ adj. par. shivered. pötö- no/<isyot/ adj. par. able to shudder, etc. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

pötisön /pətisan/ v. [2.ku] to baptize. kipötisönöt/<ut/ n. par. baptizing. kipötisön-in/i/ n. baptizer. pötisöno't adj. par. baptized. pötisöno/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to baptize. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t. pötöl /pətəl/ (see patal).

pötön /pətən/ (see pötan).

pötogh /pətoχ/n. pl. backs (see patagh).

pötyeny /pətjen/ (see patyeny).

pöy /pəv. [1.ki] to belong to (e.g., Opöyan Kaa-cheripkö—I belong to Kaacheripkö). pöyöt n. par. belonging. pöyitu(n) v. [3.ki] to own; to be one's duty. pöyitunogh n. par. property; ownership.

pöynötyon /pəjnətəvən/ n. dam; pool (stagnant water).

pöyinoton /pəjinotəvən/(pöyinot) n. liquid.

pöiyön /pajijən/ (see payiyan).

pöyös /pəjɔ:s/ (see payas).

pöytoghin /pərtoχi:n/ /i/ n. ruler; king; emperor/sovereign; president. pöytoghintön n. sovereignty. pöyunöt/<in/ n. kingdom. pöyunöto kegh n. independence (see payta).

pochii /pətʃi/ third pers. (s)he has (see pach).

pochöl /potʃəl/ <tin/ n. bald headed because the hair and head skin was burned.

pod /pod/ v. [2.ku] to regret; to resent.

kipodöt/<ut/ n. par. resentment. kipodin/i/ n. resenter. podo't adj. par. resented. <o(tö), <egh.

Poding /podinj/ <tin/ n. boarding; pension; hostel (Eng.).

pogh /poχ/ (see pagh).

Poghet /poχet/ <us/ n. day(time). poghet kwen / poχet kwen/ midday, noon.

Poghon /poyon/ poghon /poyon/ /n. oribi. poghten (see paghta). pok (see pak).

Pok /pok/ v. [2.ku] 1 to peel off the bark of a tree; to remove. 2 to cleanse away a big felony, e.g., lapay kipoköt/<ut/ n. par. removal. kipoksyö n. removing. ki-pokin /pokin/ /i/ n. one who removes. kipokön n. something peeled off recently. po-k'ot adj. par. removed. pokö/<isyot/ adj. par. removable; possible to peel. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

pokin /pokin/ <tin/ n. entrance to a field; gate; corridor.

pokis /pokis/ <tin/ n. cube.

pokoyö n. cattle disease related to pneumo- nia.

Pokpok /pokpok/ (see pakpak).

pol /pol/ n. high heaven, outer space (see pal). polisyon /polisjən/ (pl. pölis) n. police officer (Eng.). polol/<tin/ n. slot or hole in a tree; hollow trunk; cavity (see palal). polpol /polpol/ n. (see palpal). polta/oy/ n. cloud.

poltowon /poltəwən/ (pl.poltow) n. pick; bar used for digging holes.

Pom /pom/ <tin n. bomb (Eng.).

Pompos /pompos/ <ay, <oy/ n. band; leather sack on which cowry shells are sewn, and that is worn by women in big celebrations.

pomwö /pomwə/ <tin n. 1 wife of one's father, but not the mother; stepmother. 2 mother in law

Pomwoy /pomwoi/ <tin n. patas monkey.

pon (see pan B).

ponit /ponit/ ,ponit n. honey from bees that live inside a trunk.

Ponin /ponin/ <i n. witch. ponintön n. magic, witchcraft.

Ponot /ponot/ (pl. point) n. a ground hole of bees.

Ponte /pönte/ n. the old men, elders. ponwöy n. pl. (see pan). pong (see pang).

pongungwö /poχunjwə/<öy shrew mouse.

Pop /pop/ (see pap).

popot /popot/ (see papat).

por /por/ (see par B).

por /por/ (pl.porwöy) (A) n. 1 body. 2 euphemism for sickness; foreign body, e.g., Mi por kaa Lokidony—There is a serious illness in Lokidony's home.

Por /por/ (B) v. [2.ki] to sort out (very much used for cleaning flying ants).

poröt /porət/ <ut n. par. sorting out. porsyö n. sorting out. Porin /porin/ /i/ n. one who sorts out. porön /porən/ n. something recently sorted. por'ot adj. par. sorted.

Poro /poro/ <isyot adj. par. possible to sort out. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. p'or/por/ (C) v. [2.ki] to level down; to raze. p'oröt <ut n. par. leveling down. p'orsyö n. leveling down. p'orin/i/ n. one who levels. p'or'ot /poröt/ adj. par. leveled. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

porchi /pɔrtʃi/ der. v. [3.ku] to show; to display. kiporchinogh, kiporchinöt/<ut/ n. par. show; display. kiporchineghin/i/ n. shower. porchinegho't adj. par. shown. <egh, <en.

Poret /pɔret/ (pl.p'oret) <ay n. first born child.

pori /pori/ der. v. [3.ku] to signify; to mean; to imply. kiporunöt <ut n. par. meaning; manifestaton. porun'ot adj. par. meant; implied.

Porolyon /pɔrɔljɔn/ (pl. porol) n. eye dirt remaining after sleeping.

poronchö pögh /porontʃə pəχ/ n. natural dam.

poror /poror/ v. [2.ki] to roar; to rumble; to snarl.

pororöt /pororöt/ <ut n. par. roar. pororin/i/ n. one who roars. poror'ot adj. par. roared. pororo/<isyot/ adj. par. able to roar. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

pororoncho /pororontʃo/ v. of water, to be stagnant, e.g., Kipororonchö pögh—Water made a dam; pororoncho pögh a dam of water.

por-pö /por-pə/ parts of.

porwö /porwə/ ant-hill prepared to catch flying ants.

porwöy /porwəi/ n. pl. bodies.

poryewut /pørjewut/ n. pl. (see poryot).

poryö /pɔrjə/ v. [3.ki] to fight; to struggle; to strive. poryogh n. par. fighting; striving. por-yeghin/i/ n. fighter; pugnacious. por- yeghot adj. par. fought. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t. poryon/<tin/ n. aban- doned dwelling, or homestead (more com- mon ko poryon). poryot/ poryewut/ n. fighting; fray; war; feud.

poryotö /pørjøtə/ der. v. [3.ki] to wade; to trudge.

poryotogh /pørjøtøχ/ n. par. wading. pos/<tin/ n. tin of two litres. pos (see pas B).

posta /pøsta/ n. mail; post (Eng.).

posyentu /posjentu/ <tin n. someone you were circumcised together, stayed in the same seclusion house (menjo) and got the same instructions (see pintanyu).

Posyon /posyon/ (pl. postin) n. type of tree (its fruits are edible; its leaves are medicine for infants).

Pot/pøt/ (A) v. to lose; to vanish. kipot- at/<ut/ n. par. lost; vanish. kipot- in/i/ n. loser; one who loses things. ki- potan adj. lost. pot'at/pot'ot/ adj. par. lost. poto/<isyot/ adj. par. vanishable. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

pot /pot/ (B) v. [1.ki] to peel (a fruit, or a tree); to pare. potat/<ut/ n. peeling; peel. pot- syö n. peeling off. potin/i/ n. one who peels (also used for carpenter). potan n. peel of something. pot'at/<ot/ adj. par. peeled. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

pot /pot/ (C) v. [2.ki] to speak satirically. potöt n. par. satire. potin/i/ n. satiric person.

pot'ot adj. par. satirical. <otö, <u, <chi, <o, <egh. pot ngal to dissemble; to feign; to simulate. potöto ngal n. par. beating about the bush potinto ngal/i/ n. feigner. <otö, <u, <chi, <egh.

potich/pøtɪtʃ/ potich/<tin/ n. 1 mother in law. 2 child in law (referring to mother in law). poto / pøtø/ conj. unless. kipoto idem. potonchi /potontʃi/ (n) der. v. [3.ki] to eager; to tremble for

something.

potonchinogh n. par. eagerness.

potpoton /pøtpøton/ rep. v. [2.ki] to worry; to tremble. potpotonöt/<ut/ n. par. worring. potpotonin/i/ n. worrisome. potpoton'ot adj. par. worry. <otö, <egh, <o.

potion /pøtjøn/ n. stool; faeces.

pojito /pajitə/ <en n. men who marry two sisters or girls from the same clan.

po(y)kokwö /pojokokwə/ n. March.

poyö /poyə/ v. [3.ki] to pertain to; to belong.

poyötogh /pojøtøχ/ n. par. pertaining.

Poyon /pøjøn/ (pl. poy) n. 1 old man; elder. 2 title of respect equal to 'gentleman'. 3 husband, e.g., pontenyan, my husband; poyicha, our husbands.

poyotoy /pojotori/ n. pair of things or people.

poyoteghö /pojotexə/ v. [3.ku] 1 to accompany. 2 to compete. kipoyotogh n. par. company; competition. Kipoyoteghin/i/ n. com- panion; contender. poyotegho't n. par. accompanied. <otö, <egh.

poypoy /poɪpɔɪ/ ket n. phrase to mean that the given alarm was false.

Brasil /prasił/n. Brazil.

primoghyon /pimoxjøn/ n. 1 a type of a tree. 2 an animal that has conceived.

Propsins /propsins/ <tin n. province (Eng.).

psach adj. par. ready; cautious; alert; prime.

Psakar/psawar/ n. 1 fore-stomach of ruminants. 2 kind of mushroom.

psapir /psapir/ <ya n. 1 razor blade. 2 a type of red bitter finger millet.

Psawach /psawatʃ/ ,psawaytin n. food for the journey.

Psay /psai/ (<tin) n. tick.

psekwiṭö /psekwiṭə/ <en n. dreadful animal(s) shown to circumcised boys (tyos) to frighten them so that they can prove their courage.

Psengkwet /pseŋwet/ n. nodes tuberculosis.

Psera /psera/ <tin n. big snake.

Pserenoy /pserenox/ <tin yellow-backed snake. pserönøy/<tin/ big snake.

psil /psil/ <tin, <ay n. crook of the arm; forearm.

psiryoch /psirjotʃ/ <ay n. bulbous plant blossoming in a red bulb of the lily family. mama

psiryoch /psirjotʃ/ n. same kind of flower but blossoming in a bell, like white flowers.

psit /psit/ n. October.

Psikor/psikɔ/ n. small town in Weyvey Division (the name refers to the green fresh grass that springs

after the old one has been burnt).

psinyonywö /psijnɔnɔwə/(sinyony) n. type of tree (edible vegetable).

Psirmoyon /psirmoyɔn/ <tin n. courageous; furious person; irascible; irritable.

Psisoy /psisɔɪ/ <tin n. puffadder (see kipisi).

psökös /psɔkəs/ <tin n. person who urinates during sleep.

psöngöröyö /psəŋjərəjə/ <tin n. 1 type of arrow with wide head. 2 edge of an arrow.

psöpöny /psəpən/ <öy cottage, hut (used as a shelter to watch over the millet fields).

psompö /psompə/ <en uncircumcised men.

psortich /psortitʃ/ <ay n. celibate (especially a man, who has shown that his reason for not marrying is not lack of cattle—therein the name psortich). psortichnön n. celibacy.

Psoy /psɔɪ/ n. kind of medicine.

Psyarityon /psjaritjɔn/ (psyaritin) n. whip; lash; cane.

Psyarkong /psjarkon/ <is n. a body of persons to assist an important person; retinue.

ptakalinan /ptakalinan/ n. perversity; sacrilege; felony. ptakalis n. pl. perverse people ptaka-lyan

ptakalis /n. perverse; sacrilegious; wrongdoer; felon.

ptampi /ptampi/ <un n. round gourd (used for shaking milk). ptampö/on/ n. round gourd used for churning milk.

ptangengmöt /ptarjəŋmät/ <in n. human being; hu- manity.

Ptangeryan /ptarjerjan/ (pl. ptangeris) n. poor person; one with not much personal property.

ptangtang /ptarjtanj/ n. anaemia. ptanya/<oy/ n. edible weed. ptarii/<in/ n. type of tree (cæsalbina pulcherrima).

Ptarka /ptarka/ <en/ n. small gourd used by women.

ptenkulö /ptenjkul/ v. [3.ki] to twist using a wrist.

Pterngal /pterjal/ <tin n. gecko. ptıl ngal /ptıl njal/ n. 1 judge; wise person. 2 supreme god. ptülingal/<tin/ n. judge.

ptırcho /ptırtʃ/ adv. straight forward; directly, e.g., Kingwin ptırchö—He came straight to me. ptıriny/<öy/ n. Eastern forest hog. ptıwin/<tin/ n. hedgehog.

ptinchil /ptintʃıl/ <tin n. trigger (see atikay, pirtewön).

Ptipoch /ptipotʃ/ n. thumb (old use).

Ptiriauriew /ptiriauriew/ <ay n. pygmy (see pınkur- yon).

ptirkik /ptirkik/ <tin n. dormitory.

Ptirmisoy /ptirmisoɪ/ adj. unconscious.

ptitil /ptitil/ n. an illness that makes the patient to urinate all the time, but in drops.

ptölok /ptəlok/ <tin n. plague.

ptöwkut /ptəwkut/ n. mouth infection.

ptompö /ptompə/ <en n. 1 one year old calves. 2 absurd, stupid.

Ptughsighya /ptuχsiχja/ <ay n. type of tree (acacia Sieberiana).

ptükö /ptukə/ <en n. eland.

ptumöt /ptumət/ n. type of grass (used for the ceremony of ‘atoywöy’, especially in the evening when taking ‘munyan’).

Ptyechon /ptjetʃon/ <en n. black colobus monkey.

puch /putʃ/ v. [2.ku] 1 to sweep. 2 to fonde. 3 to slaughter. kipuchogh, kipu- chöt/<ut/ n. par. sweeping. kipuch- in/i/ n. sweeper. kipuchön n. some- thing swept; slaughter. puch'ot adj. par. swept. pucho/<isyot/ adj. par. possi- ble to be swept. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Puchten /putʃten/, puchtö v. [3.ku] 1 to shave the head after someone's death, or a hard troublesome period of time. 2 to improve after a long period of famine. ki- puchtogh n. par. ceremony for shaving heads, or forefront. kipuytoghin/i/ n. the one performing the ceremony. puch- tegh'ot adj. par. shaved. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

pugh /puɣ/ n. shoulder.

pukwö /pukwə/ /pl.puk/ n. medicinal tree.

pulchi /pultʃi/ der. v. [3.ku] to pounce; to swoop; to assault. kipulchinogh, kipulchinöt/<ut/ n. par. assault; pouncing. ki- pulchineghin/i/ n. assaulter. pulchinot adj. par. assaulted; pounced. <egh.

pultö /pultə/ v. [3.ku] to rush; to scamper; to scuttle; to dash. kipultogh n. par. rushing. kipulteghin /kipuχi:n/ /i/ n. one who rushes. pul- tegh'ot adj. par. rushed. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

pun /pu:n/ v. [2.ku] to kidnap; to elope. kipunöt <ut n. par. kidnapping. kipunin/i/ n. kidnapper. kipunön n. something or someone kidnapped. pun'ot adj. par. kidnapped. <otö, <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

punké /puŋke/ n. parliament chi pö punke n. member of parliament (Kis.).

punpun /punpun/ v. [2.ku] to penetrate; to drill. kipunpunöt n. par. drilling. kipunpu- nin/i/ n. one who drills. punpun'ot adj. par. drilled. punpuno/<isyot/ adj. par. penetrable <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. punpun/<oy/ n. 1 window; spout. 2 tube; hose (Kara.).

puntö /puntə/ v. [3.ku] 1 to reveal. 2 to fulfill. kipuntogh, kipunteghöt/<ut/ n. par. fulfillment. kipunteghin/i/ n. fulfiller.

Puro /purɔ/ <isyot adj. par. possible to cover; possible to wrap. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Puraghosyon /puragħosjɔ:n/ (pl.puraghos), <tin/ n. deri- sive name given to a person wearing trousers. Puresyon /puresjɔn/ (pl.pures) n. dry manure (especially of goats).

puret /puret/ n. mishap; misfortune. kipuret mishap.

purörörö /purərərə/ inter. to show astonishment.

puroy /puroy/ v. [2.ku] to exaggerate; to flatter. kipuroyöt <ut/ n. par. exaggeration. kipuroyin/i/ n. exaggerator. puroy'ot adj. par. exaggerated. <sy , <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. purpurnare/<tin/ n. hedgehog. puruk/<tin/ n. round.

puryö /purjə/ adv. & adj. without; use as the English suffix 'less', e.g., puryö chi nobody.

puntegh'ot /punteyət/ adj. par. fulfilled. <egh(u), puryö kaynat nameless; puryö ker pes penniless; puryö puryö söpon lifeless. kigh nothing. <eghchii, <ötö. Punkurtin /punjurtin/ n. pl. (see pïnkuryon).

pung /puŋ/n. pl. 1 enemies; adversaries; foes. 2 tribes (see punyon).

Puny /puŋ/ v. [2.ku] to exaggerate. kipunyöt/<ut/ n. par. exaggeration. kipuny syö n. exaggerating. kipunyin/i/ n. ex- aggerator. puny'ot adj. par. exaggerated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Punyon /puŋɔ:n/ (pl. pung) n. 1 enemy; adversary; foe. 2 tribe. punyontön n. enmity.

punypuny /puŋpuŋ/ v. [1.ku] to grow well (of corn). kipunypunyat n. par. growing well. kipunypunyin/i/ n. corn that grows well. punypuny'at/punypuny'ot/ adj. par. well grown. <o(tö), <egh, <u, <chii. punypunyakin v. [1.ku] to beget something in a recurring way, be it good or bad (especially used for food). kipunypunyakinat n. par. fortune; luck.

pur /pur/ (A) v. [1.ku] 1 to cover (especially with a goat's skin); to wrap; to put on; to wear. 2 to wrap; to envelop. kipur- at/<ut/ n. par. covering; wrapping. ki- pursyö /pursjə/ n. covering; wrapping. kipur- in/i/ n. one who covers; one who wraps. kipuran n. something recently covered.

pur'at/<ot/ adj. par. covered; wrapped.

pus /pus/ v. [1.ki] to rise; to climb up. pusat, pusa /pusa/ n. par. rising; climbing; slope; pus- ata kut accentuation. pusan n. recently risen. pus at adj. par. risen.

Puso /puso/ <isyö adj. par. possible to rise. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <i, towards the speaker. pus- eryon/puser/ n. flood; current of a river. pusü /pusi/ der. v. [3.ki] to arise. Pusunagh /pusunaax/, pusunat n. par. rising. pusunata asis n. dawn; sunrising. pusöwon/pusöw/ n. stair; ladder.

pusyen /pusje:n/ adj. black and white.

pusyentö /pusyents/ bluish grey.

put /put:/ (A) v. v. [2.ki] to lie; to deceive; to cheat. putat/<ut/ n. par. lying. putin/i n. lier. put'at/<ot/ adj. par. lied. putintön n. lie; falsehood; glibness; perjury. <o(tö), <egh.

put /put/ (B) v. [2.ku] to encircle; to surround. kiputagh, kiputat/<ut/ n. par. cir- cle; encircling. kiputin/i/ n. one who encircles. kiputan n. newly encircled. putat/<öt/ adj. par. encircled; sur- rounded. puto/<isyot/ adj. par. sur- roundable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. putyon/put/ 1 n. hair. puto kamama eyebrow. puto kech wool. puto kil- kil armpit hair. puto kong eyelash. pu- to kut moustache. puto simong pelvis hair. 2 ceremonial sacrifice of an animal. 3 colour of an animal.

Put /<in/ /it n. foot (measure distance) (Eng.).

putil /putıl/ <öy n. hoof.

putöro /putərə/ <en n. type of tree (ceiba pentantra).

Putyon /putjɔ:n/ (pl.put) n. 1 hair. 2 ceremonial sacrifice of an animal. 3 colour of an animal.

puytö /purga/ v. to sweep; clean.

pyano /piano/ n. piano (Eng.).

pyanges /pyaŋes/ <tin n. deformed person with a protruded chest.

Pyosyas /pjɔsjas/ pyos(y)oy n. something old and decrepit.

R, r

rachan /ratʃtan/ n. a kind of traditional vegetable that grows in wet ground.

radio /radio/ <tin/ n. radio (Eng.).

rakaman /rakamam/ /rökömöme adj. 1 miserable, poor. 2 uncapable, useless, weak. **rökömömyö** n. 1 misery; unselessness; weakness. **rakamamit**, **rökömömit/rö-kömömitu/** v. to become useless, or weak.

rakas /rakas/ v. [1.ki] to miss, e.g., Kerakas amīna rop Kapanuria—Kapenguria did not get rain last night. **rakasat** n. par. miss- ing. **rakas'at/ rökös'ot/** adj. par. missed. <o(tö), <egh.

rakesa /rakesa/ v. [ki] to subtract; to reduce.

rakon /rakon/ <tin, <oy/ n. a small honey container; smaller than tökogh.

rakonyon /rakonjon/ n. a poor person, who is in need of assistance; one who lives alone; one who thinks alone.

rakor /rakor/ v. [1.ku] to stand. **kirakorat/ ki- rökorut/** n. par. standing. **kirökor- syö** n. standing. **kirökorin/i/** n. one who stands. **rakor'at/rökor'ot/** adj. par. stood. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <egh. **rakula** /rakula/ n. a small house; room.

rakunyany /rakunyaj/ n. the fallen unripe fruit.

ral /ra:l/ v. [1.ki] to cough. **ralat/rolut/** n. par. cough. **rolsyo** n. coughing. **rolin/i/** n. one who coughs a lot. **ral'at/rolo't/** coughed out. **rolo/**<isyot/ adj. able to cough. <sy, <o(tö), <a, <egh, <t, to cough out, <chi, to cough on, <u, to cough on the speaker.

ram /ram/ v. [1.ki] to fetch. **Rama pögh**—Fetch water. **ramat/romut/** n. par. handful of water (with both hands). **römsyo** n. fetching. **römin/i/** n. one who fetches water. **rom'ot** adj. par. fetched. **rom- isyot** adj. fetchable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

ramas /ramas/ n. spleen.

rachan /ratʃtan/ n. a kind of traditional vegetable that grows in wet ground.

Radio /radio/ <tin/ n. radio (Eng.).

Rakaman /rakamam/ /rökömöme adj. 1 miserable, poor. 2 uncapable, useless, weak. **rö-**

kirömitin/i/ one who moos, mumbles. **ramit'at/ ramitat/ (römit'ot/)** adj. par. mumbled; mooed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

rankan /ranjan/n. domesticated animals.

rankat /ranjat/ n. red colour (see pürir).

kömömyö n.1 misery; unselessness;

rankatat /ranjat//rönkötöte/ adj. suspended (for weakness. **rakamamit**, **rökömömit/rö-kömömitu/** v. to become useless, or weak.

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rang /raj v. [1.ki] to escort animals, to drive cattle; to instigate. **rangat/rongut/** n. par. driving. **rongsyö** n. driving. **rongin/i/** n. one who drives cattle. **rang'at/rong'ot/** adj. par. driven. **rongo/**<isyot/ adj. possible to drive. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

Rangrang /raŋraŋ/ (röngörönge/ adj. loose; unsta- ble. **röngröngö** n. instability. **rangra- ngit**, **röngröngitu** v. to become unstable. **rap** v. [1.ku] 1 to thresh. 2 to thump the ground with the feet. **kirapat/kiroput/**n. par. threshing. **kiropsyö** n. threshing. **kiropin/i/** n. one who threshes. **ra-p'at/rop'ot/** adj. par. threshed. **ropo/**<isyot/ adj. possible to thresh. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. adj. possible to thresh.

rapach /rapa:tʃ/ v. [1.ku] to applaud; to clap hands;

rarisan /rarisan/n. dusk.

rarta /rarta/ der. v. [3.ki] 1 to clarify (explain step by step); to elaborate. 2 to lag behind. **rartagh** n. par. 1 clarification. 2 lagging behind. **rartegh'at/rörtégh'ot/** adj. par. left behind. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchi. to slap; to flatter. **kirapachat/kiröporasü/rasu/** n. traditional overcoat made of skin

chut/ n. par. applaud; slapping. **kirö- pochin/i/** n. one who claps, or slaps. **rapach'at(röpoch'ot) /rapatʃat/** adj. par. slapped. **röpocho/**<isyot/ adj. possible to clap. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

rapas /rapas/ v. [1.ki] to die; to perish; to pass away; to decease. **rapasat** death. **rapasa, ra- pasat/ röpösüt/** n. par. dying. **rapas- an** n. deceased person. **rapas'at/röpös'ot/** adj. par. dead. **röpöso/**<isyot/ adj. perishable. <u, <chi, <o, <egh.

rapka yit /rapka jit/ n. auricle.

rapnyuny /rapnunj/ n. catastrophe in a family.

rar /rar/ v. [1.ki] 1 to explain; to formulate;

to stipulate. 2 to trim. Rarat /rarat/ (rör-ut) n. par. explanation. rörsyö n. 1 explaining. 2 trimming. rörin/i/ n. 1 person who explains 2 trimmer. rar'ot/rör'ot/ adj. par. 1 explained. 2 trimmed. röro/<isyot/ adj. possible to trim. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

Rarach /raratʃ/ (A) v. to undo; to replace.

Rarach /raratʃ/ (B) v. [1.ku] to shed; to pour. kirarachat n. par. shedding. kiroroch- in/i/ n. one who pours. kirarachan n. recently poured. rarachat/roroch'ot/ adj. par. poured; shed. rorocho/<isyot/ adj. possible to shed. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

Rarak /rarak/ (roroke) adj. brittle fragile. rorökö n. brittleness; fragility. rarakit, rorokit, rorokitu/ v. to become fragile.

Raraka /raraka/ n. droppings of fruit, cereals, etc. (see chempe). rarkan n. leftovers.

rareng /rarenj/ n. [1.ku] to put things at the edge of something, or planting around the field. kirarengat n. par. doing that. kiröre- ngin/i/ n. person who likes to do that. rareng'at/rörengr'ot/ adj. par. placed at the edge. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t, for someone else. (see sampu).

Rasya /rasja/ n. Russia.

Rat /rat/ (A) v. [1.ki] 1 to tie; to lash. 2 to detain; to imprison. 3 to make a spell in order to protect from wild animals a domestic animal lost in the bush. rat- at/rotut/ n. par. 1 tie. 2 detention; imprisonment. rotsyö n. tying; detaining. rotin/i/ n. one who ties; jailer. ratan n. prisoner. rat'at/ rot'ot/ adj. par. tied; ro- to/<isyot/ adj. possible to tie, or detain. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <egh.

Rat /rat/ (B) v. [1.ku] to ashame; to despise; to abuse someone; to mistreat; to humiliate. kiratat/ kirotut/ n. par. shame; abuse- ment; mistreatment; humiliation. kirot- syö n. ashaming. kirotin/in/ abuser. ki- ratan n. ashamed; humiliated. rat'at/ ro- to't/ adj. par. mistreated. roto/<isyot/ adj. abusable. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

Rawraw /rawraw/ (röwröwe) adj. frail; fragile; wispy. weak, unhealthy, slim. röwröw-yö n. frailty. rawrawit, röwröwit, röwröwitu/ v. to become fragile.

rech (see rek).

Rech /retʃ/ (A) v. [2.ku] to clasp; to grip (as with jaws). kirechöt/<ut/ n. par. scars left after being clasped. kirechsyö n. clasping. kirechin/i/ n. gripper. rech'ot adj. par. clasped. recho/<isyot/ adj. possible to clasp. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

regheteghchi /reyteytʃi/ der. v. [3.ku] to take down for (third person).

Rek /rek/ v. (B) v. [2.ku] to pinch; to prick. kireköt/<ut n. par. pinch. kireksyö n. pinching. kirekin/i/ n. one who pinches. kirekön n. wound caused by a prick. re- k'ot adj. par. pinched. reko/<isyot/ adj. pinchable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

reki /rekɪ/ der. v. (from rey+i, it changes into rek+i; see reytö) [3.ki] to come down. rey- togh n. par. coming down; descending. <egh, to bring down with.

reko /reko/ n. a manual instrument used for grinding maize; hand mill.

rekun /rekun/ (see reki).

rel /rel/ (relach) adj. 1 white. 2 new. 3 fresh. 4 modern. relin n. 1 whiteness. 2 new moon. rel [2.ki] to become new moon. relöto arawa n. new moon; first quarter of moon; crescent moon (relin arawa). relit, relitu/relachitu/ v. to become white, or new. relinoy/<öy/ n. place with white soil (either calcium, or white clay).

rel/reluwon n. carnivorous.

rel /rel/ (A) v. [1.ki] to cause a cow to stop producing milk because of a spell (a belief). relat/<ut/ n. par. that kind of cursing. relin/i/ n. person who causes cows to produce milk. rel'at/<ot/ adj. par. cow who has been cursed. <o(tö), <egh. rel- syö n. a traditional belief that if you eat meat and then drink milk then the cow gets dry.

rel /rel/ (B) v. [2.ku] to arrive. kirelogh, kirelöt n. par. arriving. kirelin/i/ n. arriver. rel'ot adj. par. arrived. o(tö), <egh, <i, referring to the place, or to the place of the speaker, <t, arrive there.

relin /relin/ n. first quarter of the moon; crescent moon (relin arawa). relinoy <öy n. place with white soil (either calcium, or white clay).

relitö /relita/ der. v. [3.ku] to renew. kiletítogh n. par. renewal.

relit /relit/ v. [2.ku] to reveal; to discover (especially through spells). kirelitöt n. par. discovering. relit'ot adj. par. discovered. <o(tö), <egh.

relö /relə/ relen n. flour made from young millet.

relö /relə/ der. v. [3.ki] 1 to pass by. 2 to pass with. 3 to overstep.

Relot /relot/ adj. pre-eminent.

reltö /relta/ der. v. [2.ku] to pass; to reach. kireltogh n. par. reaching; passing.

Relyon /reljɔ:n/ n. first fruits from a harvest.

rem /rem/ v. [2.ku] to delay someone; to lure on; to defer. kiremöt/<ut/ n. par. delay. ki- remsyö n. delaying. kiremin/i/ n. one who delays. rem'ot adj. par. delayed. re- mo/<isyot/ adj. possible to delay. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t, to delay someone for another person.

Rena /rena/ n. a kind of a tree. che rena a whiteman (looks like that tree). Rentilyon /rentiljɔ:n/ / Rentilen n. Rendile. rentuyan/rentuytin/ n. rake.

renyat /renyat/ v. [ke] to deny justice to someone.

Rengkar reljkar/ <tin n. verge.

Rengker /renjer/ <öy n. edge; brim.

rengkör /renjkör/ v. [1.ku] to loiter along something. kirengkörat n. par. moving livestock around. kirengkörin/i/ n. person who loafers around. <sy, <o(tö), <egh, <i towards the speaker.

reny /reŋ/ v. [1.ki] to deprive; not to give one his/her rightful share. renyat/<ut/ n. par. depriving. renyin/i/ n. depriver; usurper. reny'at/<ot/ adj. par. deprived. renyo/<isyot/ adj. possible to deprive. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

reperwö /reperwə/ (pl.reper) n. 1 type of tree. 2 fruits of this tree.

repör /repər/ v. [2.ku] to divert; to hinder. ki-repöröt/<ut/ n. par. diversion. ki-repörsyo n. hindering. kirepörin/i/ n. hinderer; diverter. kirepörön n. something diverted. repör'ot adj. par. diverted. repöro/<isyot/ adj. possible to divert. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

rer /rer/ v. [2.ku] to observe; to look from afar; to scrutinize; to esp. kireöt n. par. observing. kirersyo n. observing. ki-rerin/i/ n. observer. rer'ot adj. par. observed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, to observe for someone else.

Rerang /reranj/ <tin n. edge. rerangu n. edge of. rerangu lalwa river bank

Rerany /reranj/ n. riverbanks or lakeshores.

reres n. bat.

reriy /rerij/ v. [2.ki] 1 to suckle. reriyö kitin, suckle the breast. 2 to suck. reriyöt/rerijot/ n. par. sucking. rerisyö n. suckling. rer-i-yin/i/ n. small child or animal that sucks. reriyön n. offspring that is suckled by someone but the mother. reriyö't/rerijot/ adj. par. suckled; sucked. reriyö/<isyot/ adj. able to suckle. <syö, o(tö), <egh, <u, <chii, when a child is fed by a nurse.

reriyin /reriji:n/(pl.reriyi:) n. parasite, e.g., mistletoe. rerwa/en/ n. emptied log used as trough for watering animals; a wooden trough for animal lick.

rewö /rewə/ <en n. flexible tree tied or nailed on top of the pillars of a house to place on it the beams for the roof; ring beam of a house.

res /res/n. praise; honour.

Resyan /resjan/ /pl.res(tin) n. 1 testa; any peel of something of the body or anything. 2 dry skin, especially on the heels. 3 inner layer of the skin of a person.

Reteno /reteno/ v. [ke] tethering away from you.

reuno v. [ke] tethering towards you.

Rewo /rewo/ n. difficulties.

rey v. [1.ku] to hate; to abhor; to loathe. kireyat/<ut/ n. par. hatred. kiresysö n. hating. kireyin/i/ n. one who hates. ki-reyan /reyan/ n. hated. rey'at/<ot/ adj. par. hated. reyo/<isyot/ adj. possible to hate. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. reya v. [ke] to oppress.

reyteghü /reiteyı/ der. v. [3.ku] 1 to take down for. 2 to reduce (1st or 2nd person). kireyteghunöt n. par. reducing; reduction.

reytö /reita/ v. [3.ku] to go down; to descend. kireytetogh n. par. going down. kireytöghin/i/ n. one who descends. reytegh'ot adj. par. descended. <egh, <eghu, <eghchii. reytö asis v. to become evening. reytogh pö asis sunset.

rï /ri/ (see rïw).

rïkimchü /rikimtsı/ der. v. [3.ki] to emphasise; to stress. 2 to concentrate; to increase the efforts to solve a problem; to intensify. rïkimchinogh, rïkimchinöt/<ut/ n. par. emphasis. rïkimchineghini/ n. person who puts more efforts. rïkim-chinegho't adj. par. intensified. <otö,<egh.

rïkinchü /rikintſı/ v.[3.ki] to infer. rïnchinogh n. par. inference. rïnchin'ot adj. par. inferred. <o(tö), <egh.

rïkisa /rikisa/ n. April.

rïkoy /rïkoı/ n. force.

rïl /rïl/ v. [2.ku] to languish. kirilöt n. par. languishing. kirilön n. person who is languishing. rïlo't adj. par. languished. <o(tö), <egh.

rïm /rïm/ v. [2.ki] 1 to harm; to hurt. 2 to murder; to slay. rïmöt/<ut/ n. par. harming; murder. rïmsyo n. harming; murdering. rïmin/i/ n. murderer. rïmo't adj. par. harmed; murdered. rïmo/<isyot/ adj. possible to harm. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

rïmtö /rïmtə/ der. v. [3.ki] to abrogate; to guard. rïmtagh n. par. abrogation. rïmtögh-in/i/ n. guard; watchman. rïmtegh'at adj. par. guarded. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

rïmum /rïmum/ (rïmumöch) adj. 1 bent. 2 pensive. rïmum stat. v. [1.ku] 1 to be deformed. 2 to squat because of pain; to hold one's head in a pensive manner. kirïmu-mat/<ut/ n. par. deformity. kirïmum-syö n. squatting. kirïmumin/i/ n. tem- porary deformed; pensive. kirïmuman n. deformed. rïmum'at /rïmumat/ <y'ot adj. par. de-formed; pensive. <sy, <o(tö), <egh. rï-muma v. [3.ku] 1 to deform. 2 to squat in a sorrowful way. kirïmumagh n. par. deforming.

rïmpöyon /rïmpö/ n. mosquito.

rïnchich /rintſitsı/ v. [2.ki] 1 to creak. 2 to feel symptoms of a sickness. rïnchichöt/<ut/ n. par. symptoms. rïnchich'ot adj. par. felt sick. creaked. e.g., Rïnchichanın por—I feel sick.

rïng /rïŋ/ (see rïny).

rïng /rïŋ/ v. [1.ki] to reduce; to abridge; to shorten. rïngat/<ut/ n. par. reducing. ringsyo n.reducing.

rïngin /rïŋin/ /i/ n. re- ducer. rïng'at/<ot/ adj. par. reduced. rïngo/<isyot/ adj. possible to

reduce. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <o, <egh. rīng kegh to humb le oneself. rīng mīkulöw 1 to give up. 2 to decide promptly.

rīngis /rīngis/ n. 1 line; queu. 2 all together, e.g., Kapecha rīngis—We all went together.

rīngkwil /rīngkwil/ <tin n. pommel; any protruded round end.

rīngta /rīngta/ (see rīnyta).

rīny /rīn/ (see rīng).

rīny /rīn/ v. [1.ki] to split; to splinter; to break.

rīnyat /rīnat/ <ut n. par. split. rīnysyö n. splitting. rīnyin/i/ n. one who splits. rīnyan n. something recently splitted. rīny'at/<ot/ adj. par. splitted. rī- nyo/<isyot/ adj. splittable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

rīnyarīny /rīnarīn/ v. [1.ki] to disrupt. rīnyarīny atrīnyörīnyut/ n. par. disruption. rī- nyörīnysyö n. disrupting. rīnyörīny- in/i/ n. disrupter. rīnyarīny'at/rīnyö- rīny'ot/ adj. par. disrupted. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

rīnyit /rīnit/ n. plumb.

rīny öryny /rīn orj/ (see rīnyarīny).

rīnyta /rīnta/ v. [3.ki] to win; to overrun; to suppress; to defeat. rīnytagh n. par. victory; defeat; triumph. rīnytöghin/i/ n. winner; defeater. rīnyteghat/<ot/ adj. par. defeated. rīnytegho/<isyot/ adj. defeatable. <o(tö), <egh(u), <eghchii. rīp /rīp/ (A) v. [1.ki] to follow; to trace. rīp- at/<ut/ n. par. following. rīpsyö n. following. rīpin/i/ n. follower. rīp'at/<ot/ adj. par. followed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <(ch)i, <egh, towards the speaker.

rīp /rīp/ (B) v. [2.ku] to run. ryögh (stem for plural forms). kiripöt n. par. running. kiripin/ ryöghi/ n. runner. rīp'ot/ryö- ghö't/ adj. par. run. <o(tö), <u, <(ch)i, <egh, towards the speaker.

rīp /rīp/ (C) v. [2.ki] (euphemism) to miscarry, e.g., Kerip moniingay kömiröy korka—The child that woman was pregnant with has been miscarried (litt. the child has run) (see rīp B).

rīpanian /pīpanian/ (pl.rīpanis) n. deputy; vice-.

rīpi /rīpi/ der. v. [3.ki] 1 to follow towards the speakers. 2 to run towards the speaker (singular) 3 to deride. rīpunat n. par. derivation; result. rīpunan n. sequel.

rīpīpyon /rīpīpīyo/ <tin n. last born.

rīpka /rīpka/ <ay n. 1 small skin to serve ugali. 2 small mat.

rīpseten /rīpseten/ (see rīpsetö).

rīpsetö /rīpsetö/ der. v. [2.ki] to run at random. ryöghsetö (for plural forms). <egh. (see rīp).

rīpun /rīpun/ (see rīpi).

rīr /rīr/ v. [2.ki] to ripen; to mature. rīröt

n. par. ripening; maturity. rīrin/i/ n. one that ripens fasts. rīrön n. well ripen. rīrō't adj. par. ripen; matured. rīro /rīro/ /<isyot/ adj. maturable. <o(tö), <egh. rīr tum-when a song or dance is well done.

rīrīchon /rīritʃɔ:n/ (pl.rīrichtin) n. very dry log that can burn easily.

rīruch /rīrutʃ/ v. [2.ku] to pile up (especially ma- nure). kiriruchöt/<ut/ n. par. pile. ki- rīruchsyö n. piling up. kiriruchin/i/ n. one who piles up. kiriruchön n. new pile. rīruch'ot adj. par. piled up. rīruch'ot adj. par. piled up. rīrucho/<isyot/adj. possible to pile up <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

rīs /rīs/ v. (A) v. [2.ki] to cool down from fever, e.g., Köris ma montö The child's fever has gone done. rīsöt n. par. cooling down. <egh, because of.

rīs /rīs/ (B) v. [2.ki] to enhance; to add. rīsöt n. par. enhancing. rīsin/i/ n. one who adds. rīs'ot adj. par. enhanced. rīso/<isyot/ adj. possible to enhance. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

rīs /rīp/ (C) v. [2.ki] to add something to what is right, e.g. in a sharing; to increase. rīsöt/<ut/ n. increasing. rīsin/i/ n. one who likes to do so; generous. rīsön n. something that has been increased; gift. rīs'ot adj. par. increased. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

rīsap /rīsap <tin n. rural area; reserve (Eng.).

rīsit /rīsi:t/ <in n. receipt (Eng.).

rīsöwon /rīsəwɔ:n/ (pl. rīsöw) n. surplus; appendix. rīsta v. [3.ki] to escape (from danger). rīstagh n. par. escaping. rīstöghin/i/ n. one who escapes fast. rīstegh'at/<ot/ adj. par. escaped. <o(tö), <egh.

rīt /rīt/ v. (A) v. [2.ki] 1 to prick; to prod; to poke; to goad. 2 to inject (with a needle). rītöt/<ut/ n. par. prodding; injection. rītsyö n. prodding; injecting. rītin /rtti:/ /i/ n. one who prods or injects. rīt'ot adj. par. prodded; injected. rīto/<isyot/ adj. possible to inject. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

rīt /rīt/ (B) v. [2.ku] to transfer. kiritöt/<ut/ n. par. transportation. kiritsyö n. transporting. kiritin/i/ n. transporter.

rīt'ot adj. par. transported. <sy, <u, <chii, <egh, <o, <t, for someone else, <i, towards the speaker.

rītiny /rītīn/ /rītīnyöch adj. tiny; minuscule. rītinyö n. smallness. rītinyit, rītiny- itu/ rītinöchitu/ v. to become tiny.

rītöto /rītöto/ kut n. hole made on the lower lip to place an ornament called 'kari kut' (litt. mouth ornament).

rīw /rīw/ stat. v. [2.ki] to sleep; to slumber. rīwon n. sleep. rīwin/i/ n. one who sleeps a lot. rīwot/rīwsot, rusot/ adj. par. asleep. <o(tö), <egh, with, <t. rīwö- chii der. v. [3.ki] to rest.

riwöchinogh n. par. repose; rest. riwon n. sleep. riwön pö chö n. midnight. riwom pö mögh n. womb.

riwop /riwop/ v. [2.ku] to stare blindly; not to see well (because of age, etc.). kiriwopöt n. par. staring blindly. kiriwopin/i/ n. one who did not see something that was there. riwopo/<isyot/ adj. possible to stare blindly. <o(tö), <egh.

riwotö /riwotə/ der. v. [3.ki] to incubate. riwotogh n. par. incubating; incubation.

riy /rij/ v. [2.ki] to mate; to have intercourse; to copulate. riyöt n. par. mating. riyo/riy- syot / rija/ n. mating; intercourse. riysyö n. mating. riyin/i/ n. one who mates. riyo't adj. par. mated. <o(tö), <egh.

richta /ritʃta/ v. to adjust.

rik /rik/ (A) v. [1.ki] come close to something; to move near; to approach. rikat n. par. getting near. rik'at/<ot/ adj. par. being near. <otö, <o, <egh, referring to the means used for the movement, <i, moving towards the speaker.

Rik /rik/ (B) v. [1.ku] 1 to surround. 2 to hunt. kirikat/<ut/ n. par. hunting party. ki- riksyö n. surrounding; hunting. kirik- in/i/ n. hunter. rik'at/<ot/ adj. par. surrounded. riko/<isyot/ adj. possible to hunt. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

rik /rik/ (C) v. [2.ku] to fasten; to bind. riköt/<ut/ n. par. binding. riksyö n. fastening. rikin/i/ n. binder. rik'ot adj. par. fasten. riko/<isyot/ adj. possible to bind. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, with.

rik /rik/ (D) v. [2.ku] to cry; to weep for long. kiriköt n. crying for long (especially a child). kirikin/i/ n. one who cries for long. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

riköwon /rikəwən/ (pl. rikow, riköy) n. girth; rope; rein. riköy/<tin/ n. a long and strong rope to manage cows; hard strap of leader for tying animals; sling.

Ril /ril/ v. [1.ki] to feel one's teeth on edge (because of sound, or taste). rilat n. par. that kind of feeling; sensitivity of teeth due to excessive acid. rilin/i/ n. person prompt to feel like that. <otö, <egh, because of.

Rilan /rilan/ n. any hardwood.

Rim /rim/ v. [1.ku] 1 to rotate; to turn around. 2 to move back and forth. kirimöt/<ut/ n. par. rotation. kirimsyö n. rotat- ing. kirimin/i/ n. person walks around. rim'ot adj. par. rotated. rimo/<isyot/ adj. possible to rotate. rimrim rep. v. [2.ki] 1 to revolve. 2 to move around a place. kirimrimöt n. par. revolving; loitering.

rinchin /rintʃɪn/ v. [1.ki] to eat with few people.

rinchinogh /rintʃɪnɔx/ n. par. eating with few.

Rinka /rinka/ n. saw (Kis.).

ring /riŋ/v. 1 to break. 2 to reduce.

Ringring /riŋriŋ/ v. [2.ku] to shake; to quake.

kiringringöt</ut/ n. par. earthquake. <otö, <egh.

rip /rip/ v. [2.ki] to watch; to oversee. ripöt/<ut/ n. par. vigilance; security; watchfulness. ripsyö n. watching; overseeing. ripin/i/ n. watchful; overseer. ripo't adj. par. watched. ripo/<isyot/ adj. possible to watch. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, for somebody else. rip kegh v. to be aware.

ripkö /ripkə/ /<en n. plateau; plain; flat land.

rir /rir/ v. [1.ki] 1 to yell; to scream (for danger); to alarm; to shrill. 2 to sob; to mourn. rirat/<ut/ n. par. yelling; scream. rirsyö n. screaming. Ririn /ririn/ i/ n. 1 screamer. 2 person who cries for nothing. rir'at/<ot/ adj. par. 1 yelled. 2 mournful. rirat v. screaming. riroyo n. any kind of screaming. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, <o, <egh, <t, in order to call other people.

ririmnyon /ririmño:n/ (pl.ririm) n. insect that eats animal hide.

Riri /riri/ n. deceit. riri n. problematic, e.g., kaa riri, home of many problems. chipö riri n. wretched person.

Rirta /rirta/ der. v. [3.ki] to summon; to convoke.

Rirtagh /rirtay/ n. par. convoking. rirtöghin/i/ n. person who summons others. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

riruk /riruk/ v. [2.ku] to fill up; to cram. kiriruköt/<ut/ n. par. filling. kiriruksyö n. filling up. kirirukin/i/ n. filler. riruk'ot adj. par. filled. riruko/<isyot/ adj. possible to fill. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, with (referring to instrument).

ris /ris/ n. 1 smell. 2 respect; fear of a high ranked person. wir, limta ris v. to respect.

rit /ri:t/v. [2.ku] 1 to carry many things at a go; to take away; to sweep clean (either on purpose, or by a thief). 2 to go for dancing in a group. kiritöt n. par. taking away. kirtsyö n. taking away. kiritin/i/ n. person who likes to take everything (especially when moving away). rit'ot adj. par. swept clean. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Rit /rit/ (B) v. [2.ki] 1 to carry; to transport. 2 to go for adongo in a group. kiritöt/<ut/ n. par. transportation; going together for dancing. kiritin/i/ n. carrier; people who go in group for dancing. rit'ot adj. par. transported. rito/<isyot/ adj. transportable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Riwo /riwo/ n. to sleep.

riwoy n. a ritual carried out for a mother who has had an abnormal birth.

Riy /rij/ v. [2.ku] to break; to shatter; to splinter. kiryöt/<ut/ n. par. splintering. ki- riyin/i/ n. one who splinters. riy'ot adj. par. shattered.

rivo /rivo/ adj. possible to splinter. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

röki /räki/ v. [2.ki] to descend (towards the speaker); to come down. rökunot n. par. going down. röken(egh)in/i n. one who descends. rökun'ot adj. descended. <otö, <egh.

rökol /räkol/ /räkolöch adj. feeling the stomach empty. rökölyö n. emptiness of stomach. rökolit(u)/räkolöchit v. to become empty of stomach.

rökom /räkom/ /<tin n. tall but bent man.

rökor /räkor/ /<tin n. bare soil, at times well clean and plastered, used for scattering things for drying (see rakor).

rökös /räkas/ (see rakas).

rökul /räkul/ v. [1.ki] to tangle. rökulat n. par. entangling. rökulini/i n. person who entangles. rökul'at adj. par. entangled. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

rökun /räkun/ (see röki).

röm /räm/ (see ram). römcii der. v. [3.ki] to water cattle. römcchin(ogh) n. par. watering cattle. römcchineghin/i n. person who waters cattle. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

römes /rämes/ (A) v. [2.ku] to keep busy; to distract. kirömesöt/<ut/ n. par. distraction; keeping busy. kirömesin/i/ n. one who keeps busy all the time. römes'ot adj. par. distracted. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

römes /rämes/ (B) v. [2.ku] to wait for; to delay; to dawdle. kirömesöt n. par. waiting; delaying. kirömesin/i/ n. one who waits; one who delays others. kirömesön n. late comer. römes'ot adj. par. belated. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

römit /rämit/ (see ramit).

römut /rämut//<oy n. handful (with both hands).

rönkötet /räjätet/ (see rankatetat).

röngröng /rägrräng/ n. shaky; looseness, something that is loose (see döngdöngöyö).

röpoch /räpotʃ/ (see rapach).

röponi /räpəni/ der. v. to leak inside the house (litt. rains in).

röpös /räpəs/ (see rapas).

rör /rər/ (see rar).

rörchi /rärtʃi/ der. v. [3.ki] to miss food.

rörchinogh /rätsʃinɔy/ n. par. missing food.

rören tö /rärentə/ v. [3.ku] to prolong; to drawl; to slur. kirören togh n. par. slurring; prolonging. kirören toghin/i/ n. one who slurs. rören'ot adj. par. slurred. rören to /<isyot/ adj. par. possible to prolong sounds. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

rörö /rära/ n. a fallow land that has just been

harvested.

rörö /rära/ v. [ke] to repeat.

rörök /rärik/ n. left-overs; residues. rörököwon / rärökewon / /<oy, rörököw n. surplus. rörten / räten/ (see rarta).

rös /räs/ v. [2.ki] to cut; to slash; to mow. rösöt/<ut/ n. par. slashing. rösösyö n. slashing. rösin/i/ n. one who slashes. rö- sön n. something recently cut (especially grass). rös'ot adj. par. slashed. rö- so /<isyot/ adj. possible to slash. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t. rös möt v. to decapitate.

rötökwo /rätkwə/ (pl.rötök) n. weed. rötöwon / rätewon / (pl.rötöw) n. bundle. röyon /räjən/ n. dew; frost.

røyten /räiten/ (see reytö).

røyti /räitä/ v. [3.ku] to go down. røytoh pö asis n. sunset (see reytö).

rochwo /rätswo/ n. aves dropping.

rokıyan /rokıyan/ (pl.roki) n. the fruit of any milky tree; wild fig (fruit of mököngwö).

Roko /räkv/ aux. v. to be necessary, indispensable; ought (it rules subjunctive), e.g., Roko (ro- kanin) owan kaw—I must go home. Kiroko ingwınayi—You had to come.

rokony /rokon/ n. difficulty.

rol (see ral).

rolö /rälo/ /on n. foreskin of penis. rolo n. 1 uncircumcised man, penis. 2 traditional handbag.

rylon /räljən/ n. 1 cough. 2 spit of coughing.

rolsyö /rälsjo/ n. cough.

romrom /romrom/ n. something soft or loose.

rompörin /romərin/ (pl.rompöri) n. 1 accomplice. 2 deputy.

ronchii kisön /räntʃi kisən/ der. v. (from rong+chii) to blush (litt. to drive blood to). ronchinogh pö kisön n. par. blushing. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

ronkō /räjkə/ n. highland; park; top plateau of a mountain. ronkön v. [2.ki] to walk along the edge of something. ronkönöt n. par. walking along. ronkoni/nii/ n. child that walks too much.

rong /räj/ n. 1 a desire for something; appetite for salt-lick. (see rang). 2 praise word of a clan called kaasera (see rongin).

rongchii kisön /räntʃi kisən/ (see ronchii kisön).

rongeson/ronges/ n.

lier (also cheronges).

Rongin /rojin/ (pl.rong) n. person belonging to the clan of kaasera.

ronychon n. a person's back.

rop /rä:p/(A) n. rain. ropta the rain. roponoy v.

to rain. ropan v. [1.ki] to rain. ropat n. par. raining. <chi, referring to the place where it rains. ropönchi der. v. [3.ki] to rain over.

rop /rɔ:p/ (B) v. [1.ki] to follow, or walk along the edge of something. ropagh, ropat n. par. following along the edge. <o(tö), <egh.

rop /rɔ:p/ (C) v. [1.ki] 1 to bandage up a fracture limp. 2 to placate. 3 to bribe. rop- at/<ut/ n. par. bandage; bribery. rop- syö n. putting a bandage; tribute. rop- in/i/ n. one who ties a bandage. ropan n. bandaged person. rop'at/<ot/ adj. par. bandaged. ropo/<isyot/ adj. possible to bandage; possible to bribe. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t. (see rap). ropta der. v. [3.ki] to issue; to give out. roptagh n. par. issuing.

ropi /ropi/ v. [3.ku] to lag behind; to delay. kiropunöt, kiropunogh n. par. lagging; delay. kiropuneghin/i/ n. habitual late comer. kiropunön n. late comer. ropun'ot adj. par. late arrived. <otö, <egh.

ropiyon /ropijon/ (pl.ropiyen) n. 1 money. 2 rupiah (two Kenyan shillings) (Ind.).

ropön /rɔpən/ (see ropan).

ropönchin /ropəntʃin/ (see rop(önchi)).

ropsyö /ropsjø/ n. tribute. ropta der. v. [3.ki] to issue; to give out. roptagh n. par. issuing.

ropun /ropun/ (see ropi).

ror /ror/(A) v. [2.ku] 1 to plough; to harrow. 2 to grind leaving the flour still rough. ki- roröt/<ut/ n. par. harrowing. kiror- syö n. harrowing. kirorin/i/ n. 1 person who ploughs. 2 woman who grinds in a rough way. kiorörön n. roughly grinded corn. ror'ot adj. par. ploughed; grinded. roro/<isyot/ adj. possible to harrow; or to grind roughly. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

Ror /rər/ (B) def. v. [2.ki] 1 to laugh. 2 to make noise as done by leopard and cheetah. roröt/<ut/ n. par. laughing. rorin/i/ n. person who laughs a lot. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. ror kokel to glow (of the stars). ror sorim when the beauty scars of women are well done. rorichi der. v. [3.ki] to scorn; to ridicule; to deride. rorichinogh n. par. ridicule; derision; scorning. rorichinegh- in/i/ n. one who scorns, or ridicules. ro- richińot adj. par. ridiculed. <otö, <egh. rorichi kegh takat v. to smirk; to smile contemptuously. roriy stat. v. & def. v. [2.ki] to laugh. roriyöt, roriyogh n. par. laughing. roriyin/i/ n. ticklish; one who laughs easily. Roriy(i)-(S)he laughs. Ro- riyo't-They laugh. Roriyöy-(S)he/they will laugh. ror n. sound of leopard or cheetah.

ror /rɔr/ (C) v. [1.ku] 1 to keep; to store; to reserve. 2 to revise. ror kokwö to adjourn. rorat/<ut/ n. par. keeping; storing; reservation; revision. rorsyö n. storing; reserving. rorin/i/ n. keeper. ror'a/<ot/ adj. par. kept; stored; revised. roro/<isyot/ adj. possible to store. <sy, <otö, <u, <chi, referring also to the place where something

is kept, <o, <egh, <t, for someone else. rorchider. v. [3.ki] to put aside; to deposit. rorchinogh n. par. deposit. rorchineghin/i/ n. one who deposits. <otö, <eghu, <egh(chi).

ror /ror/ n. pl. (see roryon).

rorchin /rɔrtʃin/ (see ror(chi) C).

rorichin /rɔrɪtʃin/ (see ror(ichi) B).

rorian /rɔriɔn/ n. a female that has given birth for the first time.

roroch /rɔrɔtʃ/ (see rarach).

Rorok /rorok/ <tin, <öy/ n. ridge; slope between a river and the top of a hill or declivity. roryon/ror, rortin/ n. heifer that has deliver only one calf.

ros v. [1.ku] to look; to review; to stare.

kirosat/<ut/ n. par. looking. kirosin/i/ n. on looker. ros'at/<ot/ adj. par. looked at. <otö, <u, <chi, <o, <egh, <t, to watch for someone. rosta der. v. [3.ku] 1 to see. 2 to oversee. kirostagh n. par. sight. kirosteghin/i/ n. overseer. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchi. rose v. to look (at this). rosuno look towards me. rosö adv. clear.

rosros /rɔsros/ n. something fragile.

rot /rɔt/ (A) v. [1.ki] 1 to go back; to return. 2 to go around in the kirket during Sapana rotat /rɔtət/ n. par. going back. rot'at/rot'ot/n. person who has gone back. <i, towards the speaker. rot möt v. to feel vertigo, e.g. rotanän möt. rot/<ton/ n. spine (see rat). rotü der. v. [3.ku] to come back home (with gifts, especially food spared during a celebration).

rotin /rotin/ (pl.roti) n. 1 sausage tree. 2 fruit of this tree used as yeast for brewing beer. 3 yeast.

Rotut /rotut/ <oy n. 1 bundle; sheaf; bale. 2 knot (of a tree). rotutyö bundle. rotutyo bundle of.

rotwö /rotwə/ /<öy/ n. knife; dagger. rotyot/<in/ n. boundary; border. rukot n. beginning.

rukut /rukut/ v. [2.ki] to persist; to stress; to put more efforts. rukut'ot n. par. persistence. rukutin/i/ n. persister. rukut'ot /rukutət/ adj. par. persisted. <otö, <u, <chi, <o, <egh. rukuti der. v. (rukut+chi, makes rukuti) [3.ku] to insist. rukutinogh n. par. insistence.

rukwo /rukwə/ /<nøy n. left over of ugali.

rul /rul/ v. [2.ki] 1 to fell. 2 to fall. rulöt/<ut/ n. par. falling. rulin/i/ n. feller; one who falls things. rulön n. some-thing fallen down. rulo't adj. par. fallen. Rulo /rulo/ /<isyot adj. possible to fell or fall. <otö, <u, <chi, <o, <egh, <t, referring to the instrument. rultö der. v. [3.ki] to fell down; to demolish. rultogh n. par. felling. rulteghin/i/ n. demolisher. rultegho't adj. par. demolished; felled. <egh(u), <eghchi.

rulrul /rulrul/ v. [1.ku] to make a sound like a cat mambling. kirulrulat/<ut/ n. par. that kind of sound. kirulrusyö n. mambling. kirulrulin/i/ n. animal that mambles a lot. <otö, <egh.

rum /rum/ v. [1.ku] 1 to seduce. 2 to feel strong heart beatings. kirumat n. par. seducing. kirumsyö n. seducing. kirumin/i/ n. seducer. rum'at/<ot/ adj. par. seduced. rumo/<isyot/ adj. possible to seduce. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. rumrum rep. v. [1.ku] to shake; to toss. kirumrumat n. par. shaking. kirumrumin/i/ n. one who shakes something.

rumi /rumi/ v. [3.ki] to appear; to show up; to emerge. rumunogh n. par. appearance; external aspect. rumuneghin/i/ n. one who appears. rumun'ot adj. par. ap-peared. <otö, <o, from, <egh, referring to the place where it appears, or is seen; also to the reason, <t, to peep, rumtö der. v. [3.ku] to peep; to spy. kirumtogh n. par. peeping. kitumteghin/i/ n. one who peeps. <egh(u), <eghchi. rumteno n. to peep. rumu v. to be seen; be transparent, prominent, visible.

Rumut /rumut/ n. without a hamp.

rundi/un/ n. bateleur (bird). ru(n)kutat, runkusat v. to go to bed hungry (because there is no food). runkutat n. lack of food.

Runkul /runjkul/ n. a wooden club.

rung /runj/ v. [2.ki] to blow one's nose. rungöt n. par. blowing of nose. rungin/i/ n. person who does so. rung'ot adj. par. when the nose has been blown. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <i, towards the speaker, e.g., when helping a child to clean the nose, <t, away runguno n. sneezing out.

runyan /runan/ n. exorcism.

rup /rup/ v. [1.ku] to investigate; to follow up; to repeat. kirupat n. par. investigation; repetition. kirupsyö n. repeating. ru-pin/i/ n. investigator; repeater. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, with, e.g., eyes, arrows, etc.

rupögh /rupəgħ/ n. water fall.

Rupuno /rupuno/ v. run (towards the speaker).

Rur /rur/ v. [2.ku] to advise; to warn; to pre-scribe; to recommend. kiruröt/<ut/ ad- vice; warning. kirursyö n. advising. ki-rurin/i/ n. adviser. kiruron n. advised. rur'ot adj. par. advised. ruro/<isyot/ adj. advisable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

ruriñy /ruriñ/ n. massacre (referring to a story of that name). v. to get destroyed

ruriono/ruriono/ n. 1 the act of a cow hiding the milk. 2 failed erection due to bad thoughts over her behaviour.

Curta /rurta/ v. [3.ku] to descend. kirurtagh n. par. descending. kirurtöghing/i/ n. one who descends. rurtegh'at adj. par. descended. <otö, <egh(u), eghchi.

curwö /rurwə//<nøy/ n. shade; shadow.

rutö /rute/ v. [3. ki] to travel; to tour. rutogh n. par. travelling; journey; tour. ruto- ghin/i/ n. traveller; passenger. rute- ghö't adj. par. travelled. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchi. rutoy n. a

traveller; sojourner. rutou n. travelling towards the speaker. rutoghchi der. v. [3.ki] to visit (to 3rd person). rutoghchinogh n. par. visit. rutogh'i der. v. [3.ki] to visit (to 1st, or 2nd person). rutöch'i der. v. [3.ki] to haunt. rutöchinöt n. par. haunting. rutöchinin/i/ n. one who haunts.

rwak /rwak/ v. [1.ki] to shave; to shear. rwak- at/rwokut/ n. par. shaving. rwoksyö n. shaving. rwokin/i/ n. one who shaves. rwakan n. newly shaved. rwak'at/rwok'ot/ adj. par. shaved. rwoko/<isyot/ adj. possible to shave. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t, referring to the instrument used.

rwokoy v. to shave.

rwal /rwal/ v. [1.ki] to wait on; to serve; to take ugali out from the pot in bits. rwal- at/rwolut/ n. par. waiting on. rwol- syö n. waiting on. rwolin/i/ n. waiter; person who does that work. rwal'at/rwol'ot/ adj. par. put on, i.e. dishes. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

rwat /rwat/v. [1.ku] to roam; to loiter; to wander; to strag; to rove. kirwatat/kirwotut/ n. par. roaming; wandering. kirwot- yön n. loitering; roving. kirwomin/i/ n. wanderer. kirwaman n. wanderer; rover. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <egh.

rwochwö /rwotʃwa/ /en/ n. secret; something that is not one's business. ter rwochwö / rwotʃwa/ v. to eavesdrop. terinto rwochwö n. eavesdropper. terch'i rwochö v. to eavesdrop.

Rwok /rwok/ v. [2.ku] to judge; to arbitrate. ki-rwoköt/<ut/ n. par. dispute; judgement. rwoksyö n. judging. kirwokin/i/ n. judge. rwok'ot adj. par. judged. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. (see rwak).

rwoki /rwoki/ der. v. (from rwok+chi makes rwoki) [3.ku] to interrogate. kirwokin- ogh n. par. interrogation. kirwokinegh- in/i/ n. interrogator. rwokino't adj. par. interrogated. <otö, <egh.

rwol /rwol/ (see rwal).

rwom v. [2.ku] to go frequently to a place without success. kirwomöt n. par. miss- ing one's intention. kirwomin/i/ n. one who fails on his/ her trips. rwom'ot adj. par. failed. <o(tö), <egh.

rwon /rwon/ n. sleep.

rwot /rwot/(see rwat).

rwotitö /rwotits/ v. [3.ku] to dream. kirwotitogh, kirötöt/<ut/ n. par. dream; dreaming. kirwotitöghin/i/ n. dreamer. rwotit'ot adj. par. dreamt. <otö, <egh.

ryak /rjak/ v. [1.ki] to brew (beer, wine, etc.). ryakat/ryokut/ n. par. brewing. ryok- syö n. brewing. ryokin/i/ n. brewer. ryakan n. recently brewed beer; good beer. ryak'at/ryok'ot/ adj. par. brewed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. ryakan n. good beer.

Ryal /rjal/ v. [1.ku] 1 to glitter; to shine; to brighten.

2 to lighten; to flash ryal- at/ryölut/ n. par. lightening; glittering. ryölyin/i/ n. something that shines eas-ily. ryalan n. shiny. ryal'at/ ryöl'ot/ adj. par. brighten. ryölo/<isyot/ adj. possible to shine. <o(tö), <egh. ryala n. lightning.

ryala /ryala/ v. [3.ki] mislead someone; to swerve; to avert; to go astray. ryalagh, ryalat n. par. to swerve. ryolin/i/ n. one who swerves. ryal'at/ryol'ot/adj. par. averted. <otö, <egh.

ryalta /rjalta/ v. [3.ki] to faint. ryaltagh n. par. fainting. ryölteghin/i/ n. person who faints often. ryaltegh'at/<ot/ adj. par. fainted. <o(tö), <egh, referring to the place.

Ryama /ryama/ v. [ke] to meet.

ryan v. [1.ku] 1 to twist; to warp; to squeeze; to distort. 2 to dodge. kiryanat/ki- ryönut/ n. par. twisting; dodging. ki- ryönsyö n. twisting. kiryonin/i/ n. twister; dodger. ryan'at/ryöno't/ adj. par. twisted; dodged. ryöno/<isyot/ adj. distortable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Ryawryaw /rjawrjaw/ (ryöwryöwe) adj. frail; fragile; brittle. ryöwryöwyö n. fragility; brittleness. ryawryawit, ryöwryöwit, ryöwryöwitu v. to become fragile.

ryew /rjew/ v. [1.ki] to complete; to round up. ryewat n. par. total completion. ryew'at adj. par. finished.

ryögh /rjey/ v. form. [2.ki] stem for the plural forms of rïp, to run. ryöghii runners. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <i. ryöghse- tö der. v. [2.ki] to run at random (only for the plural forms of the verb). <egh.

ryöl /rjal/ (see ryal).

ryön /rjən/ (see ryan).

ryöp /rjep/ v. [2.ki] to smash; to maul; to mangle; to raze; to trample down. ryöpöt/<ut/ n. par. smashing. ryöpsyö n. smashing. ryöpinii /rjapini/ / n. smasher. ryöpö't adj. par. mauled. ryöp/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to maul. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, referring to the instrument.

ryöten /rjäten/ (see ryalta).

Ryok /rjok/ (see ryak).

Ryokon /rjokon/ n. rheumatic pains on the knees; muscles cramps.

ryompu /rjompu/ n. 1 a twisted horn. 2 a piece of dried bamboo.

ryon /rjon/ v. [ke] to sneeze. kiryonöt/<ut/ n. par. sneezing. kiryonisyö n. sneezing. kiryonin/i/ n. one who sneezes. ryono't adj. par. sneezed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

S, s

s'a /sa/ n. pl. honey comb (see s'ayan).

Saa /sa/ <tin n. 1 watch. 2 hour (Kis.); e.g., Saatin ata? What is the time?

Sadak /sadak/ v. [1.ke] to lurk; to handle carefully. kisadakat/kisödökut/ n. par. lurking. kisödöksyö n. lurking; handling with care. kisödökin/i/ n. person who does so. sadak'at/södök'ot/ adj. par. handled with care. södökö/<isyot/ adj. possible to handle with care. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Sagh /say/ v. [1.ke] to pray; to ask; to request; to plead; to implore. saghat/soh gut/ n. prayer. soghsyö n. praying; ask- ing. soghin/i/ n. prayerful person; beg- gar. saghan n. person who needs to be asked. sagh'at/sogho't/ adj. par. prayed. sogho/<isyot/ adj. possible to ask to. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

saghanta /sayanta/ (see sakanta).

saghsagh v. [1.ke] to console. sagh- saghat /sayat/ (soghsoghat) n. par. consola- tion. soghsoghsyö n. consoling. sogh- soghin/i/ n. consoler. Saghsaghan /saysayan/ n. consoler.

saghtagh n. ritual.

Saghyan /sayjan/ (pl.soghigh) n. husband (see sa- yan).

sak /sak/ (A) v. [1.ke] to cut a piece of meat; to bisect; to split. sakat/sökut/ n. par. bisection. söksyö n. cutting. sökin/i/ n. person who cuts. sakan n. newly splitted thing. sak'at/sök'ot/ adj. par. 1 splitted. 2 female animal. sökö/<isyot/ adj. splittable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

sak /sak/ (B) v. [1.ki] to shoot (of a tree); to burst forth. sakata n. par. shooting. sakan n. shoot. sak'at/sök'ot/ adj. par. burst.

sak /sak/ (C) v. [1.ke] to toss up (even maize like winnowing) kisakat/<ut/ n. par. tossing. kisoksyö n. tossing. kisokin/i/ n. per- son who tosses. sak'at/sök'ot/ adj. par. tossed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

sakakan /sakakan/ n. a shoot of tree.

sakam /sakam/ n. pl. bumble bees (see sökömin).

sakan /sakan/ (A) n. going in search for food; e.g., Owetan sakantanyu Kapenkuria—I am going to get food at Kapenguria.

sakan /sakan/ (B) v. [1.ke] to hold the arrow on the bow's string. sakanat/sökönut/ n. par. holding the arrow. sakanan n. holding the arrow. sökönin/i/ n. person who is skilful on holding the arrow on a bow.

sakan'at /sakanat/ (sökönö't) adj. par. when the arrow is hold. sököño/isyot/ adj. able to be hold on the bow's string. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Sakanan /sakanan/ /sakanentin/ n. 1 something reduced in quantity. 2 weak. sakanan/sakan'an/ n. unstable; light.

Sakanta /sakanta/ v. [3.ke] to expire; to overripe. sakantagh n. par. expiring. <egh, because of.

sakar /sakar/v. [1.ku] to search at random in a wide area. kisakarat/kisokorut/ n. par. searching. kisokorin/i/ n. searcher. sakar'at/sokor'ot/ adj. par. searched. sokoro/<isyot/ adj. searchable. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. sakar ke to look for a lost animal.

Sakaram /sakaram/ n. par. pods (see sökörömwö).

sakas v. [1.ke] to search; to quest. sakas n. going in search for something, especially one's food. sakasat/sökösut/ n. par. searching. sökösin/i/ n. searcher. sakas- an n. searched things. sakas'at/ sökö'sot/ adj. par. searched. sökoso/<isyot/ adj. searchable. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sakasak /sakasak/ rep. v. [1.ke] to cut continuously (see sak).

s'akat /sakat/ <ay n. big mass of wet cow-dung.

sakatöronkwö /sakatöronjkwə/ en n. earwig.

sakis /sakis/ v. [1.ke] to sweep the store to leave room for the new harvest. sakisat n. par. sweeping the store. sakisa n. sweep-ing. sökisin/i/ n. person who does that cleaning. sakis'at/sökis'ot/ adj. par. swept. sökiso/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to clean. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sakisyan (pl. sakis) /sakis/ n. last remaining cob or grains in a store.

sakit /sakit/ n. pl. medicines; drugs; herbs.

sakiyan /sakitjan/ (pl.sakit) n. herb; medicine.

Sakor /sakor/ (sökoröch) adj. uncombed hair/grain.

Sakorya /sakorja/ <en n. leaves of balanatix tree used as vegetable.

Sakamenti /sakramenti/ <in/ n. sacrament (Eng., Latin.).

Sakurya /sakurja/ <ay, sökur/ n. rag.

Sakwa /sakwa/ <ay/ (A) n. ceremony.

sak'wa /sakwa/ (B) n. fantastic animal or thing used to frighten toddlers.

Sakwar /sakwar/ <tin n. branched; e.g., ket nyole sakwar tree with twigs. Sakwar mo-rin pö kokoroy—The leg of a chicken is branched.

sal /sal/ v. [1.ke] to praise; to laud. salat/solut/ n. par. praise. sölsyö n. praising. sölin/i/ n. praiser. sal'at/söl'ot/ adj. par. praised. sölo/<isyot/ adj. laudable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

sal'a /sala/ n. pl. twins (see sölowö). Salamnyan / salamnan/ (pl.salamun) n. muslim.

salulti /salultı/ in n. elephant spree.

sam /sam/ v. [1.ke] to guess. kisamat/kisömüt/ n.

par. guessing. kisömsyö n. guessing. kisömin/i/ n. guesser. kisaman n. something left to fortune; e.g., Kisaman paranı—This field is not well prepared, if it produces something, it will be by luck. sam'at/söm'ot/ adj. par. guessed. sömo/<isyot/ adj. possible to guess. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

samak /samak/ (A) v. [1.ke] to scan. samakat/ sömökut/ n. par. scanning. samak'a /samaka/ n. scanning. sömökin/i/ n. person who scans; person who looks out for honey. samakat/sömök'ot/ adj. par. scanned. sömöko/<yot/ adj. able to be scanned at. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

samak /samak/ (B) v. [1.ke] to hold the arrow on the bow's string. samakat n. par. sömökin.

Samalyon /samaljön/ (pl. Samaltin) n. Somali people.

samanchiryān /samantşırjan/ (pl.samanchir) n.v small piece.

samawi /samawi/ n. sapphire (Kis., Arabic).

samī /samı/ n. pl. garbage (see samıyan).

samırta /samırta/ <en n. place where grass is very thick.

samıyan /samıjan/ (pl.samı) n. litter; rubbish.

sampi /sampı/ <un/ n. overcoat; raincoat (traditional cape made of goat's skin).

sampil /sampil/ <tin/ n. thick of grass.

samsam /samsam/ v. [1.ke] to blunder; to fumble. samsamat/sömsömut/ n. par. blunder. sömsömsyö n. blundering. sömsöm-in/i/ n. blunderer. samsam'at/söm-söm'ot/ adj. par. blundered. sömsö-mo/<isyot/ adj. possible to blunder. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

samughin /samuyın/ /samughe n. spots on a cow's hide.

Samwe /samwe/ n. dark brown.

Sana /sana/ <en, oy/ 1 small table. 2 stand to place domestic utensils. 3 shelf.

sanay /sanai/ n. pl. beads (see sönöywö).

sanchur /santsjur/ stat. v. [1.ke] to wail; to be in bad condition because of the dead of a member in the family. sanchurat n. par. being so. sanchur'at/ söchuryot/ adj. par. being in that sad condition; wailing. <o(tö), <egh, (because of).

sanduki /sanduki/ <un/ n. box; casket; luggage (Kis.).

sani /sani/ <in/ n. dish (Kis., Arabic).

saniak /saniak/ n. pl. any kind of beads for necklaces. Saniak n. a clan whose totem is ants.

sanka /sanka/n. nephew: child of a woman's brother.

Sankachan /sankatşan/ , sankatyan n. dry and rocky place.

Sankak /sankak/ <ay/ n. (any small) thorny tree; hawthorn (see ses or kopko).

sankirich /sankırıts/ <oy/ n. big white ants.

Sankwach /sankwatʃ/ v. [1.ke] to ransack; to delve. sankwachat/sonkwochut/ n. par. ransack. sonkwochsyö n. searching; ransacking. sonkwochin/i/ n. ran- sacker.

sankwach'at /sankwatʃat/ (sonkwoch'ot) adj. par. ransacked. sonkwocho/<isyot/ adj. possible to be ransacked. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Sansryan /sansarjan/ n. measles.

sansur /sansur/ n. pl. (see sönsuryon). sante n. the husband. santa n. husband of (see sayan).

Sang /sanj/ v. [1.ke] to ask for something one has got already. kisangat/kisöngut/ n. par. asking in that way. kisöngsyö n. asking in that way. kisöngin/i/ n. person who always asks though he/she has got that same thing. kisangan n. person who begs excessively. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, to give something to someone though he/she has got it already.

sangany /sanjan/ v. [1.ki] to titter; to sneer. sanganyat/söngönyut/ n. par. smirk; tittering. söngönyin/i/ n. sneerer; person who likes to make smirks. sanganyat/söngö- ny'ot/ adj. par. tittered; sneered. <otö, <egh.

sangarat /sajarat/ n. place with not many trees.

Sangeng /sajen/ v. [1.ke] to make a fool.

sangenga/söngengen/ n. gape; fool. kisangengat /sajenat/ n. par. foolishness. sangen- gat/ söngengot/ adj. par. fooled. sange- nga v. [3.ke] to gape; to stupefy. kisa- ngengat/kisongengut/ n. par. gaping. kisangengan n. stupefied person. sange- ngat/songengo't adj. par. gaped. so- ngengo/<isyot/ adj. possible to remain stupefied. <otö, <egh.

sangta /sanja/ der. v. to give something to someone though (s)he has got it already. ki- sangtagh n. par. the action of do- ing so; paternalism. kisöngteghin/i/ n. paternalistic.

sany/saj/ adv. out(side) lit sany v. to go out. sapakita<en/ n. police inspector (Eng.). sapakit n. type of tree (used as vegetable in dry areas).

sapan /sapana/ v. [1.ke] to perform the ceremony of Sapana in order to be counted as an elder. kisapanat/kisöpönüt/ n. par. that ceremony. kisöpönin/i/ n. the sponsor of a Sapana. kisapanian, ka- sapanakan n. one who makes Sapana. sapan'at/söpöno't/ adj. par. (of people) done the Sapana. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. sapanä n. ceremony to introduce a young man among the adults. In this initiation ceremony the man must kill a bull, and be blessed with its cud. This ceremony has been borrowed from the Turkana.

saper /saper/ v. [1.ke] to split something; e.g., a tree. saper/söperöch/ adj. branched. söperyö n. the quality of being branched. kisaperat n. par. splitting; branching; flange. saperit, söper(öch) it(u) v. to become branched, splitted. saperkelat n. a person with wide gaped teeth.

sapiny /sapıŋ/ v. [1.ke] to abuse a person's kindness, especially when (s)he is in need as well. kisapinyat n. par. abusing that kindness. kisöpinyin/i/ n. person who takes advantage of another's kindness. ki- sapinya n. person who takes advantage of others' kindness. sapinyat/ söpiny'ot/ adj. par. abused. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sapırya /sapırja/ <en/ n. cooking pot; pan (Kis.).

sapıryan /sapırjan/ sapır/ n. chaff; dross; grain husk.

sapıt /sapıt/ (A) v. [1.ke] to remain startled. sapıtat n. par. startledness. söpıtın/i/ n. person who startles easily. sapıt'at/söpı- to't/ adj. par. startled. söpito/<isyot/ adj. possible to remain startled. <o(tö), <egh.

sapıt /sapıt/ (B) v. [1.ke] to feel uneasy; afraid. sapıtat/söpıtüt/ n. par. uneasiness. sö- pıtın/i/ n. insecure person prompt to feel uneasy. sapıtat/söpıt'ot/ adj. par. uneasy. söpito/<isyot/ adj. able to feel uneasy. <otö, <egh.

sapıt /sapıt/ (pl.söpit) (C) n. porcupine. Sapinyin/ Sapiny/ n. pl. Sebei people sapkany n. a vessel made of the skull of a man.

Sapul /sapul/ v. [1.ke] to leave hair on an animal's skin when treating it. sapul/söpüloch/ adj. hairy. söpulyö n. hairiness; fleece. kisapulat n. par. condition of remaining with some hair. sapulit, söpul(öch)itu/ v. to become hairy.

sapuniyon /sapuniјon/ /sapunin, <is/ n. soap (Kis.).

sar /sar/ v. [1.ke] to die, of a newly born child, or in tender age. sarat/sörüt/ n. par. mis- fortune. sörin/i/ n. woman whose chil- dren die in tender age, or suffers miscar- riages often. saran n. woman who mis- carriages often. sar'at/sör'ot/ adj. par. suffered a miscarriage. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sara /sarat/ <en/ (A) n. calf's hide prepared in order to deceive the cow that it may continue producing milk.

sara /sara/ (B) v. [3.ke] to snatch; to plunder; to seize; to rob; to deprive. saragh, sörehut n. par. snatching; robbery. söre- ghin/i/ n. snatcher; plunderer; robber. saregh'at/ sörehg'ot/ adj. par. snatched; seized. sörehgo/<isyot/ adj. possible to snatch, rob, plunder. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchi.

Sarach /saratʃ/ <ay n. type of tree (good to make beehives or cooking sticks).

sarak /sarak/ n. pl. (see sörokyon).

sarankwach/

Sarap /sarap/ (A) v. [1.ke] to scramble to get a share of something. sarapat/söröput/ n. par. struggling for something. sörösyö n. struggling for something. söröt- in/i/ n. person who struggles. sarapan n. something that one got after

struggle for it, others did not. sarapat/söröpo't/ adj. par. struggled for it. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

Sarap /sarap/ (B) v. [1.ke] to help; to sustain. sarapat/<ut/ n. par. help. söröpsyö n. helping. söröpin/i/ n. helper. sarapan n. helped person. sarap'at/söröpo't/ adj. par. helped. söröpo/<isyot/ adj. able to be helped. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

Sarap/sarap/ (C) v. [1.ke] to grab. sarapat/ sörö- put/ n. par. grabbing. söröpsyö n. grabbing. söröpin/i/ n. grabber. sarapan n. something grabbed. sarap'at/söröpo't/ adj. par. grabbed. söröpo/isyot/ adj. grabbable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

Sarar /sarar/ (A) v. [1.ke] to treat sickness; to nurse. sararat, sarara/sörörut/ n. par. treatment. sörörin/i/ n. healer. sara- ran n. sick person under treatment. sa- rar'at/sörör'ot/ adj. par. treated. sörö- ro/<isyot/ adj. treatable. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

Sarar /sarar/ <tin (B) n. bad maintained houses.

Sarar /sarar/ /söröröch/ (C) adj. not properly covered (e.g., a roof).

Sarara /sarara/ v. [3.ke] to look unceasingly for treatment of one's sickness. sararagh n. par. searching for treatment. sörörin/i/ n. person who worries on his/her health. <egh.

Sararit /sararitu/ (u), söröröchit(u) v. to become poorly covered. sardio /sarsio/ n. carnelian (Kis.). sardoniki n. onyx (Kis.). sarängang/<tin/ n. centipede.

sarıngatat /sarınjatat/ n. 1 season: the beginning of the rainy season, from the end of February to April. 2 situation when there is lack of food.

Saromnya /saromna/ (pl.sörömöy) n. kidney.

Sarsar /sarsar/ (sörsör) adj. risky; dangerous. sörsöryö n. risk; danger. sarsar/sörsö- re/ adj. afraid; worry. sörsöryö n. solicitude. sarsarit, sörsörít(u) v. to become dangerous. sarsarit, sörsörítü v. to be afraid; to worry.

sarti/sörtin/ n. 1 lance without blade; pock. 2 painful tick; twinge.

s'arur/sarur/ <ay n. 1 vagina. 2 tail.

Sarwanchan /sarwantjan/ (sarwanch'an) n. stupid. sarwanchanat n. par. awkwardness; nui- sance.

Saryan /sarjan//<tin/ n. cigarette.

Sas /sas/ v. [1.ke] to humiliate; to despise; to snub. sasat, sasa/sösut/ n. par. hu- miliation; haughtiness. sösin/i/ n. de-spiser; haughty person. sasan n. despised person or object; humiliated. sas'at/sös'ot/ adj. par. despised. söso/<isyot/ adj. despicable. <ötö, <egh, <chi.

sasach /sasatʃ/, sasak v. [1.ke] to shake; to jolt; to agitate. kisasakat/kisösokut/ n. par. jolt.

kisösoksyö n. shaking; jolting. ki- sösokin/i/ n. person who shakes. ki- saskan n. recently shaken object (espe- cially milk). sasak'at/ sösoko't/ adj. par. shaken. sösoko/<isyot/ adj. shakable; jolttable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

sasay /sasai/ /sösoy/ n. 1 lung. 2 adj. pink colour.

sasta /sasta/ v. [3.ke] to be envious. sastagh n. par. envy. soteghin/i/ n. envious. <egh, because of.

sat /sat/ (A) v. [1.ke] 1 to plan in detail; to arrange; to explain. 2 to analyze; to solve. 3 to adjust. satat/sötut/ n. par. analysis; adjustment. sötsyö n. planning; adjusting; analysing. sötin/i/ n. person who knows well how to adjust, plan or explain. sat'at/söt'ot/ adj. par. adjusted; explained. söto/<isyot/ adj. possible to adjust, to plan, or explain. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

s'at /sat/ (B) n. quiet; peace; calm; e.g., Konyorwan koor nyole sat I got a quiet place.

sat'at /satat/ (sötote) adj. alive.

Saw/saw/ n. pl. (see sawayan).

saw /saw/ v. [1.ke] to be pensive; to hold ones' head between the hand because of problems (deep in thought). kisawat n. par. pen- siveness. kisöwin/i/ n. pensive person. kisawan n. pensive person. saw'at/sö- w'ot/ adj. par. pensive. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

Sawach /sawatʃ/ <tin/ n. yellow flycatcher (bird).

Sawar /sawar/ (söwöre) adj. rough flour; not well ground grains. söwöryö n. roughness. sa- war v. [1.ke] to make coarse. sawar/sö- woröch/ adj. coarse. söwöryö, söworin n. coarseness. kisawarat n. par. making coarse. sawarit, söworitu v. to become rough. sawarit(u), söworöchit(u) v. to become coarse.

Sawayan /sawajan/ (saw) n. chaff. sawiyan/ sawu/ n. trumpery; dried fallen leaves.

say /sai/ (A) v. [1.ke] to suffer; to pain. sayat/soyat/ n. par. pain; e.g., Soyöy chichi egh This man is paining on the hand (the hand pains him). say'at/soy'ot/ adj. par. painful. <o, <egh.

say /sai/ (B) v. [1.ke] to tingle; to rankle; to pain. kisayat/<ut/ n. par. tingle. ki- söyin/i/ n. person who suffers tingles. say'at/söy'ot/ adj. par. suffering tingles. söyo/<isyot/ adj. possible to tingle. <o(tö), <egh.

Sayan /sajan/ (pl. soghigh) n. son in law. (originally any member of a clan from which a girl can be married; person or people who come to arrange a marriage.). sayan/soghigh/ n. husband.

s'ayan /sajan/ s'a n. cell of a honey comb full with larvae.

sech /setʃ/ v. [1.ke] to defile food; to desecrate sacrificed meat for which a bad omen is lurking on that person (he will need to purify himself). kisechat/<ut/ n. par. desecration. kisechin/i/ n. person who commit such a mistake. sek'at/<ot/

adj. par. desecrated. secho/<isyot/ adj. able to desecrate and bring bad omen. <otö, <egh.

Seda /sedə/ <oy/ n. kind of small spoon made from wood.

segh /sex/ v. [1.ki] to belch (original word syegh)

seghat /saxat/ <ut/ n. par. belch. seghin/i/ n. person who belches. segh'at/<'ot/ adj. par. belched. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

sek (see sech).

sekekwö /sekekwə/ (pl.sekek) n. shrub found above two thousand five hundred feet used to make traditional flutes (salvadora persica).

sekemet /sekemet/ n. 1 set of teeth. 2 sparks of fire.

Seker /seker/ /<i n. incisor.

sekerön /sekerön/ v. [2.ke] to insist; to reiterate. sekerönöt/<ut/ n. par. reitera- tion. sekerönsyö n. reiterating; insisting. sekerönin/i/ n. person who repeats the same thing over and over. sekeröno't adj. par. reiterated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

Sekeyon /sekejən/ (pl.sekey) n. slave; vassal. sekey- yön n. slavery; bondage.

Sekutyon /sekutjən/ (sekutyon) n. kind of weeds. seleyan/sekel/ n. false rib. selenka/<en/ dam (Kis.).

sem /sem/ (A) v. [1.ke] to investigate; to pry; to research. semat/<ut/ n. par. investiga- tion. semsyö n. investigating. semin/i/ n. investigator; researcher. sem'at/'ot/ adj. par. investigated. semo/<isyot/ adj. researchable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t, to apply.

sem /sem/ (B) v. [1.ke] to plate the hair of a young warrior. kisemat/<ut/ n. par. plating. kisempsyö n. plating. kisemin/i/ n. per- son who plates hair (hairdresser). kiseman n. newly plated person. sem'at/'ot/ adj. par. plated. semo/<isyot/ adj. pos- sible to plate. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

Sempar /sempar/ v. [1.ke] to weed. kisemparat n. par. weeding. kisempörsyö n. weed- ing. kisempörin/i/ n. weeder. sem- paran n. newly weeded field. sem- par'at/sempor'ot/ adj. par. weeded. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

Semparwa /semparwa/ , sempörwö<en/ n. burp, constipation.

Semsem /semsem/ (B) v. [1.ke] to investigate; to gossip. semsem n. rumours; e.g., nga- la semsem rumours; calumnies. semsem- at/<ut/ n. par. gossiping. semsemin/i/ n. investigator (see sem).

Senchon /sentjɔ/ (senchen) n. & adj. dunce; sim- pleton; stupid.

Senema /senema/ <en n. film; movie (Kis., Eng.).

senetwö /senetwə/ (pl.senet) n. type of tree (good medicine against diarrhoea—cleaning the stomach).

senkwet /senkwet/ n. pl. (see sönkwöt).

sentöyon /sentəjon/ (pl.senten) n. ten cents coin (Kis., Eng., Latin).

sengek /senjek/ n. chippings; pebbles.

sengeny/ n. confused; stunned; numb.

sengkeköyon /senkekəjən/ (sengkekö) n. kind of small sharp stones.

Sengseng /senßen/ v. [1.ke] to cruise; to move around nervously. sengsengat/<ut/ n. par. trip. sengsengsyö n. cruising. sengseng- in/i/ n. person who moves around too much. sengsengan n. person who moves around. sengseng'at/<'ot/ adj. moved. sengsengo/<isyot/ adj. possible to move around. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

sepsepö /sepsepə/ <un/ n. trouble; worry, nam sepsepī v. to be worry; e.g., Kyanam idiot; deficient; moron.

serser/serser/ (A) v. [1.ki] to sieve. serserat/<ut/ n. par. sieving. serserin/i/ n. person who sieves. serser'at/<'ot/ adj. par. sieved. sersero/<isyot/ adj. able to be sieved. o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

serser/serser/ (B) v. [1.ke] to scatter. kiserser- rat/<ut/ n. par. scattering. kiserser- syö n. scattering. kiserserin/i/ n. scat- terer. kiserseran n. something scattered. serser'at/'ot/ adj. par. scattered. serse- ro/<isyot/ adj. possible to scatter. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

Seryan /serjan/ (pl. ser) n. scurf; dandruff.

ses /ses/ (A) v. [1.ki] to deliberate. sesat/<ut/ n. par. deliberation. sesyö n. deliberat- ing. sesin/i/ n. deliberator. ses'at/<'ot/ an sepsepö nko ropiyeni sikul—I am in adj. par. deliberated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, trouble with the school fees. sepsepön v. [2.ke] to worry. sepsepönöt/<ut/ n. par. worrying. sepsepin/i/ n. worrisome. sepsepöno't adj. par. worried. <o(tö), <egh.

Sepulyon /sepuljən/ <en, sepultin/ n. sycamore tree (used in a sacred ceremony; edible fruits).

ser /ser/ n. pl. (see seryan).

ser /ser/ v. [1.ke] to refine; to sieve.

Serat /<ut/ n. par. refinement. sersyö n. refining. serin/i/ n. person who refines. seran n. newly refined object; sieved. ser'at/<'ot/ adj. par. refined; sieved. sero/<isyot/ adj. refinable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <t.

seretöt /seretə/ n. type of tree (acacia Gerrardii).

Seretyon /seretjən/ /seret/ n. couch grass (gramineæ). It is the main cattle feed. It is very important in blessings.

Seretow /seretəw/ n. name given to the second circumcised girl.

Serkonyon /serkonjən/ (serkontin) n. newly built home.

serön /serən/ v. [2.ke] to sing in loud voice and pitch. serönöt, serönogh/<ut/ n. par. singing. serönin/i/ n. singer. seröno't adj. par. sung in loud voice. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

seröwon /serəwɔn/ (pl. seröw) n. sieve. seröy /sersi/ n. name of a cow. serpelyon/serpelen/ n. <chii, <egh, <t.

ses /ses/ (B) v. [1.ke] to intend. sesat/<ut/ n. par. intention. sesyö n. intend-ing. sesin/i/ n. intender. ses'at/<ot/ adj. par. intended. seso/ isyot/ adj. in-tendable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

ses /ses/ (C) v. [1.ke] to act hypocritically; e.g., apologizing when the wrong doing was done intentionally. sesat/<ut/ n. par. hypocrisy. sesin/i/ n. hypocrite. sesan n. hypocrite. ses'at/<ot/ adj. par. acted hypocritically. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

ses (<oy) /ses/ (D) n. tree (*senegalia tortilis* and *xanthophloea*).

sesö (<en) sesə/ n. word used to light down a hot issue; e.g., Kileli'sesö pat—There is nothing to do, the mistake is done.

Set /set/ v. [1.ke] to raid. setat/<ut/ n. par. raid. setsyö n. raiding. setin/i/ n. raider. set'at/<ot/ adj. par. raided. se-to/<isyot/ adj. possible to raid. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. setyö/en/ n. colobus monkey. Sey /seı/ /<on/ n.(obscene) vagina. Seyta /seıta/ /<in/ n. wooden spoon.

sghey /syeı/ v. [1.ki] to belch (original word syegh)

syeghat/<ut/ n. par. belch. syeghin/i/ n. person who belches. syegh'at/<ot/ adj. par. belched. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

sïch /sïtʃ/ v. [2.ke] 1 to beget. 2 to get. sïchöt/<ut/ n. par. conception; getting. sïk- syö n. conception. sïchin/i/ n. woman easy to become pregnant; person who gets things easily. sïchön n. pregnant woman. sïch'ołt adj. par. pregnant; gotten. sï- cho/<isyot/ adj. able to become preg-nant; possible to get. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sïdik /sïdik/ v. [2.ke] to fall out of place; e.g., a tooth, the hoe from the shaft, etc. sïdiköt n. pl. falling down. sïdikön n. fallen tooth; or hoe without the handle. sïdiko't adj. par. fallen down. <o(tö), <egh.

sïghiny /sixi:jn/ <chöt n. throat; gullet; esophagus.

sïk (see sïch).

sïkar /sïkar/ v. [1.ke] 1 to ignore. 2 to look for a lost animal. kisïkarat/<ut/ n. par. looking for lost animals. kisïkörin/i/ n. person who isolates animals; person who looks for lost animals. kisïkaran n. an isolated, or lost animal. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sïkchiı /sïktʃı/ (see sïkii).

sïkerker /sikerker/ n. not well grained maize-cob.

sïki /siki/ der. v. [3.ke] to jump towards the speaker. sïkunöt n. par. jumping. sïi-kunin/i/ n. jumper. sïkuno't adj. par. jumped.

sïk /sïk/ (i) v. [3.ke] to force someone. kisïkunöt n par. forcing. kisïkunin/i/ n. forceful person. sïkuno't adj. par. forced. <o(tö), <egh.

sïkilim /sikilim/ <en/ n. loin.

sïkimum /sikimum/ v. [2.ke] to huddle. sïkimu- mat/<ut/ n. par. huddling. sïkimu- min/i/ n. huddler. sïkimum'o adj. par. huddled. <otö, <chii, <u, <egh.

sïkin /sikin/ <ay/ n. 1 purse; small women's handbags. 2 skimmed milk.

sïkir/sïkir/ v. [2.ke] to clasp; to grasp; to seize. sïkiröt n. par. grasping. sïkirin/i/ grasper. sïkirön n. seizure. sïkro't adj. par. grapsed. sïkro/<isyot/ adj. seizable. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sïkirönchö /sïkirontʃö/ <en/ n. 1 place where young people go for dancing during the night, they can sleep there as well. 2 to go for dancing, and at times sleeping with a girl; going for dancing and seducing girls. 3 dormitory.

sïkiryö /sïkiryo/ /sïkiröy/ n. 1 donkey; ass. 2 polite way of saying that a woman is in her menstruation period; e.g., Sïkiryö korke- nyan mönomönyne karin—My wife cannot touch any utensils she is in menstruation.

sïkit /sïkit/ n. pl. (see sïkïyon).

sïkitit /sïkitit/ v. [2.ke] to tackle; to grip. sïki- titöt/<ut/ n. par. gripping. sïkititin/i/ n. strong person able to tackle well. sïki- tito't adj. par. tackled. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sïkitkit /sïkitkit/ <in/ n. barbet (bird).

sïkïyon /sïkïtʃö/ v. [2.ke] to be happy because of other's troubles. sïkïyonöt n. par. being happy because of other's problems. sïki- tyonin/i/ n. person who enjoys others difficulties.

sïkïyon /sïkïtʃö/ (pl. sïkit) n. 1 a special tree for ceremonies (it is placed on top of the house, gate or kraal, or inside a house, as a symbol of blessings brought forth by the ceremony performed). 2 any tree or gum used as a type of incense in a house to expel illnesses, spirits, etc.

sïkö /sïko/ n. pl. cow dung (see sïkon).

sïkon /sïkən/ v. [2.ke] to enrich; to become wealthy. sïkon/sïkön/ n. wealthy; rich; opulent. sïkönöt n. richness; wealthiness. sïkönogh, sïkönöt/<ut/ n. par. richness. sïkono't adj. par. enriched. sïkono/<isyot/ adj. enrichable. <o(tö), <egh.

sïkör /sïkar/ (see sïkar).

sïköy/<ut/ n. selfish person; stingy. sïi- köynön n. stinginess; meanness.

sïkom/sïkom/ v. [2.ku] to collaborate in doing man-

ual work. kisíkomöt/<ut/ n. par. collaboration. kisíkomsyö n. collaborating. kisíkomin/i/ n. person who likes collaborating with others. síkom'ot adj. par. collaborated. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

síkon /síkən/ n. cow dung.

síkong /síkɔŋ/ n. jealousy.

síkor /síkɔr/ <tin/ n. fresh grass grown after burning the old one. síkoryon(pl.síkor) /síkorjon/ n. fresh grass germinated after burning the old one.

síkta /síkta/ der. v. [3.ke] to jump away from the speaker. síktagh n. par. jumping.

síku /síku/ (see sík(i)).

síkuku /síkuku/ n. July (month).

síkul (<tin) /síkul/ n. school (Eng.)

síkum /síkum/ v. [1.ku] to mire; to knead; to push. kisíkumat/<ut/ n. par. kneading. kisi-kumin/i/ n. person who does so. síkum'at/<ot/ adj. par. kneaded; mired. sí-kumo/<isyot/ adj. able to be mired, or knead. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.. síkum- chü der. v. [3.ku] to impel. kisíkumchinöt n. par. impelling. kisíkumchinin/i/ n. someone who impels. síkumchin'ot adj. par. impelled. otö, <egh (Kis.).

síkur /síkur/ n. [2.ke] to embrace; to hug. síkuröt/<ut/ n. par. embrace. síkursyö n. hugging. síkurin/i/ n. embracer. síkur'ot adj. par. embraced; hugged. síkuro/<isyot/ adj. possible to embrace. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

sík /sík/ (w)ín n. skimmed milk. síkwir /síkwir/ <ay/ n. bushy place; jungle. síkwit n. salty water. síkwital /síkwita:l/ <in/ hospital (Eng.).

síl /síl/ (A) v. [2.ke] to decorate; to bedeck; to embellish; to adorn. sílöt/<ut/ n. par. decoration; adornment; bedecking. sílin/i/ n. decorator; person who likes to bedeck things, or him/herself. sílon n. newly decorated. sílo' adj. par. dec- orated; bedecked. sílo/<isyot/ adj. par. adorable. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

síl /síl/ (B) v. [2.ke] to proscribe; to exclude. sílöt n. par. exclusion. sílin/i/ n. ex- cluder. sílon n. something proscribed or excluded. sílo' adj. par. excluded; proscribed. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

síl /síl/ (C) v. [2.ke] to sprout (of a tree at the beginning of the rainy season); to bloom. kisílöt/<ut/ n. par. sprouting. ki- sílin/i/ n. tree that sprouts fast, or easily. kisílon n. newly sprouted tree. sílo' adj. par. sprouted. sílo/<isyot/ adj. able to sprout. <o(tö).

síl /síl/ (D) v. [2.ke] to pick; to select; to single out. sílöt n. par. picking. sílin/i/ n. picker. (used in rare occasions, kíl is more properly used).

sílli /síllı/ n. pl. (see sílliyon).

sílliyon /síllıyon/ /sílli:lı/ n. 1 hair found inside a maize cob. 2 instantaneous.

sílip /sílp/ v. [1.ke] to soot; to dirt something superficially. sílipat n. par. soot. sílip- at/<ot/ adj. par. dirty. sílipo/<isyot/ adj. able to dirt or soot. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

sílipany /sílpap/ /<tin/ n. house thief; robber.

sílimpöywö /sílímpeıwə/ /sílimpoy/ n. type of tree (good for preparing arrows). sílompöy- wö/ sílampay/ idem.

sím /sím/ v. (A) [1.ke] to pant; to gasp. ki- símat/<ut/ n. par. panting. kisiimsyö n. gasping. kisiimin/i/ n. subject easy to pant. sím'at/<ot/ adj. par. gasping. <o(tö), <egh, (because of).

sím /sím/ (B) n. semen; male sperm.

sím /sím/ n. (C) white ornament made of ostrich egg.

sím /sím/ n. pl. (D) tablets (see símyan).

símilmil /símilmil/ <ay/ n. caterpillar.

símit /símit/ n. 1 cement (Eng.). 2 símit/<öy/ kind of tree used to brush milking containers (encephalartos Hildebrandii). 3 auction.

símiya /simja:/ , símnyö/en/ n. moth.

símnyon /simjɔ:n/ n. dirty; impure. símnyontön n. dirtiness; impurity.

símoghmoghok /símoğmóyók/ , símoghogh n. indigestion.

símoyis /símojis/ n. pl. (see sírmoyon).

símsím /símsím/ (símsíme) adj. slim. símsímyö n. slimness.

símsímít (u) v. to become slim.

símyan /símjə:n/ (pl.sím) n. tablet, pill.

sín /sín/ v. [1.ke] to rot. sína n. par. rottenness. sínin/i/ n. something easy to rotten. sín- an n. something easily to rot. sín'at/<ot/ adj. par. rotten. síno/<isyot/ adj. able to rot. <o(tö), <egh.

sínanter /sínanter/ n. 1 long time ago. 2 indefinite time (in the future).

síncchar /síntʃar/ , sínchör v. [1.ke] to be playful, naughty. síncharat/sínchörut/ n. par. naughtiness. sínchörşyö n. being naughty. sínchörin/i/ n. naughty, especially a child. síncharan n. naughty. sínchar'at/sínchör'ot/ adj. par. naughty. sínchörö/<isyot/ adj. able to become naughty. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

síng /síŋ/ (A) v. [1.ke] to shrug (a despising whim done by frowning the face). síngat, sínga/<ut/ shrugging. síngin/i/ n. person who likes to do so. síng'at/síng'ot/ adj. par. frowned. síngo/<isyot/ adj. able to shrug. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

síng /síŋ/ (B) v. [1.ke] to toil; to be busy. síngat/<ut/ n. par. business. síngsyö n. toiling. síngin/i/ n. busy person. síngan n. busy person.

sǐng'at/<'ot/ adj. par. busy. <sy, <o(tö), <u, (<ch)i, <egh, to do something in direction of the speaker. <t, to do something away from the speaker. **sǐng**/sın/ (C) v. [2.ke] to frown despisingly. **sǐngöt**/ n. par. frowning in despise. **sǐngin**/i/ n. person who does so. **sǐngóť** adj. par. frowned. <o(tö), <egh. **sǐnga**/ n. task; labour. **sǐngarngar**/**sǐngörngöre** /sıñarjan/ adj. spotted; multicoloured. **sǐngörngöryö** n. quality of being spotted. **sǐngarngarit**, **sǐngörngörítü** v. to become spotted.

sǐngaryan/sınarjan/ (**sǐngartin**) n. gum (of teeth) (also singaryan).

sǐngi/sırji/ (A) der. v. [3.ke] to disrepute. **sǐngunat** n. par. disreputation.

sǐngi/sırji/ (B) der. v. [3.ke] 1 to dirt something. 2 to become monotonous. **sǐngunat** n. par. doing that. **sǐngunin**/i/ n. dirty person. **sǐngun'at**/ adj. par. dirty.

sǐngulta/sınulta/, **sǐngilten** v. [3.ke] to squirt. **sǐngiltagh** n. par. squirting. **sǐngilteghin**/i/ n. person who likes to squirt.

<egh(chi), referring to the place where to squirt.
sǐngir/sırjr/ v. [3.ke] to frown. **kisìngiröt**/ n. par. frowning. **kisìngirsyo** n. frown- ing. **kisìngirin**/i/ n. person who frowns easily. **sǐngiroť** adj. par. frowned. **sǐngiro** <yot/ adj. able to frown. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sǐngir/sırjr/ /sǐngiröch/ adj. gloomy. **sǐngiryö** n. gloominess. **sǐngirit**(u), **sǐngiröchit** v. to become gloomy.

sǐngu/sırju/ (see **sǐngi**).

sǐngu/sırju/ stat. v. [1.ki] to be filthy, untidy. **sǐ- ngunat** n. par. untidiness. **sǐngungan** n. filthy; squalid. **sǐngun'at**/**sǐngunchot**/adj. par. filthy, untidy. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sǐngwal/sınwal/, **singwol** v. [1.ke] to handicap. **ki-** singwalat, kisingwala n. par. lameness; handicapping. kisingwalan n. handi- capped. **singwal'at**/**singöl'ot**/ adj. par. handicapped. **singwolo**/**isiyot**/ adj. able to become handicapped. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

sǐnkan/sınkan/ v. [1.ku] to riot. **kisìnkanat**/ ki- **sinkönüt**/ n. par. riot. **kisìnkönsyo** n. rioting. **kisìnkönin**/i/ n. rioter. **kisìn-** kanan n. rioter. **sǐnkan'at**/**sinkönöť**/ adj. par. rioted. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sǐnkorya/sirkorja//**sinkor**/ n. cow tick. **sinkor- yon**/**sinkor** n. tick

sǐnkwil/sirkwil/ <tin/ n. natural gap in a denture, especially between the incisor teeth. **sín- kwilchü** der. v. [3.ke] to spit at. **sǐnkwil-** chinogh n. par. spitting. **sǐnkwilta**/sırkwil/ v. [3.ke] to spit through the teeth. **sǐnkwil-** tagh n. par. spitting. **sǐnkwilteghin**/i/ n. person who spits well. **sǐnkwilteghat** adj. par. spat. <egh(u), <eghchii.

sǐnkwira/sırwira/ n. condition of being cared

for; shabby.

sǐnködöd/sırkadad/ , **sǐnköyoy** stat. v. [2.ke] to hang. **sǐnködödt**, **sǐnköyoyöt** n. par. hanging. **sǐnködödöt**, **sǐnköyoy'ot**/**sǐnköyoysot** /sırkajojat/ adj. par. hung. **sǐnködödöto**, /sırkadadə/ **sǐnkö-** yo-yötyö mïkulöw prep. v. to be hungry, e.g. **Kisiködödanın** mïkulöw—I am hungry.

sǐnön/sınan/ v. [2.ki] to sob. **sǐnönöt**/ n. par. sobbing. **sǐnönin**/i/ n. person who sobs. **sǐnönöť** adj. par. sobbed. <otö, <u, <chii, <egh.

sǐntipa/sıntipa/ (gh) n. drudgery; too much work.

sǐntur/sıntur/ v. [1.ke] to thicken. **sǐntur-** /sín- turöch/ adj. thick; dense (e.g., a bush; porridge, etc.). **sǐnturyö** n. thickness; density. **kisinturat** n. thickening. **sín-** turit(u), **sǐnturöchit** v. to become thick.

sǐngun/sıñun/ stat. v. [1.ki] to be filthy, untidy. **sǐngunat** / n. par. untidiness. **sǐngunan** n. filthy; squalid. **sǐngun'at**/**sǐngun-** chot/ adj. par. filthy, untidy. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sǐnyar/sınar/ v. [1.ke] to make someone angry; to anger. **sǐnyar**/**sǐnyöröch**/ adj. angry; irate; sullen; wry. **sǐnyöryö** n. anger; ire; wrath. **kisinyarat**/**kisinyörüt**/ n. par. anger. **kisinyörin**/i/ n. easy to make angry. **sǐnyar'at**/**sǐnyör'ot**/ adj. par. angry. **sǐnyoro**/**isiyot**/ adj. able to make angry. <o(tö), <u, <chii.

sǐparya/sıparja/ <en n. spots or dots on a sheep fur.

sǐpay/sıpaı/ n. greeting for men; e.g., **sǐpay** – epa.

sǐpen/sipen/ <tin n. female sheep (ewe) that has not produced yet.

sǐpep/sipep/ (pl. **sipepöch**) 1 adj. sober (not drunk); alert 2 meticulous; wary; ready. **sǐpepyö** n. meticulousity; wariness; readi- ness.

sǐpep/sipep/ v. [1.ke] to prepare something ready.

kisipepat n. par. preparation.

sǐpepit(u), **sipepöchit**(u) v. to become ready.

sǐpitpit/sırpitpit/ <in, <ay/ n. thick bush; jungle.

sǐpokin/sípokin/ (A) v. [2.ke] to start raining. **ki-** **sípokinöt** n. par. starting to rain. **sípoki-** n'ot adj. par. it has started to rain.

sǐpokin/sípokin/ (B) v. [2.ke] to straighten up. **ki-** **sípokinöt** n. par. straightening up. **kisi-** **pokinin**/i/ n. person who knows well how to straight things up. **sípokin'ot** adj. par. straight up. <u, <chii, <egh.

sǐpö-pö/sırpapə/ n. faeces (of any animal, even of humans).

sǐpsipöy/sırspırə/ adv. more or less; almost the same; nearly to; somehow.

sır/sır/ n. pl. lice (see **síryan**).

sir /sir/ v. [1.ke] to bite. sirat/<ut/ n. par. bite. sirsyo n. biting. sirin/i/ n. person or animal that bites; mordant. sirat/<ot/ adj. par. bitten. siro/<isyot/ adj. able to bite. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

sira /sira/ (pl.siro) n. 1 cloth. 2 goat's skin.

sirar /sirar/ v. [1.ke] to stay aside; to isolate. ki- sirarat/<ut/ n. par. isolation; privacy. kisirorsyo n. staying aside. kisirörin/i/ n. lonely person. sirarat/siröröt/ adj. par. isolated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

sirch'i pögh /sirtsı pøg/ v. [3.ki] to be a bit too watery, e.g. a meal. sirchinogh n. par. to be watery. sirchinöt adj. par. a bit too watery.

sir(i)kinin/sirkünine/ adj. extra feeble; endemic. sir(i)kininö n. feebleness; laziness; unable to work well. sir(i)ki- ninit(u) v. to become very feeble and endemic.

sirüm /sirim/ (see sörom).

sirimu /sirimu/ v. to be hungry. sirunagh fö mu n. par. being hungry.

siriny /sirijn/ n. appendix; rectum.

sirkwa /sirkwa/ n. blind sickness affecting cattle.

sirim /sirim/ n. end. sirimu lalwa n. river bank. sirimu nanam n. shore.

sirimnyon /sirimnɔ:n/ (pl.sirimtin) n. chain.

sirimoy /sirimoi/ n. moving emotions over some- thing, especially of pride and bitterness. am sirimoy v. to feel those emotions.

siriny /sirijn/ <tin n. large intestines, cæcum.

sirim /sirim/ v. [2.ke] to chase. kisirimöt/<ut/ n. par. chasing. kisirimsyo n. chasing. kisirimin/i/ n. chaser. sirim'ot adj. par. chased. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t. siriny /sirijn/ v. [1.ke] to rescue; to save. kisi- rinyat/<ut/ n. par. rescue. kisiriny- syö n. rescuing. kisirinyin/i/ n. rescuer. sirinyat/<ot/ adj. par. rescued. siri- nyo/<isyot/ adj. rescuable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

sirip /sirip/ <ut n. bad omen being the consequent of witchcraft, cursing or sin.

sirir möt /sirir met/ prep. v. [2.ke] to be very angry and confused. siriröt/<ut/ n. par. anger and confusion. siririn/i/ n. person easy to become angry. siriron möt n. angry. siriro't/siriröno't/ adj. par. angry and confused. siriro möt/ siririsyon/ adj. possible to become angry. <otö, <egh.

sirityan /siritjan/ (pl.siritin) n. young he-goat (older than a kid).

sirir /sirir/ v. [1.ku] to stay far from; to remain aloof.

sirkon /sirkon/ v. [2.ke] to cut meat in stripes for drying it; to slice; to skive. sirkonöt/<ut/ n. par. pieces of sliced meat.

sirkonyö n. slicing. sirkonin/i/ n. slicer. sirkönö/sirkön n. sliced meat. sirkon'ot adj. par. sliced meat. sirkono/<isyot/ adj. sliceable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

sirkwen /sirkwen/ n. wilderness.

sirmoyon /sirmojon/ (pl.sirmoyis) n. furious person.

sirmoyinön /sirmojınən/ n. fury.

sirngitit /sırñgitit/ v. [1.ku] to shudder. kisirngi- töt, kisirngititogh n. par. shuddering. kisirngititin/i/ n. person who shudders easily. sırñgitit'ot adj. par. shuddered. sırñgititegho/<isyot/ adj. possible to shudder. <o(tö), <egh.

siro /siro/ n. pl. cloths (see sira).

sironchö /sironçə/n. going for dancing and seducing girls (see sükironchö).

sirörö /sırərə/ <en n. kite (bird).

sirpön /sırpən/ v. [2.ke] to deny. sirpönöt/<ut/ n. par. denial. sirponsyo n. denying. sirpöniñ /sırpənin/ /i/ n. person easy to deny with others. sirpöno't adj. par. denied. sirpöno/<isyot/ adj. denyable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

sirpön /sırpən/ v. [2.ki] to disagree. sirpönöt/<ut/ n. par. disagreement. sirpönsyo n. dis- agreeing. sirpöniñ/i/ n. person easy to disagree with others. sirpöno't adj. par. disagreed. sirpöno/<isyot/ adj. dis- agreeable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

sirsir /sırsır/ v. [1.ke] to penetrate through an unknown area with no paths; to sneak. sir- sirat/<ut/ n. par. sneaking. sirsiryo n. going through unknown places. sirsirin /sırsırin/ /i/ n. scout; sneaker. sirsirat/<ot/ adj. par. sneaked. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

sirsiri /sırsırı/ v. [3.ke] to become bushy. sirsiru- nat n. par. becoming bushy. sirsirunat adj. par. bushy. <egh.

sirtyan /sırtjan/ n. atmospheric state of moisture that causes weakness.

sirum/sirumpot/ n. navel.

siryam /sırjam/ v. [1.ke] to reach by a shortcut; to take a shortcut. kisiryamat n. par. taking a shortcut. kisiryomin/i/ n. person who takes a shortcut. siryam'at/siryo- m'ot/ adj. par. taken a shortcut. siri- yomo/<isyot/ adj. possible to take a shortcut. <otö, <u, <chi, <egh.

sryan /sirjan/ (pl.sir) n. louse.

siryoch /sırjots/ n. short red or white flowers that spring with the first rains of February. pögho siryoch, psiryoch n. isolated rain that falls during February. mamato siryoch /sırjots/ n. when flowers of the plant are white.

sisikat /sisikat/(sisikat) adj. (goat) with spots around the neck.

süsün /süsün/ v. [2.ke] to lay; to spread. süsünöt n. par. laying. süsünin/i/ n. person who lays something. süsünön n. layer; something laid. süsün'ot adj. par. laid. süsü-no/<isyot/ adj. possible to spread. <otö, <u, <chi, <egh, referring to place.

süsünion /süsünion/ n. sleeping hey for 'chemeri' or 'tiyos'.

süsür /süsür/ n. shore. süsüru lalwa n. bank of a river.

süsuk /süsuk/ v. [2.ke] to up lift a bit. kisüsüköt n. par. up lifting. kisüsüköy n. up lifting. kisüsükün/i/ n. person who up lifts. süsü-k'ot adj. par. up lifted. sükuko/<isyot/ adj. possible to up lift. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

süt /süt/ (A) v. [2.ke] 1 to uplift something. 2 to carry something; especially on the head. 3 to wrestle. sütöt/<ut/ n. par. carrying; wrestling. süt'ot adj. par. carried. sítö/<isyot/ adj. possible to carry, to be uplifted. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

süt /süt/ (B) v. [1.ke] 1 to rub; e.g., with sandpaper. 2 to abduct in a friendly way. ki-sítat/<ut/ n. par. rubbing; abduction. kisítin/i/ n. person who rubs; adapter. kisítan n. 1 something recently rubbed. 2 weak willed person easy to convince.

süt'at /<ot/ adj. par. rubbed; adapted. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

sütakin /sütakin/ v. [1.ke] (Kis.) to accuse. sütaki/<in/ n. 1 accusation. 2 kind of vegetables (Kis.). kisütakinat n. par. accusing. kisítokinin/i/ n. accuser. kisü-takinan n. accused person. sütakin'at/sü-tökino't/ adj. par. accused. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

süti /siti/ v. [3.ke] to transport; to install. sütinöt, sitinogh n. par. transportation; installing.

sütimä /sütimä/ <en n. electricity (Kis.).

sütwak /sütwak/ (pl. sütwok) n. healthy; clean; free from illnesses. süwa, süwyi v. [3.ke] 1 to see. 2 to understand. süwyagh, süwéghat n. par. sight; understanding. süwyeghin/i/ n. seer; person with good sight. süwyegh'at/<ot/ adj. par. seen. süwyegho/<isyot/ adj. visible. <egh, to see through.

süwaw /süwaw/ n. pl. (see süwawian). süwaw/<tin/ n. hornet (an insect). süwawa /süwawa/ adj. unstable life. süwawian /süwawian/ (süwaw) n. small wasp.

süwilwil /süwilwil/ (süwilwile) adj. bewhiskered; pi- lose. süwilwilöt(u) v. to become pilose. süwöre adv. completely; e.g., Tumöy myanyakaway süwöre—The frogs chant very much; Tumöy lalwa süwöre—The river is completely full.

süwsüw /süwsüw/ v. [2.ke] to haste; to be in hurry. süwsüwöt n. par. haste. süwsüwin n. hasty person. süwsüwo't adj. par. hasted. süwsüwo/<isyot/ adj. possible to haste. <o(tö), <egh.

sıyan /sıjan/ (<tin) n. type of tree (used as a cure for 'termes' (kalazar)).

sıyasa /sıjasa//en/ n. politics (Kis.).

sıyayıt n. pl. (see sıyöyütwö).

sıyoch /sıjɔʃ/ <oy n. black mongoose; cuscimane (animal).

sıyon /sıjon/ v. [2.ke] to extol. kisiyonöt/<ut/ n. par. extolling. kisiyonsyö n. ex-tolling. kisiyonin/i/ n. extoller. siyono't adj. par. extolled. siyono/<isyot/ adj. worthy of praise. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. sıyoy /sıjɔɪ/ v. [2.ki] to expire (to be beyond the deadline when something had to be done). sıyoyöt n. par. expiring. sıyoyin /sıjɔjin/ /i/ n. person who always delays to do things.

sıyoy'ot adj. par. expired. <o(tö), <egh.

sıyoyütwö /sıjɔjıtwö/ (sıyayıt) n. residue; remnant; e.g., from beer; grounded seeds.

sıyoyöwö /sıjɔjewö/ (pl. sıyoy, sıyayaw) n. a type of tree. (mangifera indica).

sıyıtich /sıjtıʃ/ <in n. penduline tit (bird).

sıyto /sıtə/ v. [3.ke] to jump; e.g., sıytegho pögh ghat roaring waters (see sırtö).

sich /<oy, <tin/ n. angur buzzard (bird).

sigh /sıy/ (A) v. [2.ki] 1 to soar. 2 to shriek (of a bird of prey). sighöt n. par. soaring. sighin/i/ n. bird that soars well, or shriek loud. sigho't adj. par. soaring. sigho/<isyot/ adj. able to soar. <o, <egh.

sigh /sıy/ (B) v. [2.ki] to busy oneself. sighöt/<ut/ n. par. being busy. sighin/i/ n. busy person. sigho't adj. par. busy. <o(tö), <egh.

Sigh /sıy/ <oy (C) n. nail. sighya kokoroch n. spur.

sik /six/ (A) v. [2.ku] to inflate. kisiköt/<ut/ n. par. inflation. kisiksyö n. inflating.

kisikin/i/ n. person who inflates. kisikön n. something inflated, e.g. a ball. sik'ot adj. par. inflated. siko/<isyot/ adj. possible to inflate. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

sik /sik/ (B) v. [2.ke] to force; to push; to urge. kisiköt/<ut/ n. par. forcing. kisikin n. person who forces others. siko't adj. par. forced; pushed. siko/<isyot/ adj. forceable. <o(tö), <u, (<ch)i, <egh, towards the speaker, <t, to push away from the speaker.

Sikak /sikak/, sikaka n. scent; perfume.

sikaka /sikaka/ n. thorny.

Sikerkeryon /sikerkerjon/ (sikerker) n. not well grained maize cob.

Sikimum /sikimum/ v. to handle.

Sikin /sikin/ (sikin) n. root.

sikörör /sikörör/ v. [2.ki] to urinate.

siköröröt n. par. urinating. sikörörin/i/ n. person who urinates involuntarily (e.g., a child). sikörör'ot

adj. par. urinated. <otö, <o, <egh. sikörör n. urine.

sikom /sikom/ v. [2.ke] to collaborate in doing manual work. kisikomöt/<ut/ n. par. col- laboration. kisikomşyö n. collaborating. kisikomin/i/ n. person who likes collab- orating with others. sikom'ot adj. par. collaborated. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t. sikong prep. hatred ipö sikong; e.g., Mepo chi sikong Do not hate anyone. sikong n. hatred.

Sikorya /sikorja/ (pl.sikor) n. green grass growing after burning. sikoryon/sikor, sikorya/ n. foliage from a tree used to feed animals, and also as vegetables for humans.

sikot/<ay/ n. orchid.

sikwa/<en/ n. 1 goats's skin. 2 (skin used as) blanket.

sil /sil/ (A) v. [1.ke] to prune. silat/<ut/ n. par. pruning. silsyö n. pruning. silin/i/ n. pruner. silan n. recently pruned tree. sil- at/<'ot/ adj. par. pruned. silo/<isyot/ adj. prunable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

Sil /sil/ (B) v. [1.ke] 1 to refine; to purify. 2 to fetch water from the top avoiding any dirt. silat/<ut/ n. par. purification. silsyö n. purifying. silin/i/ n. purifier. silan n. something newly refined. sil'at/<'ot/ adj. par. purified; refined. silo/<isyot/ adj. refinable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <t. sil sighthiny v. to decapitate.

Silankwa /silankwa/ (silankwoy) n. pumpkin (plant).

siličh /sililits/ n. tiny things.

Sililich /sililits/ <oy/ n. kite.

silön /silən/ stat. v. [2.ki] to wither; to fade; to be sad. silönöt n. par. withering; melancholy; sadness. silönin/i/ n. tree easy to whither; person easy to become sad. silönön n. withered tree, or sad person. silöno't/silönchot/ adj. par. withered; sad. silöno/<isyot/ adj. possible to wither. <o(tö), <egh.

silöwon /siləwon/ (silöw) n. beacon made by marking a tree with cuts.

Sim /sim/ v. [1.ke] to jump high. simat/ut/ n. par. jump. simsyo n. jumping high. simin/i/ n. jumper. sim'at/<'ot/ adj par. jumped. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

simii /simi/ <un n. telephone (Kis.).

simöng /siməŋ/, simong n. pelvis.

simotwö /simotwə/ (pl.simat) n. type of tree (strychnos Henningsii or ficus elastica).

simpalel /simpalel/ n. slaver.

simpin /simpin/ n. gamble game.

simpir /simpır/ n. disease that causes the fur of an animal to fall. simpıryon (simpır) n. scabies.

Simpolyo /simpoljo/ n. grey whitish colour (applied only for animals).

Simta /simta/ v. [3.ki] 1 to run away; to escape e.g., from home. 2 to elope. Simtagh /simtax/ n. par. escaping. Simtagh /simtax/ (simtöghut) n. par. elopement. simtöghin/i/ n. person who runs away easily; eloper. simtaghan n. escaped person. simtaghat/simtögho't/ adj. par. escaped. <otö, <egh. simtegh'at/<'ot/ adj. par. eloped. simte- gho/<isyot/ adj. possible to be eloped. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchü.

simwoywö /simwojwo/(pl. simoy) n. type of tree (syzy- gum cuminii).

sinchichö /sintʃitʃə/ <en, <ü n. small bead.

sinka/<en/ n. wire. (Kis.).

sinkan /sinkan/ v. [1.ke] to riot; to quarrel; to squabble. kisinkanat/kisinkönut/ n. par. quarrel. kisinkonsyö n. quarrelling. ki- sinköñin/i/ n. quarrelsome. sinkan'at/sinköno't/ adj. par. quarrelled. <sy, <otö, <u, <chü, <egh, because of.

sinklulwö /sinkululwə/ (sinkelul) n. type of tree (produces chewing gum).

sinköyoy /siŋkajɔi/ v. [2.ke] to oscillate. sinköyööt/<ut/ n. par. oscillation. sinköyoysyö n. oscillating. sinköyo- yön n. object that oscillates. sinköyoy'ot adj. par. oscillated. sinköyoyo/<isyot/ adj. able to oscillate. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

sinkoryö /siŋkorjo/ (pl.sinkor) n. tick.

sinön /sinən/ v. [2.ke] to sob. sinönöt/<ut/ n. par. sobbing. sinönin/i/ n. person who sobs. sinöno't adj. par. sobbed. <otö, <u, <chü, <egh.

sintanii /sintanı/ /is/ n. needle. (Kis.).

sintilya sintiljə en, <tin/ n. woman's bracier.

sintit/<oy/ n. sticks carried by circum- cised girls (chemeri').

singaryan /singaryan/ (singartin) n. gums of a denture.

Singwal /sigwal/ v. [1.ku] to handicap. kisingwa- lat, kisingwala n. par. lameness; hand- icapping. kisingwalan n. handicapped. singwal'at/singwöl'ot/ adj. par. hand- icapped. singwolo/<isyot/ adj. able to become handicapped. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

Sinyaghyan /sınayjan/ (pl.sinyaghtin) n. tree or branch that though cut is still green.

sinyö /sınə/ v. [3.ke] to incite. kisinyogh n. par. incitement. kisinyönin/i/ n. inciter. si- nyot, sinyeghot adj. par. incited. <otö, <egh, because of.

sinyonyö /sınognə/ <en/ n. pig weed.

Sip /sıp/ (A) v. [1.ke] to inhale; to sip. kisip- at/<ut/ n. par. sipping. kisipin/i/ n. person who sips. sip'at/<'ot/ adj. par. sipped. sipo/<isyot/ adj. possible to sip; or inhale. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

sip /sıp/ (B) v. [2.ke] to plane; to smoothen a piece

of wood (especially a twig). kisi- pöt/<ut/ n. par. planing. kisipöyö n. planing. kisipin/i/ n. person who knows how to plane well. kisipön n. newly planed piece of wood. sipo'ot adj. par. planed. sipo/<isyot/ adj. possible to plane. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

sip /sip/ (C) v. [2.ke] to paralyse. sipöt n. par. paralysis. sipo'ot adj. paralysed. <o, <egh, because of.

Sip /sip/ /<en/ (D) n. track; line. sipo koo'r n. longitude.

sir /sir/ v. [2.ke] 1 to evade; to move aside. 2 euphemism for going to the toilet. siröt n. par. evading. sirin/i/ n. evader. sir'ot adj. par. evaded; moved aside. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

s'ir /sir/ n. skin used as blanket.

Siran /siran/ (siron) n. dikdik.

sirchii /sirtʃi/ der. v. to leap. sirchinogh n. par. leaping.

sirchoch /sirtʃotʃ/ n. short red or white flowers that spring with the first rains of February. pogho sirchoch n. isolated rain that happens around February.

siriñyang /sirjanj/ /ay/ n. fabulous animal mentioned to scare children.

siriron /siriron/ /<tin/ n. inhabited thick forest.

Sirirta /sirirta/ v. [3.ku] to expel. kisirirtagh n. par. expelling. kisirirteghin/i/ n. person who expels. sirirtegh'at adj. par. expelled. <egh(u), <eghchii.

siran/siron/ n. dikdik.

sirchii /sirtʃ/ der. v. to leap. sirchinogh n. par. leaping. sirchii pögh v. [3.ke] to be a bit too watery; e.g., a meal. sirchinogh n. par. to be watery. sirchii'ot adj. par. a bit too watery.

sirkwö /sirkwə/ n. blind sickness affecting cattle. siriron/<tin/ n. uninhabited thick forest. sirirta, sirirtö v. [3.ke] to expel. kisirirtagh n. par. expelling. kisirirteghin/i/ n. person who expels. sirirtegh'at adj. par. expelled. <egh(u), <eghchii.

sirkwen /sirkwen/ n. wilderness.

Sirmoy /sirmoi/ n. challenging feeling. am sirmoy v. to feel like fighting or competing.

Sirngang /sirjanj/ /ay n. centipede. Ngwinöy sirngang Centipede is comming (used to frighten small children).

sirö /sirə/ n. 1 market. 2 a place aside; lonely place. sirö adv. aside.

siromöt /siromet/ /<in n. greater kudu.

sironchö /sirontʃ/ n. going for dancing and seducing girls (see sükironchö).

siroto /sirota/ v. [3.ke] to explore; to scroll. sirotogh n. scouting. sirotogh pö ortin n. section of the initiation period of boys in which the

circumcised are allowed to walk away from their compound, especially in order to ask for gifts and alms. siroteghin/i/ n. stroller. sirotegh'ot adj. par. strolled. <egh(u), <eghchii.

sirpop /sirpop/ n. body rash believed to be caused by the visit of a relative's spirit. nam sirpop v. to get that rash.

Sirsir /sirsir/ v. [2.ke] to be inconstant; unsteady.

sirsiröt /sirsiröt/ n. par. inconstancy. sirsirin/i/ n. unsteady person. sirsirön n. inconstant person. sirsir'ot adj. par. inconstant. <o(tö), <egh.

sirtö /sirta/ v. [3.ki] to jump. sirtogh n. par. jumping. <otö, <egh.

sirya /sirja/ n. 1 type of fruits. 2 tree. 3 Syria.

siryökwo/siryak/ n. 1 type of tree (podocarpus falcatus). 2 fruits of this tree. siryowö /sirjows/ (pl. siryra) n. type of tree (besides the fruits people chew its leaves because of their taste). siryowokatamugh small tree with salty fruits.

sis /sis/ (A) stat. v. [1.ke] to be quiet; to hush.

Sisat sisa n. par. silence. sisin/i/ n. quiet person. sisat/sisyot/ adj. par. silent. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

Sis /sis/ (ach), sisinch'ot/ (B) adj. different; queer; odd; strange. sisin n. difference. sisit(u), sisachit(u) v. to become different.

sisii /sisi/ n. swarm of bees.

Sisinchö /sisintse/ recip. v. [2.ke] to differ. kisisin chöt n. par. differing. sisinch'ot adj. par. different.

Sisikat /sisikat/ n. colour of an animal with many spots, black and white, around the neck.

sisike adj. bluish grey colour; e.g., guinea fowl.

sisiti /sisiti/ v. to become or made different.

sison /sison/ adv. secretly; in secret; e.g., Wiyö nyorunö Pkite sison—Go and meet Pkite in secret.

Sista sista /<en n. sister; nun (Eng.).

sit v. [1.ke] 1 to brush, especially the teeth. 2 to polish. sitat n. par. brush- ing; polishing. sitin/i/ n. person who brushes; polisher. sitat/ot/ adj. par. brushed. sito/<isyot/ adj. possible to brush. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. si-öt/sit- it/ n. 1 whip; rod. 2 tree used for making whips, or for making arrows and bows; leaves used for blessing (grewia bicolor and canthium keniensis). 3 stroke.

sityen /sitjen/ (pl.sity'en) n. mousebird (bird).

sityö n. brownish person. siwaryan/siwar/ n. small pieces of firewood.

Siyo /sijor/ v. [2.ke] to expire (to be beyond the dead line when something had to be done). siyoyin/i/ n. person who always delays to do things. siyoy'ot adj.par. expired. <o(tö), <egh.

Skat skat /<in n. skirt (Eng.).

söch /sətʃ/ v. [2.ke] to witness. söchöt n. par. witnessing. söchin/i/ n. witness. söch'ot adj. par. witnessed. <o(tö), <u, <chii (söchii), <egh.

söchii /sətʃ/ der. v. [3.ke] to see at; to find at. söchinogh n. par. finding at. (for derived words see söwi).

södök /sədək/ (see sadak).

södök /sədək <on, <is/ n. needle; pin.

söghich /səxɪtʃ/ , sīghich v. [1.ke] to be on heat (especially for women). söghichat n. par. being on heat. söghichin/i/ n. woman in that state. söghichan n. woman in that state. söghich'at/<ot/ adj. par. woman which is on heat. <egh, <o(tö).

sök /sək/ (see sak).

sökeryon /səkerjɔn/ (pl.söker) n. 1 incisor. 2 cowrie shells.

sökis /səkɪs/ (see sakis).

sökö /səkə/ n. pl. leaves (see sökon). sökölip/ sökölip/ n. cratch. sökömin/sakam/ n. bee.

sökomit /səkəmɪt/ (pl.sökomit) n. leg of a bed. sökö- möt/<in/ n. splitted bough used for the legs of a traditional bed; for seats.

sökönöwö /səkənəwən/ (sökönöwö) n. pincers used for pricking a man's beard.

sökönut /səkənut/ oy n. bough; hoof.

sökörömwö /səkərəmwə/ (pl.sakaram) n. pod (especially from some wild trees).

sökörwö /səkərwə/ <öy n. nape; occipitalis; scruff; crest (back of the head).

sökös /səkəs/ n. urine.

sökös /səkəs/ (see sakas). sökötyö /səkət̪iə/ <en n. earwig.

sökon /səkon/ (pl.sökö) n. leaf. sökontö /səkontə/ (see sakanta).

sökoröchit /sakorat̪it̪/ (u) v. (for the hair) to become disordered.

sökur /səkur/ n. pl. rags; dispose (see sakurya). sökwir/<ay) n. bushy place; jungle. sökwö/<en n. dead anthill.

sökwon /səkwən/ n. type of tree (medicine against coughing and chest pains, both for people and cattle).

söl /səl/ (see sal).

sölisyo /səlisjə/ v. [3.ke] to sieve. sölisyogh / sölisjøy/ n. par. sieving. sölisyeghin/i/ n. one who sieves. sölöl v. [2.ke] to howl; to scream. sölö- löt/<ut/ n. par. scream. sölösyo n. screaming. sölölini/ n. screamer. sölö- l'ot adj. par. screamed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sölopchon /səleptʃən/ /<tin/ n. cockroach.

sölowö /səlowə/ (pl.sal'a) n. twin.

söolumoy /səlumoi/ <oy, <tin/ n. hamster.

sölwö /səlwə/ öy n. fool; artless; stupid; ignorant; imbecile. sölwöntön n. foolishness; stupidity; ignorance. sölwöntön v. [2.ke] to make someone a fool. sölwöntönöt n. par. foolishness. sölwontönöt n. par. stupidity. <egh(u), <eghchii.

söm /səm/ (see sam).

sömchi /səmt̪i/ der. v. [3.ke] to estimate. ki- sömchinöt n. par. estimation. kisömchi- nin /i/ n. expert in estimating. sömchi- n'ot adj. par. estimated. <otö, <egh(u).

sömew /səmew/ /<ut/ n. sickness; malady; disease. sömewo takat n. asthma; tuberculosis. sömewo kögh n. leprosy.

sömewör /səmewər/ n. something mysterious.

sömis /səmɪs/ (A) v. [2.ke] to select a bull for breeding. sömisöt n. par. selection of a breeding animal. sömisin/i/ n. person who knows how to select well a breeding bull.

sömis ngal /səmɪs ɲal/ (B) v. [2.ke] to compose; to invent. sömisöto ngal n. par. composition; invention. sömisin/i/ n. author; composer. sömisinto tükwin inventor. sömis'ot adj. par. composed; invented. <otö, <u, <egh, <chii.

sömisö /səmɪsə/der. v. to select for breeding (see sömis).

sömök /səmək/ n. three. sömök kası n. wednesday. sömokin n. trinity. nyo pö sömök adj. third. tömönut sömök n. thirty. sömokin n. trinity.

sömokin /səməkin/ /i/ n. person who searches for honey.

sömön, somön /səmən/ (A) v. [2.ke] to rot. somö- nöt n. par. rottenness. somönin/i/ n. prompt to rot. somöno't adj. par. rotten. somöno/<isyot/ adj. possible to rot.

sömöröy /səmərəi/ <tin n. 1 type of arrow with wide head. 2 edge of an arrow.

sömsöm /səmsəm/ (see samsam).

söncjur /səntʃur/ (see sanchur).

sönköröi /sənkəri/ n. face.

sönkwöt /səŋkwət̪/ (pl.senkvet) n. flint stone.

söñöy /sənəi/ (i)wö/sanay/ n. (big) bead (general name).

söng /səŋ/ (see sang).

söngengen /səŋeŋen/ n. pl. fools (see sangenga).

söngeng /səŋeŋ/ (n)yö n. foolishness. söngöngö / səŋeŋjə/ n. (soft) palate; nasal cavity. söngony (see sangany).

söngtö /səŋt̪ə/ (see sangta).

söp /səp/ v. [2.ke] 1 to live. 2 to heal; to save. 3 to survive; to recuperate. kisöpöt/<ut/ n. healing;

existence. kisöpin/i/ n. reviver; healer; saviour. kisöpön n. saved; revived person or thing. söpot adj. par. saved; healed. söpo/<isyot/ adj. possible to heal; able to be saved. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

söpchi /səptʃi/ v. [3.ke] 1 to inspect; to investigate; to test. 2 to stalk; to slink; to prowl. söpchinogh n. par. inspection; prowling; stalking. söpchineghin/i/ n. inspector; prowler; stalker. söpchineghot adj. par. inspected. söpchino/<yot/ adj. able to be inspected. <otö, <egh.

söpe /səpe/ n. usefulness; e.g., Möminye söpe—It is useless.

söper/səper/ (see saper).

söpi /səpi/ <chen (A) n. lichen.

söpi /səpi/ <un (B) n. container to keep instruments for tapping blood from cattle; or for keeping ostrich feathers; coffer.

söpich /səpitʃ/ <tin n. group; crowd; mob. söpikyon /səpɪkʃn/ (pl.söpiken, söpikön) n. shrub. Söpingin/Sapiny/ n. Sebei person. söpiny/<oy/ n. small house built inside a field to watch it.

söpit /səpit/ v. [2.kö] to shoot new branches, especially after pruning. söpitöt/<ut/ n. par. shooting. söpitön n. shoot; scion. söpi- to't adj. par. shot. söpi/<isyot/ adj. possible to shoot. <o(tö), <egh.

söpit/sopit/ n. porcupine (also sapit)

söpityon/söpiten/ n. small shrubs grow- ing in a field.

söpölen /səpəlen/ n. pl. (see sopolyon).

söpölpölen /səpəlpəlen/ n. few things.

söpölyon /səpəl̩vən/ (pl.sopolen) n. a goat that has not produced yet.

söpöpir /səpəpir/ <tin n. type of mushroom.

söpöy /səpəi/ n. greeting done to men, the answer is epö (also süpöy).

söpon /səpə:n/ <ut n. life; living being.

söpön /səpən/ (see sapan).

söpukwö /səpukwə/ (pl.söpuk) n. type of tree (dombeya Goetzenii).

söpul /səpul/ (see sapul).

söpulyon /səpəl̩vən/ <en n. sycamore tree. sör/<un/ n. nose; nostril.

sör /sər/ (see sar).

sörchi /sərtʃi/ der. v. [3.ke] 1 to hustle; to rash. 2 to take something before its due time; e.g., meals. sörchinogh n. par. hustling; rushing; temerity. sörchineghin/i/ n. person who rashes; hustler. sörchineghot adj. par. hustled. <egh, <otö.

söri /səri/ v. [3.ke] to redeem; to rescue. sörunöt n. par. redemption; salvation; deliverance.

sörunin /sərunin/, söruneghin/i/ n. redeemer

sörün'ot /sərunət/ adj. par. redeemed; rescued. <o(tö), <egh.

sörüm /sərəm/ (see sörom).

söringony /sərīŋɔj/ <tin n. centipede of the fam- ily of scorpion.

söringonyon /sərīŋɔjən/ (pl.söringony) n. circumcised man.

sörkö /sərkə/ <en n. place where the dead are thought to go to rest and wait (not a nice place though); purgatory.

sörö /sərə/ n. thanks. yoki söro v. to thank (see yoki). pür söro v. to thank (see pür & pürchi). töönö söro v. give thanks (see töönö).

sörö /sərə/ (see sara).

sörökitwö /sərəkitwə/ (pl.sörökit) n. type of grass (san- sevieria sp.). It is thatching houses and beehives and to make ropes.

sörökyon /sərək̩vən/ /pl. sörok) n. heifer, which has not produced yet.

söröm /sərəm/ (sörimwok) n. 1 limit; end; margin. 2 cliff. nyö pö sörom adj. last.

sörömwok /sərəmwək/ n. pl. (see sörom).

sörön /sərən/ n. 1 piece of meat eaten before the blessing during kikatat. 2 meat taken in haste during a sacrifice.

söröp /sərəp/ (see sarap).

söröpchi /sərəptʃi/ der. v. [3.ke] to safeguard something for someone else. söropchinogh / sərəptʃinəv/ n. par. safeguarding (see sarap).

söröp /sərəp/ der. v. [3.ke] to support. söropunöt, n. par. supporting. söropu- neghin/i/ n. supporter. söropunot adj. par. supported. <egh(u), <eghchü.

sörör /sərər/ (see sara).

sörokyon /sərək̩vən/ (sarak) n. a young calf.

sörömyña /sərəmja/ (pl. söromoy) n. kidney.

sörömöt /sərəmət/ (pl. söromit), <in/ n. great kudu.

söromoy /sərəmər/ n. pl. kidneys (see söromnya).

söröt /sərot/ n. the last drops of beer.

sörpopchi /sərəpətʃi/ der. v. [3.ke] to be eager; impa- tient. kisörpopchinogh, kisörpopchi- nöt/<ut/ n. par. eagerness; avidity. ki- sörpopchin, kisörpopchinezgin/i/ n. impatient person. söropchin'ot adj. par. impatient. <egh.

sörpöpiyö /sərəpəpijə/ (pl. sörpöpi) n. kind of mush- room. sörpöpyon /sərəpəvən/ (pl. sörpöpö) n. meadow mushroom.

sörsorön /sərsorən/ n. fear because of someone's death (see sarsar).

söru /səru/ (see sorii).

sörum /sərum/ (pl.sörumpot) n. navel (see sürum).

sörün /sərun/ n. muzzle.

sörungöny /sərunjən/ <tin n. earthworm.

söryö /sərjə/ v. [3.ke] to hurry. söryogh n. par. hurrying. söryeghin/i/ n. person always in a hurry. söryegh'ot adj. par. hurried. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

sös /səs/ (see sas).

söschii /səstʃi/ der. v. to spurn.

sösii /səsɪ/ v. [3.ke] to feel jealous; to envy. sösinöt n. par. jealousy; envy. sösin/i/ n. jealous; envious. sösin'ot adj. par. others feel jealous of; envied. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. sösi /səsɪ/ n. jealous person.

sösörwö /səsərwə/ (pl. sonsar) n. type of mushroom. sösoy n. pl. lungs; bronchi (see sasay). söstoghin/i/ n. envious.

sösürwö /səsərwə/ (pl. Sasur) n. type of tree; big beads from sönsurwö.

söt /sət/ (see sat).

söt /sət/ <on (A) n. small gourd used for holding milk, beer, churning milk.

sötyö /sotjə/ adv. nul; nothing, e.g. Koyoran kim-ne katanyi kotömtan wölini kii sötyö—I was looking for someone in his house; when I arrived there I did not find him.

söw /səw/ (see saw).

söwi /səwı/ v. [3.ke] to recognize; to realize; to dis-tinguish. söwunöt/ut/ n. par. recognition. söwin/i/ n. witness; martyr; per-son who recognize. söwun'ot /səwunat/ adj. par. recognized; distinguished. söwo/isyot/ adj. recognizable; perceptible. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

söwin /səwin/ /i/ n. witness; martyr. söwintegh-chii der. v. [3.ke] to witness. söwin-ten, söwintö der. v. [3.ke] to witness (defective verb; but more in use than söwin- töñchi). söwintön n. witness; testimony. söwintogh n. par. witness. söwintegh-in/i/ n. witness. söwintegh'ot /səwintəyət/ adj. par. witnessed. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii. sö-wintenin/i/ n. prover. söwintöno't adj. par. proven. söwintöno/isyot/ adj. provable. <otö, <egh, <chii. söwintön v. [2.ke] to prove. söwintönöt/ut/ n. par. proof. söwintöñchi der. v. [3.ke] to witness; to testify. söwintöñchinogh n. par. testifying. söwintöñchinin/i/ n. witness.

söwor /səwɔr/ (see sawar).

söwsöwon /səwsəwɔn/ stat. v. [2.ki] to worry. söw- söwonöt/ut/ n. par. worry. söwsö- wonin/i/ n. worrisome. söwsöwonön /səwsəwənən/ n. worrisome. söwsöw'ot(söwsöwchot) adj. par. worry. söwsöwo/isyot/ adj. able to worry. <o(tö), <egh.

söwu /səwu/ (see söwi).

söy /səi/ (see say).

söyö /səjə/ <en n. one's personal gourd. sö-

yö/<öw/ n. (gourd to store) sour milk.

so' /sə/ adv. 1 perhaps. 2 particle used in questioning; e.g., nyi s'o?

so^ /sə:/ adv. later; after; in the future.

Soch /səp/ n. government.

sochpögh /sətʃpəg/ n. waterfall; cascade.

Sogh /səg/ n. pl. (see soghyon).

sogh /səg/ (see sagh).

soghchii /səxtʃi/ der. v. to intercede; to plead.

Soghigh /səgiɣ/ n. pl. husbands (see sayan); sons in law.

soghwöw /səɣwɔw/ sogh/ n. wig worn by tyos.

soghwin /səɣwɪn/ n. 1 placenta. 2 navel of a recently born infant of kid.

soghyo yit /səɣjø jit/ n. auditory canal.

Soghyon /səɣjɔn/ n. 1 reeds, or papyrus. 2 white termite (more common toghyon).

sokis /sokis/ <tin n. sack (Eng.).

sokit /səkit/ v. [2.ke] to heal. sokitöt/ut/ n. par. medicine; healing ceremonies. soki- tin/i/ n. healer. sokiton n. healed person. sokit'ot adj. par. healed. soki- to/isyot/ adj. possible to heal. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sokor /sokor/ (see sakar).

Sokorya /səkɔrja/ /<en/ n. green vegetables pluck from a tree called tuyunwö – balanati.

Sokotyon /səkɔtjɔn/ (pl. sokot) n. wedged prop for sup- porting; pole. sokot female.

Solyon /səljuŋ/ (pl. sol) n. strong tall grass used for thatching houses and for covering beehives.

som /səm/ v. [1.ke] to beg; to ask for; to appeal. somat/ut/ n. par. begging; application. somsyö n. appealing; alms. somin/i/ n. beggar. som'at/ot/ adj. par. begged. somo/iyot/ adj. possible to beg; possible to appeal. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

so^m /səm/ <tin n. 1 hut or enclosure for kids 2 shelf to keep pots. Somchon /səmtʃɔn/ (pl. sompen) n. uncircumcised man.

somonki /somoki/ <in n. cask; big gourd for local beer made out of honey.

somoroyi /səmorɔjı/ <in n. 1 type of arrow with wide head. 2 edge of an arrow.

Sompen /sompən/ n. pl. uncircumcised men (see somchon).

sompır /səmpıɾ/ <is (A) n. heavy sack. sompıru n. sack of. Sompıryon/Sömpır/ (B) n. Samburu.

somughin /səmuɣın/ (samughe) n. spots on a cow's hide (strips) (see samughin).

sondöywö /sondaɪwə/ n. place in a home or around where beer is brewed; brewery.

sonkoghoghwö /sənkoɣoɣwə/ (pl.sonkowaw) n.

type of tree (*macadamia tetraphylla*). Sonkokyon /sonjkokyön/ (pl. songkok) n. white black ants. sonkwö-/öy, <en/ n. 1 anthill; promontory. 2 outskirts of a home. kanisa nyo pö sonkwö/kanisen cho pö songwen/ n. outstation.

Sonkwoch /sonjkwotʃ/ (see sankwach). Songol /sɔŋɔl/ (song'ol) n. (ostrich) feathers. songur/<tin/ n. sole of a shoe. Sonioki /sonisk/ <ay n. big beads used for women's necklaces.

sonö /sonə/ <on n. sterile; barren; infertile. so- nön v. [2.ke] to make or become barren. sonönöt n. barrenness; sterility. sonön- in/i/ n. person who makes someone else barren. sonöno't adj. par. barren. sonö- no/<isyot/ adj. able to be made barren. <o(tö), <egh.

sonsurwö /sonsurwa/ sonsur, sa(n)sur, sasar/ n. 1 wild banana (*calodendrum capense*). 2 (big) beads made from the seeds of that plant.

Sonye /sope/ adv. just, anyhow.

so^o/soyen/ n. buffalo.

sopön /sopən/ v. [2.ke] to tangle ropes around a container for its transportation. sopönöt /sopənat/ <ut n. par. entangle. sopönsyö /sopənsø/ n. tangling. sopönin/i/ n. expert person in doing such a job. sopönön n. newly entangled gourd. sopöno't adj. par. tangled. sopöno/<isyot/ adj. possible to entangle. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

sopötö /sopətə/ <en n. cabin; temporary hut. sor/<in/ n. pl. lass; uncircumcised girls. sorich/ <ay/ n. type of tree (edible after having been boiled for a long time; people eat it in times of drought and famine like 'loma').

sorichon /soritʃən/ n. type of tree (*boscia coriacea*).

Sorimyan /sərimjan/ (pl. sorim) n. beauty scars made on a girls body; tatoo.

soromonion/soromontin/ n. type of tree (*eugenia murtifolia*).

sorot /sorot/ n. the last drops of beer.

sorta v. [3.ke] to proceed leaving others behind. sortagh n. par. proceeding ahead. sortegehin/i/ n. person who likes to do so. sortegehan n. person who has joined an advance group. sortegeh'at adj. par. proceeded. <egh, <otö.

soryö /sorjə/ v. [3.ki] to hurry. söryogh n. par. hurrying. söryeghin/i/ n. person always in a hurry. söryegh'ot adj. par. hurried. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

sos /sos/ n. pl. (see sosyon).

sosö /sɔsə/ <on n. idle person. sosönöt n. idleness; laziness.

Sosoghyon /sɔsɔxjən/ (pl. sosogh) n. bumble bee.

sosotwö /sosotwə/ (sosot) n. type of tree (its fruits are edible). sosurwö/nsorsur/ n. type of tree (*ensepe veantricucom*).

Sosyon /sɔsjən/ n. 1 palm tree (*phoenix re-clinata*). 2 stick for washing gourds made from a palm twig.

Sot /söt/ v. [1.ke] to sort out; to refine. sotat/<ut/ n. par. refining. sotsyö n. refining. sotin/i/ n. refiner. sotan n. newly refine thing. sot'at/<ot/ adj. par. refined. soto/<isyot/ adj. refinable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sotön /sota/ v. [2.ke] to astound. sotönöt/<ut/ n. par. astoundment. sotönsyö n. as-tounding. sotönin/i/ n. person who as-tounds others. sotöno't adj. par. as-tounded. <sy, <otö, <chii, <egh.

sotöwon /sotəwən/ (pl. sotöw) n. filter.

Sotot /sotot/ n. Pöket clan whose totem is the sun. sotyö n. peace. sotyö adv. null; nothing; e.g., Koyoran Pkite katanyi kotömtan wö- lini sotyö—I was looking for Pkite in his house; when I arrived there I did not find him.

sowsowön /sowsowən/ stat. v. [2.ke] to worry. sow- sowönöt/<ut/ n. par. worry (worries). sowsowöni/i/ n. worrisome. sowsowö- nön n. worrisome. sowsowo't /sowsowət/ (sowsow- chot) adj. par. worry. sowsowo/<isyot/ adj. able to worry. <o(tö), <egh.

soya /soja/ adv. afterwards.

soyi /soji/ <in n. type of tree (*molosana cæs-sipourea*).

Soykutyon /soikutjən/ (pl. soykut) n. kind of weed soyö /sojə/ <en n. one's personal gourd. soyö/öw/ n. (gourd to store) soar milk, yoghurt.

soyön /søjən/ v. [2.ke] to bless. kisoyönöt/<ut n. par. blessing. kisoyönsyö n. blessing. kisoyöni/i/ n. blesser. kisoyönön n. recently blessed person or object. soyöno't adj. par. blessed. soyöno/<isyot/ adj. possible to bless. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Soytoy /soito/ n. cascade. Speyin n. Spain. spulton n. sycamore tree. su n. future; e.g., Owetan Tiatiy su—I will go to Tiatey sometime in the future.

sugh v. [2.ke] to take something be- fore it gets finish; to rescue; to de-fend. sughöt /suxət/ <ut n. par. rescuing. sughsyö n. rescuing. sughin/i/ n. per- son who defends him/herself. sughön n. something got after hard struggle. sugh'ot adj. par. rescued; defended. Sugho /suxo/ <isyot adj. par. possible to de-fend, or rescue. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Suka /suka/ <en n. sheet (Kis.).

sukarin /sukari:n/ n. sugar (Kis.).

suköntö /sukəntə/ adv. without permission; e.g., Kipö chane kitapuyan suköntö—They took away my book without permission.

Suksuk /suksuk/ v. [1.ke] to worry; to be anxious. kisuksukat/<ut/ n. par. worry. ki-suksusyö n. worrying. kisuksukin/i/ n. worrisome person.

suksukat/'ot/ adj. par. worried. suksuko/<isyot/ adj. able to worry. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

sukukut /sukukut/ <ay n. speckled pigeon (bird). sukuma/<en/ n. kale, vegetable (Kis.). sukwö/<en/ n. small anthill.

Sul /sul/ v. [1.ke] to detract; to take away, especially grass from a house, or in the way a thief steals. sulat n. par. detract- ing; taking away. sulsyö n. taking away. Sulin /sulin/ /i/ n. person or animal (a cow eat- ing the thatch of a house) who knows to do that very well, especially a pickpocket. sul'at/'ot/ adj. par. taken away. <syö, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Sulimoy /sulimoi/ , sulumoy/<oy/ n. cane rat.

sulputen /sulputen/ n. pl. (see sulputyon).

sulputön /supultən/ v. [2.ke] to pilfer; to pinch. sul- putönöt/<ut/ n. par. pilfering. sulputönin/i/ n. pilferer; dishonest. sulputön'ot adj. par. pilfered. <o(tö), <egh, 1 someone who eats from the pan especially before serving. 2 one who eats things bits by bits. sulputyon/sulputen/ n. knave; pilferer; someone who takes things carelessly; reckless; irresponsible.

Sulul /sulsul/ <tin n. 1 the bodily hair. 2 mane of a he-goat.

Sum /sum/ v. [1.ke] to feel heartburns. sum- at/<ut/ n. par. heartburns. sumin/i/ n. person who gets stomach aches. suman n. person who is troubled by the stomach easily. sum'at/<'ot/ adj. par. feeling heartburns. sumo/<isyot/ adj. possible to suffer heartburns. <o(tö), <egh.

su^m /sum/ <tin n. shelve to keep pots; enclosure for kids.

sun /sun/v. [1.ku] 1 to ferment; to putrefy. 2 to be overrun in a competition. ki- sunat /sunat/ n. par. fermentation; putrefaction. sun'at/<'ot/ adj. par. fermented; putre- fied. suno/<isyot/ adj. fermentable. <egh, <o, <u, <chii.

sunet /sunet/ n. pl. (see sunöt).

sungut /sungut/ v. [1.ke] to be or become ugly. ki- sungutat, kisungutagh n. ugliness. ki- sungutin/i/ n. ugly person. kisungutan n. ugly. sungut'at/<'ot/ adj. par. ugly. <o, <egh, because of.

sunöt /sunat/ (pl.sunet) n. fat of an animal; bacon.

su(n)sayan/sunsa/ n. weevil; maize bill- bag.

sunsun /sunsun/ v. [1.ke] to squirm; to turn around during sleep. kisunsun'at, kisunsunagh n. par. squirming; turning around during sleep. kisunsunin/i/ n. one who turns a lot. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, referring to the place.

Suntur /suntur/ v. [1.ke] to thicken; to curdle.

kisunturat n. par. thickening.

Sunwak/sunwak/ <ay n. very industrious woman. sup v. [2.ku] to gather; to pile; to assemble.

kisupöt/

kisupin/i/ n. gatherer. supo't adj. par. piled up; assembled; gathered. Supo /supo/ <isyot adj. possible to gather. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

supar /supar/ v. [1.ke] 1 to array. 2 to assail a boy in dancing. kisuparat/kisuporut/ n. par. assaulting. kisupörin/i/ n. dandy; assailier (a girl). supar'at/supor'ot/ adj. par. arrayed; assaulted. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

supulyon /supuljön/ <en n. sycamore tree.

Sur /sur/ v. [2.ke] to migrate; to evacuate; to move away from danger. kisuröt/<ut/ n. par. evacuating; migration. kisur- in/i/ n. migrant; refugee. suo't adj. par. migrated; evacuated; abandoned. su- ro/<isyot/ adj. able to migrate. <otö, <chii, to migrate to a place. <o, <egh, because of, <o, <en, to migrate from. <i, to move towards the speaker. <t, to move something away from danger. sur- chii der. v. migrate to. surchinogh n. par. migration.

suri /suri//<un/ n. tax (Kis.).

sürüm /surım/ n. navel.

suriyö /surıja/ <en n. local vegetable.

surkwen n. wilderness; desert.

surlay /<ay/ n. 1 mongoose. 2 derogatory name to describe an ugly person.

surtut /surtut/ v. [2.ke] to weep. kisurtutöt/<ut/ n. par. weeping. kisurtutsyö n. weeping. kisurtutin/i/ n. person who weeps easily. surtut'ot adj. par. wept. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

sururchii /sururtʃi/ v. [3.ke] 1 to admire; to be curious. 2 to be lustful. sururchinogh n. par. curiosity; lust. sururchineghin/i/ n. curious; lustful person. <otö, <egh.

sururchinogh /sururtʃinox/ n. lewdness.

sururich /sururitʃ/ n. skip (children's game: they jump over the skipping rope).

sururö /sururə/ n. forelock for children. Sururu /sururu/ <un n. mattock; pickax (Kis.). surutyö/<öy, surut/ n. bunch; bundle; bale.

Sury(ö) /surya/ <oy, <en/ n. wild cucumber.

suryön /surjan/ v. [2.kü] to erect. suryönöt/<ut/ n. erection. suryöniñ/i/ n. male who erects easily. suryöno't adj. par. erected. <otö, <egh.

Sus/sus/ n. pl. grass (see suswon).

Sus /sus/ v. [2.ke] to disturb; to bother; to irk. kisusöt/<ut/ n. par. disturbance. kisusin/i/ n. botherer; irksome person. sus'ot adj. par.irked. suso/<isyot/ adj. disturbable. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

susa(yan) /susajan/ (su(n)saya) n. weevil.

Susuncha /susuntsa/ <en n. sponge.

susutyö /susutjə/ , susucho, suspchö/<oy/ n. hairy end of cow's tail; switch of a cow.

Suswon /suswon/ (pl.sus) n. grass.

sut /sut/ (A) v. [1.ke] to whiffle. kisutat/<ut/ n. par. whiffle. kisutin/i/ n. whiffler.

sutat/o't/ adj. par. whiffled. <o, <egh.

sut /sut/ (B) v. [1.ke] to starve; to be hungry. kisutat n. par. starving. kisutin/i/ n. person who feels hungry soon. sut'at/<'ot/ adj. par. hungry. suto/<isyot/ adj. possible to feel hungry. <o(tö), <egh.

sutö /sutə/ n. soup; sauce.

sutöwon /sutəwon/ (sutöw) n. charcoal.

suw /suw/ v. [2.ke] to catch on time. suwöt n. par. catching on time. suwin/i/ n. person who ordinarily does things on time. suwöt adj. par. caught on time. suwo/<isyot/ adj. possible to catch. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Suyon /sujən/ (pl.suyi, suyö) n. wild dog; hunting dog, jackal.

swang v. [1.ke] to touch. swangat/<ut/ n. par. touching. swongin/i/ n. person who likes to touch things. swang'at/swongo't/ touched. swongo/<isyot/ adj. touch- able. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

swatwat /swatsawat/ (swötswöte) adj. an active person. swötswötyö n. activeness. swatwatit, swötswötit(u) v. to become restless.

Swatwat /swatwat/ (swötswöte) adj. prompt. swö- twötyö n. promptness. swatwatit, swötswötit(u) v. to become prompt.

Swiden /swiden/n. Sweden.

Swilan /swilan/n. Switzerland.

Swom /swom/ v. [2.ke] to slander; to traduce; to calumniate. kiswomöt/<ut/ n. par. calumny; slander. kiswomsyö n. slander- ing. kiswomin/i/ n. slanderer. swom'ot adj. par. slandered. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

syak /sjak/ (A) v. [1.ke] to discover. syakat/ut/ n. par. discover. kisyöksyö n. discov- ering. syökin/i/ n. discover. syakan n. newly invented thing. syak'at/syök'ot/ adj. par. discovered; invented. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Syak /sjak/ (B) v. [1.ku] to check; to look carefully for something. kisyakat/<ut/ n. par. check. kisyöksyö n. checking. ki- syökin/i/ n. checker. kisyakan n. newly checked object. syak'at/syök'ot/ adj. par. checked. syöko/<isyot/ adj. checkable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Syaksyak /sjaksjak/ rep. v. [1.ke] to search; to rummage (see syak B).

Syal /sjal/ sv. [1.ke] to quarrel; to brawl. sya- lat/ syölüt/ n. par. brawl. syala n. quarrelling. syölin/i/ n. rioter; quar- relsome. syal'at/ syöl'ot/ adj. par. quar- relled. <o(tö), <chii, (<chin)egh, to quar- rel with someone because of, <chineghu, to quarrel with someone in my name because of some reason. syala n. fight; brawl. syalseta der. v. [3.ke] to riot. syalsetagh n. par. rioting.

syap /sjap/ v. [1.ke] to thatch. syapat/syöput/ n. par. thatching. syöptyö n. thatch- ing. syöpin/i/ n. person who thatches a house. syapan n. recently thatched house. syap'at/syöpo't/ adj. par. thatched. syö- po/<isyot/ adj. possible to thatch. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Syar /sjar/ v. [1.ke] to snap away; to remove. syarat/syörut/ n. par. snapping. syor- syö n. snapping. syorin/i/ n. snapper.

Syaran /sjaran/ n. something snapped. syar- at/ syör'ot/ adj. par. snapped. syö- ro/<isyot/ adj. possible to be snapped. <sy, <o(tö), <u, (<c) hii, <egh, to snap towards the object, <t, to snap away from the object.

syara /sjaran/ der. & stat. v. [3.ke] to overturn. syaragh n. par. overturning. syarat/syori- syot/ adj. par. overturned.

Syarkong /sjarkonj/ /<is/ n. bodyguard; someone who protect others (euphemism).

syarsyar /sjarsjar/ rep. v. to scrape on the ground like a hen does (see syar).

syarta /sjarta/der. v. to overthrow. syartagh n. par. overthrowing. syörteghin/i/ n. overthrown. syartegh'at/syörtegh'ot/ adj. par. overthrown. <egh(u), <egh- chii.

Syati /sjati/ <in/ n. shirt (Kis., Eng.).

syaw /syaw/ v. [1.ke] to search. kisyawat/kisyowut/ n. par. searching. kisyowsyö n. searching. kisyowin/i/ n. searcher. ki- syawan n. something searched for; a qualification. syaw'at/syow'ot/ adj. par. searched. syowo/<isyot/ adj. search- able. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Syegh /sjey/ v. [2.ki] to belch. syeghöt/<ut/ n. par. belch. syeghsyö n. belching. syeghin/i/ n. person who belches often. syegh'ot adj. par. belched. <sy, <o(tö), <egh, <t.

syeghtö /syextə/ der. v. [3.ke] to deflate. syegh- togh n. par. deflation. syeghteghin, syeghtöghin/i/ n. person who likes to deflate objects. syeghtegh'at, syeghte- ghot adj. par. deflated. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

Syel /sjel/ v. [1.ke] to boil. kisyelat/<ut/ n. par. boiling. kisyelsyö n. boiling. kisyelin/i/ n. person who boils; cook. syel'at/<'ot/ adj. par. boiled. syelo/<isyot/ adj. possible to boil. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t. referring to the instrument.

syeni /sjeni/ v. [2.ki] raising of the sun. syenunöt n. par. raising of the sun. Kesyen'i asis. The sun has risen. <egh, referring to place.

syeng /sjen/ v. [1.ke] to dig for salt for the animals. kisyengat/<ut/ digging for salt for animals. kisyengsyö n. digging for salt. kisyengin/i/ n. digger of salt. syeng'at/<'ot/ adj. par. dug. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Syep /sjep/ v. [2.ke] to stalk; to pry; to ambush; to waylay. kisyepöt/<ut/ n. par. ambush. kisyepsyö n. ambushing. kisyepin/i/ n. person who

ambushes. syepo't /sjepət/ adj. par. ambushed. syepo/<isyot/ adj. possible to ambush.

syölsyöl /sjølsjø/ v. [2.ke] loosen something. syölsyöl/syölsyöle/ adj. loose. syölsyöl- yö n. looseness. kisyölsyölöt n. loose- ness. syölsyölit(u) v. to become loose. syölsyöl'ot loose.

syökï /sjøkï/ v. [1.ke] beginning of the rainy season. syökunat n. par. beginning of the rainy season; e.g., Kisöökï ilät—The rainy season is coming.

syöl /sjøl/ (see syal).

syöp /sjøp/ (see syap).

syöpï /syøpï/ v. [1.ke] beginning of the rainy sea- son. syöpuntat n. par. beginning of the rainy season; e.g., Kesyöpï ilät—The rainy season has started.

syör /sjør/ (see syar).

sörsyör /sørsjør/ adj. quick; unsteady (see chwör- chwör).

syörtö /sjørtə/ (see syarta).

syöw /sjøw/ v. [2.ke] to cool down. kisyöwöt n. par. cooling down. kisyöwin/i/ n. person who likes to cool down his/her drinks. syöw'ot adj. par. cooled. syö- wo/<isyot/ adj. possible to cool. <o(tö), <u, <chï, <egh.

syol /sjøl/ (A) v. [2.ke] to resound.

kisyolöt/<ut/ n. par. resounding. kisyolöto kamas n. echo. kisyolin/i/ n. something that resounds easily. syol'ot adj. par. resounded. <o, <egh.

syol /sjøl/ (B) v. [2.ke] to raise up; to uplift.

syolöt/<ut/ n. par. lifting. syolin/i/ n. lifter. syol'ot adj. par. raised. syo- lo/<isyot/ adj. possible to raise up. <o(tö), <u, <chï, <egh, <t, for someone else.

syolchï /sjøltʃi/ der. v. [3.ke] to quarrel to snag; to scold. syolchinogh n. par. snagging; scolding (see syal). syolchinin/i/ n. person who scolds. syolchin'ot adj. par. scolded. <egh(u).

syoley /sjøleɪ/ /<tin/ n. careless girl; shameless, naughty girl.

syolöp /sjøləp/ (syolip) n. hairdress for man made with mud, and where ostrich feathers can be placed. 2 typical cap or wig made from twining human hair; only used in festivals and it bedecked with feathers.

syom /sjom/ adj. somewhere; e.g., Kiwö nyinte ato syom—He went somewhere (unknown). syongïny/ syonginy/ n. rope for hanging a cows'bell.

syongöny /sjøŋjən/ (pl.syöngïny) n. leather strap to hang on a cow's bell.

syonkön /sjøŋkən/ v. [2.ke] to praise. öt/<ut/ n. par. praise. kisyonkönköö n. praising. kisyonkönin/i/ n. praiser. syongöno't /sjøŋenət/ adj. par. praised. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chï, <egh.

syoröwon /sjorəwɔn/ ,(pl.syoröw) n. spatula.

syorsyor /sjorsjor/ adj. quick; unsteady (see chwör- chwör).

syow /sjow/ (see syaw).

T, t

Taa /ta:/ /<tin/ n. lamp; lantern (Kis.; Arabic).

Tachiryon /tatʃirjɔn/ (pl.tachiri) n. rich person (Kis.; Arabic).

tagh /tax/ n. 1 front. taghu in front of. taghta in front of; e.g., taghunyan, taghtanyan in front of me. ompö tagh adv. in front. nyö pö tagh first. eghu tagh n. the right-hand. 2 forward; ahead. yegh tagh v. to proceed.

Tagh /tax/ v. [2.ke] to cobble. taghat n. par. cobbling. töghin/i/ n. shoemaker; cobbler. tagh'at/ tögho't/ adj. cobbled; repaired. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

taghoy /taxɔɪ/ n. pl. bracelets (see tay).

Takach /takatʃ/ (pl.tököch) frontalis (front muscle); face.

Takal /takal/ n. pl. (see takalyan).

Takal /takal/ (pl.tökol) n. 1 purse. 2 large wineskin (for local beer) 3 sins, evil deeds. taka-la tarkal n. scrotum. takalyan/takal/ n. perverse; evil person. takalinan n. perversity; sinfulness; sacrifice; evil.

Takan /takan/ v. [1.ke] to dry up in the production of milk. takanat n. par. drying up. tö-könin/i/ n. cow that stops producing milk easily. takanan n. cow that does not produce milk. takan'at/ tököno't/ adj. par. dried. tököno/<isyot/ adj. possible to stop producing milk. <otö, <egh, because of.

Takar /takar/ <ay n. dam; water pool. takarasyan/ takarasen/ n. hailstone. Takaryan/Tokora/ n. Tokora people. takat/töket/ n. brisket; bosom; bust; chest.

Takataka /takataka/ /en/ n. rubbish (Kis.). takaywa/<ay/ 1 type of palm tree very much found around Turkana lake (phoenix canariensis, borassus æthiopum). 2 edible fruits from this plant.

Takes /takes/ (A) v. [1.ke] to straighten oneself up. kitakesat n. par. putting one's chest out. takes'at/ tökes'ot/ adj. par. straighten oneself. <o(tö), <egh.

Takes /takes/ (pl. tökesöch) (A) adj. steep. tökesin n. steepness; cliff. takesit(u), tökesöchitu v. to become steep for the one who climbs.

Takilkil /takilkil/ <oy n. dragonfly.

Takol /takol/ (pl.takölöch) adj. stiff. takolyö n. stiffness. takolit(u), takölöchitu v. to become stiff.

Takwenya /takweña/ n. greeting for women; e.g., takwenya? - ikö.

talamach /talamatʃ/ <ay n. type of tree (vanqueria Volkensii).

Talamnya /talamnja/ (talam) n. locust.

Talas /talas/ (pl.tölose) adj. humble; polite;

n. what has been vomited; small vomit because of heartburn, very common with babies. talyak'/at/ tölyök'ot/ adj. par. vomited. tölyöko/isyot/ adj. possible to be vomited. <o(tö), <egh, <u, <chü, referring to the place where to vomit.

Tam /tam/ (A) v. [1.ke] to start walking (of a toddler). tamat/tömut/ adj. par. walking. tömin/i/ n. toddler fast in walking. tam'at/ töm'ot/ adj. par. toddler that already walks. <egh, <otö.

Tam /tam/ (B) v. [1.ke] to ponder. kita- mat/ kitomut/ n. par. pondering. ki- tomsyö n. pondering. kitomin/i/ n. one who ponders frequently. tam'at/tom'ot/ adj. par. pondered. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

Tam /tam/ n. pl. (see tömwö).

tamataghön /tamamixən/ n. dizziness; tingle. am tamamighön v. feel dizzy; numbness.

Tamamporo /tamamporo/ <en n. spider.

Taman /taman/ (tömönüt) n. ten. taman nko akonga eleven. taman nko odeny twelve. taman nko sömök thirteen. ta- man nko angwan fourteen. taman nko mut fifteen. taman nko mut nko ako- nga sixteen. taman nko mut nko odeny seventeen. taman nko mut nko sömök eighteen. taman nko mut nko ang- wan nineteen. tömönut odeny twenty. tömönut sömök thirty, etc.

Tamas /tamas/ (A) v. [1.ke] to get drunk. ta- masat/tömösut/ n. par. drunkenness. tömösyö n. drunkenness. tömösin/i/ n. drunkard. tamasat/tömösot, tömes- yöt/ adj. par. drunken. tömöso/<isyot/ adj. able to get drunk. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

Tamas /tamas/ <tin, <ay/ (B) n. camel.

tam'ogh /tamoy/ n. beard (for men and goat).

tamarpar /tamarpar/ (A) stat. v. [1.ke] to be stranded; to bewilder. tamarparat/tömpörerut n. par. being stranded. tömpörerin/i/ n. person who gets stranded often. tam- pararan n. stranded. tamarpar'at/töm- pörörö'st/ adj. par. stranded; bewildered. <o(tö), <u, <chü.

Tamarpar /tamarpar/ (B) adj. something flat and open (Kis.)

tamtami(yan) /tamtamijan/ (pl. tamtamun) n. sweets. tamugh n. beard (for men and goat). tamum v. [1.ke] to doubt; to be sceptic. tamumat n. par. doubting; scepticism. ta- mumin/i/ n. sceptic; doubtful. tamu- m'at/<'ot/ adj. doubtful. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

Tamurmur tamurmur /ay n. container of 20 litres. tan v. [1.ke] to maim; to mutilate. tan- at/tönut/ n. par. mutilation. tönsyö n. mutilating. tönin/i/ n. maimer. tan- an n. mutilated. tan'at/töno't/ adj. par. mutilated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh.

tan v. [1.ki] to mince; to cut into small pieces. tanat/tönut/ n. par. mincing. tönsyö n. mincing. tönin/i/ n. one who cuts into small

pieces. tanan/tönon/ n. minced things. tanat/ töno/t/ adj. par. minced. töno/<isyot/ adj. minceable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, referring to the instrument.

tanakit /tanakit/ <ay n. 1 bushbaby. 2 (also) tree gum.

Tanatan /tanatan/ rep. v. (see tan).

tanirir /tanirir/ v. [1.ke] to insist; to reattempt. ta- nirirat n. par. insisting. toniririn/i/ n. one who insists, who tries again and again. tanirir/at/ tonirir/ot/ adj. par. insisted. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Tankararyan /tankararyan/ (pl. tankarer) n. slaver; saliva, especially of cattle.

tankwil /tankwil/ v. to meander (see tangwil).

Tantan /tantan/ (töntöne) adj. thin; slim; slender; narrow. tontoniö n. thinness; slenderness. tantanit(u), töntöniu v. to become thin, slender.

Tantaryan /tantaryan/ (pl. tantar) n. boy; male offspring; seeds.

Tankuk /tankuk/ n. good luck. wö tankuk /tankuk/ v. to be lucky.

tankwilagh pa lalwa /tankwilax pa lalwa/ n. a river meander.

tangasa /tangasa/ stat. v. [3.ki] to say nonsense; to act unreasonable. tangasat n. par. nonsense. tangasat/töngösöt/ adj. par. unreasonable. <otö, <egh, because of.

Tangat /tangat/ v. [1.ke] to train; to practice. ki- tangatkit/kitöngötü/ n. par. training; practice. kitöngötsöy n. training. ki- töngötin/i/ n. trainer. kitanganat n. trainee. tangat/at/ töngöt/ot/ adj. par. trained. töngöto/<isyot/ adj. trainable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <t, <egh.

tangich /tanjt/, (pl. tangich) n. zygomatic bone. tangogh v. [1.ke] to shorten; to cut short.

Tangogh /tanjöy/ (pl. töngoghöch) adj. 1 short; shallow. 2 adv. momentary; while. nyo tangogh for an instance. töngohyö n. shortness. kitangoghat n. par. shorten- ing. tangoghit(u), töngoghöchitu v. to become short.

Tangtang /tanjtanj/ n. dizziness. nam tangtang v. to feel dizzy.

tangwilagh pa lalwa n. corner pool in a river.

Tany /taj/ (pl.tich) n. cow/cattle.

tanyakin /tanyakin/ v. [1.ke] to face; to confront. ki- tanyakinat n. par. confronting. kitönyö- kinin/i/ n. confronter; brave. tanyakii- n/at/tönyökin/ot/ adj. par. faced. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

tap kegh /tap key/ v. [1.ke] to force oneself to vomit.

Tapa /tapa/ /oy/ n. tobacco. tapa chepkönöw n. parasol mushroom. tapa karilöch n. parasol mushroom.

Tapach /tapaʃ/ (ptapach) n. September (ninth month).

Tapak /tapak/ v. [1.ke] to dazzle. kitapakat n. par. dazzling. tapakat/töpök'ot/ adj. par. dazzled. <ay, <egh, because of.

tapaktapak /tapaktapak/ adv. uncertainly; e.g., Wes- töy monïng lö-tapaktapak—Children walk uncertain.

tapalal /tapalal/ v. [1.ke] to flatten down. tapalal/töpölöle/ adj. flat. töpölölyö n. flatness. kitapalalat n. par. flattening. tapalalit(u) / tapalalitu /, töpölölitu v. to become flat.

Tapan /tapan (pl. töpenwok) 1 n. danger. 2 adj. dangerous; risky; nervosity. nam tapan v. to feel nervous, insecure. tapan nyo orus kut expr. very dangerous.

Tapar /tapar/ n. pl. (see taparya).

Taparak /taparak/ <ay n. small pond of water.

taparya/tapar/ n. ear wax; e.g., taparya- ta yit ear's wax. taparya lalwa n. dry clay layer on a river bed remaining after flooding.

Tapasa /tapasa/ (töpösoy) n. utter husk of sugar cane.

tapasyach /tapasjak/ n. pl. (see töpösyokin). tapes v. [1.ke] to widen. tapes/töpesöch/ adj. wide; broad; large. tapesin n. broadness. kitapesat n. par. widening. tapesit(u) /tapasitu/ , (pl. töpesöchitu) v. to become wide.

tapikyan /tapik'an/ (tapik) n. flower.

tapikyan kile adv. bloomy.

tapilil /tapilil/ v. [1.ke] to soften. tapilil/töpili- le/ adj. soft; supple; fluffy; easy. tö- pililyö n. softness. kitapililat n. par. softness. tapililit, töpililitu v. to become soft.

tapir /tapir/ v. [1.ke] to stress an issue. tapirat n. par. stressing. töpörin/i/ n. one who stresses an issue. tapir/at/töpiro't/ adj. par. stressed. töpiro/<isyot/ adj. stressable. <otö, <u, <chii, <egh.

tapirpirwö (pl.tapirpir) /tapirpirwə/ n. 1 wild tree producing fruits like coffee beans. 2 (edible) fruit of this tree.

tapisis /tapisis/ v. [1.ke] to talk incessantly.

tapispisat/töpispisut n. par. talking incessantly. töpispisyö n. talking incessantly. töpispisin/i/ n. great talker. tapispis'at/ töpispis'ot/ adj. par. having talked for long. töpispiso/<isyot/ adj. able to talk for long. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. tapir(pir)wak/<ay/ n. tsetse fly. tapogh/töpogh/ n. morning and evening star.

tapoyö /tapojə/ n. type of tree (*Iannea humilis* and *aloe bainesii*).

taptapan /taptapan/ n. something mended, or tied together (see tap).

Tapurpur /tapurpur/ <ay, <tin/ n. butterfly.

Taputayan /taputajan/ (pl. taputen) n. 1 translator. 2 interpreter. (Kis.: kutafuta)

Tar /tar/ (A) v. [1.ke] to give the dowry for marriage. tarat/törüt/ n. par. dowry. törsyö n. giving the dowry. törin/i/ n. one who gives the dowry. tarat/tör'ot/ adj. par. given the dowry. töro/<isyot/ adj. possible to give the dowry. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Tar /tar/ (B) v. [1.ke] to sort out; to separate; to pick out. tarat/<törüt/ sorting out. törsyö n. sorting out. törin/i/ n. one who separates. tarat/tör'ot/ adj. par. sorted. töro/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to sort out. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. tara kumiñ v. to sort out the beer before drinking.

Taracha /taratʃa/ <en n. bridge (Kis., Arabic). tarak n. pl. cedars (see törokwo). tarakita/<en/ n. tractor (Eng.). taran n. pl. (see törönwö).

Taran /taran/ v. [1.ke] to draw lots; to gamble. kitaranat n. par. drawing lots; lottery. kitorönin/i/ n. gambler. taran'at/to- röno't/ adj. par. gambled. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Taranya /tarana/ <oy n. beam for the construction of a hut.

Tare /tare/ (pl. törekin), tareke/törekötin/ n. date (Kis.; Arabic).

tareng /tareŋ/ v. [1.kü] to trickle (mostly used for tears); e.g., Torengwanin lok—Tears are trickling down. <u, <chii.

tarir/tarir/ n. problem; business; e.g., Tariryengu —It is your own problem! It is up to you.

Tarit /tarit/ (pl. törit) n. bird. para tarit n. mistletoe.

Tarka /tarta/ <en n. 1 placenta. 2 gourd for drinking beer.

Tarkal /tarkal/ (pl. törkel) n. testicle.

Tarkak /tarkak/, (pl. tarkat) <ay/ n. cricket.

Tarkula /tarkula/ <en n. any plastic container (of 5 kg.).

tarlal /tarlal/ v. [1.ke] gargle. kitarlalat n. par. gargling. kitorlolin/i/ n. one who gurgles frequently. tarlal'at/torlolot/ adj. par. gargled. torlolo/<isyot/ adj. possible to gargle with. <o(tö).

tarpalal /tarpalal/ v. [1.ke] to flood; to inundate; to overflow. tarpalalata pögh n. par. inundation. tarpalal'at/törlööl'ot/ adj. par. inundated.

Tarpas /tarpas/ (<ay) n. vulva (of any animal).

tartar /tartar/ n. watery place.

Tasan /tasan/ <tin n. type of tree (senegalia).

Tasim /tasim/ <ay n. ribbon; leather strap; tas-sels; fillinery.

Tastas /tastas/ (töstöse) adj. dainty; subtle; pretty; easy to break. töstösöy n. prettiness. tastasit(u), töstösitu v. to become

breakable; to become a wound.

Tasus /tasus/ (pl. tösus) n. pimple that grows to become a wound; carbuncle.

Tat /tat/ v. [1.ke] to plan; to arrange; to programme; to list; to organize. tatat/tötut/ n. par. plan; arrangement; list; organization. tötin/i/ n. organizer; arranger. tat'at/töt'ot/ adj. par. arranged; planned; organized. töto/<isyot/ adj. arrangeable. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. tat (kingat) kungat v. to reorganize.

Tatam /tatam/ v. [1.ke] to hint; to express. 2 to indicate; to show the way. kitatamat/ki- tötmöt/ n. par. hint; indication. ki-tötömsyö n. indicating. kitötömin/i/ n. one who hints. tamat/at/tötömöt/ adj. par. hinted. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

tatap /tatap/ v. [1.ke] to try; to test; to verify; to tap someone looking a sickness; especially on the stomach. tatapat/<ut/ n. par. trying. tötpöpsyö n. testing. tötpöpin/i/ n. tester. tatap'at/tötöpo't/ adj. par. tested. tötpö/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to test. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

tawar /tawar/ v. [3.ke] to bestride. kitawarat n. par. bestriding. kitöwörsyö n. be-striding. kitöwörin/i/ n. person who stands, or seats with open legs. tawar'at/töwör'ot/ adj. par. bestridden. töwö-ro/<isyot/ adj. possible to bestride. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, for the action itself, the verb needs to mention kelyon (legs), <egh, because of.

Tawarar/tawarar/ /töwöröre/ adj. thin; flimsy; slack; light. töwöröryö n. thinness; flimsiness. tawararit, töwörörit(u) v. to become thin and flimsy.

Tay /tai/ <tin/ (A) n. tie (Eng.).

Tay /tai/ (B) n. pl. 1 yellowish ornaments made of copper wire. 2 necklaces. tay/<oy/ n. brass bracelet.

Tay /tai/ (see tagh).

Taykong /taikong//tin/ n. Hildebrandt's starling (bird).

te pa n. cows of. tech v. [1.ke] to respect; to venerate; to obey. techat n. par. veneration; respect. techin/i/ n. respectful; obedient. tech'at/<ot/ adj. par. respected. techo/<isyot/ adj. respectable. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Tech /tetʃ/ (see tek).

Techan /tetʃan/ (pl.teka) n. bamboo cane.

Tegh /tey/ v. [1.ke] to shout; to yell; to bawl. kiteghat/<ut/ n. par. shout. kitegh- syö n. shouting; yelling. kiteghin/i/ n. one who shouts. tegh'at/<ot/ adj. par. shouted. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, to shout at. teghchi der. v. [3.ke] to rebuke. kiteghchinogh, kiteghchinöt n. par. rebuking. Teghwan/teywan/ n. a stony place. tek (see tech).

tek /tek/ v. [1.ke] to build. tekat/<ut/ n. par.

building; something built. **teksyo** n. building. **tekin'i/** n. builder. **tek'at/**'ot/ adj. par. built. **teko/**<isyot/ adj. possible to build. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Teka /teka/ n. pl. (see techan).

Tekechon /teketon/ (pl. tekech) n. door shutter; barricade.

teki /teki/ der. v. [3.ke] to pile up because of sedimentation (a river, a kraal); to silt up. **tekunöt** n. par. silting; stratum. **tekuno't** adj. par. silted; piled up.

tekis /tekis/ /<tin/ n. taxi; (also) bus (Eng.).

tekowon /tekawon/ (pl. tekow) n. gauntlet; parapet; kind of small shield made of one's shoe and a stick for self protection in a duel with sticks.

telengan/en/ n. traditions; trivia. **telepisyen/**<tin/ n. television (Eng.). **teltel/**<tin/ n. woodpecker (bird).

Tem /tem/ v. [2.ke] to test; e.g., a river; to measure (the amount of something, the answer was either chang, a lot; or ngöri, few; nowadays also pim, from Kiswahili). **kitemöt/**<ut/ n. par. measuring. **kitemsyö** n. mea- suring. **kitemin'i/** n. tester. **temo't** adj. par. measured. **temo/**<isyot/ adj. measurable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh,<t.

Tempa /tempa/ <en n. door shutter made of interwoven twigs. **tempö/en/** n. hard door shutter.

Ten /ten/ (A) v. [1.ke] 1 to become or make perfect. 2 to reconcile; to justify. **kite- nat** n. par. perfection; justification. **ki- tenin'i/** n. perfect person; righteous. **tenat/**'ot/ adj. par. perfect. <o(tö), <egh, because of, thanks to.

Ten /ten/ (B) adj. & adv. enough.

Tenor /tenar/ v. [1.ke] to direct; to show the way. **kitenarat** n. par. direction. **kitenorin'i/** n. one who gives direction. **tenar'at/**teno- r'ot/ adj. par. directed. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Tenen /tenen/ , tenin n. like this (showing the size).

tenö adj.size (showing the size); e.g., tenö nyi this height.

Tenor /tenor/ v. [2.ke] to praise; to flatter. **kitenoröt/**<ut/ n. par. praising. **kite- norsyö** n. flattering. **kitenorin'i/** n. flatterer. **kitenorön** n. one who has been praised; flattered. **tenor'ot** adj. par. praised. **tenoro/**<isyot/ adj. possible to flatter. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Tenta /tenta/ <oy n. diadem; crown (for adult women worn in festivals and especially when one of their children is under circum- cision).

Tenter /tenter/ (stat.) v. [1.ki] to be confused; confound; to make no sense. **tenterat**, **tenteragh** n. par. confusion of mind. **ten- teran** n. confounded. **tenter'at/tenter- yot/** adj. par. confused. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Teng /ten/ v. [1.ke] to evaporate; to dry up by the sun. **tengat** evaporation. **teng'at/**'ot/

evaporated. <o(tö), <egh.

Tengan /tenjan/ v. [1.ke] to conceive a child after the latest baby has born tengan/tengon/ n. young child. **kitengamat** n. infancy; when a new conception is possible. **kitengön- in/i/** n. woman who gets pregnant easily. <otö.

Tep /tep/ v. [1.ke] to ask; to request; to inquire; to query. **tepat/**'ut/ n. par. question. **tep- syö** n. asking. **tepin'i/** n. inquirer. **tep'at/**'ot/ adj. par. inquired about. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

tepamo^gh /tepamoy/ n. egret (bird).

tepido /tepido/, (pl. tebibö) <en n. parasol mushroom (kind of mushroom that when dried Pököt use for chasing away bees).

tepirkoda /pepirikoda/ <en, **tepörökoda/**<tin n. tape recorder (Eng.).

ter /ter/ (A) v. [1.ke] to blossom. **kiterat** n. par. blossoming. **kiteran** n. any blossoming plant. **ter'at/**'ot/ adj. par. blossomed. <o(tö), <egh.

Ter /ter/ (B) v. [1.ke] to listen. **terat** n. par. listening. **terin'i/** n. listener; audience. **ter'at/**'ot/ adj. par. listened. **te- ro/**<isyot/ adj. audible. <o(tö), <u, <chii, instrument, <egh, because of, <t. **terchi'i/**tertʃi/ der. v. [3.ke] to heed; to agree. **terchinogh** n. par. agreement; under- standing; heeding. **terchin'i/** n. one who listens attentively. **terchin'ot** adj. par. agreed. **terchi'i kegh** v. to agree.

Terema /terema/ <en n. small arrow for bleeding cows.

Teremel /teremel/ <oy n. container of twenty five litres.

tererya(n) /tererjan/ (terer) n. manure from domestic animals.

terichon /teritʃan/ n. rain.

terityon /teritʃon/ (pl.terit) n. dust.

termes /ut/ n. 1 kalazaar (sickness by which the spleen gets swollen). 2 spleen. **Terpese** /terpese/ (terpes) adj. (goat) with large spots.

terta /terta/ v. [3.ke] to ponder; to devise; to think. **tertagh** n. par. pondering; thinking. **ter- teghin'i/** n. thinker. **tertegh'at/**'ot/ adj. par. thought. <otö, <egh.

terter /terter/ stat. v. [2.ke] to be scattered. **terte- röt** n. par. being scattered. **terterön** n. something scattered all over. **terterisyot** adj. par. scattered.

terterön /terterə/ v. [2.ke] to stagger; to reel; to dodger. **terterönöt** n. par. staggering. **terterönin'i/** n. one who staggers. **ter- teröno't** adj. par. staggered. **terte- röno/**<isyot/ adj. possible to stagger. <o(tö), <egh.

tertö /terta/ (see terta).

Terwa /terwa/ <oy n. 1 roundish aluminium pieces given to 'chemeri' and 'tyos' as alms (the girls used

to fix them on the drap- ers of their skirts) terwa kong n. eye pupil. terwa kong/<tin/ n. white eyed flycatcher (bird).

Terwok /terwok/ <öy n. scarce and scattered things; uneven grown plants in a field.

terwokong/<tin/ n. white eyed flycatcher (bird).

Tesoyon /tesojo/ (pl.Tesen) n. Teso people.

testeswö /testeswə/ (pl.testes) n. type of tree (coloden- drum capenses).

Teta /teta/ n. the cow. tetanyan my cow, etc.

Teteyan /tetes'ian/ v. [1.ke] to crackle; to crack; to crisp. teteyanat n. par. crispiness. tete- yan'at/ teteyöno't adj. par. crispy. tete- yan n. something crispy and cracky. tew- tew(ghian)/tewtewtin n. 1 a stony place where water permeates very fast. 2 something that splinters easily and noisily.

tığħ /try/ v. [2.ke] to kill; to slay; to murder; to crash; e.g., grains. tighöt/<ut/ n. par. killing; murder; crashing. tighsyö n. slay- ing; crashing. tighin/i/ n. killer; mur- derer. tigh'ot adj. par. killed; crashed. tigho/<isyot/ adj. crashable. sy, <o(tö), <u, <chī, referring to place, <t, referring to instrument.

tilkis /tikis/ (tilkisöch) adj. weak; unable; melancholic. tilksyö n. weakness; melan- choly. tilkis v. [2.ku] to depress some- one. kitilkisöt n. par. depression; melan- choly. tilkisit, tilkisitu/tilkisöchit, til- kisöchit/ v. to become melancholic, or weak.

tik /tik/ v. (A) [1.ke] to step on. tikat/<ut/ n. par. stepping. tiksyö n. stepping. tıkin /tıkin/ /i/ n. one who steps on things. tikat/<ot/ adj. par. stepped on. tiko/<isyot/ adj. possible to step on. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh, <t.

tik /tik/ v. (B) [2.ke] to plait one's hair with mud.

tiköt/<ut/ n. par. plaiting. tıkin/i/ n. expert in plaiting; hairdresser. tıkön n. recently plaited head. tiko't adj. par. plaited. tiko/<isyot/ adj. possible to plait. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh.

tik /tik/ v. (C) [2.ku] to persevere. kitiköt n. par. perseverance. kitikin/i/ n. persevering person. tiko't adj. par. persevered. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

tıksamkam /tıksamkam/ (tıkömköme) adj. hard. tıkömkömyö n. hardness. tıksamkami- t(u), tıkömkömitu v. to become hard.

tıskaskas /tıskaskas/ <ay, <tin n. millipede.

tıkatık /tikatık/ rep. v. [1.ke] to visit regularly. ti- katikat/<ut/ n. par. visiting; stepping. tıktötixyö n. visiting. tıktökitin/tıktıkin/ /i/ n. one who insistingly comes to a place. ti- kotikot adj. par. visited. <otö, <egh (see tik). tıkatık / tıkatık/ <tin n. doorway or latch to close it.

tıkwawaw /tıkwawaw/ (tıköwköwe) adj. hard brittle. tıköwköwyö n. brittleness; beads made

out of a kind of a reed (keltamil).

tikit /tıkkı/ <in/ n. type of tree (terminalia spinosa).

tikichi /tıktıçı/ v. [3.ke] to force; to use force. tiki- chinogh n. par. forcing. tıkichin /i/ n. forceful. tıkichin'ot adj. par. forced. <otö, <u, <i, towards to speaker.

tikin /tıkin/ n. pl. things. tiku n. things of. tiku chi n. ones' property. tiku kong n. rewards (see kığħ).

tikiryon /tıkrıjınn/ (pl.tikiren) n. 1 little prominence of the outer ear in front of the ear itself; tragus. 2 neck muscle.

tikis /tikıs/ (tikisöch) adj. suffocation.

tikil /<öch/ adj. rigid; brittle; taut. tıkil- yö n. rigidity. tıkilit(u), tıkılıchit/ v. to become rigid and brittle.

tikit /tikit/ v. [1.ke] to be tough. tikit/<öch/ adj. tough; hard (to overcome in fight- ing); invincible. tikitöy /tikitö/ n. hardness; toughness; invincibility; strength. kitikit- at n. par. toughness. kitikitsyö n. tough- ening. kitikitin /i/ n. tough person. ti- kitat/tikitö't/ adj. par. toughen. <o, strengthening; reinforcing. tikitit(u), ti- kititöchit(u) v. to become invincible; strong.

tikite /tikite/ pron. few (see tıkwite). tıkömköme / tıkömköme/ (see tıksamkam). Tıkönin/Tıkön/ n. Tugen people. tikon pron. any. kitikon any.

tikos /tikos/ (A) n. person with protruded chest (opposite of chepwuk hunchback).

tikos /tikos/ (B) v. [2.ke] to poke one's chest out. kitikosöt n. par. poking one's chest out. tikos'ot adj. par. with one's chest out. <o(tö), <egh.

tıkr(o)yon /tıkrıjıon/ n. parotid gland.

tikum /tılm/ v. [2.ke] to pile up; to heap. kitikumöt/<ut/ n. par. heap; pile. ki- tikumsyö n. piling. kitikumin/i/ n. one who piles up things. kitikumön n. something piled up. tikum'ot adj. par. piled up. tıkumo/<isyot/ adj. possible to pile up. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh.

tıkumpatagh /tıkumpatax/ n. someone who likes to seduce girls, especially during the night. tıkumta /tıkumta/ v. [3.ke] to hunch up. kitikumtagh hunching up (of a person). tıkumtegh'at/<ot/ adj. par. hunched up. <egh.

tıkumunöt /tıkumunöt/ v. the bending of an old (wo) man.

tıkumwok /tıkumwok/ <ay n. hillock; promontory; mound; pile.

tıkus /tikus/ (tikusöch) adj. compact; solid. tıkusyö, tıkusın n. compactness. tıkusı- t(u), tıkusöchitü v. to become compact.

tıkwak /tıkwak/ n. iris.

tı(w)ıl /tıkwıl/ pron. 1 together. 2 prep. also;

even; too. chi tīkwīl everyone. chi anka tīkwīl all.
tīkwīn /tīkwīn/ n. pl. things (see kīgh).

tīkwīte /tīkwīte/ pron. few.

tīl /tīl/ (A) n. termites' hill.

tīl /tīl/ (B) v. [2.ke] to roar; to thunder. tīlöt n. par. roaring; thunder; e.g., tīloto ilat. tīlin/i/ n. grumbling person; roaring animal; person who shouts a lot. tīlo't adj. par. roared. <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh. tīl /tīl/ (C) v. [1.ke] 1 to jump. 2 to overcome. tīlat/<ut n. par. jumping; overcoming; <egh, <u, <chī. tīkitō v. [3.ke] to take victory. tīlsyō n. jumping; tīlin/i/ courage; to reinforce. kitīkitagh n. par. n. winner; jumper. tīl'at/<'ot/ adj. par. overcome; jumped. tīlo/<isyot/ adj. possible to overcome. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh, <t. kitīl adv. more than. tīl- anīn more than me. tīlinyi more than you. tīlecha more than us. tīlekwa more than you.

tīlam /tīlam/ n. pl. (see tīlōmwō).

tīlī /tīlī/ v. [3.ke] to blister up. tīlunagh, tīlunat/<ut/ n. par. blister. tīlun'at/<'ot/ adj. par. with blisters. <o(tö), <egh.

tīlinywō /tīlinywō/ (pl.tīliny) n. 1 type of shrub. 2 (edible) fruit from this shrub (medicine).

tīlīsyā /tīlīsyā/ (tilis), <ay/ n. tick.

tīlīl/<öch/ adj. pure; clean; holy; healthy. tīlīlin /tīlīlin/ n. hygiene; purity. tīlīlyō n. holiness. tīlīl v. [2.ke] to purify; to sanctify. kitīlīlöt n. par. sanctification; purification. tīlīlīt(u), tīlīlōchitu v. to become holy, pure, clean.

tīlkīs /tīlkīs/ v. [2.ku] weakness; passive unable. ki- tīlkīsöt n. par. depression; melancholy, feeble tīlkīsit(u), tīlkīsöchit(u) v. to become melancholic, or weak.

tīlōmwō/tīlam/ n. type of tree with fruits (*zizyphus mauritiana*).

tīlsi /tīlsi/ adv. very feeble and careless.

tīlta /tīlta/ der. v. [3.ke] to surpass. tīltagh n. par. surpassing. tīltaghat/tīltogh'ot/ adj. par. surpassed.

tīlu/tīlu/ (see tīlī).

tīluch /tīluch/ v. [2.ke] to flinch. kitīluchöt n. par. flinching. kitīluchin/i/ n. one who flinches easily. tīluch'ot adj. par. flinched. <o(tö), <egh.

tīlwak /tīlwak/ corner of the eye (front towards the nose).

tīlwō /tīlwō/ (pl.tīlon) n. termite's hill (see tīl).

tīlya /tīlya/ <ay n. relative; kin. tīlyantan / tīlantan/ n. relationship; kinship.

tīlyotō /tīlötō/ der. v. to grumble (because of any decision taken against the subjects).

tīm /tīm/ (A) v. [2.ke] to gasp because of sickness; to gulp; to aspirate. kitīmöt/<ut/ n. par. gasp.

kitīmsyō n. gasping. kitīmin/i/ n. one who gasps. tīmo't adj. par. gasped. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh.

tīmī /tīmī/ (B) v. [2.ke] 1 to envy (especially when looking at someone's wealth). 2 to show astonishment for something. kitīmöt n. par. envy. kitīmin/i/ n. envious.

tīmo't adj. par. envied. <o(tö), <egh.

tīmōmoy /tīmōmoy/ v. [2.ke] to whiz.

tīmōmōyt n. par. whizzing; name of praise for a cow. tīmpōlōl /tīmpōlōl/ (stat.) v. [2.ku] to hang; to hover; to suspend. kitīmpōlōlöt n. par. suspension; hanging. kitīmpōlōlin/i/ n. one who hangs things. kitīmpō- lōlōn n. something suspended. tīm-pōlōl'ot/tīmpōlōlchot, <syot/ adj. par. hanged; suspended. tīmpōlōlō/<isyot/ adj. suspensible. <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh. tīn / tīn/ v. [2.ke] to conceive (used for animals only). kitīnōt/<ut/ n. par. conception. kitīnsyō n. conceiving. kitīnōn n. preg-nant animal. tīn'ot adj. par. pregnant. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh. tīney /tīnəi/ n. pl. (see tīyin).

tīnkuso v. to become leafy and with good shade. tīnkusit(u), tīnkusōchitu v. to become leafy.

tīntīr /tīntīr/ v. [2.ke] to mix, especially to prepare the chewing tobacco. tīntīröt n. par. mixing. tīntīrsyō n. mixing. tīntīrin/i/ n. person who mixes. tīntīrōn n. mixed tobacco. tīntīrōt adj. par. mixed. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh.

tīntīr piyat/<en/ n. dung beetle.

tīng /tīŋ/ der. v. [3.ke] to have; to own; to possess. tīng, tīngeti, tīngeto (s)he/they have. Otingetan, otingetenan—I have. tīngetogh n. par. possessing; ownership; tīng kel nyo anyīn v. to have good luck; lucky. tīng kel nyo gha v. to have bad luck; unlucky. tīng charut v. to be strong. tīng sörö v. to be thankful.

tīngān /tīŋān/ (pl.tīng'ōn) n. laborious person; tidy; industrious; active. tīngānat n. laboriosity; tidiness; activity. tīngān v. [1.ke] to work with skill. tīngānat n. par. crafts-manship. tīngönin/i/ n. craftsman. tī- ngānat/tīngöno't/ adj. par. done with craftsmanship. <o(tö), <u, <chī, <egh.

tīngōn /tīŋōn/ (pl.tīngōn) n. 1 mucus. 2 cold; flew. wir tīngon v. to catch a cold. rung tīngon v. to blow one's nose.

tīngōn /tīŋōn/ (see tīngān).

tīngönchī /tīŋəntʃī/ der. v. [3.ki] to manipulate; to improve. tīngönchinogh n. par. manipulation; manipulating. tīngönchineghin/i/ n. manipulator. tīngönchinegho't adj. par. manipulated. <egh.

tīngönit(u) /tīŋənētu/ v. to become laborious.

tīngtīng /tīŋtīŋ/ v. [1.ke] to refute; to be hard to convince. kitīngtīngat/<ut/ n. par. refusal. kitīngtīngsyō n. refuting. kitīngtīngin/i/ n. one who refutes; one hard to

convince. tïngtïng'at'/ot/ adj. par. refuted. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chï, <egh.

tïny /tïjn/ n. pl. (see tïngön).

tïp /tïp/ v. [2.ke] 1 to bury; to inter. 2 to ferment. tïpöt/<ut/ n. par. burial; fermentation. tïpsyö n. burying; fermenting. tïpin/i/ n. burier. tïp'ot adj. par. buried; fer-mented. tïpo/<isyot/ adj. possible to ferment. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chï, <egh.

tïpiyö /tïpijə/ (see töpö).

tïpiyon /tïpijon/ v. form (stem for the plural forms of the verb töpö) to stay. tïpiyöt 1 third pers. pl. they stay. 2 adj. par. pl. stood.

tïpö poss /tïpə poss/. n. thing of. tïpö muyo chi human organs.

tïpökök /tïpækpok/ v. [2.ke] 1 to bounce. 2 to move around confusingly. 3 to be scattered. tïpökököt n. par. bouncing; being spread. tïpökökön n. confused person. tïpök- pokot adj. par. scattered.

tïptipö /tïptipə/ rep. v. to bury; to cover with soil.

tïptöm /tïptəm/ n. fifty.

tïram /tiram/ <oy n. stars like things seen when one is hungry or weak.

tïrchi /tïrtʃi/ der. v. [3.ke] to plunge; to insert; to infuse. kitïrchinogh n. par. insertion; plunging. kitïrchin/i/ n. one who inserts. tïrchinöt adj. par. inserted. <o(tö), <egh.

tïrchan /tïrtʃən/ (pl.tïrko) n. kind of shrub (used as broom).

tïrim /tirim/ <oy n. a married woman's bracelet: it shows that she is married; it is worn on the right wrist.

tïringta /tïrıntıta/, tïringtö v. [3.ke] to consider an issue deeply. tïringtagh n. par. deep consideration.

tïrista /tïrista/, tïristö v. [3.ke] to scurry; to storm into; to stampede. tïristagh / tïristay/ n. par. storming into; stampede. tïristoghin /toxin/ <i n. animal that stampedes.

tïristegh'at/<ot/ adj. par. stamped. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchï.

tïrisya /tïrisja/ <en n. window (Kis.).

tïrkan /tïrkan/ v. [1.ke] to shrink (of cloths). tïr kanat n. par. shrinking. tïrköñin/i/ n. cloth that shrinks easily. tïrkan'at/tïrköno't/ adj. par. shrunken. tïr könö/<isyot/ adj. shrinkable. <o(tö), <egh.

tïrkik /tïrkik/ <öy/ n. house for boys, or men.

Tïrkönöyin/Tïrkana/ n. Turkana people. tïrpöölö/ tirpolole/ adj. loose. tïrpöölöyö n. quality of being loose. tirpo- lol v. [1.ku] to loosen. kitirpolot n. par. loosening. <otö, <egh, <u, <chï. tirpololit(u) v. to become loose.

tïrtir /tïtir/ (A) n. February (second month).

tïtir /tïtitir/ (B) n. the lowest ground inside a homestead.

tïtir /tïtitir/ (C) v. [2.ke] to expand; to start digging. tïtitiröt/<ut/ n. par. expansion. tïtirsyö n. expanding. tïtitrin/i/ n. one who expands. tïtitrön n. recently expanded; e.g., field, home. tïtitrö't adj. par. expanded. tïtitro/<isyot/ adj. expandable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chï, <egh. tïtitr kegh v. to stretch oneself.

tïrus /tïrus/ (pl. tïrusöch) adj. burly; huge; sturdy; stout; robust. tïrusin, tïrusyö n. huge-ness; stoutness. tïrusit(u), tïrusöchitu v. to become robust; sturdy, huge.

tïryal /tïrjal/ v. [1.ke] to make empty, void. tïr-yal/tïryolöch; tïryole/ adj. void; empty; naked. tïryölyö n. emptiness; nakedness. kitïryalat n. par. emptiness. <i, to come empty handed, <t, to go empty handed. tïryal n. zero; naught. tïryalit, tïryö-litu/tïryolöchitu/ v. to become empty, void, naked. tïryalta v. [3.ke] to go empty-handed. kitïryaltagh n. par. going empty-handed. tïryol v. [2.ke] to dilute; to adulterate a liquid; e.g., milk, beer. ki- tïryolöt/<ut/ n. par. adulteration. ki- tïryolsyö n. adulterating. kitïryolin/i/ n. person who adulterates things. tïryo- l'ot adj. par. adulterated; degraded. tïr-yolo/<isyot/ adj. possible to adulterate. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chï, <egh.

tïs /tïs/ (A) v. [1.ke] to daze; to dotage. tïsat, tïsagh n. par. perplexity. tïsan n. dazed; perplexed. tïs'at/ <ot/ dazed. <otö, <egh.

tïs /tïs/ (B) v. [2.ke] to purify; to offer a sac- rifice to chase away demons, or sickness. tïsot/<ut/ n. par. ceremony of purifi- cation. tïsin/i/ n. person who performs such a ceremony. tïsön n. purified person. tïs'ot adj. par. purified. tïso/<isyot/ adj. possible to perform that ceremony. <o(tö), <u, <chï, <egh. tïsan n. medicine for curing chepïskut. 2 confused person.

tïsan /tisan/ n. medicine for curing chekutkut.

tïstïs /tïstïs/ /tïstïse adj. palatable (fatty goat).

tïstïsit(u) /tïstïsitu/ v. to become delicate.

tïtik /tïtik/ v. [2.ku] 1 to ram up. 2 to hesitate. ki- tïtiköt/<ut/ n. par. 1 ramming. 2 hesi- tation. kitïtiksyö n. ramming; hesitating. kitïtikin/i/ n. 1 one who likes ramming. 2 one who hesitates. tïtiko't adj. par. rammed; hesitated. tïtiko/<isyot/ adj. possible to ram. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chï, <egh.

tïtika /tïtika/ <en, <ay n. floor.

tïtiny /tïtij/ n. heel.

tïtir /tïtir/ v. [2.ke] 1 to enlarge. 2 to start digging in a field. tïtitröt n. par. digging in a field; enlarging. tïtirsyö n. enlarging; digging a field. tïtitrin/i/ n. one who enlarges; one who digs in a field. tïtitrön n. newly dug field. tïtitrö't adj. par. enlarged. tïti-ro/<isyot/ adj. possible to enlarge. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chï, <egh.

tiwan /tiwan/ <ay n. split gourd used for eating or drinking; bowl.

tiwayan /tiwajan/ tiwaw, tiway n. rag.

tiwi /tiwi/ v. [3.ke] to be rude; to give without politeness. tiwunöt n. par. giving unpolitely. tiwunin/i/ n. rude. tiwunön n. some-thing given with bad manners. tiwuno't adj. par. given impolitely. <o(tö), <egh.

tiwönyö /tiwənə/ n. humidity.

tiwu /tiwi/ (see tiwi).

tiyin /tijin/ /tï(yï)ney/ n. ebony (manihot Glazi-ovii).

tiyö /tjø/ v. [3.ki] to quarrel.

tiyogh n. par. quarrel.

tiyokyon /tjoklön/ (tiyo'k) n. wax comb from bee hives.

tiyosyon /tjɔs'lon/ (tiyos) n. boy in seclusion; circumcision.

tiytöyö /trjtjo/ recip. v. [3.ke] to disagree. tiytöyat n. par. disagreeing. tiytysot adj. par. disagreeing (see tiyö). tiytö v. [3.ke] to scorn; to rebuff; to snub. tiytohg n. par. rebuffing; strike. tiytöghin/i/ n. person who rebuffs. tiytetgho't adj. par. rebuffed. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchü.

ti pö /ti pə/ pos. n. thing of.

Tich /tɪtʃ/ n. pl. cattle (see tany).

Tigh /tiy/ (A) v. [2.ke] to prop; to support; to endorse; to lay. tighöt/ <ut/ n. par. sup- port. tighsyö n. propping. tighön n. propped house. tigho't adj. par. sup- ported. tigho/ <isyot/ adj. par. possible to support. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

Tigh /tiy/ (B) v. to refuse. tighöt/ <ut/ n. par. refusal. tighin/i/ n. one who refuses; stubborn. tighot adj. par. refused. ti- ghintön n. refusal; disobedience (see tigh).

tighthintön /tiyintən/ n. refusal; disobedience.

tighowon /tiyəwən/ (pl. tighöw) n. brace to support something.

tigho möt /tiyo mət/ der. v. [3.ki] to depend on. tighoto möt n. par. dependance (see tigh A).

tighyas /tiajas/ v. died immediately.

lik /tik/ v. (C) [2.ke] to persevere. kitiköt n. par. perseverance. kitikin/i/ n. persevering person. tiko't adj. par. persevered. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

tikit /tikit/ (pl. tikit) n. sinew; muscle; tendon. tikit pö kut n. orbicularis oris. tikit pö sösoy n. bronchus. tikiya kong orbicularis oculi. tikiya lalapka facial muscles. tikiya mama n. sternocleidomastoid muscle. tikiya matany masseter. ti- kitya ngachapen n. temporalis. tikiya riwom pö m^ogh n. fallopian tube. ti-

kitya soghiñy, tikiya songiny n. neck muscles. tikiya tarkal epididymis. tikit- ya töpil ureter.

tikyon n. kernel.

Tiltilyan /tiltiljan/ (pl. tiltilen) n. bottle top (often used by chemerë as rattle).

tiku wuw /tiku wuw/ n. pl. wild animals; beasts.

Tilak /tilak (pl.tilok) n. type of tree (senegalia lahai).

Tiltilyan /tiltijan/ (pl. tiltilen) n. bottle top (often used by chemerë as rattle).

Tim /tim/ v. [2.ke] to smite; to knock. kitimöt/ <ut/ n. par. smite. kitimsyö n. smiting. kitimin/i/ n. one who smites strongly. tim'ot adj. par. smitten. ti- mo/ <isyot/ adj. possible to smite. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t. timtim v. [2.ku] to shake; to jolt; to sway. ki- timtimöt/ <ut/ n. par. shake; jolting. kitimtimsyö n. jolting; swaying. ki- timtimin/i/ n. one who shakes. tim- tim'ot adj. par. jolted; shook. timti- mo/ <isyot/ adj. shakable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

tempölöl /tempölöl/ (stat.) v. [2.ku] to hang; to hover; to suspend. kitimpölölöt n. par. suspension; hanging. kitimpölölin/i/ n. one who hangs things. kitimpölölön n. something suspended. tempölöl'ot/tim- pölölchot, <syot/ adj. par. hanged; sus- pended. tempölölo/ <isyot/ adj. suspen- sible. <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

timtim/timtim/ v. [2.ke] to shake; to jolt; to sway. kitimtimöt/ <ut/ n. par. shake; jolt- ing. kitimtimsyö n. jolting; sway- ing. kitimtimin/i/ n. one who shakes. timtim'ot adj. par. jolted; shaken. timtimo/ <isyot/ adj. shakable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

Tinay /tinaɪ/ <tin n. 1 wild dog. 2 wild person; uncontrolled.

tincha /tintʃa/ adv. onomatopeic sound for an explosion. Tinka /tinka/ <en/ n. 1 mill. 2 tractor (Kis.). tinkoswö/tinkas/ n. 1 tree that produces fruits similar to plums (strychnos usam- barensis). 2 fruit of this tree (sour, but delicious; its kernel is used as an ointment for goat's skins—it gives them a nice black tint).

Tinkus /tirkus/ (pl. tirkusöch) adj. leafy.

Tintiryon /tintirjɔn/ <tin n. 1 rope tied to a tree for children to swing with it; hammock. 2 pendulum.

tintö /tinto/ <en n. chisel; wedge.

Ting /tin/ v. [2.ke] to lean; to tilt. tingöt/ <ut/ n. par. leaning. tingsyö n. leaning.

Tingin /tirtjirj/ <ii n. one who leans often. ting'ot adj. par. leaned. tingo/ <isyot/ adj. possible to lean at. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chü, <egh, <t.

tingoswö /tigoswə/ (pl. tingas) n. 2 tree that produces fruits similar to plums. 2 the fruit of this tree.

tiparpar /tiparpar/ n. open place.

tipin /tipin/ n. pl. girls. tipi daughter of (see

työ, cheptö). tipicha poss. n. my/our sisters. tipikw'a poss. n. your sisters. Tipikwa / tipikwa/ poss. n. their sisters. tipichan poss. n. my daughters. tipiku poss. n. your daughters. tipichi poss. n. his/her daughters. ara tipin n. milky way (constellation).

Tipi /tipi/ n. tuberculosis (tb).

tipoywö /tipərwə/ (tipay) n. type of tree (its fruits are edible).

Tir /tir/ (stat.) v. [2.ku] to disperse. kitir- öt/<ut/ n. par. dispersion. kitirin/i/ n. disperser. kitirön n. one who starts to disperse others. tir'ot/tirsot/ adj. par. dispersed. tiro/<isyot/ adj. dispersable. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. tir put v. [2.ku] to bristle. kitiröt n. par. bristling. tir'ot adj. par. bristled (the hair). tiro/<isyot/ adj. possible to bristle. <otö, <o, <egh.

Tirayan /tirajan/ (A) v. [1.ke] to abandon; to quit. kitirayanat n. par. abandoning; quitting. kitiröyönin/i/ n. quitter. tirayanáat/ti- röyöno/t/ adj. par. abandoned. <o(tö), <egh.

Tirayan /tirajan/ , (pl. tiröyön/tiraytin) (B) n. disrespectful; foward; skittish; one who leaves the parents. tirayanat n. disrespectful- ness.

tiripka /tiripka/ <en n. 1 stretcher for carrying sick people. 2 boat; ship.

tirimpı /tirimpı/ <un n. crowbar (Kis.). tirkik / tirkık/ <öy n. house for boys, or men. tirkol n. thorny tree, used for fencing. tirmis v. [2.ke] 1 to exhaust. 2 to faint. ki-

tirmisöt /<ut /tirmisat/ n. par. fainting; finishing. kitirmisin n. one who finishes things up. tirmiso/t finished. tirmiso/<syot/ adj. possible to finish. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh. tirmisoy n. sense of dizziness. am tirmisoy to feel like fainting.

Tirpolol /tirpolol/ (pl. tirpoloe) adj. loose. tirpolol- yö n. quality of being loose. tirpolol- it/ tirpololitu/ v. to become loose. tir- polol v. [1.ku] to loosen. kitirpoloat n. par. loosening. <otö, <egh, <u, <chi.

tirwos /tirwos/ (tirwostin) n. untidy, idle, immodest person. tirwosinön n. untidiness; immodesty.

tisön /tisən/ v. [2.ke] to spring; to gambol. tisönöt n. par. springing. tisönsyö n. gambolling. tisönin/i/ n. one who springs and moves a lot (especially children, calves and kits).

tiyö /tijə/ v. [3.ke] to disagree. tiyogh n. par. disagree. tiyeghin/i/ n. one who disagrees. tiyo/t adj. par. disagreeing

tiyon /tijon/ <til n. 1 small black seeds. 2 bead.

Tiyokyon /tijkon/ (pl.tiyo'k) n. wax comb from beehives.

Tiwayan /tiwajan/ (pl. tiwaw, tiway) n. rag.

tö /tə/ v. 1 to pose; to allocate. 2 to give (see ton). tö mïkulöw v. to put effort. tö nyaril

v. to jeopardise; to imperil.

tö- prefix for verbs meaning 'still'. tödingön / tadinən/ /en/ n. beads made of wood. tögh (see tagh).

töghogh /təyoy/ (see ntöghogh).

töghoghchı /təxoxtsı/ der. v. [3.ke] to lead (see ntöghoghchı). kitöghoghchinogh, kitö- ghoghchinöt n. par. leadership; leading; preceding. kitöghoghchinin/i/ n. leader; preceder. töghoghchin'ot adj. par. led. <egh.

tökal /təkal/ (pl. tökol) n. purse; small bag.

tokes /təkes/ (see takes).

töket /təket/ n. pl. (see takat).

tökı /təkɪ/ (A) v. [3.ke] to insurrect; to cause disturbance. tökinogh, tökinöt/<ut/ n. par. insurrection; disturbance. töki- yön n. insurrectioner. tökin'ot adj. par. insurrected. tökino/<isyot/ adj. able to disturb. <otö, <chi, <egh.

tökii /təkɪ/ (B) v. [3.ke] to detest; to abhor (a food)

tökunogh /təkunoə/ n. par. detesting.

tökighigh /təkriyıv/ v. [2.ki] to doubt; to hesitate. tökighighöt/<ut/ n. par. doubt; hesitation. tökighighin/i/ n. hesitating per- son. tökighigh'ot adj. par. hesitated. <o(tö), <egh.

tökiniön/təkin /təkininə/ n. insurrectioner.

tökinyini /təkijnini/ conj. at that moment; as soon as. tökinyoni conj. at that very moment. tökitin conj. at that moment.

tökö /təkə/ stat. v. [3.ke] to get stuck. tökogh n. par. getting stuck. tök'ot adj. par. stuck; shallow. <egh, because of, <chi, referring to place. tököch /təkətʃ/ n. forehead. tököghög /təkəyəy/ n. elbow.

tökögön /təkəxən/ (tökögöy) n. receptacle (see tököh).

tökol /təkol/ n. pl. (see takal).

tökölö /təkələ/ <en n. small women's purse; wallet. tökölönchı der. v. [3.ke] to slander. tökö- lonchinogh n. par. slandering. tökölönchinin, tökölönchineghin/i/ n. slan- derer. tökölönchin'ot adj. par. slandered. <egh.

tökör /təkər/ v. [2.ke] to launch; to commence; to initiate. tököröt n. par. commencing. tökörin/i/ n. launcher; commencer. tökörön n. something recently started. tökör'ot adj. par. commenced. tököro/<isyot/ adj. possible to commence. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

toku /təku/ (see töki).

tökunka /təkunka/ conj. even if so.

töllı /təlılı/ <tin n. silkworm.

tölkö /təlkə/ <en n. female oribi.

tölköch /təlkətʃ/ n. special dish women use

during menstruation.

tölökyon /tələkⱩən/ (pl.tölök) n. pest; magots that eat maize, sorghum etc.

tölöl /tələl/ v. [2.ke] to stand straight. tölölöt n. par. standing straight. tölölin/i/ n. person who likes to stand very stiffly.

tölöl'ot adj. par. stood. <otö, <egh.

tölömoghyon (pl.talamogh) /tələməχjən/ n. type of tree (acacia mellifera).

tölöyin /tələjin/ n. pl. (see talay).

tölochö /tsłotʃə/ recip. v. [3.ke] not to match. ki- tölochogh n. par. not matching. tölo- chot adj. par. unequal, not matching. <u, <chii, <egh, because of.

töma /toma/, tömö conj. before. kitömö conj. before.

tömghit(u) /təmyitu/, tömghöchitu v. to become stout, well built. töm^ogh/<öch/ adj. built; stout. töm^oghyö n. stoutness.

tömölö /təmələ/ /<en n. wooden fitter.

tömör /təmer/ n. black spots got from warming in a fire, especially when this has extinguished. nyorü tömör v. to feel that need.

tömor /təmor/ v. [2.ke] to bewitch. tömotöt/<ut n. par. bewitching; spell. tömorsyo n. bewitching. tömorin/i/ witch. tömorön n. bewitched. tömor'ot adj. par. be-witched. tömoro/<isyot adj. possible to bewitch. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. tömpil /təmpil/ v. [2.ke] 1 to swim. tömpilöt <ut/ swimming. tömpilin/i/ n. swimmer. ömpilo't adj. par. swum. tömpi- lo/<isyot/ adj. possible to swim at. <o(tö), <egh, <t.

tömpülö /təmpula/ v. [3.ke] to feel satisfied of food. tömpulögh n. par. satisfaction. tömpulegho't adj. par. satisfied. <egh.

tömwö /təmwə/ (pl. tam) n. candle; beacon; wick.

tön (see tan).

tönkö /təŋkə/ n. buttocks, bottom.

tönkör stat. v. [2.ke] to doze. tönköröt n. par. dozing. tönkörin/i/ n. one who dozes. tönkörön n. one who dozes. tönkör'ot/tönkör'sot/ adj. par. dozed. tönkörö/<isyot/ <o(tö), <egh.

tönkur /təŋkur/ /tinkur v. [2.ku] to crouch one's legs. kitönkuröt n. par. crouching. kitönkurin/i/ n. one who crouches. tönkuröt adj. par. crouched. tönku- ro/<isyot/ adj. par. able to crouch. <o(tö), <egh, <en, referring to the place. tönkö /təŋkə/ /<öy n. buttock; bottom. tönökir/<tin/ n. hard door shutter, or strong beehive; matured. töntöne /təntəne/ (see tantan).

töntörwö /təntərwə/ (pl.tantar) n. pumpkin; gourd seed.

töngi /təŋjı/ v. [2.ki] to be sick, (of a cow). töngunöt n. par. sickness. tönguno't adj. par. sick cattle.

<u, <chii, <en, <egh, because of.

töngityö /təŋgitʃə/ recip. v. [3.ku] to match; to compare (as töngotyö). kitöngityogh n. par. comparison. töngityot adj. par. equal; uniformed.

töngkörer /təŋkærer/ v. [2.ke] to repeat annoyingly; to bore. töngköreröt n. par. repetition.

töngkörerin/i/ n. person who repeats him/ herself. töngkörerön n. boring person. töngkörero't adj. par. repetitive. <o(tö), <egh. töngköreryon/töngkö- rer/ n. repetitious; naive.

töngölel /təŋgələl/ v. [2.ke] to stay comfortable, cozy, in luxury. töngölelöt/<ut/ n. par. comfort; luxury. töngölein/i/ n. comfortable and rich person; luxurious. töngölel'ot adj. par. comfortable. <o(tö), <egh.

töngör /təŋjər/ stat. v. [2.ki] to doze; töngöröt n. par. dozing. töngörin/i/ n. one who dozes. töngörön n. one who dozes. töngör'ot/töngörsot/ adj. par. dozed. töngöro/<isyot/ able to doze. <o(tö), <egh. töngörerön n. fool; dunce.

töngöt /təŋjet/ (see tangat).

töngotyö /təŋgotʃə/ recip. v. [3.ki] to match; to compare. kitöngityogh n. par. comparison. töngotyot adj. par. equal; matching.

töngogh /təŋjɔy/ (see tangogh).

töngötö /təŋgotʃə/ recip. v. [3.ke] to match; to compare. kitöngityogh n. par. comparison. töngötötyot adj. par. equal; matching.

töngu /təŋju/ (see töngi).

töngur /təŋjur/ v. [2.ku] to crouch one's legs. ki-tönguröt n. par. crouching. kitöngurin/i/ n. one who crouches. tönguröt adj. par. crouched. tönguro/<isyot/ adj. par. able to crouch. <o(tö), <egh, <en, referring to the place. töngurö der. v. [3.ku] to crouch and bend while sleeping. kitöngurönöt n. par. crouching while sleeping.

töpayaw /təpajaw/ n. pl. (see töpöywö). töpenwok n. pl. dangers (see tapan). töpes(öch) (see tapes).

töpil /təpil//<en, <tin/ n. bladder.

töpilil /təpilil/ (see tapilil).

töpilö mayna /təpila maña/ n. puffball.

töpir /təpir/ (see tapir).

töpö /təpə/ def. & stat. v. to stay. töpö ngwiny v. to sit. töpogh n. par. staying. töpö't/tü- piyöt/ adj. par. stood. töpö/isyot/ adj. possible to remain. <egh. ötopenan, itöp- enenyi, töpö, kitipi'yonecha, ötipiyonekwa, tipiyöt—I, you, (s)he, it, we, you (pl.), they remain.

töpöki /təpəki/ v. [3.ke] to flout; to plot against. töpökönogh /pəkönɔy/, töpökünöt n. par. plot. tö- pokin/i/ n. plotter; one who flouts. tö-

pökinoót adj. par. plotted against. töpokino-/<isyot/ adj. able to plot. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

töpökwo /tapakwə/ (pl. tapak) n. kind of weed. töpölöl (see tapalal).

töpo /təpo/ /en n. bracelet.

töpogh /təpoy/ n. pl. (see tapogh).

töponion /təpnion/ (pl. töponin) n. sweet potato. töpongwo(pl.tapang) n. type of tree (cassia didymobotrya).

Töpösyokin /təpəsɔ̄kin/ (Tapasyach, Tapasyak) n. **Tepes** people of Mount Moroto.

töpoyon /təpojon/ (töpo) n. women's bracelet töpöyöwö (pl.töpayaw) n. 1 torch; lamp. 2 splint.

töpseryon /təpserjən/ (pl. töpserö) n. lady.

töptö /təpta/ v. [3.ki] to resemble; to act like; to behave. töptogh n. par. behaviour.

tör /tər/ /en (A) n. cauldron; cettle.

tör /tər/ (B) v. [2.ke] to hew (with a panga, hoe). törot/<ut/ n. par. hewing. törsyö hew- ing. törin/i/ n. person who likes to cut in that way. töron n. recently cleared field. tö'ot adj. par. hewn; cut. tö'r'o/<isyot/ adj. possible to hew. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

törekötin /tərekətin/ n. pl. dates (see tareke) (Kis.; Arabic).

törengchii /tərenjtʃi/ der. v. [3.ki] to trickle down from. törengunöt n. par. trickling. törengchinogh n. par. trickling towards.

töreröt /tərerət/ n. top plaited hair (for ladies). törisyon/töristin/ n. circumcised boy. törit (A) v. [1.ke] to sell at high price; to profiteer. kitöritat/<ut/ n. par. selling at high price; profiteering. kitörityön. selling at high price. kitöritin/i/ n. person who profiteers. törit'at/<ot/ adj. par. sold at high price. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

törit /tərit/ (B) n. pl. birds (see tarit).

törkel /tərkəl/ n. pl. testicles (see tarkal).

törokwo /tərokwə/ (tarak) n. cedar tree juniperus procera, cypress).

töronkwö /təroŋkwə/ n. tail.

törönwö /rərənwə/, (pl. taran) n. 1 type of tree. 2 (edible) fruit of this tree.

törör /təror/ n. notable; famous. töroröt most high God; uplifted.

töröröt /tərrörət/ n. hair shave (see töreröt).

tösus /təsus/ n. pl. (see tasus).

töt /tət/ (see tat).

tötö kegh /tətə kex/ v. [3.ke] to dedicate oneself. tö- togh pö kegh n. par. dedication.

tötöm /tətəm/ (see tatam).

tötöp /tətəp/ (see tatap).

töwit /təwıt/ <öy/ n. small pot, used for cooking vegetables and boiling herbs.

towon /təwon/ v. [2.ke] to desire; to prefer. tö- wonöt/<ut/ n. par. preference. töwo- nin/i/ n. one who prefers, desires. töwo- n'ot adj. par. preferred. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

töwonyon /təwənon/ <tin n. last born child.

töwörö /təwərə/ (see tawara).

töwöröre /təwərərə/ (see tawarar).

töwünöt /təwunə/ n. par. beginning. kitapu töwünöt Genesis.

Toch /totʃ/ /<tin/ n. spotlight (Eng.). toghunöt n. par. begining (see towi). toka /toka/ adv. above.

Tokol /təkəp/ /<onut, <tin/ n. scorpion.

toktokön /toktokən/ v. [2.ki] to stain; to blot. tok- tokönöt/<ut/ n. par. blot; stain. tok- tokönsyö n. staining. toktokön'ot tok- toköno/ isyot/ adj. possible to stain. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

tolimpön /tolimpən/ v. [2.ki] to float. tolimpön- öt adj. par. afloat. tolimpöno/<isyot/ adj. floatable. <egh, referring to the place (water).

tolkö /tolkə/ /en n. female oribi.

to'lko's /tolkol/ (pl.tolkos) n. aloe (plant used by the Pöket as medice for malaria boiling it; or as antiseptic when it is dried).

toly'on /toljən/ <tin n. small bell for goats.

tomkotut /tomkotut/ n. luck; to get something by chance, e.g. Kenyorı pagh konyinete tom- kotut— She has got a decent harvest this year by chance.

tomö /təma/, tömö conj. before (also kitomö). **tompesyon/tompes/** n. dolt; blockhead. **tompilön** v. [2.ki] to hover; to soar. tom-

pileönöt n. par. hovering; soaring. tom- pileönin/i/ n. hovering bird. tompileön'ot adj. par. soared. <o(tö), <egh.

tomtö /tomkə/ v. [3.ku] to reach; to arrive. kitom- togh, kitomtöt/<ut/ n. par. arrival; reaching. tomtegho't adj. par. reached. tomtegho/<isyot/ adj. reachable. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

tomtomön /tomtəmən/ v. [2.ki] to hesitate; to be un- certain. tomtomönöt/<ut/ n. par. hesitating; hesitation. tomtomönin /i/ n. hesitant. tomtomön'ot /təmtəmənət/ adj. par. hesi- tant. tomtomöno/<isyot/ adj. possible to become uncertain. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

to^n /tən/ (pl.too) n. guest; new; unknown to a place. tontön n. newness.

tonara /tonara/ pron. anywhere over there. to- nate dem. pron. there about. tonaye dem. pron. that place we know. tonete dem. pron. hereabout; around; anywhere here. tonī pron. around

here. tonii- na dem. pron. the other side. tonina pron. anywhere around there. tonini pron. anywhere around there.

tonirir /tonirir/ / (see tanirir).

tonkir /tonkirk/ v. [2.ki] to attend frequently; to go again and again. tonkiröt /tonkirköt/ n. par. going again and again. tonkirin/i/ n. one who goes incessantly to a place. tonkiröt adj. par. gone. <otö, <chii, referring to the place, <egh, because of.

tonkirurwö /tonkirkurwə/ (tankirur) n. type of tree (with edible fruits).

tonö porö /tønə porə/ adv. down there. tonö to up there. tonö na dem. pron. the other side. tonö nate pron. around the other side. tonona pron. anywhere.

tontolwö /tontolwə/ (tontol) n. type of tree (good for making arrows).

tong /tonj/ v. [1.ku] 1 to work with iron. 2 to smite. kitongat/<ut/ n. par. smite. kitongsyö n. smiting. kitongin/i/ n. blacksmith. tong'at/<ot/ adj. par. smit- ten. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. tongi n. place where cursed demons are expelled to, said to be on the West where the sun sets down; hell.

tongii /tonj/ v. [2.ki] to be sick, (of a cow). töngünöt n. par. sickness. tönguno't adj. par. sick cattle. <u, <chii, <en, <egh, because of.

Tongi /tonji/ n. place where cursed demons are expelled to, said to be on the west where the sun sets down; hell, hades.

Tongityo /tonjito/ recip. v. [3.ku] to match; to compare (as töngotyö). kitongityogh n. par. comparison. tongityot adj. par. equal; uniformed.

too /tø:/ n. pl. (see ton).

Topas /topas/ n. topaz (Eng.).

topön /topən/ v. [2.ki] to stare; to gaze. topönöt n. par. staring. topönin/i/ n. one who stares. topönöt adj. par. stared at. topöno/<isyot/ adj. par. able to stare. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

topot /topot/ <on n. store. Topseroroy /topseroroi/ <tin n. kind of snake. toptoy v. form. maybe; perhaps; it depends.

to'r /tør/ (A) v. [1.ke] to spear. to'rat n. par. spearing. to'rín/i/ n. one who likes spearing. to'r'at/ot/ adj. par. speared. to'ro/<isyot/ adj. possible to spear. <o(tö), <u, (<chii), <egh, <t.

to'r /tor/ (B) v. [2.ke] to start. kit'oröt n. par. starting. kit'orin/i/ n. starter. kit'orön n. something recently started. to'r'ot adj. par. started. to'ro/<isyot/ adj. possible to start. <o(tö), <u, <chii, to start from, <egh. to start with.

Tor /to:n/ /<on/ (C) n. sheep tail.

to'ri /tori/ der. v. [3.ku] to inaugurate.

kit'orun- öt n. par. inauguration. to^run'ot adj. par. inaugurated.

torir /torir/ n. stockade of a field.

torlol /torlol/ (see tarlol).

torön /torən/ (see taran).

torös /torəs/ (torosöch) adj. corpulent. torösyö n. corpulence. torösit(u), torö- sochitu v. to become corpulent. to- rösyon/torös/ n. circumcised boy or girl.

Torogogh /torogoy/ n. elbow.

Torta /tortə/ , torten der. v. [3.ke] to launch; to fling; to cast; to throw a spear. tortagh n. par. launching. torteghin/i/ n. good spear thrower. tortegh'at adj. par. flung. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

tortö /tortə/ , torten v. [3.ke] to curse, especially against evil events. tortogh n. par. cursing. torteghin/i/ n. one who curses. tortegh'at adj. par. cursed. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii. tortö pögh v. [3.ki] to urinate.

to^ru /təru/ (see t^ori').

torwok /torwok/ <oy n. stupid.

toryö /torjə/ recip. v. [3.ke] to jam. toryogh / torjoy/ n. par. jamming. toryot adj. par. jammed. <egh, <otö.

tosyön /tosjən/ v. [2.ku] to mope. kitosyonöt, kitosyonchinöt n. par. moping. kitosyön- in/i/ n. one who mopes. kitosyönön n. one who mopes. tosyönöt adj. par. moped for. <o(tö), <chii, <u, <egh.

tot /tot/ v. [2.ke] to fence with a stockade. totöt n. par. fencing. totsyö n. fencing. Totin /totin/ /i n. fencer. totön n. fenced field. tot'ot adj. par. fenced. toto/<isyot/ adj. possible to fence. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Tote /tote/ pron. almost everyone (also atote)

totegha /toteya/ der. v. to raise. kitoteghat adj. par. raising up. kitoteghin/i/ n. up-lifter. totegh'at/<ot/ adj. par. raised up. <u, <chii. toteghii der. v. to uplift (to- wards the speaker). kitoteghunöt n. par. uplifting.

totöwon /totəwon/ (totöw) n. sticks of a stockade (see tot).

towi /tɔwɪ/ v. [3.ke] to introduce; to start; to begin. töwunöt /təwunst/ n. par. beginning. töwunin/i/ n. beginner. töwun'ot adj. par. begun. <otö, <chii, <egh.

Towut /towut/ <oy n. small cooking pot.

toyii /tɔjɪ/ n. pl. (see toyon).

toyö /tojə/ (recip. v.) [3.ke] to disperse; to scatter; to disband. toyogh, toyöt/<ut/ n. par. dispersion; scattering. toyeghin/i/ n. disperser. toyot adj. par. dispersed; scattered. <egh(u), <eghchii.

toyon /tojən/ (toyii) n. animal that has been weaned. toyon/<oy n. forearm.

toytoyö /toitojə/ recip. v. [3.ke] to disperse; to scatter; to spread. kitoytoyogh, kitoyto- yöt/<ut/ n. par. dispersion. kitoyto- yin, kitoytoyeghin/i/ n. disperser; scat- terer. toytoyt/ toytoyisot/ adj. par. dispersed; scattered. adj. dispersable. <egh(u), <eghchi.

tuch v. to spare something; to keep (see tuk).

Tude /tude/ /<tin/ n. (euphemism) male genitals. tudugh stat. v. [2.ke] to feel afraid, anxious, intimidated; to frighten. kitudughöt n. par. fear; anxiety. kitudughin/i/ n. fearful; anxious person. kitudughön n. scared; uneasy. tudugh'ot/ tudughyot/ adj. par. intimidated; alarmed. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

Tuk /tuk/ v. [1.ke] to remain; to leave. kitukat n. par. remaining; leaving. kitukin/i/ n. one who leaves things around. kitukan n. remainder; residue. tuk'at/<ot/ adj. par. remained; left. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

tuka /tuka/ poss. n. cows of; the cows.

tukwa /tukwa/ n. something said during the birth of a child.

Tul /tuk/ v. [2.ku] to expel; to dispel; to chase away (many objects). kitulöt/<ut/ n. par. expulsion. kitulsyö n. expelling; chasing away. kitulin/i/ n. one who expels. kitulön n. one who has been sent away. tul'ot adj. par. expelled. tulö/<isyot/ adj. possible to send away. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t. Tulin /tulin/ Pököt clan whose totem is jackal. tules/<ay/ n. waxbill (bird).

tultul /tultul/ v. [1.ke] to get blisters; to get a rash. kitultulat/<ut/ n. par. blister; rash. kitultulan n. person who gets rashes easily. tultul'at/<ot/ adj. par. with blisters, or rash. tultulo/<isyot/ adj. possible to get blisters. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

tumeghyö /tumeyə/ (tumegh), <en/ n. kind of vegetable.

tumön /tumən/ v. [2.ke] to cause evil eye; to get ringworm because of evil eye; bewitch. kitumönöt/<ut/ n. par. effect caused by evil eye, especially wound in children's buttocks or ringworms on their head. kitu- mönin/i/ n. evil eye. tumöno't adj. par. bewitched. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

tumpörpeyat /tumpärpejat/ <en n. dung beetle.

tumun /tumun/ v. [2.ku] to get ringworm because of bad-eye (same as tumön).

Tumwon /tumwon/ (pl.tumwonoy) n. type of tree (its glue is used for sticking a spear's blade to the shaft).

Tunat /tunat/ (tunatay) n. type of tree (euphorbia).

tunoyö /tunojə/ /tunoy/ n. a strong climbing tree good for building, especially as a kind of ring beam (its leaves are eaten by cows, also used for tying bee-hives).

Tung /tun/ (A) v. [1.ke] to hold a celebration for twins and special births. kitungat, kitu- nga n. par. that ceremony for twins. ki- tungin/i/ n. the one leading this cere- mony. tung'at/<ot/ adj. par. when that ceremony has been performed. <o(tö), referring to the place.

Tung /tun/ (B) v. [1.ke] to press. tungat n. par. pressing. kitungin/i/ n. one who presses. tung'at/<ot/ adj. pressed. tu- ngo/<isyot/ adj. pressable. <o(tö), <u,

Tungwa /tunywa/ <ay n. small calf. tunoyö /tunojə/ (tunoy) n. climbing plant. tuntules/<oy/ n. African penduline tit (bird).

tuntur /tuntur/ (stat.) v. [2.ku] to smudge; to foul; to muddy. kitunturöt n. par. muddying water. kitunturin/i/ n. one who muddies water.

tunturo't /tunturat/ (tuntursot) adj. par. muddied; fouled. tunturo/<isyot/ adj. possible to become muddy. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Tuny /tunj/ (see tung).

tupchö /tuptʃ/ <en n. fellow; brothers; members of the same clan; akin. tupchogh n. brotherhood; fellowship.

Tupta /tupta/ , tupten v. [3.ke] to oversee; to prove. kituptagh n. par. overseeing; proof. tupta kong v. [3.ke] to expect help- lessly; to watch helplessly. kituptagh n. par. watching. tupteghat/<ot/ adj. par. watched helplessly.

tur /tur/ v. [2.ke] to loiter. kituröt n. par. loitering. kiturin/i/ n. tramp. katur- okyon/ katurok/ n. tramp. <otö, <chii, referring to the place. wanderer one who leaves home and got roaming in other homesteads doing nothing but only play

turir /turir/ n. dirty water; impure; e.g., Turir pöghechi—This water is dirty.

Turkan /turkan/ v. [1.ki] to wander around (to be nomadic). turkan'at/turkön/ n. par. wandering. turkönsyö n. wandering. turkö- nin/i/ n. wanderer; nomad. turkanan n. wander. turkan'at/turkön'ot/ adj. par. wandered. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. Turkana /turkana/n. pl. (see Tirkönin).

turön /turən/ v. [2.ke] play inside the womb (of a foetus); to be happy. turönöt n. par.

jumping. turöniñ/i/ n. foetus that moves a lot. <otö, <egh, because of.

Turu /turu/ n. when there is no moon; new moon.

tus /tus/ v. [ke] to swell.

tutu /tutu/ v. [ke] to resurrect.

Tuw /tuw/ v. [2.ke] to milk an animal on one's hand for drinking straight on. tuwot n. par. milking on one's hand. tuwsyö n. milking and drinking straight. tuwin/i/ n. person who does so. tuwat/<ot/ adj. par. milked. tuwo/<isyot/ adj. possible to milk on that way. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. tuwöt /tuwə/ <in/ n. type of tree (*diospyros scabra*).

tuwutyö /tuwutə/ n. emptiness.

tuyö /tujə/ v. [3.ke] to bind; to gather. tuyoghn n. par. gathering; meeting. tuyogh, tu- yeghin/i/ n. gatherer. tuy'ot n. par. assembled. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

tuynön /tuınən/ v. [2.ke] to prosper; to recover from a hard situation (for people or place). tuynönöt n. par. prosperity; comfort. tuynöno't adj. par. prosperous. tuynöno/<isyot/ adj. prosperous. <o(tö), <egh.

Tuyun /tujun/ n. dewclaw.

tuyunwö /tujunwə/ (tuyun) n. type of tree (*balanites aegyptiaca*).

twa pos. n. cows of, e.g. twachan my cows, etc.

twat /twat/ v. [1.ke] to give birth (especially the first born).

Twatat /twatat/ (twötut) n. par. birth. twatan n. recently born child. twat'at/twöt'ot/ adj. par. born. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Twayta /twaıta/ v. [3.ke] 1 to depend on. 2 to poise; to rest on. kitwaytagh n. par. dependence. kitwotöghin/i/ n. dependant. twaytegh'a/<ot/ adj. par. depended; rested on. <egh(u), <eghchii.

Twenytweny /tweıntwen/ v. [1.ke] to sparkle; to glitter. kitwenytwenyat/<ut/ n. par. sparkling; glittering. twenytweny'at/<ot/ adj. par. glittered. <otö, <egh.

twoytö /twoıte/ (see twayta).

Tya /tja/ adj. how much? (for uncountable things); size. nyo tyä? how big; how much?

tyak /tyak/ v. [ke] to set free.

tyakin /tjakin/ v. [1.ku] to compose a song to praise a bull. kityakinat/kityokinut/ n. par. composition. kityokinsyö n. composing. kityokinin/i/ n. good composer of those songs.

tyakin'at/tyokin'ot/ adj. par. (the bull) praised in a song. tyokino/<isyot/ adj. praiseworthy. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Tyanin /tjanin/ n. how much, how big?

tyantyar /tjantar/ v. [1.ke] to untangle; to unsnarl; to ravel. kityantyarat/kityontyorut/ n. par. ravelling. kityontyorsyö n. unsnarling. kityontyorin/i/ n. one who untangles. kityantyaran n. something recently untangled. tyantyar'at/tyontyor'ot/ adj. par. untangled; unravelled. tyon- tyoro/syot/ adj. possible to untangle. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

tyang /tjan/ v. [1.ke] to overdo. tyangat n. par. overdoing. <o(tö), <egh. työ /tjə/ (pl. tipin) n. girl; lass. tyokin (see tyakin).

tyom pö /tjom pə/ poss. n. beast of.

tyom pö wuw /tikwın pö wuw/ n. wild beast.

tyom pö yim. moon used only by Siwötøy.

Tyontyor /tyontyor/ (see tyantyar).

Tyony /tjon/ (pl. tyonkin) n. 1 beast; wild animals. 2 thing.

tyori /tjori/ der. v. [3.ke] to instigate. kityorunöt n. par. instigation. tyorun'ot adj. par. instigated.

U, u

Uk /uk/ <oy n. hump.

ukalyon/ukalin/ n. stiff maize porridge, ugali (Kis.).

uma/en/ n. fork (Kis.).

Ukanta /ukanta/ , Okanta n. Uganda.

Urusi n. Russia (Kis.).

W, w

Wach /watʃ/ v. [1.ke] to fence; to enclose. kiwachat/kiwöchut/ n. par. fence. ki- wöchsyö n. fencing. kiwokin/i/ n. per- son who fences, who encloses. kiwakan n. recently fenced field, etc. wak'at/wö- k'ot/ adj. par. fenced. wöko/<isyot/ adj. possible to fence. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

wach /watʃ/ (see wak). wachele /watʃele/ n. left-handed. wachta (see wayta).

wagh /way/ v. [1.ke] 1 to fear. 2 to respect. kiwaghat/kiwöghut/ n. par. fear; respect. kiwöghsyö n. fearing. kiwöghin/i/ n. fearful person; respectful. wagh'at/wögh'ot/ adj. par. feared; respected. wö- gho/<isyot/ adj. able to fear. <sy, <otö, <egh, because of.

Waghak /wayak/ v. [1.ke] to change; to turn over; to translate; to transform. waghakat/ wö- ghökut/ n. par. change; variation; innovation; translation; transformation. wö- ghöksyö n. changing; interpreting translating; transforming. wöghökin/i/ n. changer; translator; modifier; transformer. waghakan / wayakan/ n. modified; changed. wagha- k'at/ wöghök'ot/ adj. par. changed; translated; transformed. wöghökö/<isyot/ adj. changeable; possible to translate. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t, for someone else. waghakta der. v. [3.ke] to inter- pret. waghaktagh n. par. interpretation; translation. wöghökteghin/o/ n. inter- preter. waghaktegh'at/wöghöktegh'ot/ adj. par. interpreted. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchi.

Wak /wak/ (see wach).

Wak /wak/ v. [1.ke] 1 to roar (lion, bull, hyena). 2 to bray (of a donkey). wakat/wö- ut/ n. par. roaring; bray. wokin/i/ n. roaring. wak'at/ wök'ot/ adj. par. roared. woko/<isyot/ adj. able to roar. <o(tö), <egh.

Wakaryan /wakarjan/ /<tin/ n. bushy unprepared field before the planting season.

wal /wal/ (A) v. [1.ke] to move away. walat n. par. moving away. wölin/i/ person who moves away. wal'at/wö'l'ot/ adj. par. moved. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

Wal /wal/ (B) v. [1.ke] to seduce; to lure; to woo. walat/<wölut/ n. par. seduction. wölsyö n. seducing; luring. wölin/i/ n. seducer. wal'at/ wö'l'ot/ adj. par. se- deduced. wölo/<isyot/ adj. possible to seduce. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t. wal ngölyon v. [1.ke] to say something different; to comment; to move a motion in a meeting. walata ngölyon n. par. commentary. wölinto ngölyon n. commentator.

Wal /wal/ /<is, walisyay/ n. tip; apex; summit; peak. walpa kitin n. nipple.

Walak /walak/, walaka pron. pl. another. walaka- ne

pron. another ones (see anka).

walinkön /walintən/ <tin/ n. big saucepan (sufuria).

walisay/walisai/ n. pl. (see wal).

walpa kitin n. nipple.

walta /walta/ der. v. [3.ke] 1 to barter; to exchange. 2 move around. 3 to offer oneself in place of another. waltagh n. par. bartering. wöltteghin/i/ n. barterer. walteghat adj. par. bartered; exchanged. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

walwal /walwal/ /wölwôle/ (A) adj. agile; nimble; quick. wölwölyö n. agility. walwalit, wölwölit(u) v. to become agile.

w'älw'äl /walwal/ (B) v. [1.ke] to swear an oath. kiwalwalat/kiwlwolut/ n. par. swear- ing. kiwlwölin/i/ n. person who swears. walwal'at/ wölwöl'ot/ adj. par. swore. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

wanchal /wantʃal/ v. [1.ke] to open something; to turn soil upwards. wanchalat, wanchala n. par. turning soil up. wönchölin/i/ n. person who likes to dig very well his/her field. wanchalan n. newly dug field. wanchal'at/wönchö'l'ot/ adj. par. well dug; e.g., field. wönchölo/<isyot/ adj. possible to dig and turn the soil up. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

wancharyan /wantʃarjat/ (wanchar) n. 1 tiny thing. 2 chicks.

wanchiryān /wanchir/ n. tiny thing.

wang v. [1.ke] to cut open; e.g., a piece of meat to roast it better. wangat/wongut/ n. par. cutting. wang'at/wongo't/ adj. par. open cut. <o(tö), <egh, <u, <chii. wang möt v. [1.ke] to confuse; to be con- fused, senile. wangat n. par. confusing; being confuse. wöngin n. person who confuses others. wangan möt n. crazy; senile. wang'at möt/wöngö't mötöwö/ adj. par. confused. wöngö möt/<isyot/ confusable. <otö.

wangta /wanta/ der. v. [3.ke] to fulfil. kiwantagh n. par. fulfilment. kiwonteghin/i/ n. fulfiller. wantegh'at/wontegh'ot/ adj. par. fulfilled. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

wangwang /waŋwaŋ/ v. [1.ke] to haste someone. wangwang/wöngwöng/ adj. agile; spry. wöngwonyö n. agility; spryness. kiwangwangat n. par. haste. wangwangit, wöngwöngit(u) v. to become agile.

wany /waj/ v. [1.ke] to cease; to end; to fin- ish; to terminate; to accomplish. kiwa- nyat/kiwonyut/ n. par. end; termi- nation. kiwonyin/i/ n. finisher; ac- complisher. kiwanyan n. accomplished. wany'at/wony'ot/ adj. par. finished; ter- minated; accomplished. wongo/<isyot/ adj. finishable. <otö, <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

wany /wap/ (see wang).

wara /wara/ n. pl. (see wawa). wara sonkok n. (slang) rice.

warany /waranj/ <ay n. guenon; monkey.

Warwar /warwar/ (A) v. [1.ke] to tinge; to dye.

kiwarwarat n. par. tinge. kiwörwö- rin/i/ n. dyer. kiwarwaran n. person who dies something. warwar'at/wörwö- r'ot/ adj. par. tinged. wörwöro/<isyot/ adj. possible to dye. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, to dye something for someone else.

Warwar /warwar/ (B) v. [1.ke] to mix things; to mingle. kiwarwarat n. par. mixing. ki- wörwörsöyö n. mixing; mingling. wörwö- rin/i/ n. one who mingles things. wörwö- r'ot adj. par. mingled. wörwöro/<isyot/ adj. possible to mingle. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Warya /wari:a/ <en n. 1 bees' comb with many maggots. 2 a type of comb used for decoration of head dress.

Was /was/ (A) v. [1.ke] to dawn. kiwasan n. dawn. kikuwas it has become dawn. <t, (<ch)i, <u.

Was /was/ (B) v. [1.ke] to dig; to excavate; to unearth. wasat, wasa/wösut/ n. par. digging. wösöin/i/ n. digger. wasan n. something recently dug; mine; min- eral. was'at/wös'ot/ adj. par. dug. wö- so/<isyot/ adj. possible to dig. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Was /was/ (C) v. [1.ke] to cut (meat). kiwa- sat/ kiwosut/ n. par. cutting meat. ki- wosyö n. cutting meat. kiwosin/i/ n. meat cutter. was'at/ wös'ot/ adj. par. cut. woso/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to cut. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Wasta /wasta/ (A) v. [3.ke] to overcome; to over- power. wastagh n. par. overcoming; damaging. wöstöghin, wöstegehin/i/ jurer.

wasteghat adj. par. damaged; overcome. <o(tö), <egh(u), <eghchii.

Wasta /wasta/ (B) der. v. [3.ke] to go in the early morning. kiwastagh n. par. raising early. kiwöstöghin/i/ n. early raiser (early bird).

Waswas /waswas/ (A) rep. v. [1.ke] to mutilate; to maim. kiwaswasat n. par. mutilation (see was C).

Waswas /waswas/ /wöswöse/ (B) adj. simple.

Waswas /waswas/ (C) v. [1.ke] to rummage; to ransack. waswasat/wöswösut/ n. par.

Wat /wat/ (B) v. [1.ke] to bisect (especially the vagina of a woman to easy out the deliv- ery of the child). watat, wata n. par. bisecting.

Wat /wat/ (C) v. [1.ke] to cut short in the shar- ing of something; to deprive. watat n. par. depriving. wötin/i/ n. person who does not give people their right in a share. watat/wöt'ot/ adj. par. when someone has been deprived of something in a distribution. <otö, <u, <chii, <egh.

Watan /watan/ (A) n. something close to ripe, or be ready, especially beer.

Watan /watan/ (B) v. [1.ke] to roast. watanat n. par. roasting. wötönin/i/ n. person who roasts. watan'at/wötöno't/ adj. par. roasted. wötöno/<isyot/ adj. possible to roast. <o(tö),

<u, <chii, <egh. *wata-* nian/watan/ n. something roasted; e.g., cob of maize.

Watanian /watanian/ n. shady place but with some sun (see also *watan*).

Wates /wates/ (wötesöch) adj. dapper; smart clean person. *watesit(u)*, *wötesöchitu* v. to become dapper.

wat'in /watin/ n. improvement; e.g., Kisich *wat'in*—She has improved (litt. She has got improvement).

watos n. something close to ripe or be ready (see *kömoghîh*).

Watwa /watwa/ <ay n. 1 place for roasting meat in kirket. 2 n. pl. grill (see *watwayan*).

watwat /watwat/ v. [1.ke] to itch. *Watwatat* /wöt- wötut/ n. par. itching. *watwatan* / watwatan/ n. rummage. *wösösyo* n. ransacking. person who itches easily. *watwat'at*/ wötwösösin waswäsir/ /i/ n. ransacker. *waswasan* n. recently rummaged thing. *waswas'at/wösös'ot/* adj. par. rummaged. *wösösö*/*isyot* adj. possible to ran-sack. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Waswayili /waswajili/ n. pl. (see *Mswayiliyon*).

Wat /wat/ (A) v. [1.ke] to smear something bitter on a teat so that the sucker (child, kid, or calf) may not suck. *watat* n. par. the ac-tion of smearing the teat. *wötin/i* n. per-son who smears the teat. *wat'at/wöt'ot/* adj. par. smeared. *wöto*/*isyot* adj. possible to smear. <o(tö), <egh.

wöt'ot/ adj. par. itched. <o(tö), <egh, *Watwayan* /watwajan/ (pl. *watwa*) n. sticks on which meat is roasted; grill.

Wawa /wawa/ (A) v. [3.ke] to speak of someone; to babble. *kiawat* n. par. babbling. *kiwo-* win/i/ n. babbler. *kiawan* n. talkative. *wawat/wowot/* adj. par. talked about. <otö, <egh.

Wawa /wawa/ (pl. *wara*) (B) n. offspring of small animals. *wawa aran/wara ngaror/* kid. *wawa kech/wara kechir/* n. lamb. *wawa ngötiny* cub. *wawa tarit* brood.

Way /wai/ v. [1.ke] to insert beads in a string; to string. *wayat/woyut/* n. par. work of inserting beads. *woysö* n. inserting beads. *woyin/i/* n. person nimble on that work. *wayan* n. recently stringed beads. *wayat/woy'ot/* adj. par. inserted in a string. *woyo*/*isyot* adj. possible to string. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Way /wai/ (see *wagh*).

Wayak /wajak/ v. [1.ke] to usurp; to dethrone; to take one's rights. *wayakat/wöghökut/* n. par. usurpation. *wöyöksö* n. usurp-ing. *wöyökin/i/* n. usurper. *wayakan* n. one deprived of his/her rights. *wayak- at/wöyök'ot/* adj. par. dethroned. *wöyö- ko*/*isyot* adj. possible to be usurped. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Wayak /wajak/ (see *waghak*).

Wayan /wayan/ (pl. *wayen*) n. 1 lie. 2 fraud (in price); trick.

Wayawidin /wajawidin/ n. pl. Jews (see *Miyawudiyon*, or *Myawudyon*).

Wayta /warta/ v. [3.ke] to overflow, of a river or a boiling pot. *waytagh* n. par. overflow-ing. *wayteghat/wöytegh'ot/* adj. par. overflown. <otö, <egh, because of.

Wechara /wetṣara/ n. Hey you! (used to call the attention of people a bit far).

wechi' /wetṣi/ der. v. [3.ke] to attend (to go to).

wechinogh n. par. attendance.

Wedo /wedo/ n. pal; name used to call a young man in a familiar way (women like to use it more than men).

we/kokö n. madam; respectful call for an old lady.

Welwel /welwel/ v. [1.ke] 1 to irritate. 2 to haste kiwelwelöt n. par. irritating. *kiwel-* *welin*/i/ n. impatient. <egh, because of.

wempö /wempə/ <en n. razor (Kis.).

wen /<tin/ n. twitch. *chit* *wen* v. to feel a twitch.

Weng /wen/ v. [1.ke] to distort. *kiwengat*/*ut/* n. par. distortion. *kiwengsyö* n. distort-ing. *kiwengin*/i/ n. distorter. *kiwengan* n. distorter. *weng'at*/*ot/* adj. par. dis-torted. *wengo*/*isyot* adj. distortable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Weny /wen/ <tin n. twitch (see *wen*).

Wenyeweny /wejnwejne/ adv. probably.

Wer /wer/ v. [1.ke] to cross; to pass. *kiwer-* at/*ut/* n. par. pass; crossing. *kiwer-* in/i/ n. person who crosses. *wer'at*/*ot/* adj. par. passed; crossed. *werö*/*isyot* adj. possible to pass. <o(tö), <egh.

Weri /weri/ (pl. *werkö*) n. 1 boy; man. 2 son we-ri n. the boy. *werinkwa* poss. n. my brother; our brother. *weringw'a* poss. n. your brother; your (pl.) brother. *weri-* *ngu* poss. n. your son. *weringwa* poss. n. his/her brother; their brother. *weringwo* poss. n. your brother (dear one). *weri-* *yan* poss. n. my son. *weri*nyi poss. n. his/her son. *weri*nyo /veriyo/ poss. n. my brother; our brother. *weri*nyu poss. n. my son (dear to me). *werkachi* poss. n. his/her sons. *werkachu* poss. n. my sons (dear ones). *werkö* / *werkə*/ n. pl. men *werköcha* poss. n. my brothers; our brothers. *werköchan* poss. n. my sons. *werköku* poss. n. your sons. *werkökwa* poss. n. his/her brothers; their brothers. *werkökw'a* poss. n. your brothers; your (pl.) brothers. *werko-*om-pö poss. n. brothers of. *werkö-ompö* n. brothers of (*werkö* ompö).

werkoyinön /werköinän/ n. prophesy. *werkoyon*/ *werkoy*/ n. prophet; seer; diviner.

werö /werö/ poss. n. son of. *werö* työ n. 1 nephew (child of a sister); cousin (son of my father's sister).

2 related example. werpö poss. n. son of. werto-
ompö poss. n. brother of.

werwer /werwer/ v. [2.ke] to disturb.
kiwerweröt, kiwerwerogh/<ut/ n. par. disturbance.
kiwerwerin/i/ n. disturber. werwerön, kiwerwerön
n. disturber. werwero't adj. par. disturbed.
wertero/<isyot/ adj. disturbable. <o(tö), <u,
<chii, <egh. wes v. [2.ke] to be out of reach.
kiwesöt n. par. being out of reach. wes'ot adj. par.
out of reach.

wes(i)tö /wesita/ der. v. [2.ke] to walk; to
travel; to tour. westogh n. par. walking; stroll; tour.
westöghin, westeghin /westexin/ (pl.pesteghi)
n. walker; traveller. westegh'ot/pes-teghöt/
adj. par. walked; e.g., present indicative:
owestenan, iwestenenyi/westo-nenyi westöy,
kipestenecha, opestenekwa, pestöy. Recent past:
kowestan, kiwestenyi, köwestö, kapestechä,
kapestekwa, kapesta. <egh, by means of. wetöy
keep going.

Wey /weɪ/ interj. ey! nya wey? not so?

Wi /wi:/, wiyo v. form.: imp. go! (see wö). wîch
/witʃ/ v. [1.ke] to seethe; to boil. wîchat n.
par. seething. wîchin/i/ n. pot which boils
the water soon. wîch'at/<ot/ adj. par. boiled.
wîcho/<isyot/ adj. possible to boil. <o(tö), <u,
<chii, <egh.

wîchîch /wîtʃwîtʃ/ v. [2.ke] to poke in one
place. wîchîchöt/<ut/ n. par. poking. wîchî-
chin/i/ n. poker. wîchîch'ot adj. par. poked.
<o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

wîchîir /wîtʃɪr/ v. [1.ke] to miss; to disappear.
wî-chîrat/<ut/ n. par. disappearance. wî-
chîrin/i/ n. one who takes things. wî-chîran n.
missing things. wîchîr'at/<ot/ adj. disappeared.
wîchîro't/<isyot/ adj. able to disappear. <o(tö),
<egh.

wîchten /wîtʃtən/, wîchtö der. v. [3.ke] 1 to
betray. 2 black mail. kiwîchtogh n. par. betraying;
treason. wîchtöghin/i/ n. betrayer; traitor.
wîchtegh'ot adj. par. betrayed. <egh(u),
<eghchi.

wîchwîch /wîtʃwîtʃ/ v. [2.ke] to poke;
to pouter. wîchwîchöt/<ut/ n. par. poking.
wîch- wîchin/i/ n. one who likes poking others.
wîchwîch'ot adj. par. poked (with a lot
of small holes). <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.
wîchwîchöwon/wîchwîchöw/ n. poker. wîdit/
wîditöch/ adj. slender; slim. wîdit- it, wîdititu/
wîdititöchit, wîdititöchi tu/v. to become slim.

wîk /wk/ (A) v. [2.ke] to poke at random
on something. wîköt/<ut/ n. par. poking.
wîkin/i/ n. poker. wîko't adj. par. poked.
wîko/<isyot/ adj. possible to poke. <o(tö), <u,
<chii, <egh.

wîk /wîk/ (B) v. [2.ke] to push ahead; to continue.

wîköt /wîkəə/ n. par.n continuing. wîkin/i/
n. person who moves ahead. wîko't adj.

par. moved ahead. <otö, <egh, because of,
<chii (wîchi), to go ahead till a certain place.
wîkchî der. v. [3.ke] to incite. wîkchinogh,
wîkchinöt/<ut/ n. par. incitement; inciting.
wîkchinin/i/ n. inciter. wîkchin'ot adj. par.
incited. <otö, <egh, because of.

wîki /wîki/ der. v. [3.ki] to encourage. wîkinogh,

wîkinöt/<ut/ n. par. encouragement;
encouraging. wîkinin, wîkineghin/i/ n.
encourager. wîkin'ot adj. par. encouraged. <otö,
<egh(u), <eghchii (see wîk A)

wîki /wîki:/ <in/ n. week. wîkin odeny n. fortnight
(Eng.).

wîku /wîku/ der. v. [3.ku] to transfer (see wîk B).

wîkten /wîkten/ (see wîchtö).

wîktö /wîktə/ (see wîchtö).

wîl /wîl/ (A) v.[2.ke] to deepen; to carve. wî-
l'ot n. par. carving. wîlsyö n. carving. wîlin/i/
n. carver. wîlön n. carved thing. wîlo't adj. par.
carved. wîlo/<isyot/ adj. possible to carve. <sy,
<o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

wîl /wîl/ (B) v. [2.ke] to sag. wîlöt n. par.
sagging. wîlön n. something sagged. wî- l'ot adj.
par. sagged. wîlo/<isyot/ adj. possible to sag.
<o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

wîn /wîn/ v. [2.ke] to horn; to pierce with a
horn by a bull. wînöt/ut/ n. par. being pierced
by a horn. wînin/i/ n. horny animal which
is prompt to pierce people. wîn'ot adj. par.
pierced. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. wîni der. v.
[3.ki] to push towards the speaker.
wînînogh, wînînöt n. par. pushing towards
the speaker (word of restricted use, yumî is more
correct).

wînîch /wînîtʃ/ v. [2.ki] to root out. wînî-
chöt/<ut/ n. par. rooting out. wînîch- syö n.
rooting out. wînîchin/i/ n. per- son who roots
out a tree. wînîchön n. up- rooted tree. wînîch'ot
adj. par. rooted up. wînîcho/<isyot/ adj. possible
to uproot. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

wînwa /wînwa/ <oy/ n. young calf; especially
a bull; bullock.

wîng /wîŋ/ (see wîny).

wîngotyö /wîŋotjɔ/ n. secrecy.

wîny /wîŋ/ v. [1.ke] 1 to hide. 2 to withhold.
wînyat/<ut/ n. par. hiding; hiding place. wînysyö
n. hiding. wînyin/i/ n. some- one who hides.
wînyan/wîjan/ n. newly hid- den. wîny'at/<ot/
adj. par. hidden. wî- nyo/<isyot/ adj. possible to
hide. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, to hide from.

wînya /wîjna/ der. v. [3.ke] to keep a secret. ngala
wînya/<ut/ n. secret. wînyagh n. par. secret.

wînyiwînyi /wîjñi wîjñi/ adv. more or less.

wîr /wîr/ (stat.) v. [1.ke] to wear out.

wîr- at/<ut/ n. par. wearing out. wîrsyö /
wîrsə/ n. wearing out. wîran n. easy to wear

out. wîr'at/<'ot, wîryot/ adj. worn out. wîro/<isyot/ adj. possible to wear out. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t, to do it for someone else. wîrachan/wîrachtin/ n. shred; rag.

wirta /wîrta/ der. v. [3.ke] to misuse. wîrtagh n. par. misusing. wîrtegh'at/<'ot/ adj. par. misused. <otö, <egh.

wîrwîr /wîrwîr/ <tin/ n. tadpole; larvae stage of mosquito. wîrwîryon/wîrwîr/ n. tad-pole; small frog. wîrwîryon n. dark smoke.

wîryagh /wîrjax/ v. [1.ke] 1 to check frequently. 2 to surround; to siege. kiwîryaghat n. par. surrounding. kiwîryöghin/i/ n. surround. kiwîryagh'at/<'ot/ adj. par. surrounded; checked. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

wîryon /wîrjox/ n. molesting dust.

wîs /wîs/ (A) v. [2.ke] 1 to be cool, tepid. 2 to be calm. kiwîsöt n. par. tepidity; calm; tranquillity. wîs'ot adj. par. cooled off. <o, referring to the instrument, <egh, referring to the place where the liquid remains.

wîs /wîs/ (B) v. [2.ke] to fan, especially a fire. wîsöt n. par. fanning. wîsin/i/ n. person who fans a fire. wîs'ot adj. par. fanned. <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

wîsan /wîsan/ v. [1.ke] 1 rogue or indiscipline. 2 unfortunate situation whereby a family loses offsprings due to death. wîsanat n. par. giving birth to children. wîsönin/i/ n. woman who suffers like that. wîsan'at/wîsöno't/ adj. par. woman in that condition. <o(tö), <egh.

wîswîs /wîwîs/, wiswis (B) v. [2.ku] to gesticulate. kiwîswîsöt/<ut/ n. par. gesticulation. kiwîswîsyö n. gesticulating. kiwîswîs-in/i/ n. person who gesticulates a lot. wîswîs'ot adj. par. gesticulated. wîswîs-so/<isyot/ adj. able to be gesticulated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh, <t.

wîsyân /wîsjâ:n/ (pl.wîstîn) n. swift (bird). wîtanian/wîtan/ n. 1 splinter; something that produces itching. 2 itching. sîroy wîtan v. to feel itching.

wîten /wîten/, wîtö v. [3.ke] 1 to incite. 2 to blackmail someone. wîtogh n. par. black-mailing; inciting. wîtöghin/i/ n. inciter. wîtögho't adj. par. incited. <egh, <otö.

wîtyeghö /wîtjeyo/ v. [2.ke] to forget. wîtyeghöt n. par. forgetfulness; forgetting. wîtye- ghin/i/ n. forgetful. wîtyegh'ot adj. par. forgotten. wîtyeghö/<isyot/ adj. able to forget. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

wîtyö /wîtjø/ v. [3.ki] to be reluctant, especially to move. wîtyogh n. par. reluctance. wîtye- ghin/i/ n. reluctant. wîtyegh'ot adj. par. reluctant. <otö, <egh.

wîwiy /wîwij/ v. [2.ke] to misuse. kiwîwiyöt, kiwîwiyogh n. par. misusage. ki- wîwiysisö n. misusing. kiwîwiyin/i/ n. misuser. wîwiyo't adj. par. misused.

wîwiyo/<isyot/ adj. possible to misuse. <sy, <o(tö), <egh.

wîwiyen /wîwîjen/, wîwiyö v. [3.ke] to squander; to dissipate. kiwîwiyöt, kiwîwiyogh n. par. squandering. kiwîwiyin, kiwîwiyeghin/i/ n. squanderer. wîwiy'ot adj. par. squandered. <otö, <egh. wîwuy v. [2.ke] 1 to squander. 2 to be humid. 3 stream. kiwîwuyöt n. par. squandering. humidity. kiwîwuyin/i/ n. squanderer. wîwuy'ot adj. par. squandered; humid. <otö, <egh, because of.

wîyay /wîjai/ n. long time ago; ancient; times of lore; yore.

Wich /wî:tʃ/, wik v. [2.ke] to carry; to transport. kiwîchöt, kiwîköt/<ut/ n. par. trans- portation. kiwîchsyö, kiwîksyö /kiwîksø/ n. car- rying; transporting. kiwîkin/i/ n. car- rier. kiwîkön /kiwîkøn/n. transported things. wi- k'ot adj. par. carried. wîko/<isyot/ adj. transportable. <sy, <otö, <u, (<ch)i, to carry towards the speaker. <t, to a certain place, <o, <egh, to a place, or by means of.

Wil /wil/ v. [1.ke] to feel queasy. kiwîlat n. par. nausea; queasiness. wil'at/'ot/ adj. par. felt queasy. <o(tö), <egh, because of. wi- lîsön stat. v. [2.ki] to feel hungry. wi- lîsönöt n. par. feeling hungry. wilisö- n'ot/<onchot/ adj. par. hungry. <otö, <egh, because of.

winö /wîna/ n. ink

wir/wir/ v. [1.ke] to stone; to hit; to punch; to shock; to strike. wirat/<ut/ n. par. stoning; hit. wîrsyö n. stoning; hitting. wirin/i/ n. hitter. wir'at/'ot/ adj. par. stoned; hit. wîro/<isyot/ adj. possible to hit or stone. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chi, <egh.

wirta /wîrta/ der. v. [3.ke] to throw; to pelt.

wirtagh /wîrtay/ n. par. throwing. wîrteghin/i/ n. thrower. wîrtegh'at/<'ot/ adj. par. thrown. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchi.

wis /wîs/ (A) v. [1.ke] 1 to leap. 2 to go back and forth. wisat/<ut/ n. par. leaping. wisin/i/ n. one who leaps; goes back and forth fast. wîsan n. one who moves fast. wis'at/'ot/ adj. par. lept. <o(tö), <u, <egh, <i, to move towards the speaker, <chi, to leap to a place.

wis /wîs/ (B) v. [1.ke] to quaff; to drink quickly. kiwîsat n. par. quaffing. kiwîsin/i/ n. person who drinks in a go. wis'at/<'ot/ adj. par. quaffed. <o(tö), <u, <chi, from, <egh, because of.

wis /wîs/ (C) v. [1.ke] to overhear. wisöt n. par. overhearing. wis'ot adj. par. something overheard. (used mostly in prepositional forms).

wis /wîs/ n. pl. (see wisyon).

Wiswis /wîswîs/ (A) v. [2.ke] to wag; to flap. kiwîswîsöt/<ut/ n. par. wagging. ki- wîswîsyö n. flapping. kiwîswîsin/i/ n. animal who likes to wag, or flap. wîswîs'ot adj. par. flapped. wîswiso/<isyot/ adj. able to be flapped. <sy, <o(tö),

<u, <chii, <egh, <t.

wiswis /wisiwis/ (B) v. [2.ke] to gesticulate. ki-wiswisöt/<ut/ n. par. gesticulation. ki- wiswisö n. gesticulating. kiwiswisin/i/ n. person who gesticulates a lot. wiwis'söt adj. par. gesticulated. wiwiso/<isyot/ adj. able to be gesticulated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Wisyan /wisijan/ (pl.wistin) n. swallow (bird). wisyon/wis/ n. cinder; charcoal.

wit /wit/ (A) prep. v. [2.ke] to be fond of. witöt n. par. being fond of; e.g, Witöy nyinte kumän— He is fond of beer.

wit /wit/ (B) v. [2.ke] to pursue; to follow after in a tiresome way. witöt n. par. pursue. witin/i/ n. pursuer. wit'ot adj. par. pursued. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

wit /wit/ (C) v. [1.ke] to turn around. ki- witat/<ut/ n. par. turning. kiwitin/i/ n. subject who turns. wit'at/<ot/ adj. par. turned. wito/<osyot/ adj. turnable. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

witwit /witwit/ (A) v. [2.ke] to annoy; to bother.

witwitöt n. par. nuisance. witwitin/i/ n. bothersome. witwit'ot adj. par. bothered. <otö, <egh.

witwit /witwit/ (B) rep. v. [1.ke] to go around; to linger; to spin; to revolve; to twirl. ki- witwitat/<ut/ n. par. round; revolv- ing. kiwititin/i/ n. person who lingers around. witwit'at/<ot/ adj. par. revolved; twirled. witwito/<isyot/ adj. revolvable. <o(tö), <egh.

wityö /witiə/ v. [3.ke] to be reluctant; especially to move. wityogh n. par. reluctance. wityeghin/i/ n. reluctant. wityegh'ot adj. par. reluctant. <otö, <egh.

wiw /wiw/ v. [1.ke] to wheeze. kiwiwat/<ut/ n. par. wheezing noise. <o(tö), <egh.

wö /wə/ def. v. [2.ke] to go. weghöt n. par. going; trip; movement. wegh'ot/peghot/ adj. par. gone. <egh. Present Indicative: owetan, iwetenyi, owetöy, kipetecha, opet- ekwa, petöy. Recent past: kowan, kiwenyi, köwö, kakipecha, kapekwa, kapa. <egh, go by means of, or place from.

wöch /wə/ (see wach). wöch /wə/ (see wök). wögh / wə/ (see wagh).

wöghisyö /wəxisə/ der. v. [3.ke] to surrender; to capitulate (because of fear). kiwöghisyö/<ut/ n. capitulation. kiwöghisye- ghin/i/ n. surrenderer; coward. wöghisyegh'ot /wəxislexst/ adj. par. capitulated. <otö, <egh.

wöghök /wəxək/ (see waghak).

wöghöki /wəxəkə/ v. [3.ke] to reply; to answer; to retort; to respond. wöghökunogh, wöghökunöt/<ut/ n. par. answer; response. wöghökin/i/ n. person who answers, or retort. wöghökun'ot adj. par. answered. wöghökuno/<isyot/ adj. answerable.

<o(tö), <egh.

wök /wək/ v. [2.ke] to mistreat. wököt/<ut/ mistreatment. wöksyo n. mistreat- ing. wökin/i/ n. maltreater. wökön n. mistreated person. wök'ot adj. par. mistreated. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

wöl /wəl/ (see wal).

wöl /wəl/ dem. pron. place; somewhere around; here (wöl and all its derived pronouns can make reference to time as well; though ato is more proper). wöl porö dem. pron. down there. wöl to dem. pron. up there. wölakinye, wölakinya /wəlakinja/ dem. pron. the same place; that time. wölara dem. pron. that side. wölara ate dem. pron. that place on the other side. wölara-ate dem. pron. that way. wöläy dem. pron. that place mentioned before. wöläye dem. pron. the place mentioned before. wölé- te dem. pron. here. wöl'i dem. pron. this side. wölino /wəli dem. pron. the other side. wölönö ate dem. pron. that place on the other side. wölönö dem. pron. that side far away. wölo 1 dem. pron. place; where. 2 conj. but, however. wölo porö dem. pron. down there. wölo to dem. pron. up there. wölo low n. far place; far. wölo röyttoy asis n. west. wölo lekit n. near place; near. wölo pusuno asis n. east (kong asis) wölo na dem. pron. the other side. wölo na dem. pron. beyond there. wölona ate /wəlonä ate/ dem. pron. that place on the other side. wöloni dem. pron. that way; just there. wölönö na dem. pron. further there. wölönö? conj. where? (contraction of wölo + onö).

wöli /wəli/ der. v. [3.ke] to move back; to return. wölinogh n. par. returning. wölinot / wolinot/ adj. par. returned.

wölonö /woloŋə/ v. [3.ke] to be spontaneous. wolo- nyogh,

wolonyeghin /loloneyin/ /i/ n. spontaneous person.

wöltö /wəltə/ (see walta).

wölwöl /wəlwəl/ (see walwal B).

wön /wən/ v. [2.ki] to assist when called upon. wönöt/<ut/ n. par. assistance. wön- syö n. assisting. wönin/i/ n. assistant. wöno't adj. par. assisted.

wöno /wənəv/ /<isyot/ adj. possible to be assisted. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

wönchi /wəntʃi/ der. v. [3.ki] to associate. wönchinogh n. par. association. wönchinegh- in/i/ n. member of a society. wönchine- ghö't adj. par. associated.

wönchol /wəntʃəl/ (see wanchal).

wönchi /wəntʃi/ der. v. [3.ke] to liquidate; to ex- terminate. kiwonchinogh, kiwonchi- nöt/<ut/ n. par. extermination.

wöno /wəno/ dem. pron. there.

wönye /wəne/ adv. somehow. wönyewönye adv.

more or less.

wöngé /wəŋe/ adv. somehow.

wöngötyö /wəŋtə/ n. total confusion; desperation (see wang).

wörï /wərï/ v. [3.ke] to disturb; to molest; to be stubborn. kiwörünöt n. par. disturbance. kiwörin/i/ n. stubborn. wörünöt adj. par. fastidious. <otö, <egh.

wörtin /wərtin/ n. pl. (see vöryon). wörwör (see warwar). wörwör corruption.

vöryon /wərɔ:n/ (pl.wörtin) n. chalk; lime.

wös /wəs/ (see was).

wöschï /wəstʃi/, wosyï (A) der. v. [3.ke] to wake up someone early morning. kiwöschinöt n. par. early rising. kiwosineghin/i/ n. person who wakes up others very early. <egh (wösi, wös + chï).

wöschï /wəstʃi/ (B) der. v. [3.ke] to spatter; to splash. wösinyinogh n. par. spattering. wöschineghin/i/ n. one who likes to splash. wöschinegho't adj. par. spattered. <otö, <egh.

wösï /wəsï/ der. v. [3.ku] to come back early morning. kiwösunogh n. par. coming back early. wösï asis v. [3.ke] 1 to bring to the sun for drying. 2 to trouble. wösinöto asis n. par. troubling.

wöstö /wəstə/ (see wasta).

wösü /wəsu/ (see wösï). wösüs /wəswəs/ (see waswas).

wöt /wət/ (see wat). wötwöt /wətwət/ (see watwat).

wochï ma /wətʃi ma/ der. v. [3.ku] to take something close to a fire to get its warmth. kiwochinogh pö man n. par. close to a fire.

Wochman /wətʃman/ /<tin/ n. watchman (Eng.).

wochölwö /wətʃəlwə/ (pl.wachal) n. type of tree (ficus sur).

Wokes /wokes/ /oy n. kudu.

woki /wɔki/ v. [3.ku] to prey; to rave; to snatch. kiwokinogh, kiwokinöt/<ut/ n. par. snatching. kiwokin, kiwokineghin/i/ n. snatcher. wokinöt adj. par. snatched. wokinegho/<isyot/ adj. possible to snatch. <otö, <egh, <u.

wolchï /woltʃi/ v. [3.ki] to attack; to face in fighting. wolchinogh, wolchinöt/<ut/ n. par. attacking; attack; aggression. wolchinin, wolchineghin/i/ n. attacker. wolchin'ot adj. par. attacked. <otö, <egh.

wong /wɔŋ/(see wany).

wongï /wɔŋi/ v. [3.ku] to be in trouble; to be pensive; to suffer; to afflict. kiwongu- nöt n. par. being in trouble; suffering; affliction. kiwongunin/i/ n. one who is in trouble often; person who suffers. ki- wongunön n. problematic.

wonguno't adj. par. pensive; troublesome. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

Wongu /wɔŋju/ (see wongï).

Wop /wɔp/ /<tin/ n. place; site. wop tïkwïl everywhere. wop kitïkon anywhere.

worö /wɔra/ , wor n. boy; lad.

woryö /wɔrɔ/ v. [3.ku] to mix. kiworyogh, ki- woryöt/<ut/ n. par. mixing. kiworye- ghin/i/ n. mixer. woryegh'ot adj. par. mixed. woryegho/<isyot/ adj. mixable. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchï.

wos /wos/ v. [2.ke] 1 to scorch; to warm up. 2 to buy at low price. wosöt n. par. scorching; sale. wosin/i/ n. person who buys at low price; thrifty person. wosön n. something bought at cheap price; on sale. wos'ot adj. caught on sale. <otö, <u, <chï, <t, <tegh.

Wos /wos/ n. pl. (see wosyon).

wosï /wosï/ der. v. [3.ke] to come early in the morning. kiwosunogh n. par. coming early.

wasök /wosak /<tin n. awl; tool for drilling.

wosyon/wos/ n. brand of fire.

wow /wow/ v. [2.ke] to magnify. kiwowöt n. par. magnifying. wow/wowöch, echon, echonöch/ adj. big; important; huge; burly; senior. wowin/<tin/ n. 1 boss; ruler; master; officer. 2 largeness; hugeness. chi nyo wow/pich cho echön/ n. adult people. wow tyä adj. enormous.

Woves /wɔwes/ (wowesöch) adj. crook; flippant; insubordinate; infamous. wowesön n. misconduct; infamy; flippancy. wo- wes/w'ow'es/ n. evil minded. wowesi- t(u), wowesöchitu v. to become insub- ordinate.

Wowesyon /wɔwesɔn/ (pl.wowesöy) n. rook person. wowö disorderliness.

wowitö /wowitə/ v. [3.ke] to enlarge. kiwowitzöt n. par. enlargement. wowit(u), wowöchitu v. to become big.

woyö /wojə/ v. 1 to writhe. 2 to row; to squabble. woyogh n. par. writhing; turmoil; tumult; row. woyeghin/i/ n. squabbler. wö- yoghön n. squabbler. woy'ot /wojöt/ adj. in writhe; in turmoil. <otö, <egh, because of. woyö(t)/<en/ n. work; business. wo- yogh adj. tumultuous. woyogh/<tin/ n. business; occupation; work.

woytö /woitə/ (see wayta).

wudin /wudin/ n. pl. (see wuw).

wudö /wudə/ v. [3.ki] to nail; to peg down. wudogh/<ut/ n. par. nailing. wu- deghin/i/ n. person who nails some- thing. wud'ot adj. par. nailed down. wudo/<isyot/ adj. par. possible to nail down. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchï, referring to the place.

wughuy /wugui/ v. [2.ku] to steam out. kiwughu- yöt n. par. steaming out. wughyon n. steam.

wughuy'ot adj. par. steamed. <o, <egh, because of.

Wuk /wuk/ /<oy/ n. hump.

wul /wul/ (A) v. [1.ke] to praise; to acclaim.

kiwulat/<ut/ n. par. praise; acclama- tion.

kiwulsyö n. praising. kiwulin/i/ n. acclaimer.

kiwulan n. acclaimed per- son. wul'at/<ot/

adj. par. praised; ac- claimed. wulo/<isyot/ adj.

possible to acclaim. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

wul /wul/ (B) recip. v. [2.ke] to part apart because of disagreement. kiwlöt n. par. parting. wulyot adj. par. parted apart. <otö, <egh.

wulyö /wulə/ v. [3.ke] to incite; to instigate; to spur. kiwulyogh n. par. instigation. ki-wulyeghin/i/ n. instigator. wulyegh'ot adj. par. instigated; spurred. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

Wun /wun/ v. [2.ke] to wash. kiwunöt/<ut/ n. par. washing. kiwunsyö n. washing. kiwunin n. person who washes a lot. wun'ot adj. par. washed. wuno/<isyot/ adj. washable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t. wun kegh v. to wash oneself; to bathe.

Wunwa /wunwa/ /<oy/ n. young calf, especially a bull.

Wur /wur/ (A) v. [2.ke] to perch; to be many. wuröt n. par. perching. <o, <egh, referring to a place.

Wur/wur (B) v. [2.ke] 1 to be or become cloudy. 2 to cover the sun (e.g., birds, things etc.) 3 to blow a soft wind, breeze. kiwuröt n. par. cloudiness; breeze. wur'ot adj. par.

cloudy; fresh. <egh.

wur /wur/ (C) v. [2.ke] to spoil; to destroy. kiwuröt/<ut/ n. par. destruction. kiwur- syö n. spoiling. kiwurin/i/ n. spoiler; destroyer. kiwuron n. something recently destroyed. wuro/<isyot/ adj. possible to spoil. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

wurön /wurə/ stat. v. [2.ke] 1 to be depressed; sad; to deject. 2 to be in trouble. wurönöt n. par. dejection; sadness. wurönin/i/ n. depressed person; sad person. wu- röno/t/wurönchot/ adj. par. dejected. wuröno/<isyot/ adj. dejectable. <otö, <egh, because of.

Wurwur /wurwur/ /tin/ n. tadpole.

Wurwuryon /wurwuryon/ (pl.wurwur) n. idem.

Wuryon /wuriən/ n. dark smoke.

Wus /wus/ (A) v. [2.ke] to hang; to dangle; to drape. kiwusöt n. par. hanging. kiwusön n. n. person who hangs things. kiwusön n. newly hung thing. wuso't adj. par. hung. wuso/<isyot/ adj. pos- sible to hang. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

wus /wus/ (B) v. [2.ke] to cool off something; e.g., beverages. kiwusöt n. par. cooling off. kiwusin/i/ n. person who cools off his/her drinks. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

wusan /wusan/ v. [1.ki] to give birth to children who die soon. wusanat n. par. giving birth to weak children.

wusönin /wusenin/ /i/ n. woman who has that problem. wusan'at/wusön'ot/ adj. par. woman in that condition. <o(tö), <egh.

wusötö /wusətə/ v. [3.ke] to keep on migrating; to be unsettled. wusötogh n. par. unsettling; insecurity. wusöteghin/i/ n. unsettled person; insecure. <egh.

wut /wut/ v. [2.ke] 1 to shoot. 2 to sting. wutöt n. par. shooting. wutsyö n. shooting; stinging. wutin/i/ n. 1 person with good aim; archer. 2 animal that stings. wutón n. something or someone recently shot or stung. wuto't adj. par. shot; stung. wu- to/<isyot/ adj. possible to shoot. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. wutanian/wut- an/ n. 1 splinter, something that produces itching. 2 itching. am wutanian v. to feel itching.

wutiti /wutiti/ /in n. ground hornbill (bird).

wutpögh(ö) /wutpəyə/ /<en, <on/ n.

hammerkop (scopus umbretta).

Wutwut /wutwut/ rep. v. [1.ke] to itch (see wut).

Wuw /wuw/ (pl. wudin) n. bush; moor; forest; wilderness. wuw pö tyonkin n. den; lair. wuw v. [2.ke] to migrate. wuwöt/<ut/ n. par. migration. wuwsyö n. migrating.

Wuwin /wuwin/ /i/ n. migrant; nomad. wuwön n. recently moved away; abandoned. wu- w'ot adj. par. migrated. wuwo/<isyot/ mobile. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, migrate for someone; or migrate to one place, <o, migrate from, <egh, migrate because of, <i, to move towards the object. wuw- chii der. v. [3.ke] to settle. wuwchinogh n. par. settlement. wuwchinön n. set- tler. wuwchin'ot adj. par. settled. wu- wü der. v. [3.ke] to immigrate. wuwunöt n. immigration. wuwoto adj. migrating off. wuwuy v. [2.ku] 1 to squander. 2 to be humid. kiwuwuyöt n. par. squander- ing; humidity. kiwuwuyin/i/ n. squanderer. wuwuyo't adj. par. squandered; humid. <otö, <egh, because of.

wuy(ö) /wuwə/ v. [2.ke] to slander. kiwuyogh n. par. slander. kiwuyeghin/i/ n. slan- derer. wuyo't adj. par. slandered. <o(tö), <chii, <egh.

Y, y

yakwiy /jakwij/ ke v. 1 to keep something safe. 2 caretaker.

Yam /jam/ v. [1.ke] to dry. yamat n. par. drying. yomsyo n. dryness. yam'at/yom'ot/ adj. par. dried. yomo/isyot/ n. possible to dry. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

yang /jan/ v. [1.ke] to care; to mind. yang- at/<ut/ n. par. caring. yongsyo n. carefulness. yang'at/yongo't/ adj. par. cared for. yongo/<isyot/ adj. able to care for. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

yar /jar/ v. [1.ke] to search; to look for; to seek. yarat/<ut/ n. par. seeking. yör- syö n. looking for. yörin/i/ n. seeker. yar'at/yör'ot/ adj. par. found. yö-ro/<isyot/ adj. possible to find. <sy, <o(tö), <u, (<ch)i, <egh, <t.

Yas /jas/ (A) n. a type of grass.

yas /jas/ (B) v. [1.ke] to dangle; to hang. yas- at n. par. hanging; dangling. yosin/i/ n. person who dangles something else. yas'at/yo'sot/ adj. par. dangled; hung. yo-so/<isyot/ adj. able to dangle. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Yas /jas/ (C) v. [1.ke] to praise; to raise one's hands up waving them (done by women). yasat/ yösüt/ n. par. praising. yös- yö n. praising. yösin/i/ n. praiser. yas'at/yös'ot/ adj. par. praised; raised hands. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii. yasta v. [3.ke] to proclaim; to announce. yas- tagh n. par. proclamation; announcement. yösteghin/i/ n. announcer. yastagh'at/yöstegh'ot/ adj. par. announced. yös-tegho/<isyot/ adj. possible to proclaim. <otö, <egh(u).

Yaspi /jaspi/ n. jasper (Eng.).

Yat /yat/ v. [1.ke] to open. yatat/yotut/ n. par. opening. yotsyo n. opening. yotin/i/ n. person who opens. yatan n. newly opened thing. yatat/yo'tot/ adj. par. opened. yoto/<isyot/ adj. able to be opened. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Yawidyon /jawidön/ (pl.Yawidin) n. Jew.

Yay /ja/ adv. come what may; perhaps.

Yay /ja/ v. [1.ke] to err; to be stranded. ya- yat/ yöyüt/ n. par. erring. yöyin/i/ n. person who errs. yayan n. person who errs. yay'at/yöy'ot/ adj. par. erred. yö-yo/<isyot/ adj. possible to err. <o(tö), <egh.

Ye /je:/ adv. now. nyete le ye adv. right now.

Yech /jetʃ/ (A) v. [1.ke] to delay. kiyekat/<ut/ n. par. delaying. kiyekin/i/ n. delayer; person who always arrives late. yekat/<ot/ adj. par. delayed. yeko/<isyot/ adj. delayable. <otö, <chii (yekii), <egh, referring to the reason for the delay.

yech /jetʃ/ (B) v. [1.ke] to dawn. kiyekat n. par. dawning. yekat adj. par. dawned. <chii (yekii), <egh,

referring to place, or reason.

Yegh /jey/ v. [1.ke] to drink (see ghegh).

yegh tagh /jex tax/ v. [1.ku] to proceed; to advance. kiyeghata tagh n. par. proceeding. ki- yeghin/i/ n. advancer. yeghat/<ot/ adj. par. advanced. <otö, <i, to come towards the speaker. yeghchi v. [3.ku] to reproach; to blame. kiyeghchinogh, ki- yeghchinöt/<ut/ n. par. reproachment. kiyeghchini/i/ n. reproacher. yegh- chinego't adj. par. reproached. yegh- chino/<isyot/ adj. reproachable. <otö, <egh. yeghi der. v. [3.ku] to come ahead towards the speaker. kiyeghunöt n. par. proceeding towards the speaker.

Yek /jek/ (see yech).

Yekon /jekon/ n. dawn.

yemti /jemti/n. type of tree (very hard wood used for making wedges and good for firewood). yen v. [2.ke] to wrap; to cover. ki- yenöt/ /jenöt/ <ut/ n. par. wrapping; covering. kiyensyo n. wrapping. kiyenin/i/ n. person who covers; or wraps. yeno't adj. par. covered; wrapped. yeno/<isyot/ adj. possible to cover. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Yeno /jeno/ conj. and so now (ye+o).

Yeng /jer/, yeny v. [1.ke] to skin an animal; to flay. 2 to slaughter. yengat/<ut/ n. par. skinning. yengsyö n. slaughtering. yengin/i/ n. butcher. yeng'at/<ot/ adj. par. skinned. yengo/<isyot/ adj. possible to skin or slaughter. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

yer /jer/ v. [2.ke] to bedeck oneself (especially women); to array. kiyeröt/<ut/ n. par. bedecking. kiyersyo n. bedecking. kiye- rin/i/ n. person who likes to adorn herself very well. yero't adj. par. bedecked; ar- rayed. yero/isyot/ adj. adorable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Yeté /jete/ adv. here yete yi adv. right here.

yeti /yeti/ , yetu, gheti v. [3.ke] to grow. yetu-nöt n. par. growing; maturity; rank. ye-tuno't adj. par. grown. yetuno/<isyot/ adj. able to grow. <otö, <en, because of, grow from, <egh, to grow from previous stage. yetin'/tin/ n. rank; ruler (also ghetin'). yetin' pö sikul n. principal of a school. yetinön n. authority. yet-unö der. v. [3.ke] to preside; to grow in rank. yetunogh n. rank; promotion. yetunego't adj. par. promoted.

yim /jim/ n. 1 sky; space; heaven. 2 adv. up.

yis /jis/ (A) v. [2.ke] to get something unexpectedly. kiyisöt/<ut/ n. par. get- ting unexpectedly. kiyisin/i/ n. lucky person. yis'ot adj. par. something got unexpectedly.

yis /jis/ (B) v. [2.ke] to hang; to dangle (also yas). yisöt n. par. dangling. yis'ot adj. par. dangled. yiso/<syot/ adj. par. able to dangle. <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, to hang from.

yiwal /jiwal/ v. [1.ku] to put feathers on one's hair.

kiyīwalat/kiyīwölüt/ n. par. putting feathers on the head. kiyīwölsyö n. putting feathers on the head. kiyīwöl- in/i/ n. person who likes to do so, or is an expert in it.

yīwal'at /jīwalat/ /yīwöl'ot/ adj. par. when the feathers are on the head. yīwö- lo/<isyot/ adj. possible to do so. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

yīwar /jiwar. v. [1.ku] to give the tune for a song.

kiyīwarat n. par. tune. kiyīwörin/i/ n. tuner. yīwar'at/<'ot/ adj. par. tuned. <otö, <u, <chii, <egh, referring to place.

yīwökör /jīwəkär/ v. [2.ku] to carry a heavy load; to drudge. kiyīwököröt/<ut/ n. par. drudgery. kiyīwökörsyö n. carrying a heavy load. kiyīwökörin/i/ n. person who drudges. yīwökör'ot adj. par. loaded heavily. yīwökörö/<isyot/ adj. possible to load heavily. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

yīj /jīj/ v. [2.ke] to give birth; to reproduce. yījöt/<ut/ n. par. birth. yījsyö, yījö /jījə/ n. nativity. yījin/i/ n. parent. yījön n. offspring. yījö't adj. par. born; reproduced. yījö/<isyot/ adj. fertile; able to reproduce. <sy, <otö, <u, <chii, also referring to the place of birth, <o, <egh, <en, referring to the place of birth. yījö /jījə/ <ut n. 1 birth. 2 reproduction yījogh n. par. reproduction.

yīj /jīj/ v. [1.ku] to be emaciated because of sickness. kiyīyat n. par. emaciation. kiyī- yin/i/ n. person who becomes thin easily. kiyīyan n. emaciated. yīj'at/<'ot/ adj. par. emaciated. <o(tö), <egh, because of.

yī /jī/ adv. here.

Yil /jil/ v. [1.ke] to anoint; to smear. ki- yilat / jilat / <ut/ n. par. anointing; unction. kiyilsyö n. anointing. kiyilan/i/ n. person who anoints. kiyilan n. recently anointed. yilo/<yot/ adj. possible to smear. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh. yil- ta v. [3.ke] to exchange dowry in marriage. yiltagh n. par. exchanging. kiyiltegh- in/i/ n. exchanger. yiltegh'at/<'ot/ adj. par. exchanged. yiltegho/<isyot/ adj. exchangeable. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

Yin /jin/ v. [1.ke] 1 to yield; to produce fruit. 2 to pour. kiyinat n. par. yielding; pouring. kiyinsyö n. yielding; pouring. kiyin- in/i/ n. pourer; tree that yields a lot of fruit. yin'at/'ot/ yielded; poured. yi- no/<isyot/ adj. possible to pour. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <en, pouring from; flowing from. yini der. v. [3.ke] to flow towards the object. yinunogh n. par. flowing. <o, flowing from. yinta v. [3.ke] to flow. kiyintagh n. par. flowing. yinte- ghat adj. par. flowed. yintegho/<isyot/ adj. possible to flow.

Yis /jis/ v. [2.ke] to find something (edible) by chance. kiyisöt n. par. finding something by accident. kiyisin/i/ n. person who is constrained to live from hand to mouth. yis'ot adj. par. something

found in that way. <otö, <egh, because of.

Yit /jit/ <in (A) n. ear. chepö yit, yit (pö) chö n. tympanic membrane. rapka yit auricle soghyo yit auditory.

yit /jit/ (B) v. [2.ke] to bleed. kiyitöt/<ut/ n. par. bleeding. kiyitin/i/ n. person prompt to bleed. yit'ot adj. par. bled. <o(tö), <egh, <en, to bleed from.

yit /jit/ (C) v. [2.ke] to calculate. kiyitöt/<ut/ n par. calculation; accounting. ki- yitsyö n. accounting. kiyitin/i/ n. ac- countant. yit'ot adj. par. counted; cal- culated. yito/<isyot/ adj. accountable. <o(tö), <egh, <u, <chii.

yita /jīta/ (A) v. [3.ke] to suffer from diarrhoea. kiyitagh n. par. /i/ n. person who suffers so. yiteghat/<'ot/ adj. par. state of a person who had suffered from it. <otö, <egh, (referring to the cause, or the place).

Yita /jīta/ (B) v. [3.ke] to waste. kiyitagh n. par. wasting. kiyitöghin/i/n. waster. yitegh'at/<'ot/ adj. par. wasted. yitegho/<isyot/ adj. possible to waste out. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

yitüta /jītīta/ , yitütiö v. [3.ke] to squander. kiyitütagh n. par. squandering. kiyitütiöghin/i/ n. squanderer. yitüteghat/<ot/ adj. par. squandered. <otö, <egh.

yitö /jīta/ (see yita).

yijö /<ut/ n. 1 birth. 2 reproduction.

iyogh n. par. reproduction.

yöp /jöp/ v. [2.ke] to hew. yöpöt/<ut/ n. par. hewing. yöpsyö n. cutting. yöpin/i/ n. person who likes hewing things. yöpön n. recently hewn branch. yöpo't adj. par. hewn. yöpo/<isyot/ adj. possible to hew. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

yöstö /jösta/ (see yasta).

yöy /jöi/ (see yay).

yo porö /jö porö/ prep. down there. yo to prep. up.

yo toka /jö toka/ prep. upper.

yoch /jötʃ/ (see yok).

Yoda /jöda/ v. [3.ke] 1 to return; to send back.

kiyodeghat n. par. returning yodegh'at/<'ot/ adj. par. returned.yode- gho/<yot/ adj. possible to return. <u, <chii, <o, <egh. yoda kong v. to turn one's head.

yok /jök/ v. [2.ke] to work together in someone's field; to cooperate. kiyököt/<ut/ n. par. cooperation. kiyoksyö n. cooperating. kiyokin/i/ n. person who cooperates to till someone's field. kiyokön n. field that has been tilled in cooperation. yok'ot adj. par. tilled in cooperation. yoko/<isyot/ adj. possible to cooperate. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t, for someone else. yokchii der. v. [3.ke] to refer. kiyokchinogh n. par.

reference.

yoki /joki/ (A) der. v. [3.ke] 1 to remit; to answer. kiyokinogh n. answer; remittance. ki- yokineghin/i/ n. remittent. yokinogh adj. par. answered. <otö, <egh. yo- ki söro v. to thank. yoki kegh v. to relapse.

yoki /joki/ (B) der. v. [3.ke] to answer; to surrender. kiyokunogh, kiyokunöt/ut/ n. answer; surrendering. kiyokuneghin/i/ n. person who answers. <otö, <egh.

yokir /jokir/ v. [2.ke] to obstruct. yokir/<tin, <oy/ n. skid; fence inside the home to divide the animals' kraal from people's houses. kiyokiröt/ut/ n. par. obstruc- tion. kiyokiröö n. obstructing. ki- yokirin/i/ n. obstructor. kiyokirön n. fence. yokiroöt adj. par. obstructed. yoki- ro/<yot/ adj. obstructable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

Yokta /jokta/, yoytö der. v. [3.ke] to send off; envoy. kiyokteghat n. par. message. kiyokteghin/i/ n. sender. piiçanya ki- kiyoytö n. apostle. yokteghöt adj. par. sent. <otö, <egh.

Yoku /joku/ (see yoki).

yolyol /joljol/ v. [2.ke] to wave; to toss. kiyolyolöt/ut/ n. par. waving. ki- yolyolsöö n. waving; tossing. kiyolyo- lin n. anything or person who waves, or shakes from side to side. yolyolöt adj. par. waved. yolyolo/<isyot/ adj. possible to wave. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

yom /jom/ (see yam).

Yomis /jomis/ v. [2.ke] 1 to promise; to pledge. 2 to instruct. kiyomisöt/ut/ n. par. promise; instruction. kiyomi- syö n. promising; instructing. kiyomisin/i/ n. person who promises; instruc- tor. yomisöt adj. par. promised; in- structed. yomiso/<isyot/ adj. promis- able; instructible. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t.

yomöt /jomöt/ n. wind.

Yompa /jompa/ /en/ n. small piece of skin worn by mothers during a feast for the sake of twins.

Yon /jon/ v. [1.ke] to oust; to expel; to banish; to send away. yonat/ut/ n. par. ousting. yonsyö n. expelling. yonin/i/ n. ouster. yonat/ot/ adj. par. ousted; expellee. yono/<isyot/ adj. possible to send away. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, <t. y^on /jan/ n. a very strong wind; hurricane. yona prep. aside.

Yonta /jonta/ v. [3.ke] to send; to despatch. yonteghat/ut/ sending. yonteghin/i/ n. sender. yonteghan n. messenger; envoy. yonteghat/ot/ adj. par. sent. yonte- gho/<isyot/ adj. possible to send. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

Yong /jon/ (see yang/yany).

Yoo /jo:/ (yotin) n. 1 mother. yoto n. mother of. 2 respective name to call an adult woman.

Yop /jop/ v. [2.ke] to gallop; to jump rhythmically in turns for a dance or game. kiyopöt/ut/ n.

par. jumping. ki- incite. yumchinogh n. par. inciting. yu- mi v. [3.ke] to pull; to push this side. yum- unogh n. par. pulling. yumuneghot adj. par. pulled. yumunegho/<isyot/ adj. possible to pull. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii. yumtö v. [3.ke] to push. yum- togh n. par. pushing. yumteghin/i/ n. pusher. yumteghoöt adj. par. pushed.

yumtegho/<>isyot/ adj. pushable. <otö, <egh(u), <eghchii.

yup /jup/ v. [2.ke] 1 to sip. 2 to drink hot beverage. 3 to smoke tobacco. 4 to sniff tobacco. yupöt n. par. sipping; smoking. yupsyö n. sipping; smoking. yupin/i/ n. smoker; person who sips; one who likes drinking hot drinks. yopoöt adj. par. sipped; drunk; smoked. yupo/<isyot/ adj. possible to sip, or smoke; drinkable. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Yut /jut/ v. [1.ki] to feel repulsion for something, e.g. Keyutanin musara mosyogh—I do not like porridge of sorghum. yutat, yutagh n. par. repulsion.

yutö /juta/ (A) v. [3.ke] to be blame constantly. yutogh n. par. constant blaming. yuto- ghin/i/ n. one who is constantly blamed.

yopsyö /jopsjö/ n. jumping. kiyopin/i/ n.

yutöghoöt /jutəxət/ adj. par. blamed.

<otö, dancer. yopoöt adj. par. danced. Yopo /jopo/ /<isyot/ adj. possible to dance jumping. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh, referring to the place.

Yos /jos/ (pl.yoswö), <oy/ n. 1 emaciated cow. 2 very old person. yosin n. old age. yosit(u) v. to become old.

yotin /jotin/ n. pl. mothers. yotino n. mothers of (see yoo).

yotöwon //jotəwə/ (yotöw) n. key.

yoyön /jojən/ (A) v. [2.ke] to mourn; to be desperate. yoyönöt/ut/ n. par. mourning; desperation. yoyönsyö n. mourning. yoyöñin/i/ n. desperate person. yoyöñöt adj. par. desperated. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

yoyön /jojən/ /<oy/ (B) n. swamp. yoyöwö n. happiness; comfort.

yuchi /jutʃi/ v. [3.ke] to detest. yuchinogh n. par. detesting; aversion.

Yukanta /jukanta/ n. Uganda.

yumchi /jumtʃi/ der. v. 1 to push toward. 2 to <egh(u), <eghchii.

yutö /jutə/ (B) v. [3.ke] to despise. yutogh n. par. despising. yuteghin/i/ n. despiser. yut- eghöt adj. despised. yutegho/<yot/ adj. despicable. <otö, <egh.

yuy /ju:/ v. [1.ke] to slim down. kiyuyat/ut/ n. par. slimness. kiyuyan/i/ n. person prompt to slender down. yuyat/ot/ adj. par. slendered; slim. yuyo/<isyot/ adj. able to slim down. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

yuyuy /jujuɪ/ v. [2.ke] to melt (especially grease).
kiyuyuyöt n. par. melting. kiyuyu- yin/i/
n. pot or fire that melts well. ki- yuyuyön
n. something melted. yuyuy'ot /jujujet/ adj.
par. melted. yuyuyo/<isyot/ adj. possible to melt.
<o(tö), <egh.

yawl /jwal/ v. [1.ke] to put feathers on one's hair.
kiyalat/kiywölut/ n. par. putting feathers
on the head. kiywölsyö n. putting feathers
on the head. kiywölin/i/ n. person who likes to do
so, or is an expert. ywal'at/ywöl'ot/ adj. par. when
the feathers are on the head. ywölo/<isyot/ adj.
possible to do so. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Ywar /jwar/ v. [v.ke] to give the tune for a song.
kiy-warat n. par. tune. kiyworin/i/ n. tuner.
ywar'at/<'ot/ adj. par. tuned. <otö, <u, <chii,
<egh, referring to place.

ywökör /jwækər/ v. [2.ke] to carry a heavy load;
to drudge. kiywökoröt/<ut/ n. par. drudgery.
kiywökörsyö n. carrying heavy load. kiywökörin/i/
n. person who drudges. ywökör'ot adj. par.
loaded heavily. ywököro/<isyot adj. possible to
load heavily. <sy, <o(tö), <u, <chii, <egh.

Ket - Trees

Adomey়ন(adomey) /adomejo:n/

adurkoit/in/ (sīyan) senegalia albida (good for making beehives, and fencing; cows and goats like to eat it).

Akukurit(<tin)/ akukurit//akakwakwayan/akwakwa/ (panan) albizia

amara (good medicine against malaria, di- arrhoea and stomach-ache, sönkwör; people use it as tooth brush).

Akwichanyan(akwichan) /akwitſajan/ tree used for making spoons and other kitchen uten- sils, also for fencing. Its flowers produce very sweet honey.

akwiryon (akwir) /akwirjɔn/ vepris glomerata (good as toothbrush hardwood, fodder)

alakasyan/alakas /alakasjan/ tree good for fodder and building.

Alaskaw /alaskaw/ tree; leaves used as a vegetable.

alemtukey/<oy/ tree (people eat its fruits).

aminitöyon/aminitöytin /aminitöjɔn/ chesamus tree (good for fencing, fuel).

anywayan/anywatin /ajnwayan/ tölömöyon panyürt. good flowers for honey.

Apeta <tin /apeta/ terminalia spinosa (very hard wood; people like it for making the main post of the huts pchörü; it is medicine against chepiškut, kind of mouth infection). aron/tin/ tamarind; tamarindus indica (people like to chew and eat the pulp of its fruits; in time of hunger they are eaten as real food; they cause constipation; preg- nant women like to lick it because of its sour taste).

asıkwır <tin /asıkwıır/ tree (animals like to eat it). asidangaror tree (girls use its seeds for making beads).

Asipka <en /asipka/ tree used as medicine for coughing and as food

asyökönion <tin /asıökönion/ tree used for making toothbrushes, and as medicine against kürel (kind of veneral disease in the vagina) and tapat.

askenwö/asken /askenwə/ tree (cows like to eat it; it is used as herbs, and for torches to remove honey from beehives because it makes a lot of smoke).

Atat <in /atat/ tree used to hang beehives on it.

Ayiwalangor <tin /ayiwalanjor/ tree (its seeds are the best food for cattle during dry season).

chepirukwö/chepiruk /tsepírukwə/ tree (a medicine for infants).

chepliswö <en /tsepiliswa/ tree (its fruits are eaten in time of famine after boiling for long; its roots are used to clean dirty water in a pothole— they are just immersed in water and this after a

while becomes clear).

chepkiresmeywon/chepkiresmey /tsepkiresme:wən/ tree (good for curing children's diarrhoea; tapikwan).

chepkisirwa <en /tsepkisirwa/ eugenia jambos (medicine for babies).

Chepkopil <en /tsepkopil/ psidium guajava (medicine for stomach or naval upset).

Chepkukay <tin /tsepukai/ also ket pō oghö. tree (its fruits are edible, and its log is used for making beehives).

chepöanyinta /tjepoanjinta/ catha edulis (its bark is medicine for curing stomach-aches; it could be the tree generally known in Kenya as miraa, which is a kind of mild drug).

chepönörkwö/chepanar /ptjepənärkwə/ also kaptölön- kwö. tree (its fruits are good medicine against tapeworms).

chepöron <tin /tsepəron/ medicine against termes, spleen disease.

chepörona siyan cheptapesya <en /tsepərəna/

cheptengal <tin /tseptengal/ sesbania sesban (medicine for kids for the prevention of rurwo).

cheptongi <un /tseptonjı/ duranta (used to make ropes).

Cheptuya <en /tseptuja/ cassia spectabilis.

chepyötwwö/chepiyöt /tsepjötwwə/ tree used as a very efficient broom.

Chesamis <tin /tjesamıs/ tree (seems to be good fire- wood; goats find it delicious).

chesighyon/chesigh /tjesiyɔn/ tree (if cows eat its leaves the milk gets a sweet scent).

chesokisyon/chesokistin tree (used as soap, at least it makes foam).

chirkitutwö/chirkitut

chökwö/chak /tjirkitutwə/ tree used as medicine for stomach problems that cause intensive vomiting (people make flutes, pkırerun, with its bark).

chöykwö/choyktin /tjäjkwə/ accrocarpus fraxini-folius (used as medicine).

chuuwu/tin/ toona ciliata.

ghitwö/ghit /χitwə/ tree (people make ropes with its bark; the ropes are used for building, and are good for fencing).

Kamakiten/kamakiten/ tree (good medicine against worms, especially tapeworms, and consti- pation).

kamaran /kamaran/ ormocarpum trichocarpum (its twigs are mixed with goats milk before giving it to an infant; medicine for stom- ach problems and for chasing away evil as charms; its leaves are good forage, and its branches for building).

kamöködö, lomöködö <en /kaməkədə/ tree (medicine for curing malaria, many stomach

troubles, and throat aches).

Kaparsamugh /kaparsamuy/ tree (good for thatching houses; children like to make arrows with its twigs, and goats like to eat it).

kapirümeninyon/kapirümen /kapirümenen/ kigelia africana (young ladies like its perfume).

kaptolongwö/kaptolong /kaptolongwə/ adonsia degetal (used as medicine).

kata sikiryö

katagh <ay /katay/ ormocarpum trachycarpum (its soft wood facilitates the making of stools and beehives; it is used as medicine for wounds; good for fencing).

kelkelwö <en /kelkelwə/ barleria (good for fodder).

keltamayan/keltama /keltamajan/ tree (girls make necklaces cutting small twigs of this tree; young boys make arrows with it, irtin).

kempürwö/kempür /kempirwə/ tree used for thatching houses.

kemperiwö/kemperiw

kerelwö/kerel /kerelwə/ tree used for thatching houses. Its roots are medicine against kirel, a kind of veneral disease in the vagina.

ket pö kata /ket pə kata/ tree used as medicine.

ket pö Aparyongoreng /ket pə aparjøŋøren/ tree used to help an animal to get rid of its placenta when it remains longer than usual after giving birth.

ket pö tiso /ket pə tisa/ medicine against rurwö.

kikighö <en /kikıyə/ tree (people and baboons eat its yellow, roundish, hard cover fruits; its roots are medicine against italkirel and kata, vaginalitis).

kinyotwö/kinyat /kinqtəwə/ tree (its fruits are eaten by people and animals; women grind the kernel of the fruit to make an oil they used for softening skin dresses; it gives a black tinge to the skin; it is medicine against simpiryon, a skin disease in goats).

kipow <tin /kipow/ rothmannia urcelliformis (good medicine against pneumonia).

kireri <un /kirerı/ used to make traditional flutes.

kiromwö/kıram /kıromwə/ lagunana paterson (Pokot like to mix milk with its charcoal to get a special taste; it is good for cleaning gourds as well).

kingisyä/kingis /kinjisjan/ tree used to make necklaces (no more in use).

kirteswo/kirtes /kirteswo/ best known medicine against kalazaar (termes). It is used as a jelly for tapat, against malaria; men make beehives with its trunk.

kököchwö <en /kəkətʃwo/ chorisia speciosa (used for cleaning gourds).

kölöswö/kalas /kələswə/ terminalia brownii

(its leaves are medicine for coughing; the yellow colour of the sap of its bark is used for drying cloths).

kömigh <tin /kəmɪy/ adenium obesum (used during the ceremony of lapa).

komolwö/kömöö /komolwə/ tree (its fruits are edible, and people use its wood for building houses; its leaves are used to cover beer gourds somonki).

konchilwö/konchil /kotʃilwə/ ekerbegia capensis (its natural gum is chewed by people; it is classified among the sacred trees).

könködöwö/könködaw kənkədəwə/ capparis fascicul-laris (baboons and camels like to eat its fruits; however they produce an unpleasant smelly milk).

köpkö/kap kəpkə/ senegalia nilotica (with its fruits Pokot make an eye ointment to cure eye in- fection; the boiled bark is a good medicine against stomach-ache and coughing).

köpulwö/köpul /kəpulwə/ tree (medicine against malaria, headaches, swollen spleen, stomach-ache and worms).

körenetus /kərentus/ plumbago zeylanica

(medicine against malaria and chepiškut, a kind of mouth infection).

körerintö <en /kərentə/ tree used for sweeping

körkökoyom/tin /kərkəkojən/ brachylæna huilensis (good twigs for building huts).

körochwö/karach /kərotʃwə/ kind of tecoma stanes (good for cattle feeding, and also used as torch because it can give a lot of light).

körpi <un /kərpi/ tree (its bark is used as medicine against termes, or enlarged spleen).

kösiwöchon köton also **okörö**.

konködowö/konködow /kənkədəwə/ tree (only baboons, mayosoy, eat its fruits but its roots are curative).

korkorwö/karkar /kərkərwə/ erythrina abyssinica. koyopkö/kayap tree (its fruits are edible). kreswö/kireswö/kres euphorbia cande-

labrum (though the consistency of this tree is small, the trunk is used for making bee- hives; its white sap is a strong gum used to join the spearhead made out of iron, with the wooden shaft, and the same white sap is used for curing wounds).

krosyan/krostin /krosjan/ cordia africana. kutkutya /kutkutja/ medicinal tree. kwarkwaryan/ kwarkwar /kwarkwarjan/ cissus rotundi-

folia (used as disinfectant for wounds). likwö <en /likwə/ phylocca dioea. likwön/lichen /likwən/ boscia angustifolia (it cures asthma, chemalkat, and coughing, rölyon, that is, chest related sicknesses; it is also used in pitöt, and as moykut to prevent evil; it makes good firewood, and pople make stools, basins and spoons out of it).

lökötewö/lakatet /ləkətətwə/ carisa edulis (people eat its fruits, and goats eat its leaves; young men use its twigs to make arrows; its leaves have a multipurpose use in medicine; the roots are used for tapa against vomiting, and for igha; its fruits are highly appreciated by children).

lolotwö/lalat /lələtətwə/ tree (some of the branches are good for making traditional trumpets, konti', and flutes pkirerun, because it can be perforated easily and still keeps its consistency; its fruits are edible for people, animals and birds; it is medicine against coughing).

lömöywö/lamay /ləməjwə/ tree (fruits eaten by human beings during famine).

lomuto/lomut datwa /lomuto/stramonium (its foliage is good for cattle in highlands; its fruits are poisonous for human beings).

lomyan/loma /lomjan/ tree (its fruits are boiled for many hours so as to remove their sour taste; then eaten like beans).

lopotwö/lopot /lopotwə/ solanum incanum; sodom's apple (its fruits are used for ceremonies like katkata; its roots are charms against evil; only donkeys eat its fruits; goats and cows eat the leaves, makuw; goats eat its leaves very much; women use it for massaging, chururat; young men make arrows from its twigs; its fruits are edible).

manam-pelyon /manam-pelyon/ rauvolfia cafra (as tooth-brush and medicine; elephants do not take it; goats do eat its leaves; its leaves are boiled, and the water is used for bathing babies).

Mantar <ay /mantar/ tree (good for fencing).

Mankuan <tin /mankuan/ cassia didymobotrya (its fruits are liked very much by goats).

Manyar <ay /mañar/ type of tree. marsikit <in /marsikit/ prunus puddum.

masyan/mastin /masyan/ polyscias kikuyuensis
mïntirilwo/mïntiril /mintirilwo/ tree (its fruits are edible; they taste a bit salty).

mïrkïtwö/mïrkït /mïrkïtwə/ also chemaliku-tany diospyros mespiliformis (used for building houses; its fruits are edible; people like to hang beehives on it).

Milyon <tin /miljən/ type of tree.

mironkit/mîrönkît /mirønkit/ tree (used to make quiver, mîrönkit; it is medicine against venereal diseases).

miskitonwö/miskitan /miskitonwə/ also aywapet nuxia congesta (good for making honey; goats eat its leaves).

Mkurkong <in /mkurkŋɔŋ/ tree (medicine for babies and for igha, also backache and kata.)

mönmöñ <tin /mənmən/ type of tree

mönö /mənə/ ricinus communis (its oil obtained out of its seeds is used for softening the skin).

moryökwö/maryak /məryəkwə/ tree (good for building and for honey).

moköngwö/makany /məkəŋwə/ ficus sycomorus, ficus platyphylla - fig tree (one of the main trees of Pokot traditional ceremonies; its fruits (wild figs) are eaten by people and animals; because of its soft wood it is used to make beehives).

molkotwö/malkat /məlkətwə/ tree (its fruits are edible; it is considered to be a good tree for building).

monchoronwö/monchoron /montʃororwə/ ficus natalensis

mormorwö/mormor /mormorwə/ tree (its roots are good for making medicine).

moseswö/moses /moseswə/ schinus molle (good for making beehives).

mosolyon/mosolen /məsəlyon/brachylæna huilensis, sarcostema (cattle like to eat even its tender branches; also eaten by people).

motötwö/motöt /motətwə/ ensete ventricosum.

motwö <en /motwə/ dalbergia melanoxylon (people like to make combs out of it).

möyökwö/moyok /məjokwə/ tree (good for making beehives; its flowers produce good honey; goats eat its leaves).

muyo-kirik /mujo-kirik/ tree (used as a vegetable; medicine).

ngengechwö/ngengech /nəŋətʃwə/ tree (its flowers are good for honey; it is dangerous for goats: if they eat it they become crazy and wild).

ngömigh <tin /nəmɪŋ/ tree (used during women's lapa; goats like to eat it). sosurwö/nsorsur /səsərwə/ ensete veantricurom. nyermen/<tin/ tree (medicine against diarrhoea and stomach disorders).

nyirkich <tin /n̥ɪrkɪtʃ/ tree (people like to chew its gum).

okörö <en /okərə/ type of tree.

ongöwin/angaw /oŋəwɪn/ tree (its bark is chewed as medicine against stomach-ache; its fruits are edible).

ongorwö/anger /oŋɔrwə/ tree (its bark is medicine against termes).

orolwö/arol /orolwə/ vangueria infausta (its round fruits are eaten by people and animals; it is the most common tree used to make beehives and wooden basins because its wood is not very hard to carve).

panyirit <tin /pənɪrit/ senegalia reficiens

(the most common tree used for fencing; its flowers produce a very sweet honey; medicine against stomach-ache).

Parapar <tin /parapar/ medicine to cure worms, chepturu.

Parasinta /parasinta/ tree

(its flowers produce good honey).

Parwa <en /parwa/ type of tree.

pchitchit/ay, tin /ptjittʃuit/ crabia brownii (out of it people obtain an ointment which they use for protecting wounds from infection).

pirimoghyon/pirimogh /pirimojon/ mystroxylon æthiopicum (people eat its fruits but its leaves and seeds are dangerous for goats).

piryokwö/piryak /pirjwkə/ pappea capensis (people eat its fruits and animals eat its leaves).

Pilil <tin /pilil/ lagerstroemia indica.

pöghyotwö/paghyat /pəχjøtwə/ afzelia quancensis (good for hanging beehives on it and to make them; produces chewing gum as well).

pöröwö/paraw /pərəwə/ ficus sur (people like to hang bee-hives on them).

ponponwö/ponpon /ponponwə/ scolopia zeyheri (it is good food for birds; women crush its seeds and get oil out of them for softening animal skins).

posyon/postin /posjən/ tree (its fruits are edible; its leaves are medicine for infants).

psinyonywö/psinyony /psiŋɳwə/ edible vegetable.

ptari</in/ cæsalbina pulcherrima (goats and sheep eat its leaves; the only use people give to it is fencing because of its thorns).

Ptughisighya <ay /ptuysixja/ senegalia sieberiana (people use it for building) also called korol.

pukwö/puk /pukwə/ medicinal tree.

putöro/<en/ ceiba pentantra.

Rena <oy /rena/ also cherena senegalia xanthophloea (it is used just for fencing).

reperwö/reper /reperwə/ elaidondron buchananii (children like its fruits; good for timber as well).

rirön <oy /rirən/ anacardium occidentale (red wood, good for making stools).

rotin /rötin/ sausage tree; kigelia africana (its fruit, once cleaned of its black tar, is used as yeast for brewing honey beer; it is used as well as medicine against kalazar).

rukwö /rukwə/ medicine against stomach-aches.

Sankak <ay /saŋkak/ any small thorny tree (see ses, or kopko; goats like to eat it very much; people use it for fencing).

sapakit /sapakit/ tree (used as vegetable in dry areas).

Sarach <ay /sarats/ tree (good to make beehives or cooking sticks).

sekekwö/sekek /sekekwə/ salvadora persica.

senetwö/senet /senetwə/ good medicine against diarrhoea and stomach-ache).

sepulyon/sepultin /sepul̩vn/ tree (for sacred cere-

mony; edible fruits).

seretöt /seretöt/ senegalia gerrardii.

Ses <oy /ses/ senegalia tortilis, and xan- thophloea (it is the most delicious food for giraffes; Pokot use it to make ropes).

silömpöywö/silmampay /sɪləmpəjwə/ tree (good for making arrows).

simit <öy /simit/ encephalartos hildebrandi (used for cleaning milk containers, alepít, and other wooden bowls like otupo, ateker).

siryok/siryak /sırjyk/ podocarpus falcatus (its fruits are edible).

sıyan/<tin/ tree (used as a cure for termes, kalazar).

sikokwö/sikak /sikokwə/ type of tree

simotwö/simat /simotwə/ strychnos henningsii, or fis- cus elastica (one of the sacred trees; it is most liked for kilokat; it is a frequent shade for kokwö as much as mokongwö).

simwoywö/simoy /simwojwə/ syzygium cuminii.

sinklulwö/sɪnkłłl /sɪglulwə/ tree (produces chewing gum).

siryowö/sirya /sırjokwə/ tree (besides its fruits, people do chew its leaves because of their taste) siryowö-katamugh small tree with salty fruits.

sitöt/sitit /sítət/ grewia bicolor, and canthium keniensis (its small yellow fruits are eaten by men and animals; bark is chewed and produces a gelatinous substance used as jelly for massages, chururat; Pokot like to use it for making shafts of arrows and spears, also for sprinkling water, and tied around the neck as a sign of blessing).

sitoghon (ayelet) <tin /sitoyon/ senegalia drepanolobium sitoghon (its bark and roots have medicinal use, and are also used for fuel).

siyoywö/siyoy /sɪyøjwə/ mangifera indica (its fruits are edible for human beings, animals and birds; it produces a chewing gum; the tree is kind of sacred; it can be used to perform kilokat under its shade).

sökwon /sákwon/ medicine against coughing and chest pains, both for people and cattle.

söpukwö/söpuk /səpukwə/ dombeya goetzenii.

sonkoghoghwö/sonkowaw /sonkoyɔgwə/ macadamaia tetraphylla (the boiled fruit of this tree is used as medicine against malaria and headache; its seeds give a nice flavour to tea; people like it as kamsitian, toothbrush; it is good for building as well).

so(n)surwö/sasar /səsərəwə/ calodendrum capense (women like its big seeds for making neck- laces; medicine against stomach-ache).

sorich <ay /sorit/ tree (edible after boiling for long; people eat it in times of drought and famine like loma).

sorichon /soritʃɔn/ boscia coriacea (its fruits are edi- ble).

soromonion/soromontin /soromonion/ eugenia multifolia.

sosotwö/sosot /sosotwə/ tree (its fruits are edible).

sosyon/sos /sosjɔn/ phoenix reclinata (used for cleaning milk containers as a brush, and in some ritual; its wild dates are edible).

soy়ি<in /sojɪ/ molosana cæssipourea (found in high altitudes around Mt. Mtelo).

takaywa/takay /takaywa/ phoenix canariensis, boras-sus æthiopicum (its fruits are eaten by people).

Talamach <ay /alamatʃ/ vanqueria volkensii. tapirpirwo/tapirpir/ tree (fruits edible). tapoyö lannea humilis, and aloe bainesii (girls make beads for necklaces; its roots are eaten raw; the leaves are fodder for livestock; since its wood is soft it is easy to work with for making stools and basins; it is medicine against stomach-ache).

Tasan <tin /tasan/ senegalia (good for twigs used for building the huts' walls).

techan/teka /tetʃan/ bamboo.

testeswö/testes /testeswə/ colodendrum capenses (used in building).

tilit <in /trkit/ also apeta terminalia spinosa (strong tree used for the main pole of huts).

tilingwö/tiling /tɪlɪŋwə/ tree (its fruits are edible; medicine).

tilomwö/tilam /tɪlɒmwə/ zizyphus mauritiana (it is used for fencing and building; its fruits are edible).

tırchon/türko /tırtʃɔn/ shrub used as broom.

tiyin <ey, öy /tijɪn/ manihot glaziovii (very well known for its hardness; used for building; fruits eaten by goats).

tiyon/til /tɪljɔn/ beads.

tilak/tilok /tilak/acacia lahai.

tinkoswö/tinkas /tɪŋkoswə/ strychnos usambarensis (its fruits are sour but delicious; the kernel of their fruit is used as ointment for goat's skins; it gives them a nice black tint; the shrub is used for fencing).

tipoywö/tipay /tipojwə/ tree (its fruits are edible). tirkol thorny tree used for fencing. tölömoghyon/ talamogh /tələmoyjɔn/ senegalia mellifera (its flowers produce very sweet and white honey; the leaves are eaten by goats; its bark is medicine against stomach aches).

töpongwö/tapang /təpəŋwə/ cassia didymobotrya (firewood).

törökwö/tarak /tərəkwə/ juniperus procera, cypress (it grows on highlands; good for building; sometimes it plays a sacred role during par para and kitunga, which are birth related rites, and the

lapan of tyos.)

tontolwö/tontol /tontolwa/ tree (good for making arrows; there is a belief or fairy story that says that monsters use this tree to rise up the people they have eaten by drilling their bones with a branch of it).

tonkirurwö/tankirur /təŋkɪrurwə/ edible fruits.

topörerwö/topörer /tərərerwə/ type of tree. toronwö/taran /təronwə/ tree (its fruits are edible).

tumwon/tumwonoy /tumwon/ tree (its glue is used for sticking a spear's blade to the shaft).

tunat/tunatay /tunat/ euphorbia.

tunoyö/tunoy /tunøyə/ a strong climbing tree (good for building, especially as a kind of ring beam; its leaves are eaten by cows; also used for tying bee-hives).

tuwöt/tuw<in /tuwət/ diospyros scabra (gives good shade).

tuyunwö/tuyun /tujumwə/ balanites ægyptiaca (its leaves are used as cattle fodder and the more tender ones as vegetables for humans; children like its fruits very much).

wochölwö/wachal /wotʃəlwə/ acacia polycatha, or fi- cus sur (young people like its shadow for dancing; its fruits are edible).

yemti /jemti/ very hard wood used for making wedges (good for firewood).

Sus - Grass

amakwaratyan/amakwaratin /amatadoyon/
amatadoy amakwiny <oy /amakwaratjan/ tiny
grass angoleyek/<oy/

apöpö <en /apəpə/

apurutöyon/apurotöy /apurutajön/ used for
thatching and covering beehives.

Awarer <tin /awarer/

Chaya <en /chaja/ very commonly used for thatching
houses.

Chedakwa <en /tʃedakwa/ cheliowes <tin /
tʃeliowes/

chepökipa <en /tʃepəkipa/

chepokwö <en /tʃepokwə/ churukechiryon/
churukechir /tʃuruketʃirjön/

köyöywö/köyöy /kajəjwən/ good for thatching,
and for making brooms.

kolokyon/kolok a yellow dye.

kutwö/kut /kutwə/ lolwö/lol /lolwə/ fir.

malimtich <oy /malimtitʃ/

manian/mantin /manian/

mitäyos <oy /mitäjöv/

mökönö <en /mäkrənə/ soft grass that grows imme-
diately after the rains. It is used as food as well.

mönokyon/monok /mæokjön/ type of grass,
mostly found on hilly places. mototyon/mototen /
mototjön ensete ventricosum.

mpirilwö/mpiril /mpirilwə/

musanya /musqna/ dry forage.

Musarer <oy /musarer/ poisonous grass.

Ngilet <tin /ŋilet/ salty grass; cattle like it.

ngiryamatyan/ngiryamat nyalta <en /ŋirjamatjan/

nyöswo/nyas /ŋəswə/ used for thatching houses.

pagha lalwa /paŋa lalwa/ medicine against cold.

pekionion/pekon /pekən/ good for thatching; fodder.

piles <oy /pıles/ fodder for rabbits. pipi/tin

pkintiliyan/pkintilil /pkintılıjan/

ptumöt /ptumət/ used for the ceremony of
atoywöy, especially in the evening when taking
munyan.

PurpurSongol <tin /purpursɔŋɔl/ sekutyon/sekut /
sekutjön/

seretyon/seret /seretjön/ gramineæ. It is the main
cattle feed. It is very important in bless- ings.

seytö <en /seɪtə/

sikor <tin /sikr/ fresh grass grown after burning
the old one.

sörökitwö/sörökit /sərəkwa/ sansevieria sp., used
for thatching houses and beehives and to make
ropes.

solyon/sol /sɔljən/ soywon/soy /soiwo/

suswo tich /suswə tɪtʃ/ cattle grass

tolkos /tɔlkəs/ aloe (any of its kind), used as
medicine for malaria, and very effective as
desinfectant for wounds; in this case the leaf must
be dry and grinded.

tokoltö <en /tokoltə/ tumporer <oy /tumporer
ukalyon/ukalin Fungi, edible - cho kyomoy söpopir
/söpopir/ata/otö /ata/ kelpömogh /kelpəməy/
kahöw /kahəw/ psakar /psakar/ Fungi, non-edible
- kadawat akidöny pö chepöghomin /akidən pə
tʃepəgəmin/ möt pö lodongol /mət pə lodongol/
oröwos /orəwəs/ piryaket /pirjaket/

tapa chepkorio /tapa tʃepkorio/

tapa karaloch /tapa karalotʃ/ tepido/tepistö /
tepido/

topilo mayna /topılə maɪna/ Reptiles - Cho
möngöy sany martas /martas/ myakaw /nŋakaw/
moroy /mərəy/ nyirit /ŋirit/ chameleon.

Pkokoch /pkokotʃ/ pönkö /pəŋkəs/pterngal
/pterŋal/

THE CLANS OF THE POKOT

- The Pokot community consists of thirty major clans as shown in the table;

CLAN (OR)	TOTEM(LILO)	TRADITIONAL PLACE OF ORIGIN	SUB-CLANS
CHAPIN /tʃapi:n/	WARANY /waran/ (BLUE MONKEY)	MORWASIKAR /morwasikar/	CHEPOCHEPOCHOT /tʃepatʃepotʃöt/ CHERKWONY /tʃerkwɔn/ CHEPOCHEWU /tʃepotʃewu/ CHEMOKOY /tʃemokoı/ CHEPIYOT /tʃepijöt/ CHEMOROR /tʃemørör/
KOYMO /kaimə/	KAILAL /kailal/ SILANGWA /silanwa/ KWANACHAN /kwanatʃa:n/		CHEPOKARYAL /tʃepəkarjal/ CHEPOSOSIR /tʃepəsosır/ CHEPOKISIRAN /tʃepokısiran/ CHEMNISYA /tʃemnisya/ CHEPASPAS /tʃepaspas/ CHEPARSUP /tʃeparsup/ CHEPOSEMCHO /tʃepəmtʃə/
KOPIL /kɔpil/	KARAM /kara:m/ (WASP) KUKAY (BLACK CROW)	SIWAW /siwaw/	CHEPTETE /tʃeptete/ CHEPOSOKONG /tʃepəsökön/ CHEPORELO /tʃepərelə/ CHEMATUY /tʃematuı/ CHEPKOGH /tʃepkög/
KONO ORKOM /kənə orkom/	MAA /ma/ (FIRE) KIRISWO /kirisjo/	KOPON SIRIKWO /kopən sirikwə/	CHEPOPTUW /tʃepəptuw/ CHEPOKWEGHÖ /tʃepokweyo/ CHEPOROKWO /tʃpərokwə/ CHEMKEYA /tʃemkeya/ CHEPOROKA /tʃeporöka/

KOSOM /kəsəm/	KOSOMYON (ground hive) / kəsəmjən/	TIYATIY BARINGO (MTYA) /t̪ɪjat̪ɪj bariŋo/	CHEPOTINTAR /t̪epətintar/ CHEMITINY /t̪emɪtɪn/ CHEPOPTRIM /t̪epəptrɪm/ CHEPOTISKAYA /t̪epətiskaja/ CHEPOKAMOLET /t̪epokamolet/
LOKENI /ləkenɪ/	MNYAKAW (FROG) /mɲakaw/	CHEMRIKAGH (MAYPEN/MTYA) /t̪emrikag̫/	CHEPOCHESAWU /t̪epotʃesawu/ CHEPOCHERIKIYECH / t̪epotʃerkijetʃ/ CHEPOTOPOLEL /t̪epotopoel/ CHEMOYO /t̪emɔjə/ CHEPURAYI /t̪epurajɪ/ CHEMELINY /t̪emelɪn/ CHEPOCHESHEPAN /t̪epotʃepan/ CHEPOKORO /t̪epəkərə/ CHEPOCHEPTOCH /t̪epotʃeptɔχ/ CHEPUSHA /t̪epuʃa/ CHEPOCHEMUMA /t̪epətʃemuma/ CHEPONYONKI /t̪epənɔnki/ CHEPOKUPAY /t̪epəkupai/ CHEPOKISANG /t̪epəkisan/ CHEPOKAMOLO /t̪epəkaməlo/
MOYOY (RONG) /mɔjɔi/	KOPAN CHEPTUKO (DOVE) /kɔpan t̪eptukə/	IRONG (KATYENY)	CHEPOCHESUNDU /t̪epətʃesundu/ CHEPOSIYA /t̪epəsija/ CHEPTANG'AT /t̪eptaŋat/ CHEPOTONCHO /t̪epətənʃə/ CHEPOSERA /t̪epəsəra/ CHEPKES /t̪epkes/ CHEPOCHEPTINDI /t̪epətʃeptindi/ CHEPOAPAS /t̪epəapas/ CHEPOKAMA /t̪epəkama/
MOYOY /mɔjɔi/	SOO (FEMALE BUFFALO) /sɔ:/	MARAKWETA MARON KONGASIS /marakwet maron konasis/ (EAST)	CHEMWACHAR /t̪emwatʃar/ CHEPOCHESUMAY /t̪epətʃesumai/ CHEPOCHEMORYOT / t̪epətʃemorjot/

NG'OROKOYOT (NG'OROKOYIN) /ŋ'orokojɔt/	SONKOK (BLACK ANTS) /sonkok/	SIRIKWA KAPEMPOY (MAASAI) /sirikwa kapempɔi/	CHEPSEKOGH /tʃepsekoχ/ CHEPTERKOGH /tʃepterkɔχ/ CHEPTIKOW /tʃeptikow/ CHEMWOKOY /tʃemwokoi/ CHEPOSEPOY /tʃepəsepɔi/ (RWAKAN ASSIMILATED CLAN)
NG'ISUR TORIK /ŋ'isur torik/	ILAT (ROP) (RAIN) /ilat/	LOMUT /lomt̪/	CHEPOCHEPKAI /tʃepotʃepkai/ CHEPORIPINY /tʃepərɪpɪn/ CHEPOTINTIRWA /tʃepətintɪrwa/ CHEPOENGER /tʃepəenjer/ CHEMLIONG /tʃemliong/ CHEPOKAPTOYOY /tʃepəkaptɔjɔi/ CHEPOSIMOT /tʃepəsimɔt/ CHEPATET /tʃepatet/ CHEPOSETEM /tʃepəsetem/ CHEMRIKONG /tʃemrikɔŋ/ CHEPOROSOW /tʃepərəsow/ CHEPOSAKIS /tʃepəsakɪs/ CHEMTEY /tʃemtei/
ORO /ɔrə/	TAMAS (CAMEL) /tamas/	KOKOL /koko/	CHEPLOKE /tʃepləke:/ CHEPSERIM /tʃepserim/ CHEPORO /tʃeporə/ CHEPTAMUGH /tʃeptamug/ CHEMUSO /tʃemusə/ CHEPEYTUY /tʃepəjtui/ CHEPONG'OROMWO / tʃepɔŋ'ərəmwə/ CHEPARSICH (MASAI) /tʃepartitʃ/ CHEPOCHEPCHWOW / tʃepatʃptʃwɔw/ CHEPOCHEPSUKA /tʃepətʃepsuka/ CHEPELYON /tʃepeljɔ:n/ CHEMIKANY /tʃemirkaj/ CHEPTUMA /tʃeptuma/

PTINKO /ptɪnko/	MOROV /mɔrɔv/ (SNAKE)	KAPCHEROP /kaptserɔp/	CHEPOCHEPKATUGH /tʃepətʃepkatug/ CHEPOCHONKIL /tʃepətʃonki:l/ CHEMAN /tʃeman/ CHEPOCHEPKOW /tʃepotʃepkow/
PKOMOR /pkomor/	SURLAI LOTURA /surlai lötura/ (WILD PIG)	SEWENCHA CHEPLENG /sewentʃa tʃeplenŋ/	CHEPOCHEWEW /tʃepotʃewe:w/ CHEPOCHONYIR /tʃepotʃonyir/ CHEPOSOGHIGH /tʃepəsɔχɪg/ CHEPOCHEMRIKOY /tʃepətʃemrikɔi/ CHEPARKANER /tʃeparkaner/ CHEPLAKIT /tʃeplakit/ CHEPOCHEPKOYKAT /tʃepətʃepkoykat/ CHEPOSOKONG /tʃepəsɔkɔŋ/ CHEPOKIRPOY /tʃepəkirkɔi/ CHEMAKWANY /tʃemakwany/ CHESUWAW /tʃesuwaw/
PTUYA /ptuja/	KORINYA (IMPALA) /kɔrɪnja/	TAMKAL PARPARMA /tamkal parparma/	CHEPOKNUR /tʃepoknur/ CHEPOCHEROPOY /tʃepotʃerəpɔi/ CHEMIRKEW /tʃmirkew/ CHEMICICH /tʃemitʃitʃ/ CHEPOCHESIKOT /tʃepətʃesikɔt/ CHEPOTINEW /tʃepatinew/ CHEPSERKECH /tʃepserketʃ/ CHEPOKORUNYA /tʃepəkoruya/
RIY/ri:j/	KANER (ROCK HYRAX) /kane:r/	KOPON (HOLE EAST) /kəpən/	CHEPOKENYEWA /tʃepəkeñewa/ CHEPARKOSIM /tʃeparkəsim/ CHEPOYONG /tʃepəjɔŋ/ CHEPOKSANG /tʃepəksaŋ/ CHEPOCHEPAW /tʃepətʃepaw/ CHEPOCHESO /tʃepətʃeso/ CHEPOKASOWO /tʃepokasowə/ CHEPARCHOK /tʃepartʃok/ CHEPOSOKES /tʃepəsɔkəs/ CHEPOKAKIY /tʃepəkakiy/ CHEPOLOSWO /tʃepəloswə/ CHEPOSANAK /tʃepəsanak/ CHEMOTER /tʃemoter/

SIPAN /spn/	PELYON (ELEPHANT) /peljɔ:n/	TIYATIY (BARINGO) /tijatij/	CHEPTANA /tʃeptana/ CHEPOTULA /tʃepətula/ CHEPOTELTEL /tʃepəteltel/ CHEPURYO /tʃepuŋə/ CHEPTURES /tʃeptures/
SILOKOT /siləko:t/	SIRORO (HAWK) /sirərə/	KAPATET (LOMUT,TOGHOMO) /kapatet/	CHEMAKEW /tʃemakew/ CHEPOCHEPTAN /tʃepətʃeptan/ CHEPOCHIKOK /tʃepətʃikok/ CHEPOCHOMPUS /tʃepətʃompus/ CHEPONGALIT /tʃepəŋalit/ CHEPOKAPSOKOM /tʃepəkapsokom/ CHEPOCHONA /tʃepotʃona/ CHEPOTOPITON /tʃepotopiton/
SIWOTOY /siwətɔi/	SOO (BUFALLO) /sɔ:/	NGARWA /ŋarwa/	CHEPOKIGHO /tʃepəkighə/ CHEPTILAK /tʃeptilak/ CHEPOSANKIY /tʃeposankiy/ CHEPKATAM /tʃepkasan/ CHEPKASAN /tʃepkasan/ CHEPOKAMOY /tʃepokamoi/ CHEPSAPUL /tʃepsapul/ CHEPOCHEPKONTOR /tʃepotʃepkontor/ CHEPTILNGOT /tʃeptilŋot/ CHEPARKONG /tʃeparkŋŋ/ CHEMCHIRO /tʃemtʃirə/ CHEPOKONCHIRO /tʃepəkontʃirə/ CHEPOKASONKA /tʃepəkasɔŋka/
SOKO /səkə/	NG'OTINY (LION) /ŋ'etinj/	MOYPEN /məipen/	CHEPTOYO /tʃeptəjə/ CHEMKET /tʃemket/ CHEPSOKWOT /tʃepsokwot/ CHEMELSAU /tʃemelsau/ CHEPARAYI /tʃeparajɪ/ CHEPERKES /tʃeperkes/ CHEMOYO /tʃemyojə/ CHEMOREL /tʃemorel/ CHEMAKAL /tʃemakal/ CHEPOCHEMOSOY /tʃepətʃeməsəi/

SOTOT /sotot/	ASIS KANYIRPIT (SUN) /asis/ /kañirpit/	TIKON /tɪkən/	CHEPLAMIN /tʃəplamɪn/ CHEPOCHEMRIAN /tʃəpətʃəmriən/ CHEPOPTUMEGHYO / tʃəpoptumegħjə/ CHEPOSOWOR /tʃəposowor/ CHEPINTANY /tʃəpintan/ CHEPOSOWYON /tʃəpəsɔwjan/ CHEPORWALA /tʃəpərwala/ CHEMRON /tʃəmron/ CHEPOKAMIK /tʃəpkamik/ CHEPOKATINA /tʃəpokatina/ CHEPOROSON /tʃəpəroson/ CHEPOSEKOR /tʃəposekər/ CHEPOKAKOKES /tʃəpəkakokes/
SIGH /si:ɣ/	SOKOMIN (BEE) səkəmin/	IROM KAILONKOL /irom kailonkol/	CHEPOROKO /tʃəpərokə/ CHEPACHIKWA /tʃəpatʃikwa/ CHEPTAKAR /tʃəptakar/ CHEPARTIL /tʃəpartil/ CHEPOSOPON /tʃəpəsɔpon/ CHEPARMARICH /tʃəparmaritʃ/ CHEPOSALAWICH /tʃəposalawitʃ/ CHEPOKPUCH /tʃəpokputʃ/ CHEPAON /tʃəpaon/ CHEPOKSANG /tʃəpəksang

SOLYONKOT /solionkot/	ILAT (THUNDER & LIGHTENING) /ilat/	SAPINY /sapijn/	CHEMKAN /tʃemkan/ CHEPORET /tʃeporet/ CHEPOSERO /tʃepasera/ CHEPOCHEPUNYO /tʃepətʃepunyo/ CHEPOSONCHO /tʃepəsəntʃə/ CHEMORI /tʃemori/ CHEPOCHEPAWAN /tʃepatʃepawan/ CHEPOKWAGHA /tʃepakwaya/ CHEPAYWAT /tʃepajwat/ CHEMRIKEY /tʃemrkikey/ CHEPORWAS /tʃeporwas/ CHEPOTOYE /tʃepatoje:/ CHEPTEN /tʃepten/ CHEPOCHEPOROK /tʃepotʃeporok/ CHEPOTOY /tʃepətəi/ CHEMOLCHO /tʃemltʃə/ CHESARPOY /tʃesarpoj/ CHEMANTA /tʃemanta/ CHEPOYONTO /tʃepəjəntə/ CHEMIRKIY /tʃemirkij/ CHEPOGHE /tʃepəghe/ CHEMUSAR /tʃemusar/
SIRKOY /sirkoi/	SIKIRYO (DONKEY) /sikirjə/	ARAWA (MOON) /arawa/	CHEPOSEKER /tʃepəseker/ CHEPOTIRIKOL /tʃepətiriko/ CHEPOSIRKOY /tʃepəsirkoi/ CHEPKIRUK /tʃepkiruk/ CHEMARINY /tʃemariny/
SONONKWIR /tʃononkwir/	MONKES (COLUMBUS MONKEY) /mənkes/	ORKOM /orkom/	CHEPOSETYO /tʃeposetjə/ CHEPOCHEKRUP /tʃepotʃekrup/ CHEPORO /tʃepora/
SANIAK /saniak/	PIRECH CHESAMBUS (RED ANTS) piretʃ tʃesambus/	SUKONO (MASACH) /sukənə/	CHEPOTUNYANY /tʃepotunyan/ CHEMANANG /tʃemananŋ/ CHEPOSANIAK /tʃeposaniak/ CHEPSIRWO /tʃesirwo/ CHEPSERA /tʃepsəra/ CHEPOCHESUM /tʃepətʃesum/ CHEMWEWAR /tʃemwewar/

SIKOWOT /sik̥wot/	KUKIY (DOG) /kuk̥j/	SIKOWO CHEPOROM (SUKWO CHEPKATONY) /sik̥wə t̥eporom/	CHEPONYORYO /t̥epənɔrjə/ CHEPONGETUNY /t̥epən'etunj/ CHEPOWOY /t̥epowoi/ CHEPOSIKOK /t̥eposikok/ CHEPKACHEL /t̥epkatʃel/ CHEMATICHOR /t̥ematisʃor/ CHEPOKACHEMWILEL / t̥epəkatʃemwilel/ CHEPSUKUN /t̥epsukun/ CHEPOSEKEK /t̥eposekək/ CHEPOCHERIS /t̥epətʃeris/ CHEPSEYWON /t̥epsejwɔn/
TALAI SONKWOR /talai sənk̥wər/	KUKAI CHERELKAT (Pied crow) /kukai t̥relkat/	MT. ELGON (Kongin)	CHEPOSAIT /t̥epəsait/ CHEPOSOKOY /t̥eposokoy/ CHEPTUYA /t̥eptuya/ CHENANGAT /t̥enanj'at/ CHEMORKU /t̥emørku/ CHEPOKAPKAY /t̥epəkapkai/ CHEPOKAWAT /t̥epəkawat/ CHEPSUKUK /t̥epsukuk/ CHEPOCHEPKACH /t̥epətʃepkatʃ/ CHEPTEYA /t̥epteja/ CHEPONANTEI /t̥epənantei/ CHEPOTAPALAL /t̥epətapalal/ CHEPOKAPTALAI /t̥epəkaptalai/
TUL /tul/	CHEPKONO (JACKAL) /t̥epkənə/	MARKWETA KAPELLEL /markweta kapelel/	CHEPOKAPTUL /t̥epəkaptul/ CHEMINUNG /t̥emɪnʊŋ/ CHEMOTONGOT /t̥emətən'ət/ CHEPOOPTO /t̥epopto/ CHESKO /t̥esko/ CHEPOSIPOW /t̥epəsipəw/ CHEPOKARIN /t̥epəkarin/ CHEPOKORO /t̥epəkərə/ CHEPOSUYO /t̥esujə/ CHEPOCHEMAN /t̥epətʃemən/ CHEPOKTUM /t̥epəktum/
TINKO /t̥inkə/	KAWAGH (HYENA) /kaway/	TIKON (MASYA) /t̥ikən/	CHEPOCHEPOS /t̥epətʃepos/ CHEPAYOS /t̥epajəs/ CHEPOGH /t̥epəg/ CHEPOSONGORI /t̥epəsongori/ CHEPOCHEMNYOR /t̥epətʃemnjør/ CHEPKOR /t̥epkor/ CHEPOKOSMOY /t̥epəkosmoi/

TALAY /talai/	MAYOS /majøs/ (BABOON)	TAPASYACH (MOROTO) /tapasjatʃ/	CHEPOCHEYECH CHEPOSUKUPER /tʃepəsukupe:r/ CHEMINGEN Y /tʃəmɪŋ'ε:y/ CHEPOCHECHONTO /tʃepətʃetʃəntə/ CHEPORET /tʃepərət/ CHEPOKITEY /tʃepəkɪtei/ CHEPOTOKAW /tʃepətəkaw/ CHEPONGOTOLKO /tʃepəŋɔtɔlkə/ CHEPOSUMPAYA /tʃepəsumpaja/ CHEPOCHEMIRKU /tʃepətʃemirku/ CHEPOKROP /tʃepokrɔp/
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The earliest clan settlers in Muyno (The pokot cradle land)

- Ptuya /ptuja/
- Silokot /siləko:t/
- Kono (Ortum) /kənø:/
- Ng'isur /ŋ'su:r/
- -Koymo(sirikwo) /kəjmə/

Pokot Circumcision age sets is cyclic

1858 – 1872	Kaplelach /kaplelatʃ/
1873 – 1887	Murkutwo /murkutwə/
1888 – 1898	Nyonki /ɲonkɪ/
1899 – 1911	Mainatukoy (wear brass) /mainatukoi/
1912 – 1924	Chumwo Kalumong /tʃumwə kalumɔŋ/
1925 – 1937	Sowo (Kapsakis – junior Sowo) /sɔwə/
1938 – 1950	Koronkoro (Kakipanka only in Muino) /kəronkorə/
1951 – 1963	Kapkoymot (Kaptaracha in Muino) /kapkoimət/
1964 – 1977	Kaplelach /kaplelatʃ/
1978 – 1991	Murkutwo /murkutwə/
1992 – 2008	Nyonki /ɲonkɪ/
2009 – 2022	Maina /maina/

POKOT CALENDAR

- Pokot calendar begins in March

Pokokwo /Pokokwo/	March
Rikisa /Ríkisa/	April
Porowo /Pərəwə/	May
Melwon /Melwən/	June
Sukuku /Sukuku/	July
Mkeyon /Mkejən/	August
Tapach /Təpatʃ/	September
Kipsit /Kıpsıt/	October
Kokelyan /Køkeljan/	November
Kwoghe /Kwoye/	December
Mu /Mu:/	January
Turtur /Tırtır/	February

TIKIT /tikit/

1. tikiya mama /tikɪtja mama/
2. sokorwó /səkərwə/
3. tikiya ngachapen/nganyghapet/lalapka /tikɪtja ɳatʃapen/
4. takach /takatʃ/
5. tikiya kong /tikitja kɔŋ/
6. tikiya lalapka /tikitja lalapka/
7. tikiya matany /tikitja mataŋ/
8. tikit pó kut /tikit pə kut/
9. úkrony /ukron/
10. ngryelut pó
11. kachapen /ɳrjelut pə katʃapen/
12. tikiya soghiny /tikitja soyin/
13. kórórwó /kərərwə/
14. pemppó kut /pempə kut/
15. singaryan /siɳarjan/
16. pemppó kel /pempə kel/
17. singaryan /siɳarjan/
18. karenyak /karenak/
19. perók kut/nghókó /perok kut/
20. ngacham /ɳatʃam/
21. nghólóch /ɳgələtʃ/
22. ngalya mkéch /ɳalja mketʃ/
23. ngalyap /ɳaljap/
24. sighiny /sɪχinj/
25. ngalyae /ɳaljae/
26. ngacham /ɳatʃam/

KELAT/kelat/

30. kowo kelat /kowo kelat/
33. ngighonó kelat /ɳiχonə kelat/
34. chaman /tʃaman/
35. karenyak /karenak/
36. kelpó kelat

KONG /koŋ/

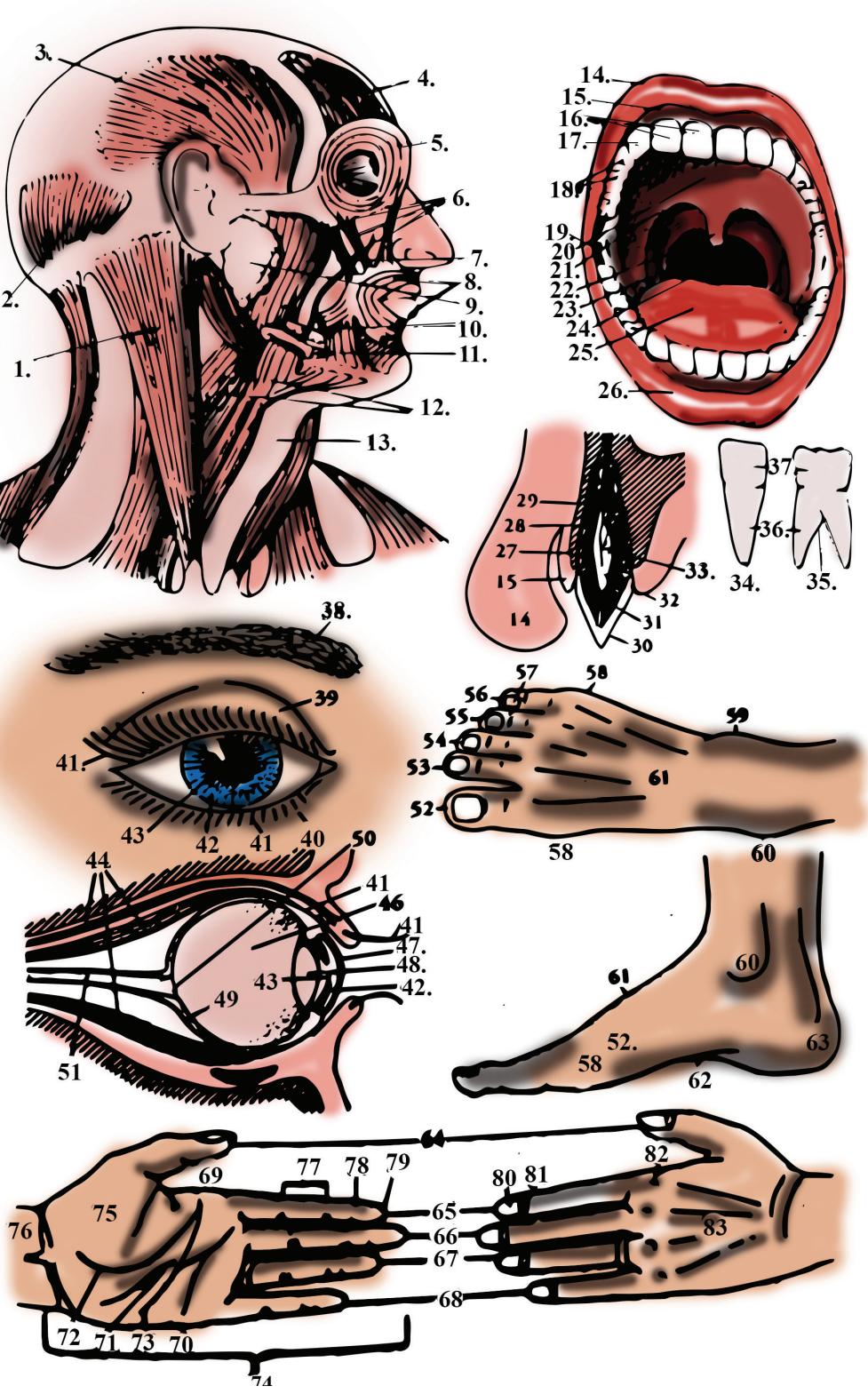
38. puto kamama /putə kamama
39. pempó kong /pempə koŋ/
40. puto kong /putə koŋ/
42. tikwak /tikwak/
43. terwa kong /terwa koŋ/
47. nawapya kong /nawapja koŋ/

KEL /kel/

52. morino kel nyo wow /mɔrɪnə kel ɳø wow/
- 53-56 mori kel /mori kel/
57. sigha kel /siɳja kel/
58. ngighaya/mori kelyon /ɳiχaya mɔri keljon/
- 59-60 kowo morin /kɔwə mɔrin/
61. kel parak /kel parak
62. koghogh-pó kel /kɔχoχ-pə kel/
63. tiny /tɪn/

EGH /eg/

64. morin nyo wow /morin ɳo wow/
65. chemusar/morino /tʃemusar/
66. morino kwen /morino kwen/
67. morino karmoris /morino karmoris/
68. morin nyo mining /morin ɳo miniŋ/
69. mirutyo morin /mirutjø morin/
70. mirityo morin /miritjø morin/
72. koghoghpö egh /kɔχoχpə eχ/
73. ara morin /ara morin/
74. Jaranat /jaranat/
76. kintyo egh /kintjø eχ/
- 77/78/79 ngichayi morin /ɳitʃaji mɔrin/
- 8.0 sighya morin /siɳja morin/



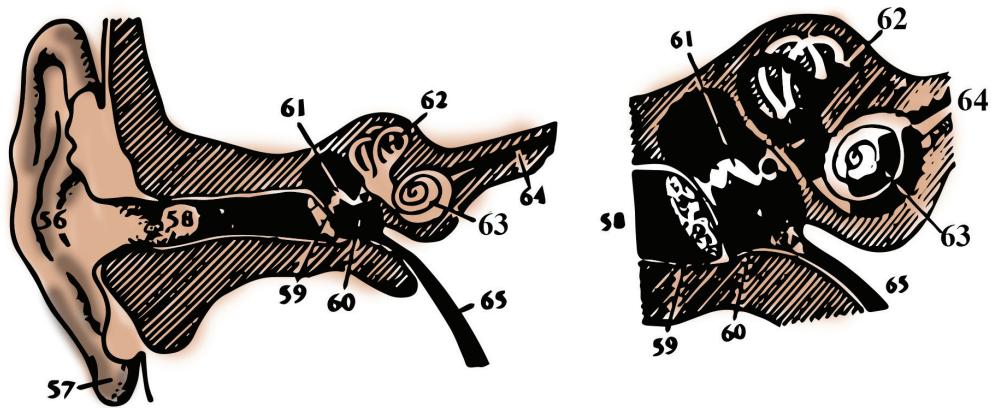
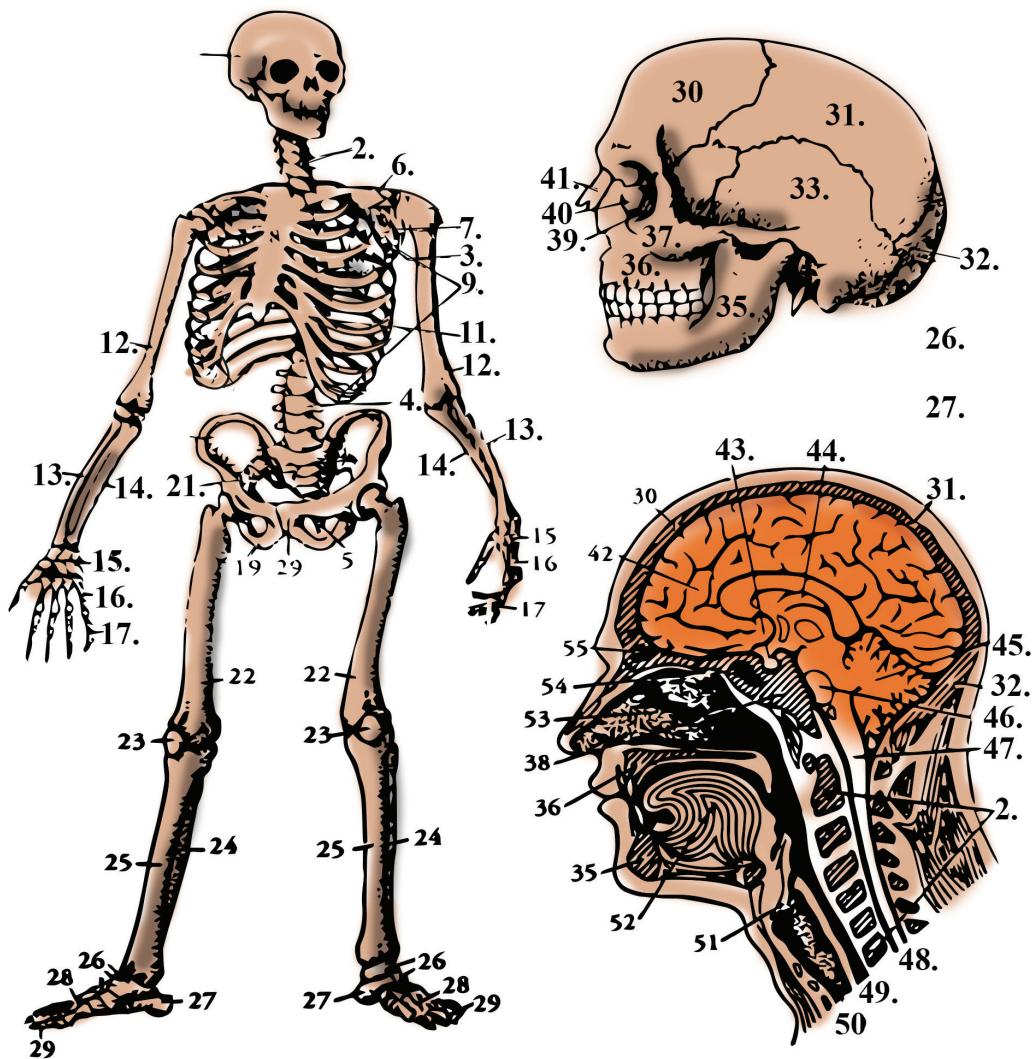
KOO /kø:/

1. kowo mó̄t /køwø mø̄t/
2. kirút /kírut/
3. aparparat /aparparat/
4. kówó kirút /køwø kírut/
5. kówó ronkwo /køwø ronkwo/
6. kówó palong /køwø paloŋ/
7. kówó löyó /køwø ləjə/
8. kówó takat /køwø takat/
9. kóros /kərøs/
- 10,11 selelyan /seleljan/
12. kówó charut /køwø tʃarut/
- 13,14 kówó ptóngkwiló /køwø ptəŋkwilə/
- 15-17 koyo morín /køjø mørin/
- 18 kong pó löp /køjø pə ləp/
- 19 kowo löp /køwø ləp/
- 20 kowo-simong /køwø-simøŋ/
- 21 kósjomó /kəsjomə/
- 22 kówó-kipes /køwø-kpes/
- 23 ngisyá /nisija/
- 25 kówó-korok /køwø-korok/
- 27 kówó titíny
- 30 kówomót/kówotakoch /køwømø̄t/

- 31 karíiny /karíŋ/
- 32 kówó sókorwó /køwø səkərwə/
- 35 karenyak /kareŋak/
- 36 karenyak /kareŋak/
- 37 tangích /tanjtʃ/
- 38 kówó nyangpagh /køwø ñaŋpagħ/
- 39 koyo kong /køjø kong/
- 40 koyo kong /køjø kong/
- 41 kówó-sór /køwø-sər/
- 42 kunyít /kuŋít/
- 48 kówó kirút /køwø kírut/
- 49 köpöp /kəpəp/
- 50 kórörwów /kərərwəw/
- 52 ngalyap /ŋalya:p/
- 53 sóngóngó /səŋ'əŋ'ə/

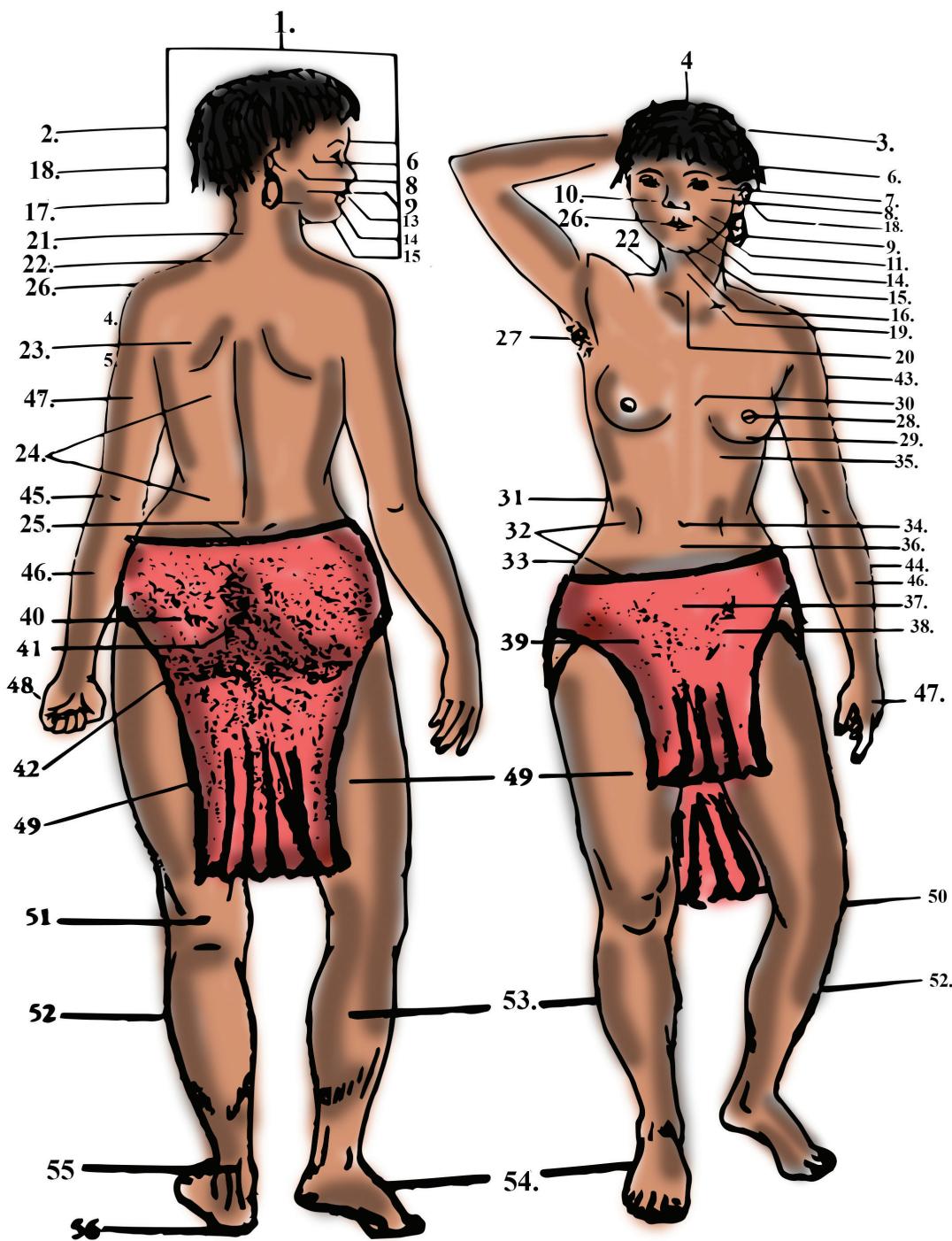
YIT /ji:t/

56. rapka yit /rapka ji:t/
57. apedong/atírpópo /apedon/
58. soghyo yit /søχjø ji:t/
- 59 chepó yit /tʃepə ji:t/
- 60-62,64-65 ngarmuchayi yit /ŋamutʃaji ji:t/



Whole view of the body: por-po chi /pkimikul

1. mót /mət/
2. sókorwó /səkərwə/
3. pút /pu:t/
4. karíny /karıŋ/
5. takach/tökoch /takatʃ/
6. puto kamama /putə kamama/
7. kong /kɔŋ/
8. tangích /tanjtʃ/
9. lalapka /lalapka/
10. sor /sər/
11. matany /matanj/
12. pempö'kút /pempə kut/
13. kut /ku:t/
- 14
15. ngacham /ŋatʃam/
16. karenyak /karenjak/
17. sókorwó /səkorwə/
- Kat /ka:t/
18. yit /ji:t/
19. sighiny ködödkök /sīgħi:jn
kədəkdək/
20. karapíl /karapil/
21. alutoy /alutoi/
22. pugh /pu:ɣ/
23. kuníl /kuril
23. pólong /pələŋ/
- Loyos /lojos/
24. patagh /patay/
25. champilwa /tʃampilwə/
- Kusom po lop /kusom po lop/
(croin)
- Sikilim /sıkılım/
26. kílkil /kilkil/
27. puto kílkil /putə kilkil/
28. walpakítin
- 29 kítín /kitn/
- 30 takat /takat/
- 31 ariket /ariket/
- 32 mu /mu/
- 33 löt /ləp/
- 34 srum /srum/
- 35 selelyan /seleljan/
- 38 kaptórkis /kaptərkis/
- 39 simöng /simoŋ/
- sey /sei/
- 40 tónkö /tənkə/
- 41 mosowó /məsəwə/
- 42 kosjomó /kosjomə/
- 43 charut /tʃarut/
- 44 psil /psil/
- 45 tököghögh /təkəɣəɣ/
- 46 toyon /tojon/
- 47 egh /eg/
- sígh /sīg/
- 48 mikunkyon/mikunkjø/
- 49 apurukuch /apurukutʃ/
- Kipes /kpəs/
- chat /tʃat/
- 50 kutíng /kutɪŋ/
- Ngisya /ŋisja/
- 51 chepkin/kanaru /tʃepkin/
- 52 korok /kvrək/
- 53 hagh /hay/
- 54 kel /ke:l/
- 55 chepkintol /tʃepkintol/
- 56 titíny /titɪŋ/

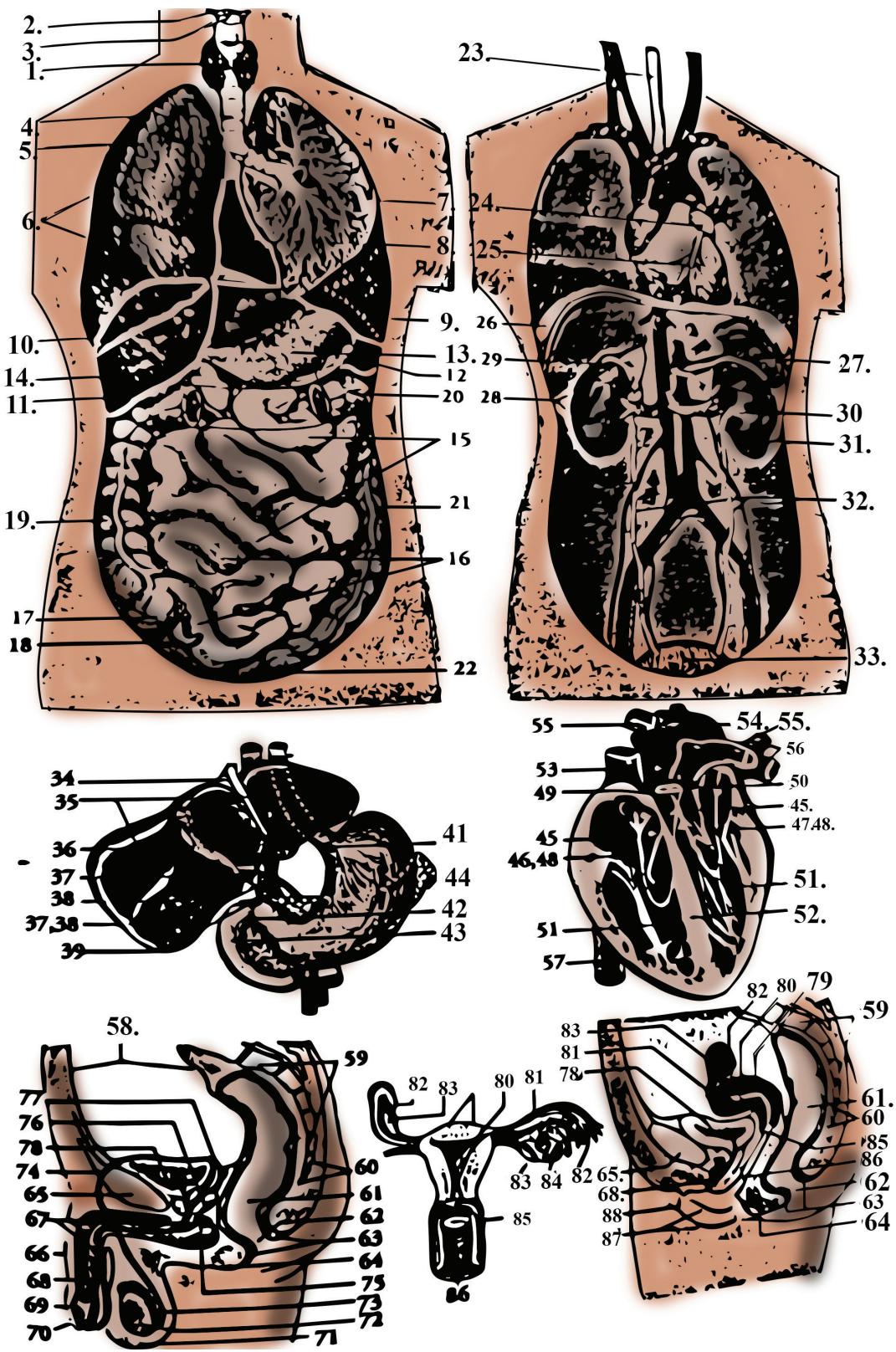


TiPo MUYO CHI

- 2 kopkóp /kəpkəp/
 3 sighiny /sɪgɪ:n/
 4 kórówrów /kərəwrəw/
 5 kepkón sósoy /kepkvni səsɔi/
 6/7 sasay/sóssoy /sasai/
 8 mukulógh /mɪkuləy/
 9/26 kawak /kawak/
 10 koghogh /koχoχ/
 11 ngwana/ngwonó /ŋwana/
 12-27 niwak /nɪwak/
 Ramas /ramas/
 13 mu /mu:/
 14-16 kwanyan/kwan/ñachapen /kwajna:n/
 14 kápen /kapken/
 18 siríny /síriŋ/
 19 mporochon /mporətʃɔn/
 21 ghít /χit/
 24 mukulów/koghópó mukulów /mɪkulow/
 53-57 kepkón /kepkvñ/

 28-30/31 saromnya/sórómoy /sarəmɲa /
 32 tikiya tópil /tikɪtja təpil/
 33 tópil/<tin /təpil/
 37-38 ara ngwona /ara ŋwona/

 60 kowo kororo /kowo kororo/
 62 móswó /məsəwə/
 63 pemppó mósw /pempə məsəw/
 66 pírit /pirit/
 68 óro sikórór /ɔrɔ sikəror



MINATA MIRON

1. kalacha /kalatʃa/
2. kölö /kølə/
3. sanay /Sanai/
4. ngaysil /ŋaisil/
5. aparparat /aparparat/
6. ngitopiryon/ket pö-kut
/ŋitopɪrjɔn/

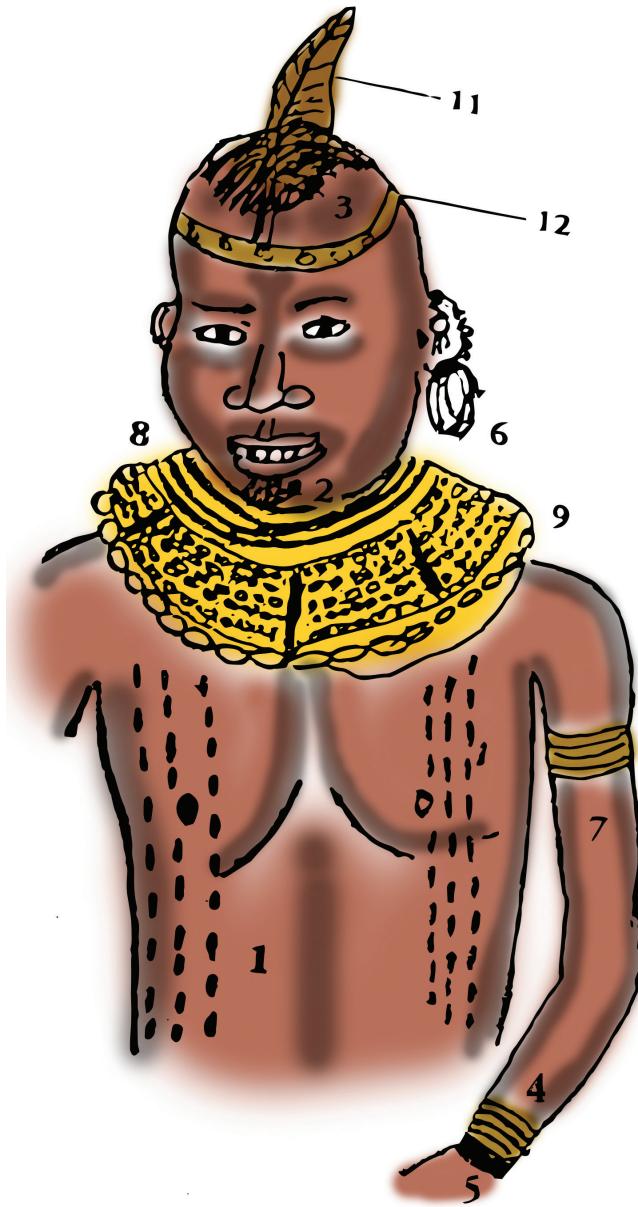
- 7 atorö /atorə/
- 8 alem/apisipis /alem/
- 9 mikuryon /mikurjøn/
- 10 aköl /akəl/
- 11 sonkol /sønkøl/
- 12 aparait /aparait/



WOMAN'S ORNAMENTS

MINATA KORKA /mi-nata kørka/

- 1 sorim /sørim/
 2 ngitopiryon/ket pö-kut /
 n̊itopirjøn/
 3 töröröt /täröröt/
 4 töpogh /təpøg/
 5 tirim /tirim/
 6 apedöny /apedon/
 7 kinayan/kitangayan /kīnaja:n/
 8 kösing /kəsiŋ/
 9 karin (n pl.) /karin/
 asidangaror/til /asijaror/
 chemistsiyan/chenisisen /
 tʃemisisjan/
 kadewdew/en/ /kadewdew/
 keltamyan/keitami /keltanjan/
 kinkis/sya /kinkis/
 körkörwö/karkar /kärkärwə/
 lodawiyian/lodaw /lodawijan/
 saniak /saniak/
 sinchichö/en/sinchichi /
 sintʃɪchə/
 sönöyiwö/Sanai /sənəjiwə/
 sonsuruö/sonsar/sasur /
 sənsuruə/
 sim /sɪm/
 tödingön/en/ /tədiŋən/
 tiyon/til /tɪjøn/
 tay /taɪ/
 pompos /pompos/
 10 sonkol /sønkøl/
 11 tenta /tentə/
 cherötöy /tʃerətəi/
 lokitor /lokitor/
 cheptörö /tʃeptorə/
 alechö /aletʃə/
 atörö /atorə/
 sururö



POR-Po TANY /por-pə tən/

1 renkamöt /renka mət/	poll	42 akimul /akimul/	loin
2 tököch /təkətʃ/	forehead	43 patagh /patayʃ/	back
3 yit /jɪt/	ear	44 amuro /amuro/	shunk,ham
4 sönkorö /sənkərə/	face	45 chat /tʃa:t/	hind leg
5 sörun /sərun/	muzzle	43 pempo sikichon /pempə sɪkitʃon/	sirloin
6 kut /kut/	mouth		
7 sighiny /sɪyɪ:n/	throat		
8 kerenyak /karenjak	jaw		
9 hagh /haɣ/	point of shoulder	1 mu /mu:/	rumen
10 kat /kat/	neck	2 marmar /marmar/	reticulum
11 ghaghak /χayaɣ/	dewlap	3 psakar /psakar/	omasum
12 takat /takat/	brisket	4 kapken /kapken/	abomasum
13 kuting /kutinj/	knee	5 kwan /kwan/	intestines
14 ngoryon /nɔrjɔn/	shank		
15 tokoghogh /təkoyoy/	elbow		
16 löyo/ləjə/	shoulder		
17 wuk/uk /wuk/	hump		
18 kuyogh /kujoy/	horn		
19 sönkorö /sənkərə/	switch		
20 takat /takat/	chest		
21 kirut /kɪrut/	girth		
22 körös /kərəv/	barrel		
23 lop /ləp/	plate		
24 kipés /kipes/	flank		
25 ariket /ariket/	belly		
26 sirum /sırum/	navel		
27 timpirya chö /timpirya tʃə/	milk vein		
28 kirsyö / kırsjə/	udder		
29 kitün /kitın/	teat		
30 putıl /putıl/	pastern		
31 sökonut / səkənut/	hoof		
32 tuyon /tujuŋ/	dewclaw		
33 susutöy /susutsə/			
Susucho susutʃə/	switch		
34 chepkintol /tʃepkintol/	hock		
36 ariket /ariket/	tail		
37 törönkwö /təronkwə/	switch		
38 kompa lüp /kɔmpa ləp/	tailhead		
40 kowo lüp /kɔwɔ ləp/	hookbone		
41 kosyomo /kosjomə /	rump		

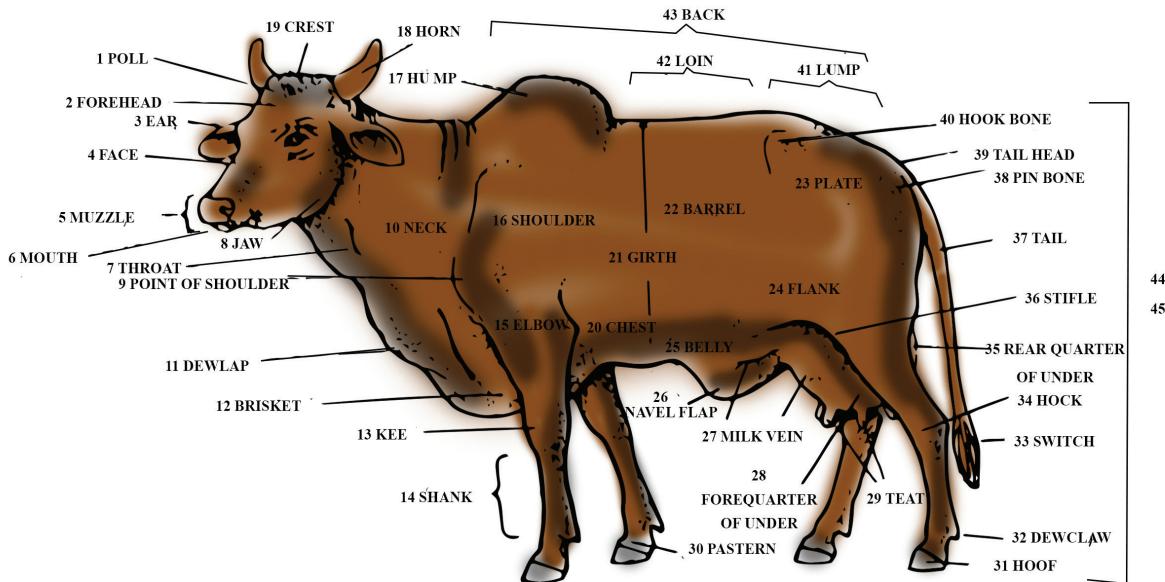
Digestive system of the cow

1 mu /mu:/	rumen
2 marmar /marmar/	reticulum
3 psakar /psakar/	omasum
4 kapken /kapken/	abomasum
5 kwan /kwan/	intestines

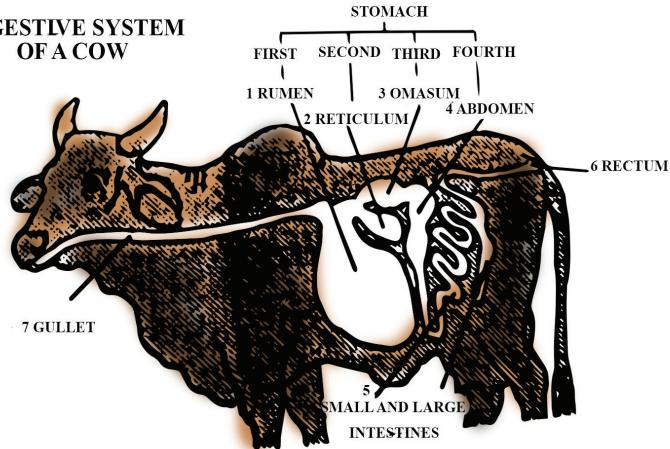
Sheep names/kainotut pö kechir

FEMALE	MALE	MEANING
chesiparya /tʃesıparja/	siparya /sparja/	with spots
cheptuymöt /tʃeptuimət/	ptuymöt /ptuimət/	with black head
cheparer /tʃeparer/	parer /parer/	brownish
chepngötöp /tʃepnətöp/	ngötöpö /nətöp/	tailess sheep
chepunkaya /tʃepunkaja/	punkaya /punkaja/	whitish sheep
chepirimöt /tʃepırımot/	primöt /perımot/	red headed
cheminçhir /tʃemintʃır/	mìnçhir/mintʃır/	short ears



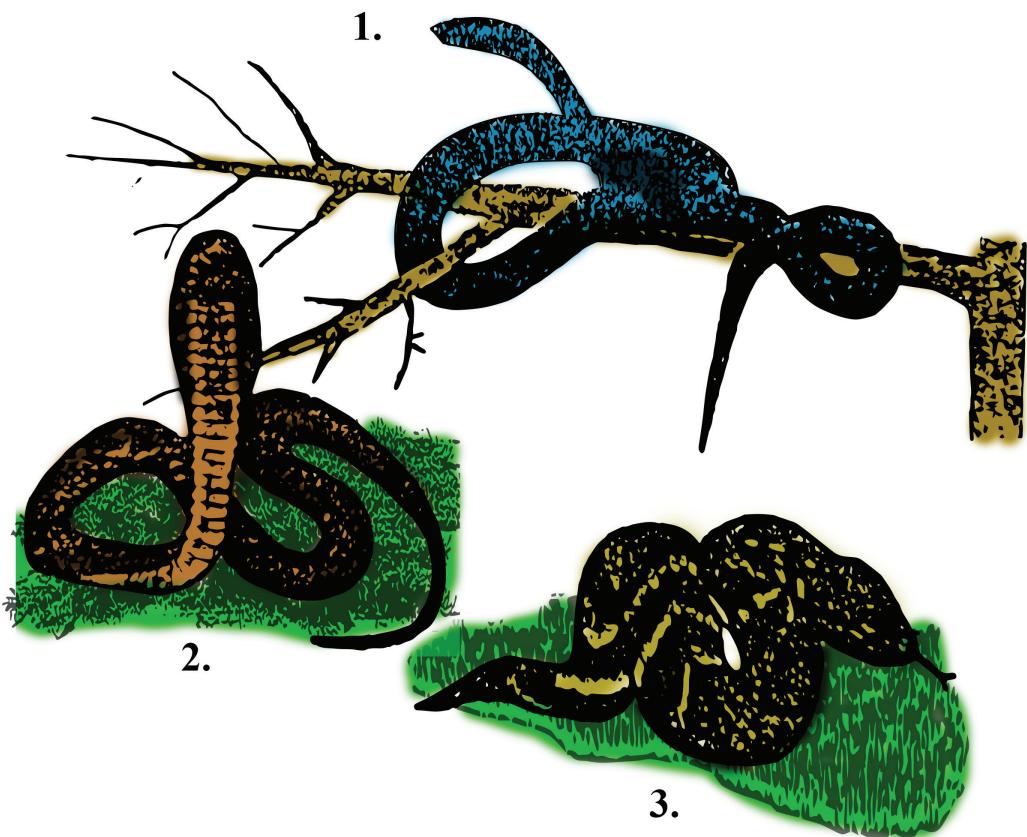


DIGESTIVE SYSTEM OF A COW



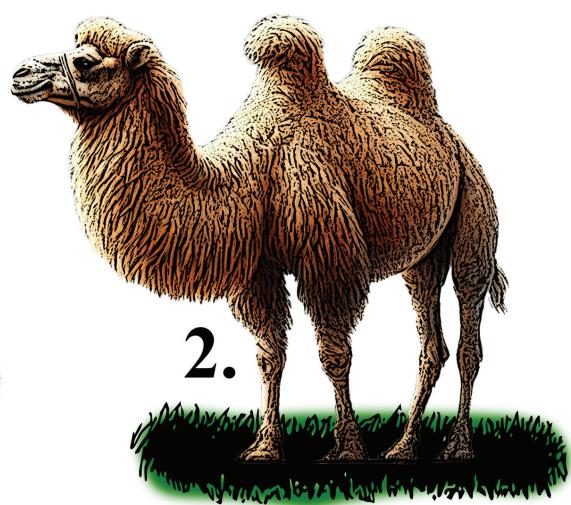
TYONKIN CHO CHUTOKEGH NGWINY

1 moroy/<in/ /mørøi/	snake	10 martas/mortos/ /martas/	monitor
2 ghökö/oy,<en/ /gökə/	cobra	lizard	
3 kiminy/<in/ /kımın/	puffadder	11 kikigh/<tin/ /kıkıy/	crodile - crocodile
kipisi/in/ /kipısı/	puffadder	12 pönköş/<oy,ponkos/ /pənkəs/	lizard
amörötö/ndara/ /amərətə/	python	13 kapirmöt/<oy/ /kamırmət/	red headed lizard
4 migh/<in,<tin/ /miy/	yellow backed	14 chemukaka/en/ /tʃemukaka/	type of lizard
5 pseronoy/<tin/ /pseronvi/	snake	15 pterngal/<tin/ /pterŋal/	type of lizard
6 pköneroy/<tin/ /pkeneroi/	brown mamba	16 lodöwuko/<tin/ /lodəwuko/	type of lizard
7 pkarin/tay /pkarin/	long snake with	17 kapelkew/<ay/ /kapelkew/	brown desert lizard
8 wirwiryon/wirwir/ /wırwır/	unseen mouth	18 kasökuch/<tin/ /kasəkutʃ/	big lizard that eats
9 mnyakaw/<ay/ /mnakaw/	toadpole	19 mororoch/<oy/ /mororotʃ/	termites
	frog		big lizard that eats



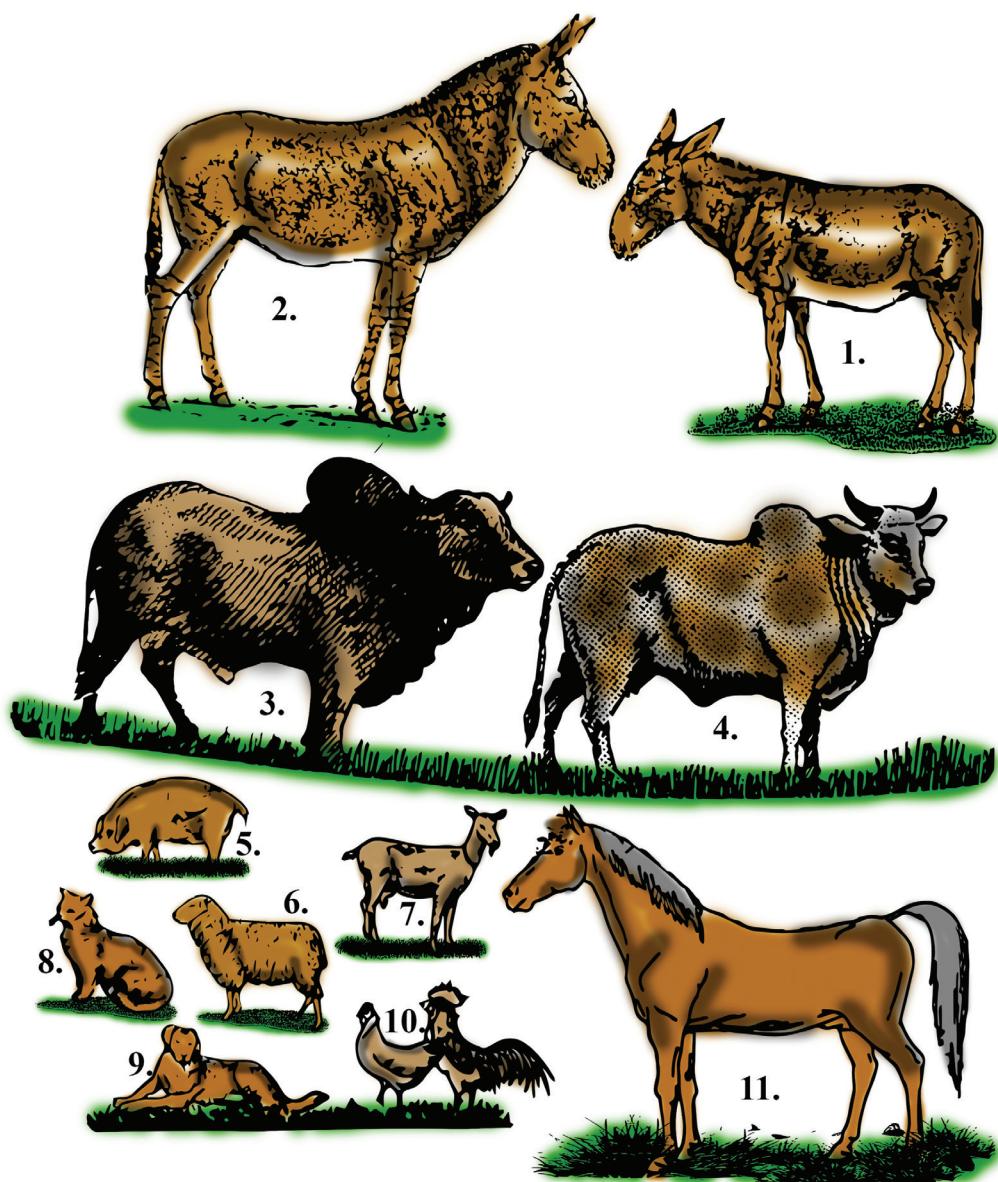
KAYNATUT Po TYONKIN / kainatut pə tjonkɪn/

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|
| 1. akales/tin/cheptuwsonkol /akales/ | ostrich |
| 2. tamas/ay /tamas/ | camel |
| 3. reres/ay /reres/ | bat |



DOMESTIC ANIMALS

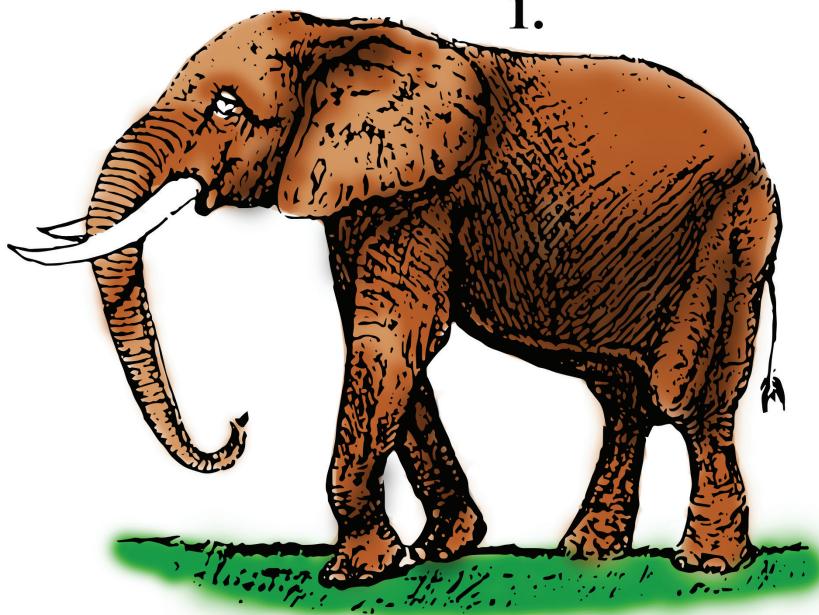
1. sikiryö/oy /sıkırjə/	donkey	6. kech/kechir /kɛ:tʃ/	sheep
2. amar/<tin /amar/	male donkey	7. aran/ngaror /aran/	goat
3. kirik/kiruk/kiir /kirık/ egh/<in /eg/	bull/bulls oxen	8. kuti/kutitin /kɪtɪ:/	cat/cats
4. tany/tich /taj/	cow	9. kukiy/kukidin /kukij/	dog
5. ptinny/öy /ptırıŋ/	pig	10. kokoroch/<choy /kokorotʃ/ hen	
		11. angole/<tin/ /anjole:/	horse



WILD ANIMALS

1. pelyon/pelöw /peljø:n/ elephant
2. mökögh/<tin /mækəy/ hippopotamus
ntirukwö /ntirukwə/

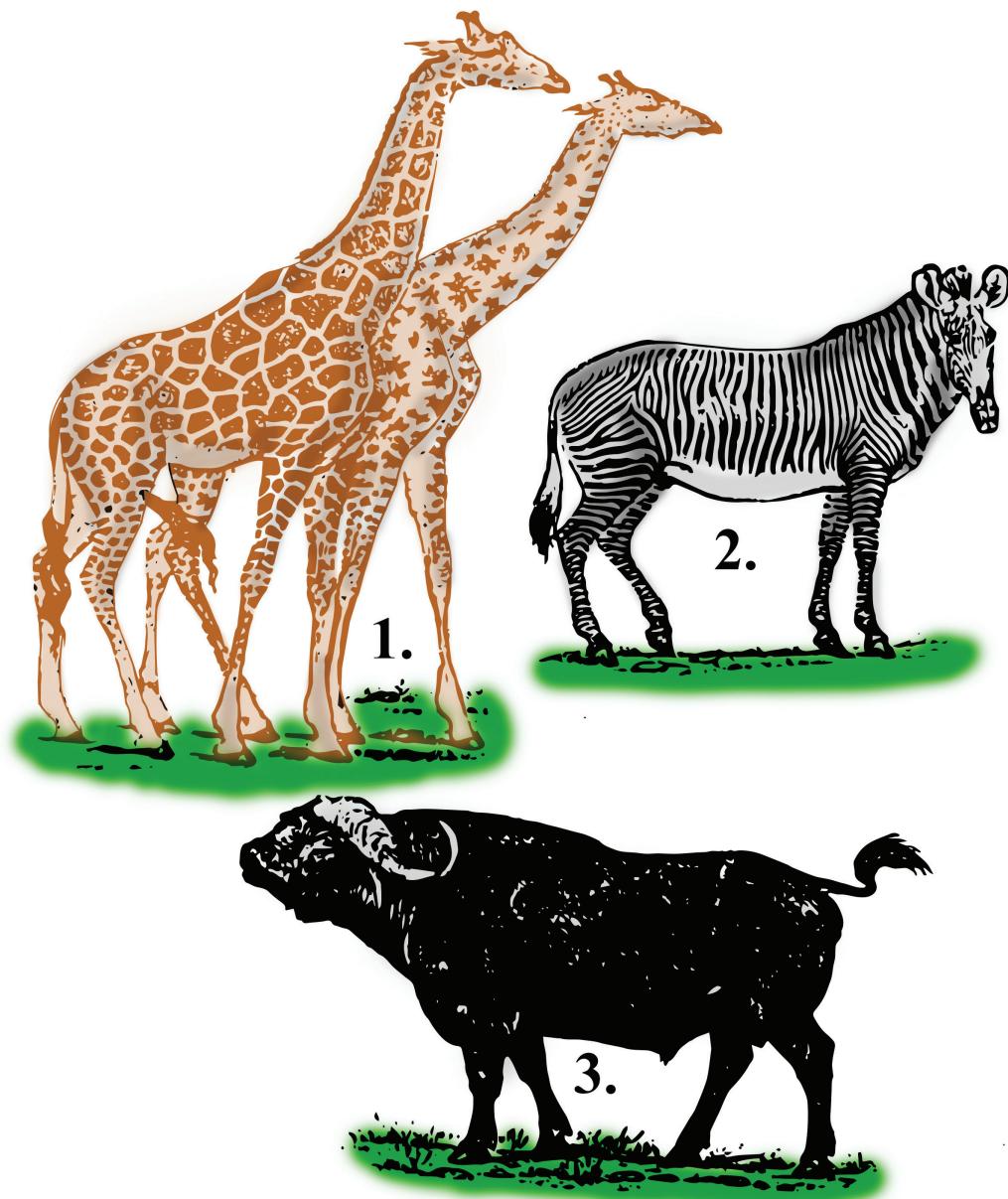
1.



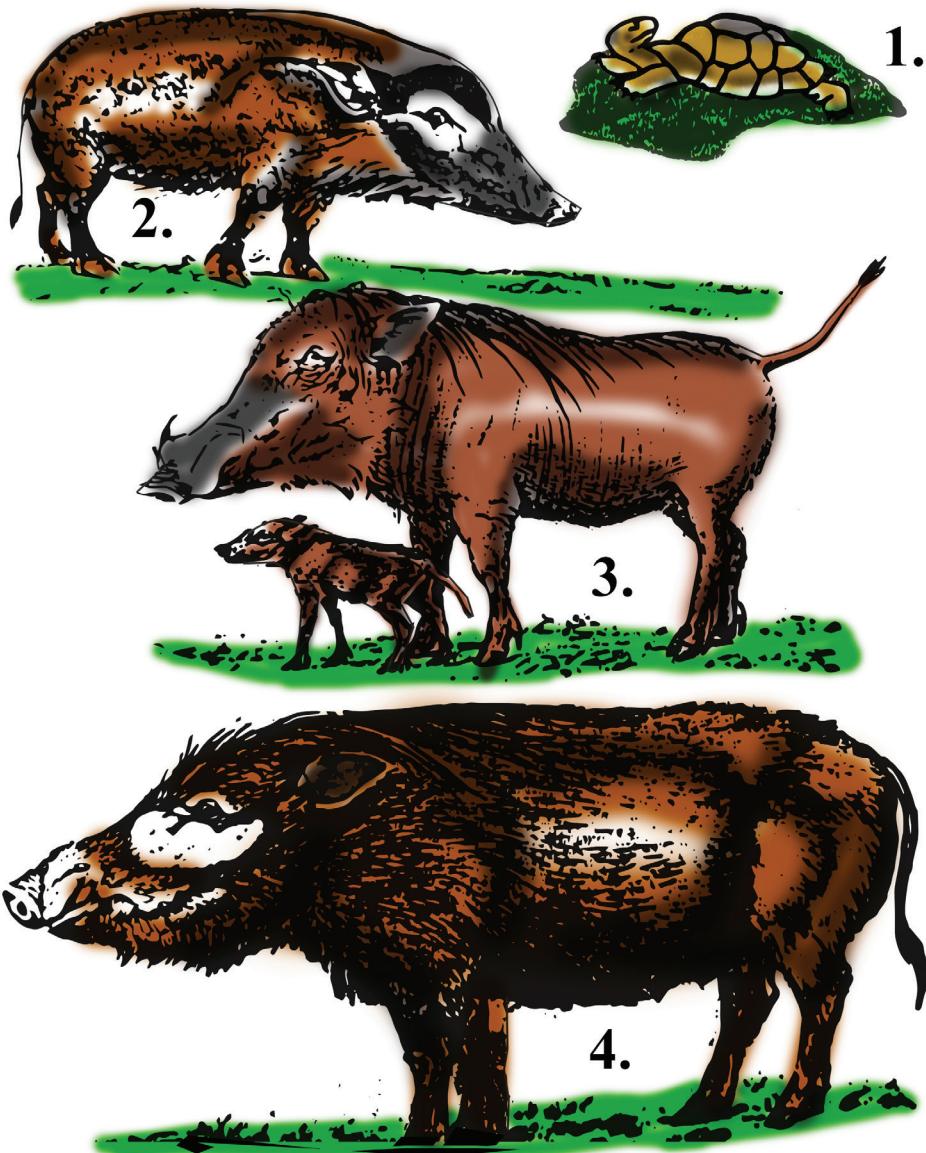
2.



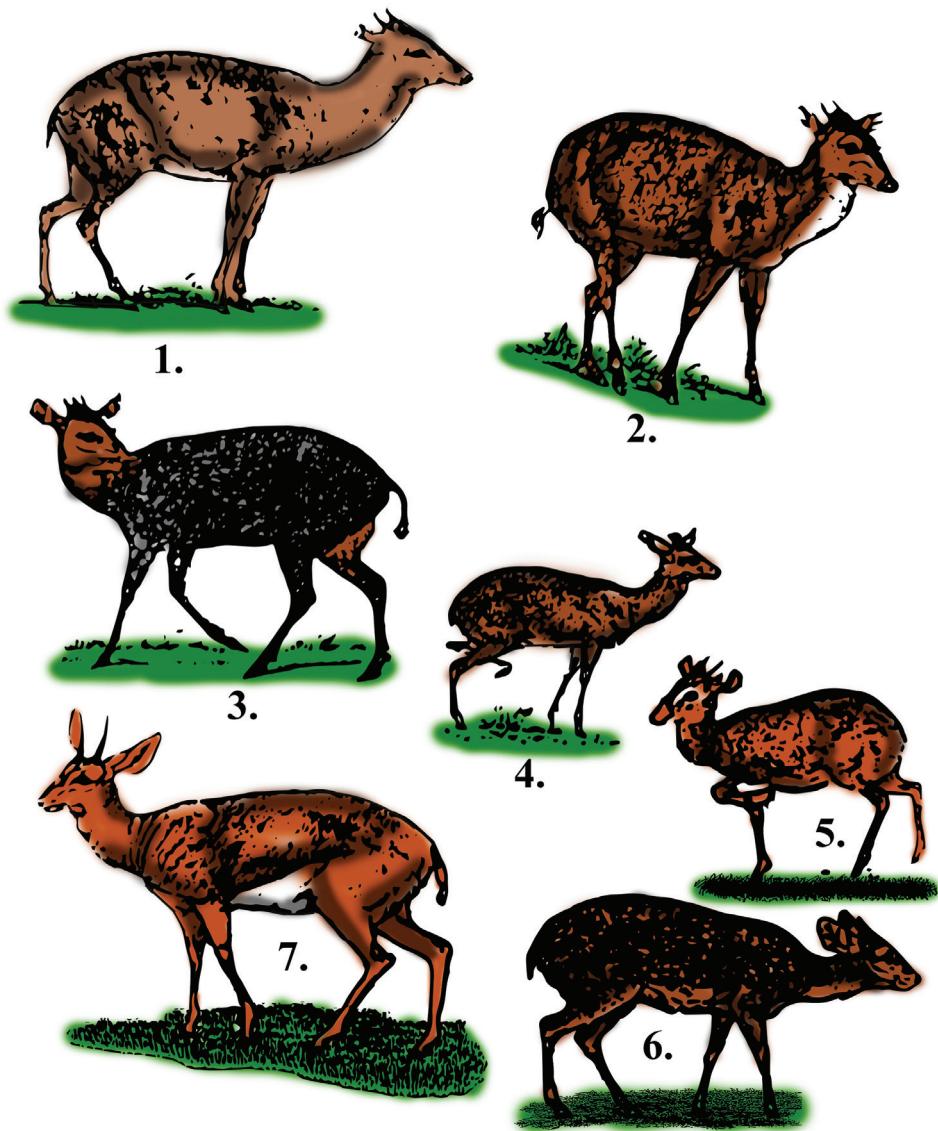
1. akori/tin /akarı/ giraffe
2. chemarmar/chemormor /tʃemarmar/ zebra
3. soo/soyen /sv:/ buffalo



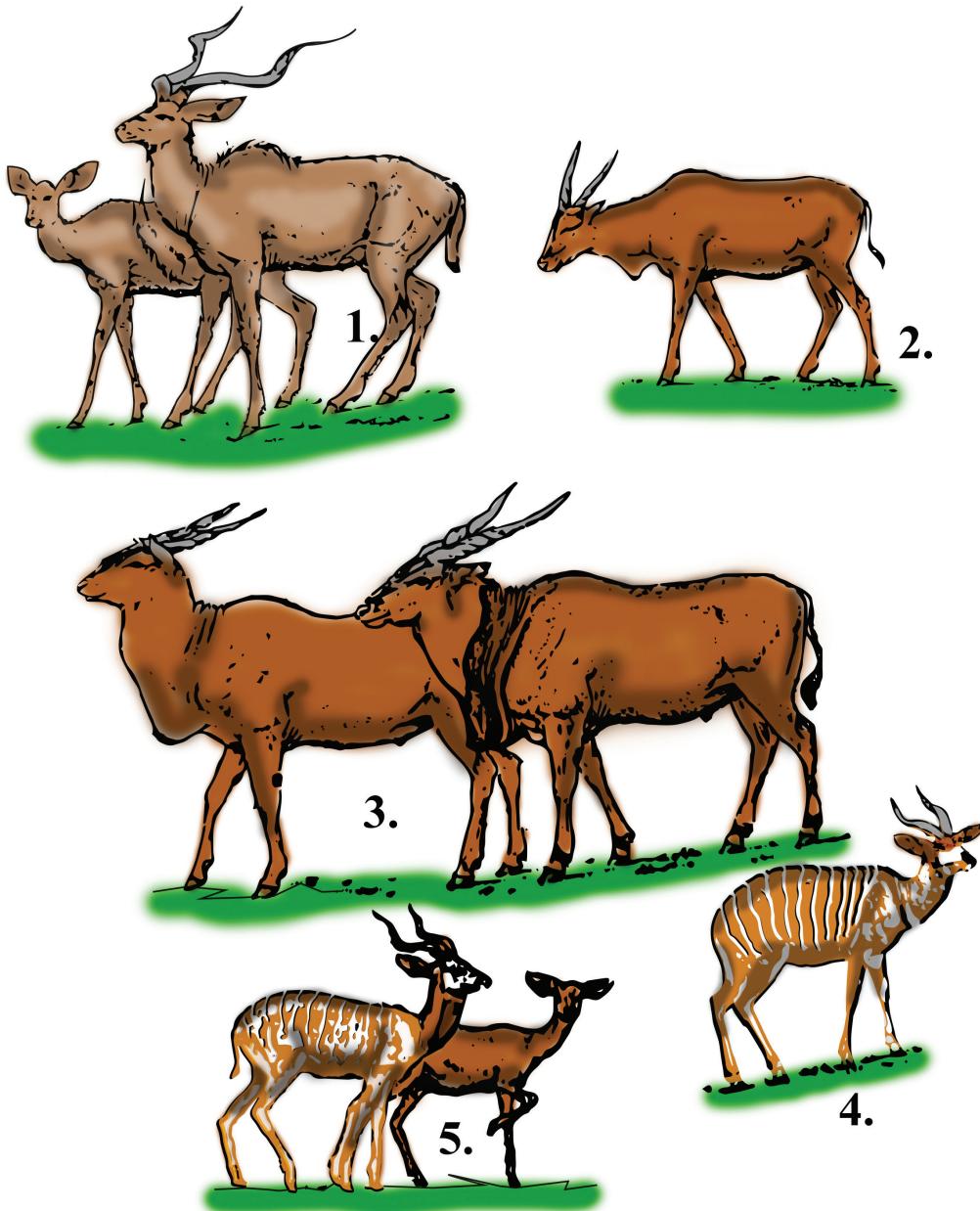
- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| 1. pkokoch/<tin/din /pkokotʃ/ | tortoise |
| 2. apeke/<tin /apeke/ | red river hog |
| 3. mulunchö/öy /muluntʃə/ | East African |
| warthog | |
| 4. lotura/en /lötura/ | Red river hog |



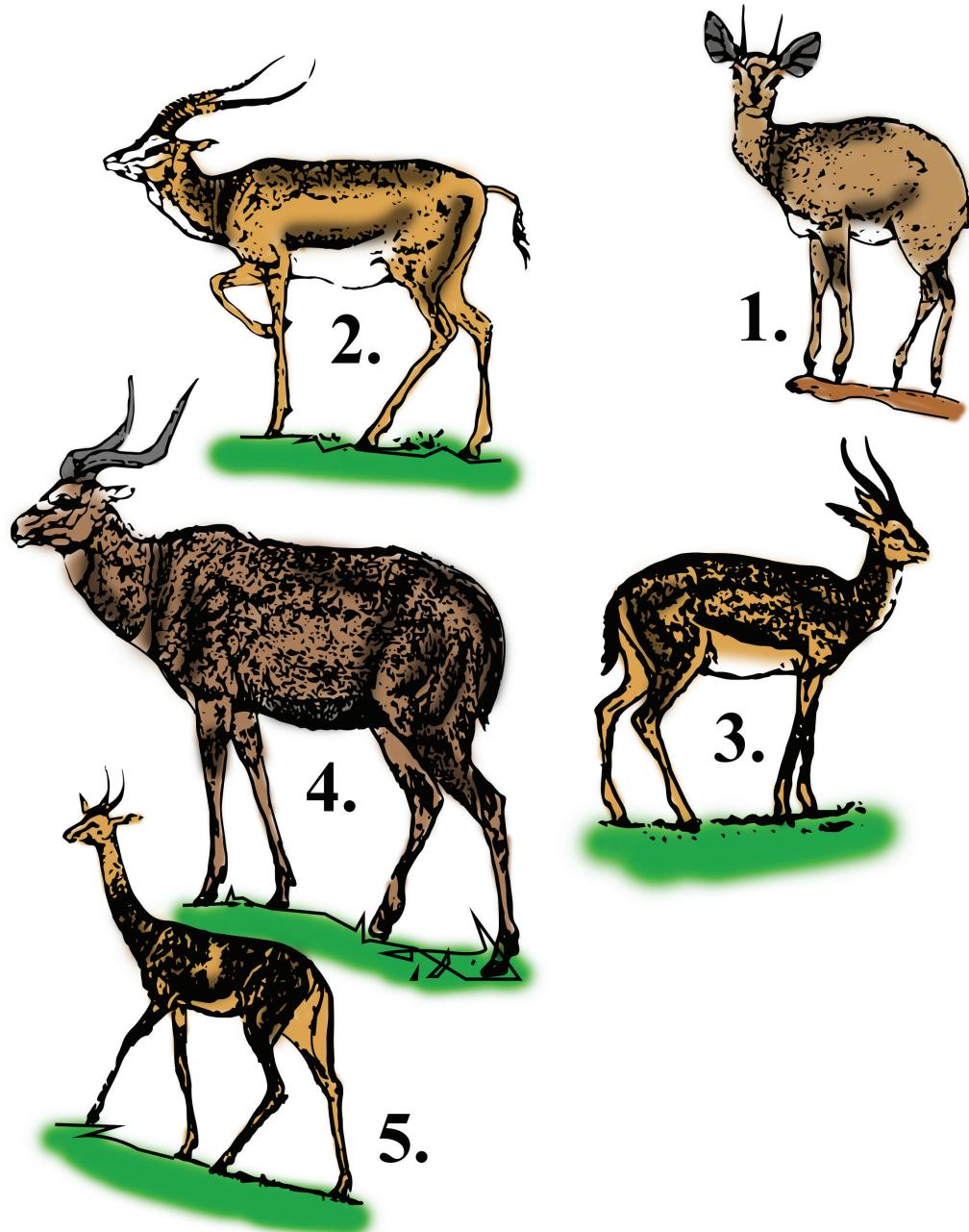
- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. cheptirkich /<tin /tʃeptirki:tʃ/ | duiker |
| 2. chelopot /<in /tʃelɔ:pɔ:t/ | blackfronted duiker |
| 3. artakadöw /<oy /artakadəw/ | black duiker |
| 4. siran/siron /siran/ | dikdik |
| 5. cheptiwon /<tin /tʃeptiwon/ | dikdik |
| 6. tolkö/en /tolkə/ | oribi |
| 7. pöghön/pöghin /pəχən/ | female oribi |
| merit /<tin /merit/ | male oribi |



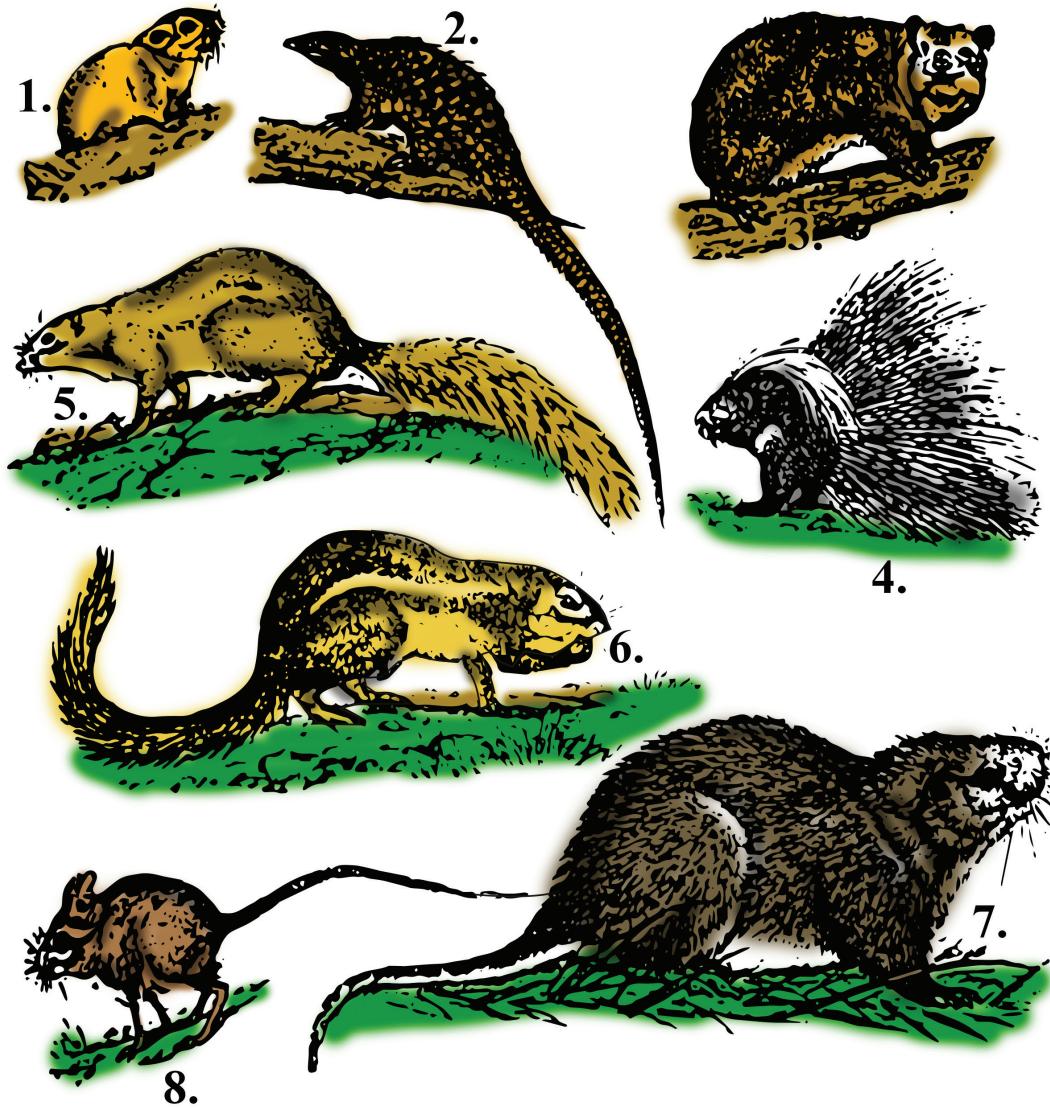
- | | |
|--|--------------|
| 1. sarömat/sarömitin /sarømat/ | greater kudu |
| 2. amisimis/<tin/chemngerat /amisimis/ | eland |
| 3. ptukö/ptuken /ptukə/ | eland |
| 4. chepongö/en /tʃepoŋə/ | bongo |
| 5. asarich/<tin /asaritsʃ/ | lesser kudu |



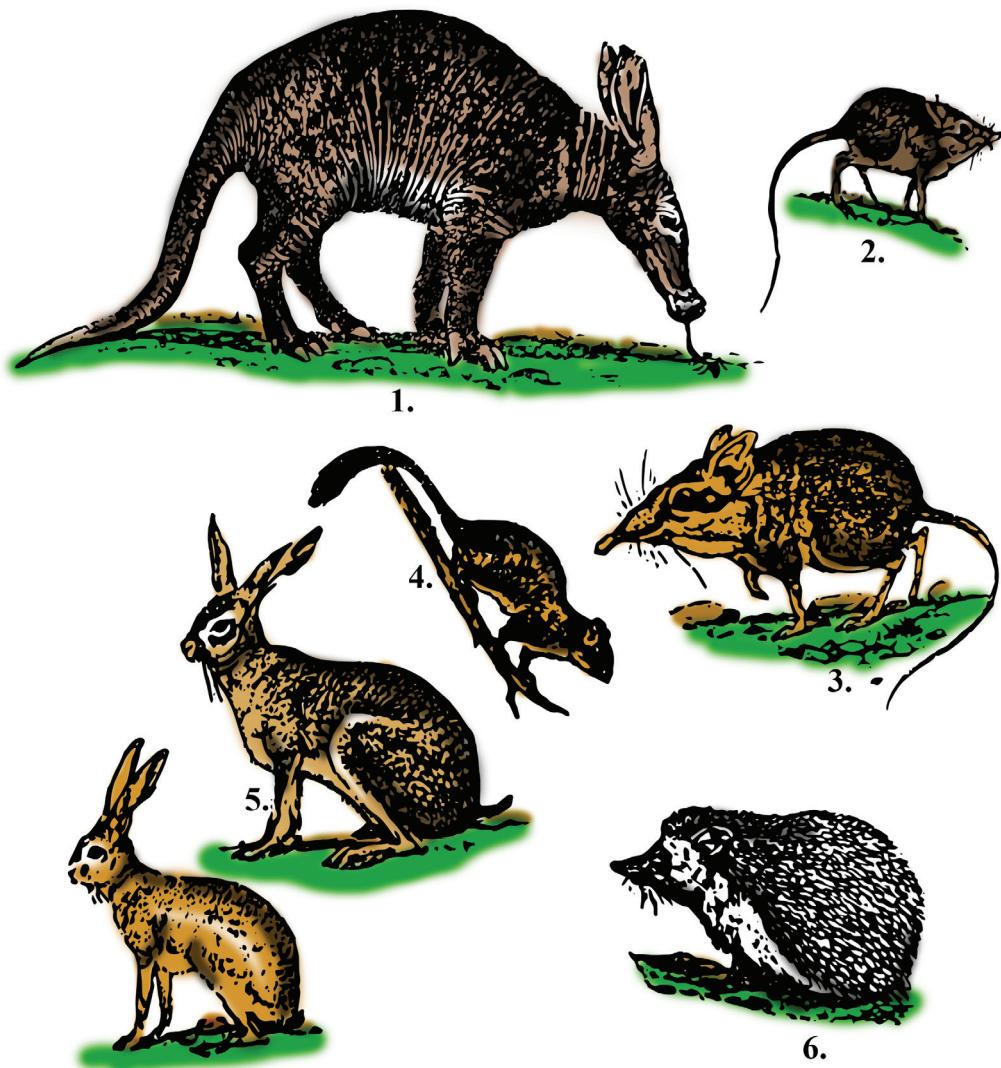
- | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. korinya/oy /kɔrɪnja/ | klippspringer |
| 2. chemil/<tin /tʃemil/ | grant's gazelle |
| 3. akwete/<tin /akwete/ | true gazelle |
| 4. chepnyokosö/<oy /tʃepnɔkɔsə/ | nyala |
| 5. adir/<tin /adir/ | dibatag |



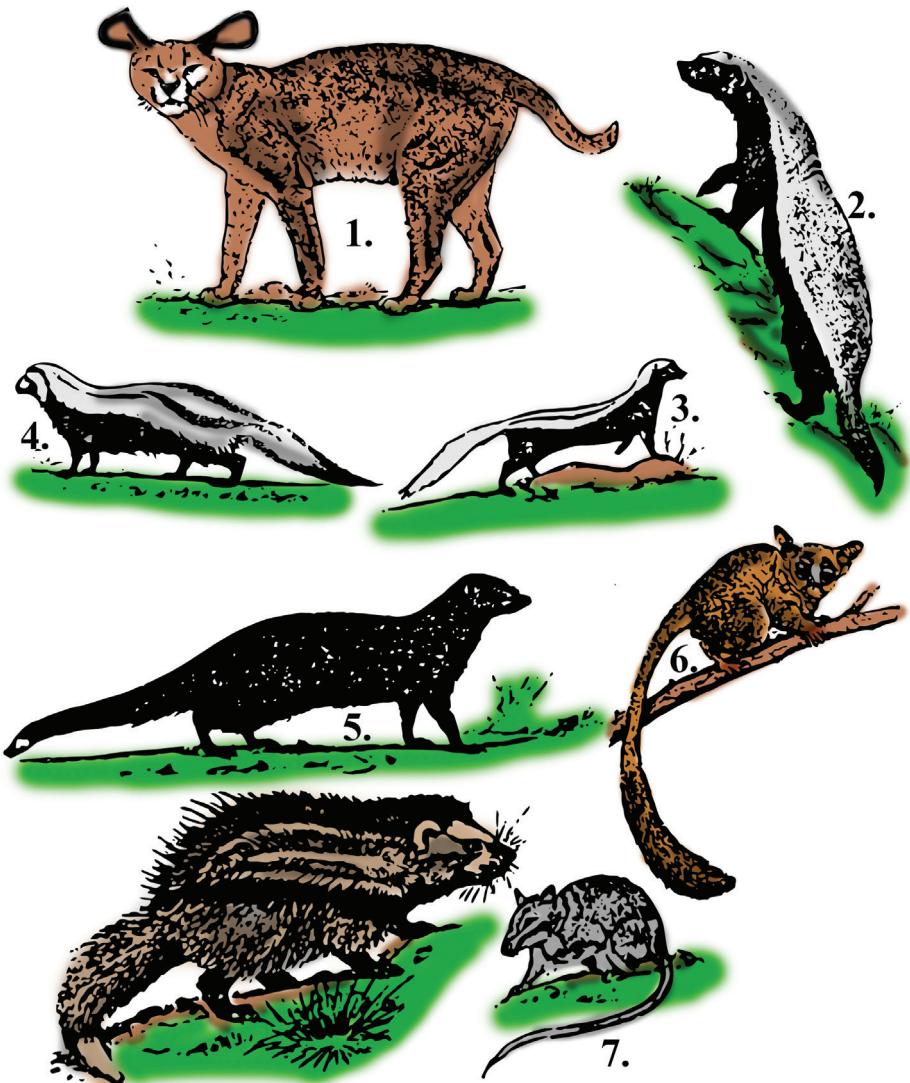
- | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| 1. nangole/<tin /nanjole/ | gundi |
| 2. amakimak/<tin /amakimak/ | pangolin |
| 3. kaner/<oy /kaner/ | rock hyrax |
| 4. chemasincha/en /tʃemasintʃa/ | porcupine |
| sapit/söpit /sapit/ | porcupine |
| chepötöyö /tʃepatōjə/ | porcupine |



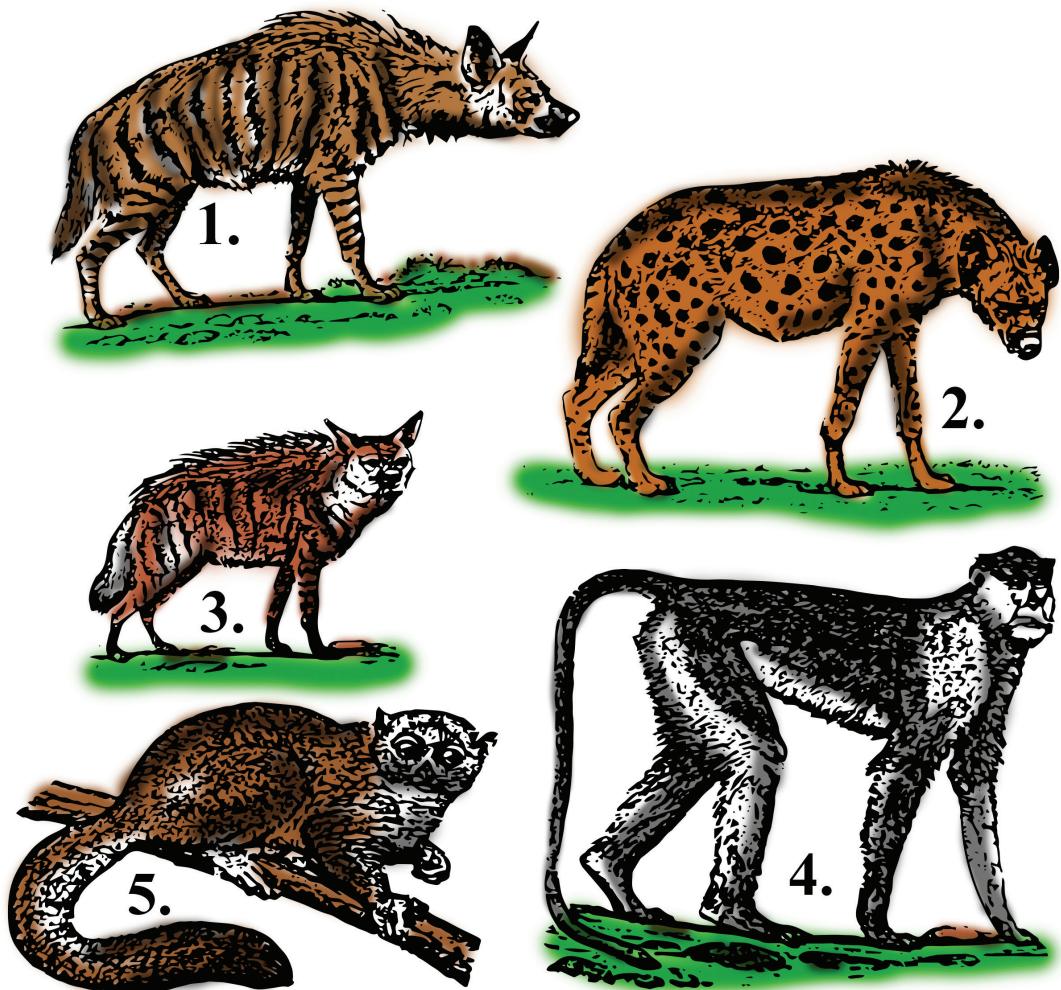
1. cheptogh/ cheptogh/ kutö/oy /tʃeptɔy/	aardvark
chepokutöy/<oy /tʃepokutəi/	aardvark
kalambas/<tin /kalambas/	aardvark
2. salulti/in /salultı/	elephant shrew
3. dongdong/<tin /doŋdɔŋ/	elephant shrew
4. kinkına/en /kinkına/	scaly tales squirrel (climbing)
5. plekwa/oy /plekwa/	hare; rabbit
6. purpurmare/<tin /purpurmare/	hedgehog



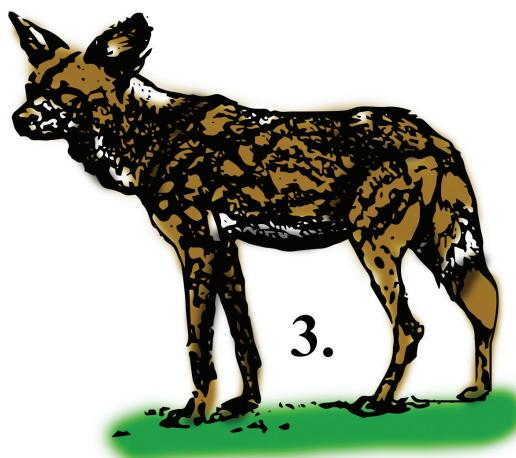
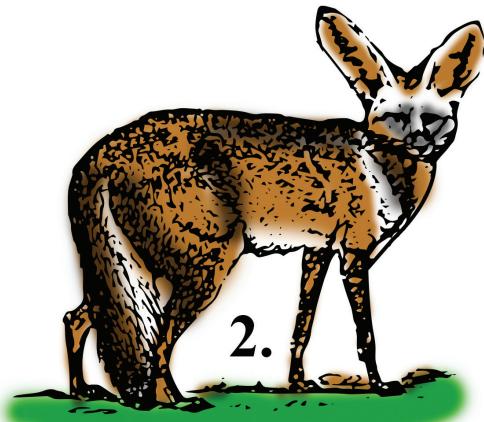
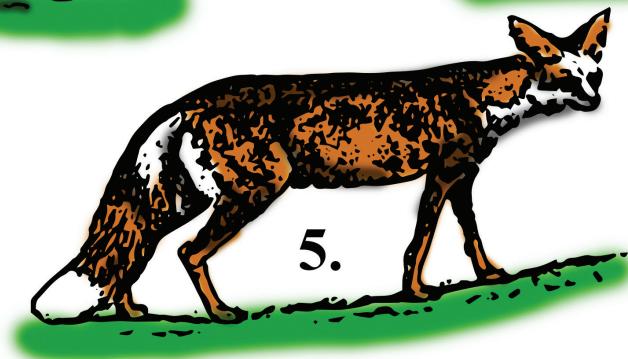
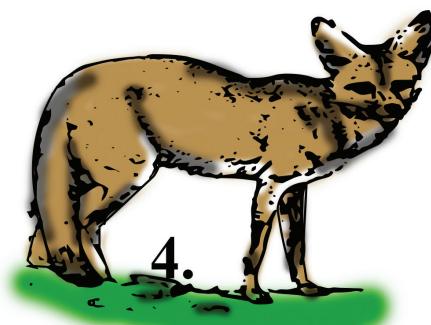
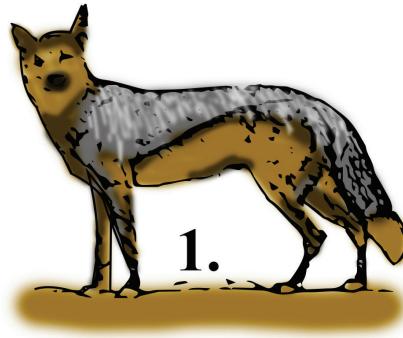
1. lomeresyö/ <tin /lomeresjo:/ caracal
2. kwoghyo/oy /kwoxyo/ honey badger
3. kwilista/en /kwilista white-nape weasel
4. ngokoy/ <oy /ŋokoi/ striped polecat
5. siyoch/oy /sijotʃ/ mongoose
6. merencha/oy /merentʃa/ bushbaby/lemur/galago
7. chilta/en/ rat
pkarotket/ <in/ rat
miryan/niir/ rat
chemöna/en/ rat
kikis/ <tin/ rat



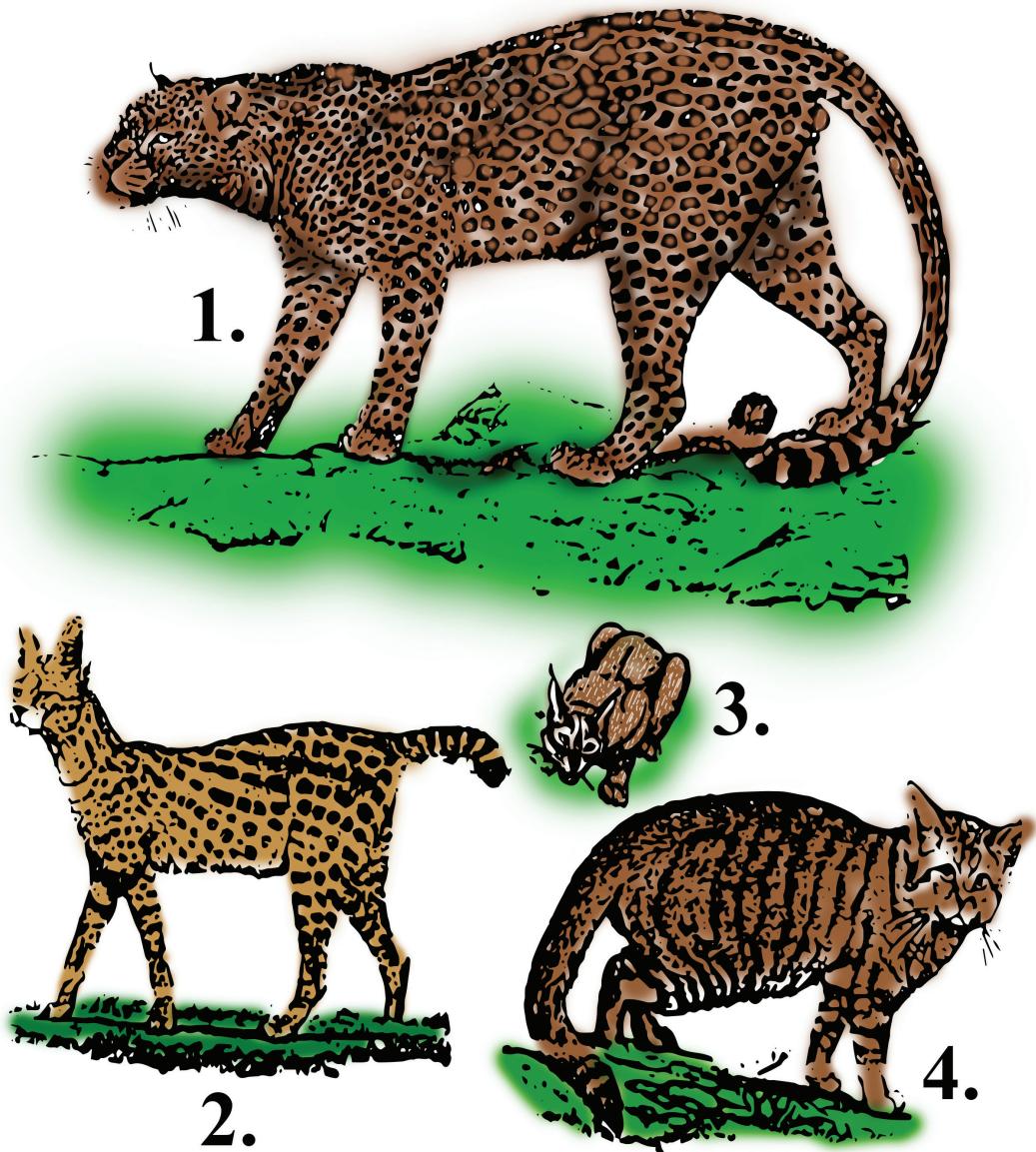
1. kawagh/kowogh /kaway/ hyena
2. chiduk/<tin /tʃiduk/ spotted hyena
3. lopedese/<tin /løpedese/ aardwolf
4. chepomoy /tʃepomɔɪ/ patas monkey
- pomwoy/<tin /pomwoi/ patas monkey



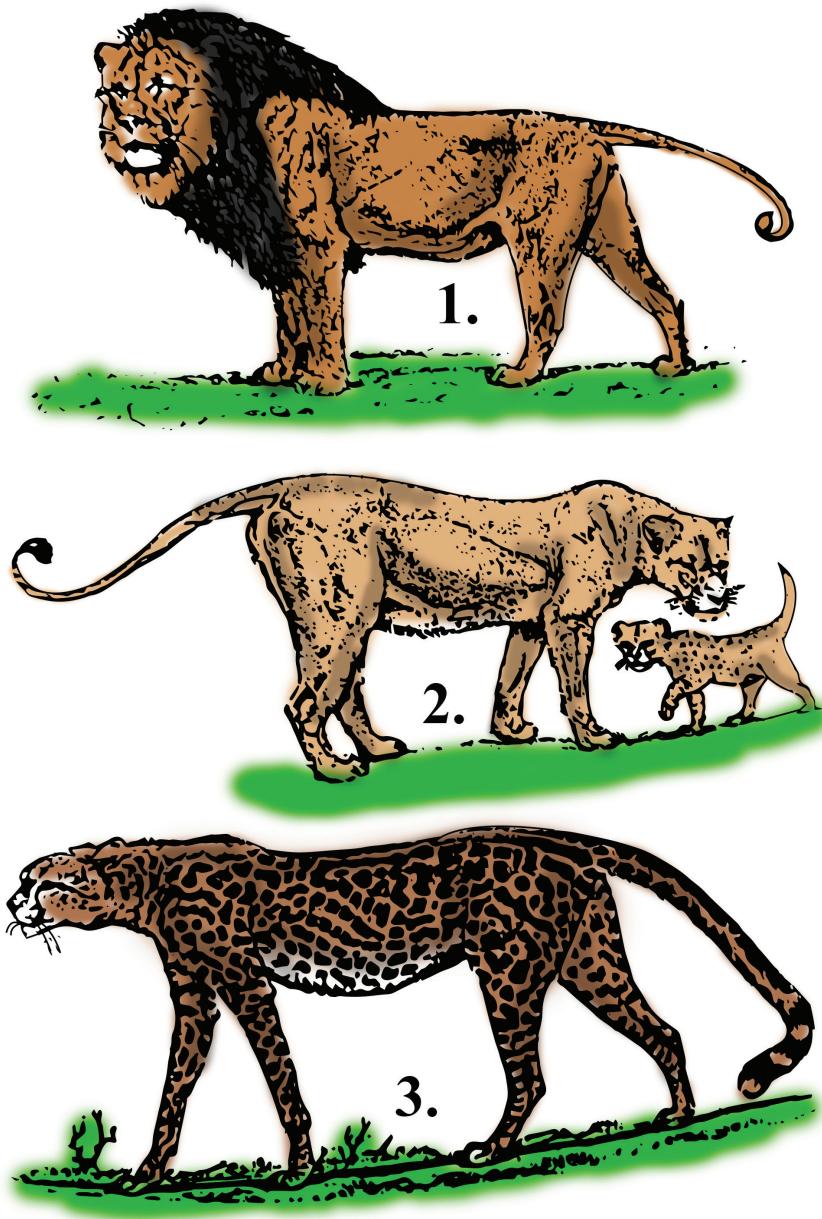
- | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| 1. chepkonö/öw /tʃepkənə/ | jackal/fox |
| 2. suyon/suyi /sujən/ | hunting dog |
| 3. amekur/<tin /amekur/ | battered fox |
| 4. lokwamuroi/oy /lokwamurəi/ | pale fox |
| 5. sikimchi / sİMINTʃI/ | red fox |



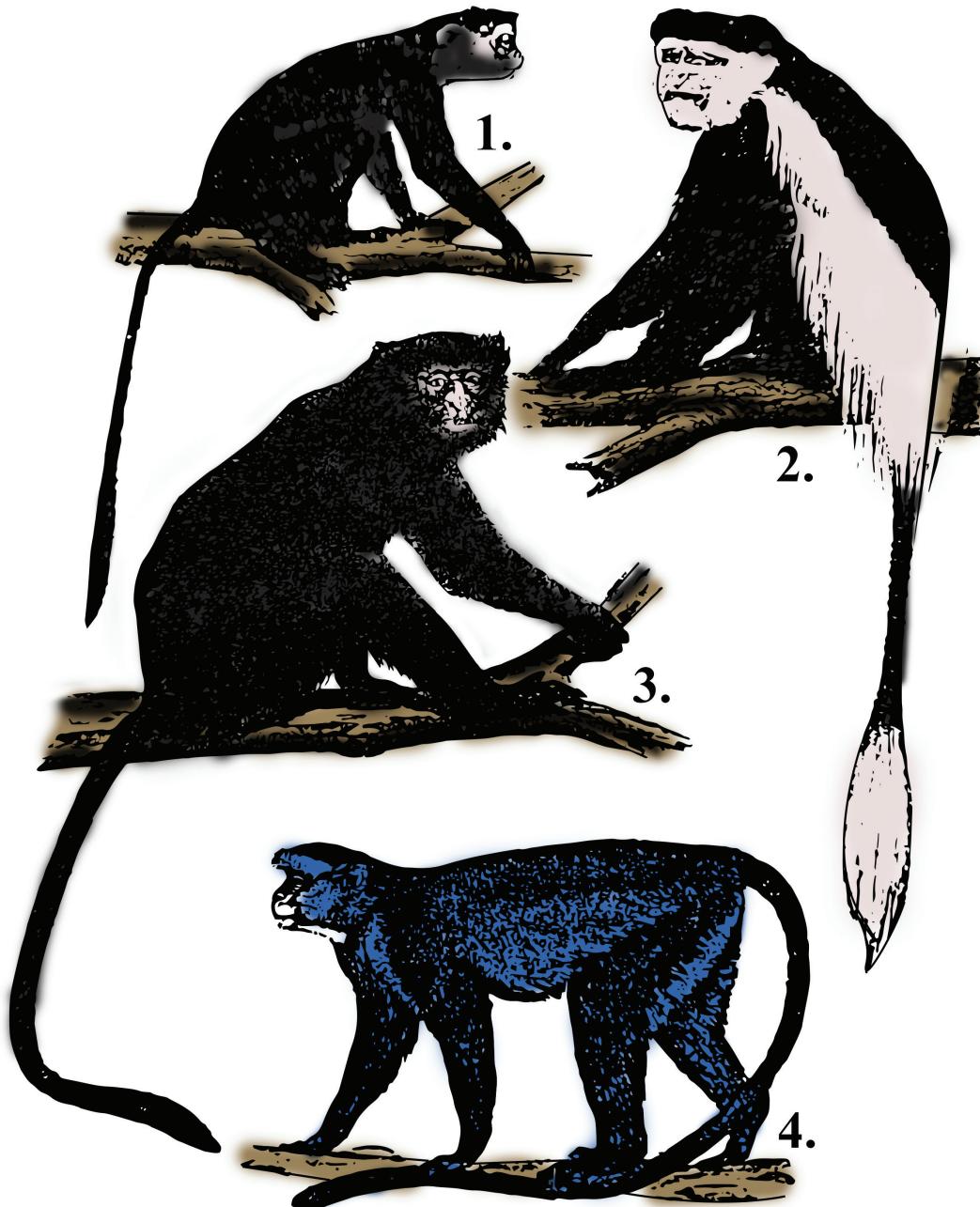
- | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| 1. möril /<tin/moriil /məri:l/ | leopard |
| 2. momoril /<tin /momoril/ | serval |
| 3. nameresyö /<tin /nameresjo:/ | lynx |
| 4. chepsi /<chepsin /tʃepsi/ | cat |
| Kiti /kiti:/ | cat |



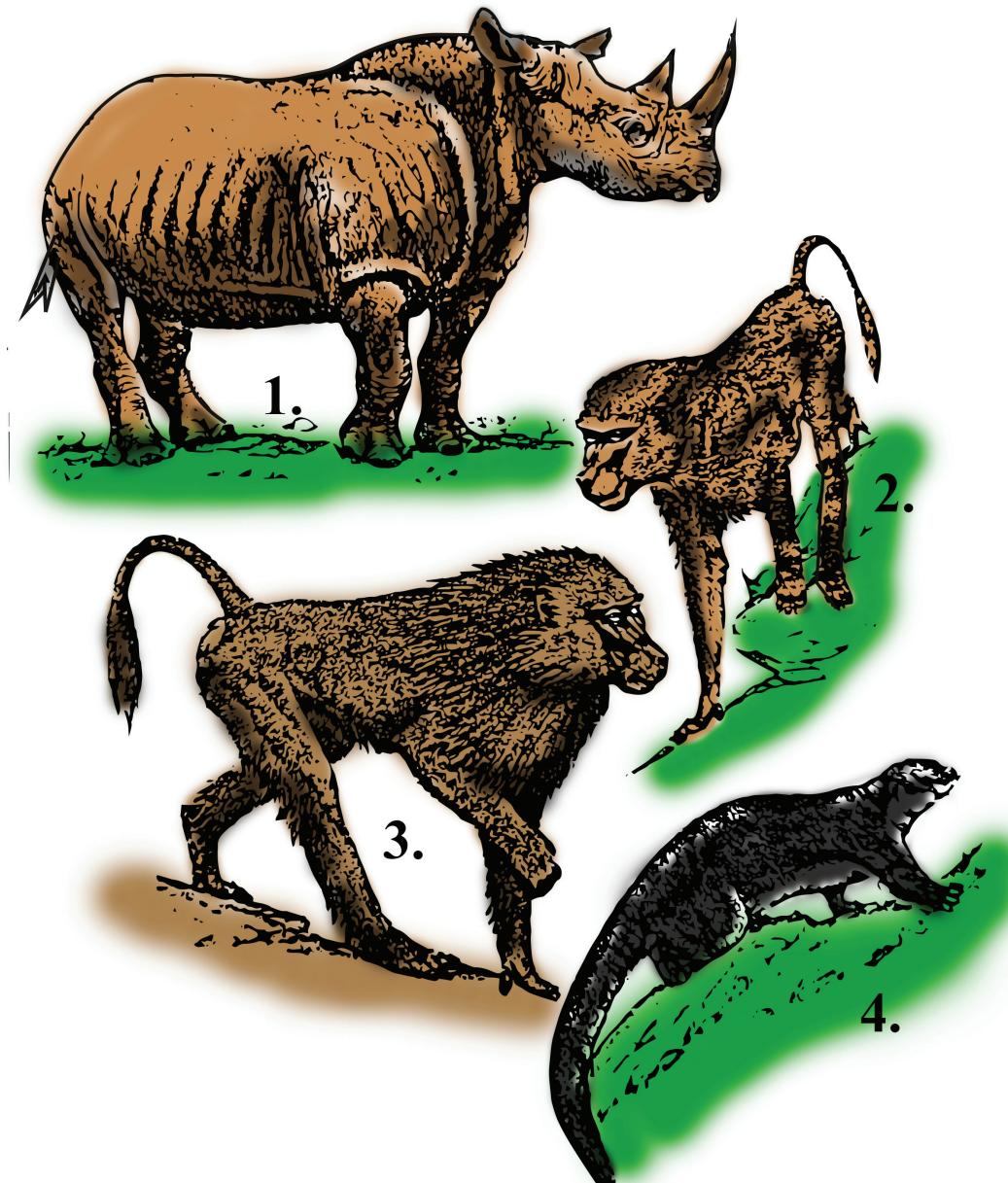
1. ngötiny/ngötuny /ŋotinj/ lion
2. chepusyel/<tin /tʃepusjel/ lioness
3. arara/<tin /arara:/ cheetah



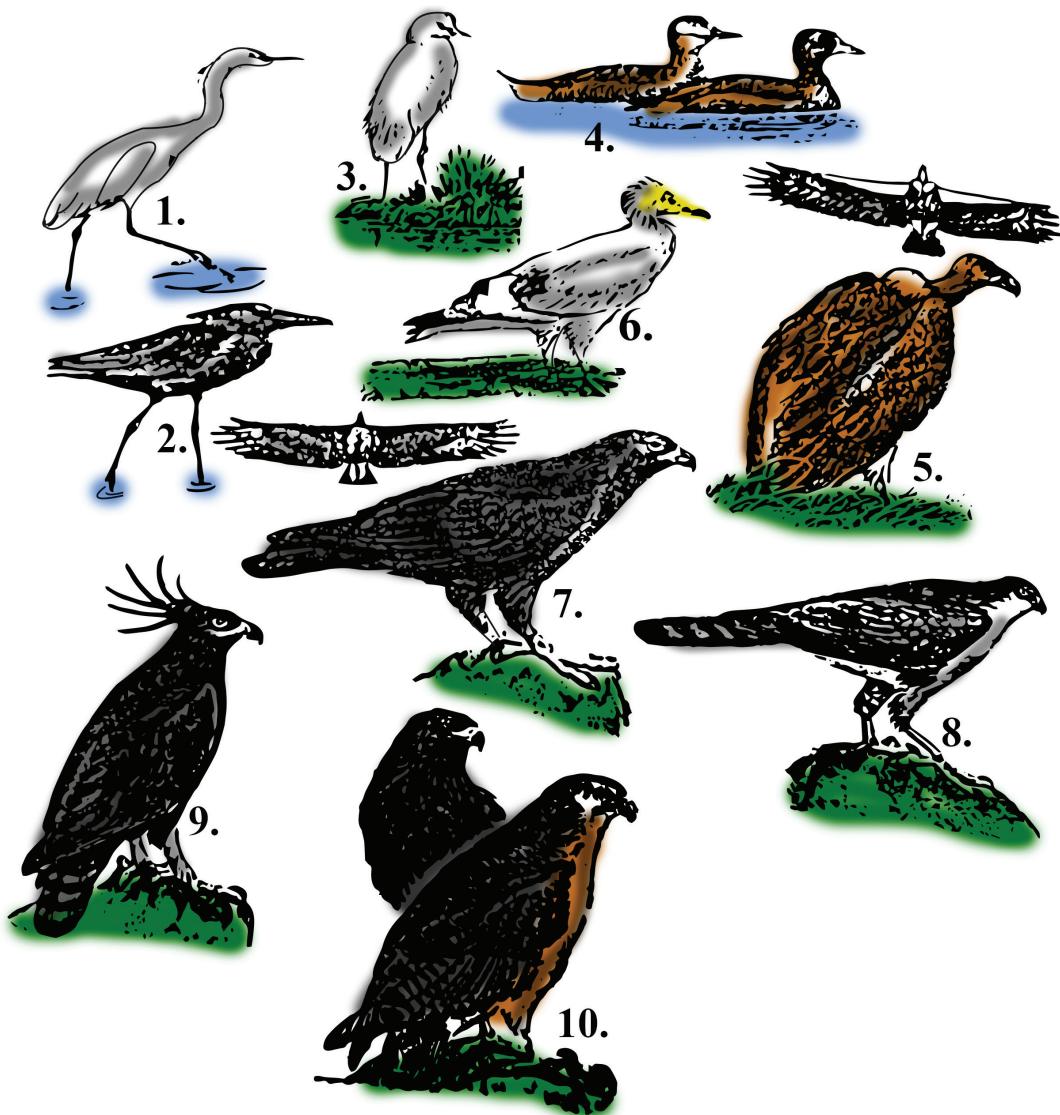
- | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. setyö/en /setjə/ | colobus |
| 2. monges/<cay /mø̄ges/ | quereza colobus |
| 3. ptiyöchon/en /ptijötʃøn/ | black colobus |
| 4. warany/<oy/woroony /waran/ | blue monkey |



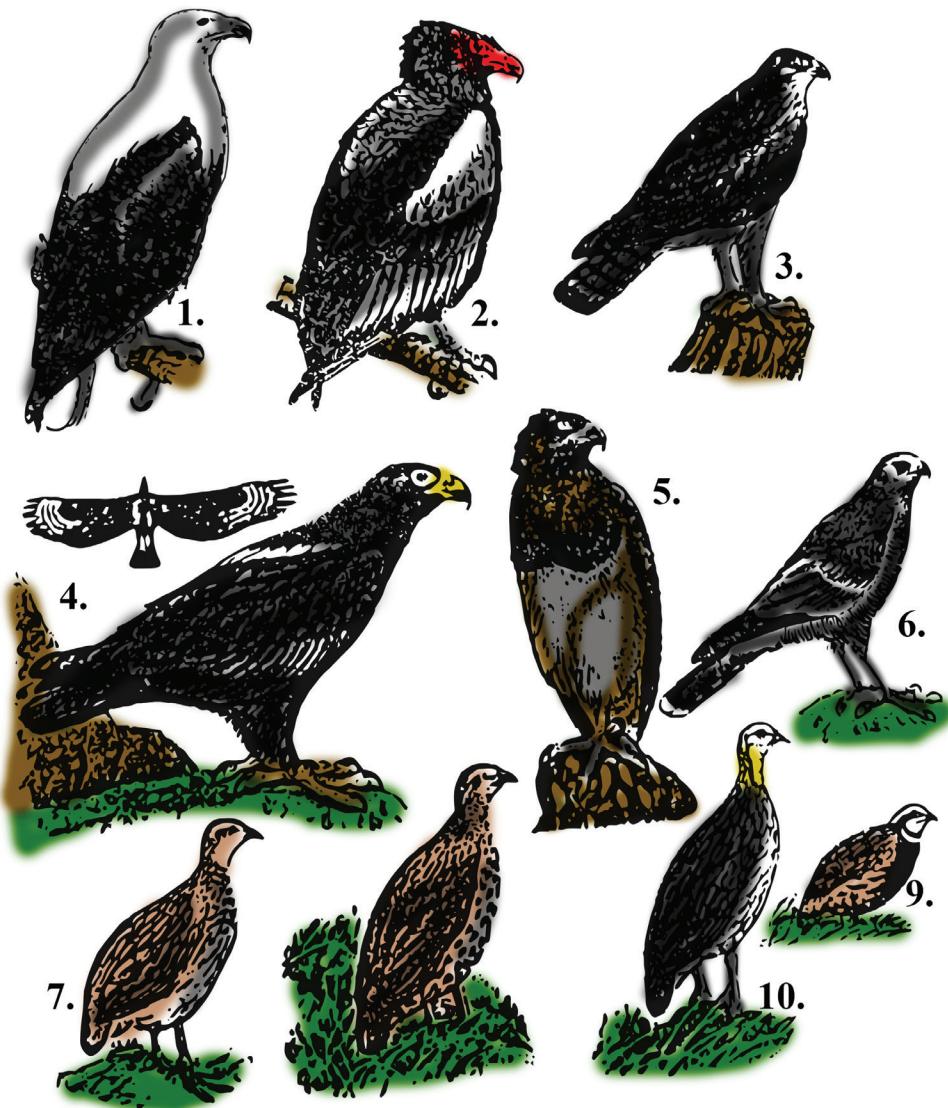
- | | |
|---|--------------|
| 1. kipaw/<tin/kipawen /kɪpaw/ | rhinoceros |
| 2. mayos/<oy /majøs/ | olive baboon |
| 3. chapayay/<tin/ /tʃepajai/
chepochekirkko/on /tʃepotʃekirkə/ | olive baboon |
| cheayit/<tin /tʃejajɪt/ | olive baboon |
| 4. pongumwö /poŋumwə/ | mole |



1.	tepam-gh /tepam-χ/	egret
2.	wutpögh/<en,<on /wutpəχ/	hamerkop
3.	apong/<tin /apon/	little egret
4.	pata/en /pata/	duck(KIS)
5.	chesampi/<nøy /tʃesampi/	vulture
6.	karoloch/<ay /karoløtʃ/	Egyptian vulture
7.	sirörö/en/ /sirərə/	kite
8.	moril pō törit /moril pə tərit/	sparrow-hawk
9.	pewpew/<tin /pewpew/	sparrow-hawk
10.	sich/<tin /si:/	African fish eagle



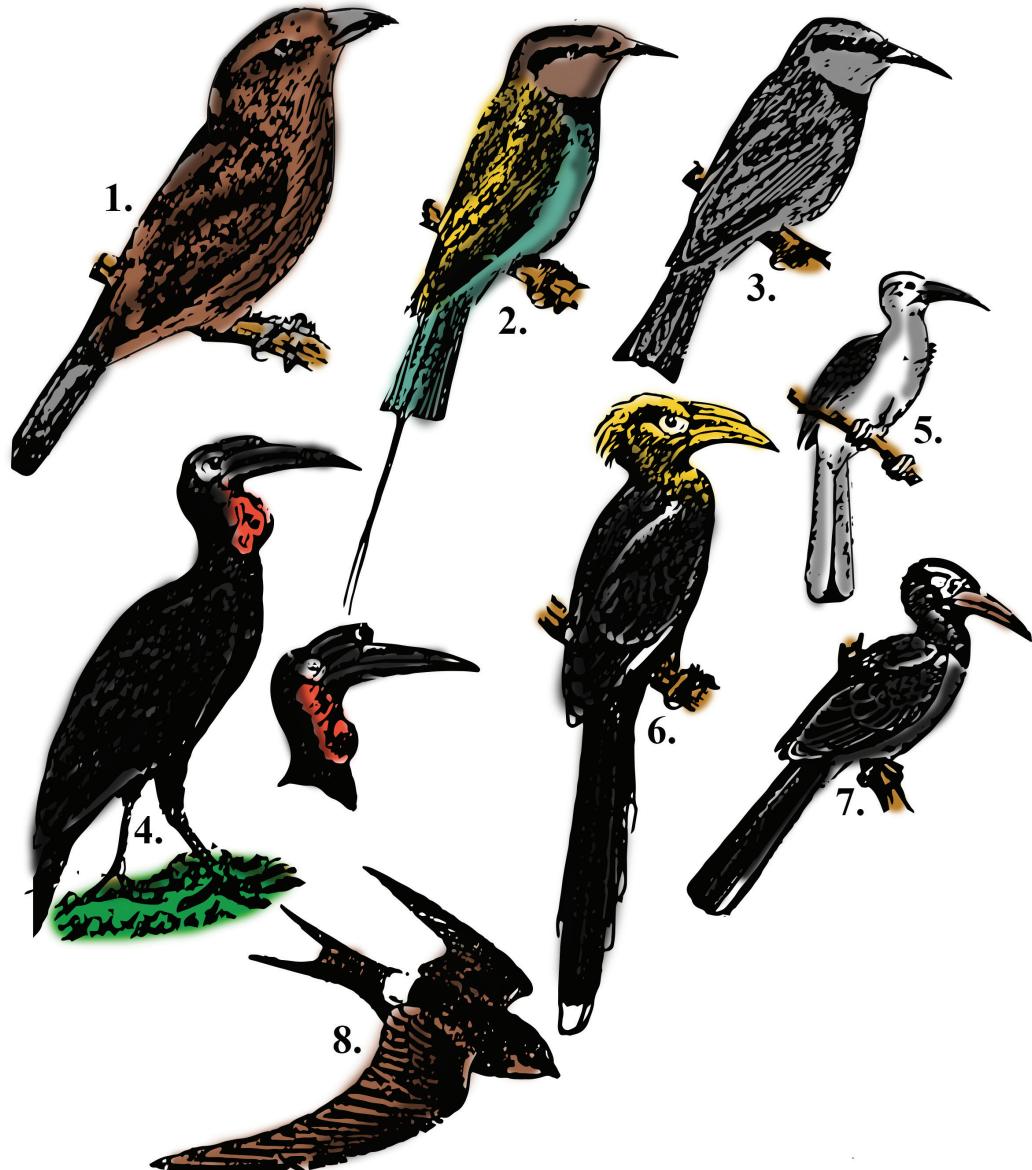
- | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. | sich/<tin /si:tʃ/ | angur buzzard |
| 2. | rundi/un /rundi/ | bateleur |
| 3. | matony /matɔ:nj/ | hawk eagle |
| 4. | akole/<tin /akole/ | eagle |
| 5. | chepankaw /tʃepankaw/ | harrier eagle |
| 6. | kamchereres/oy /kamtʃereres/ | goshawk |
| 7. | cherinkis/<oy /tʃerinkis/ | quail |
| | chepilkered/<in /tʃepilkeret/ | francolin |
| 8. | chwikik /tʃwikik/ | |
| 9. | aluri/<tin /aluri/ | harlequin quail |
| 10. | atökörö/<tin /atəkərə/ | yellow necked spurfowl |



- | | | |
|----|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. | chiwikkik/kai /tʃɪwɪkɪ/ | red necked spurfowl |
| 2. | chewiryak/kö/ken /tʃɛwɪrrjɑk/ | button quail |
| 3. | mankarach/<ay/>oy /mankaratʃ/ | Guinea fowl |
| 4. | kongoy/<tin /kaŋoi/ | Uganda crane |
| 5. | kongöl/<tin /koŋɔl/ | flamingo |
| 6. | kachillkoköch/<tin /katʃɪlkokətʃ/ | marabou stork |
| 7. | wutpögh/en /wutpəy/ | hamerkop |



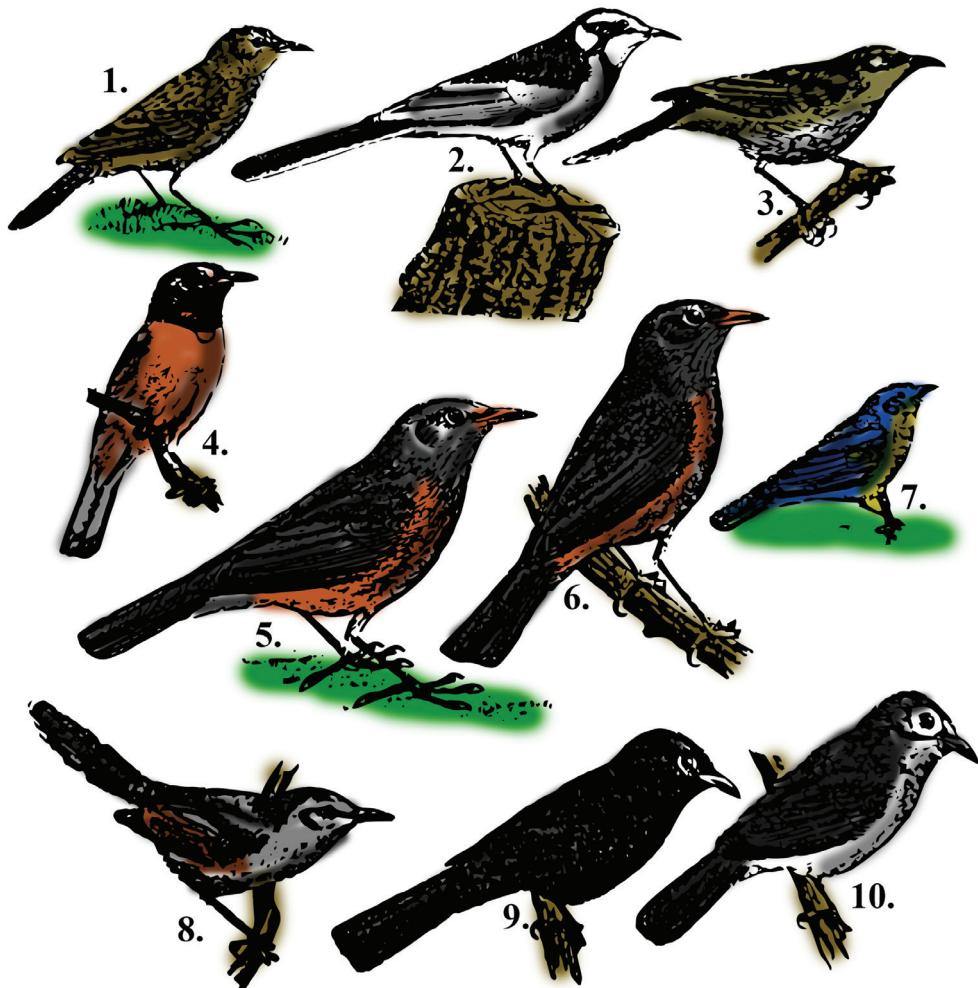
1. kirjulu/<tin /kırjulu/ crown roller
2. chepkachey/<oy /tʃepkatʃei/ bee eater
3. chepilat/<tin /tʃepilat/ cinnamon chested
4. wutiti/in/tun /wutiti/ ground hornbill
5. kopkop/kopkopay /køpkøp/ hornbill
6. pangang/<ay pananj/ white chested hornbill
7. piltopilto/<neu /piltöpöilə/ hemprich's hornbill
8. wisyan/wüstin /wisja:n/ swift/swallow



- | | | |
|----|---|------------------|
| 1. | sityen /sitjen/ | mousebird |
| 2. | sukukut/<ay /sukukut/ | speckled pigeon |
| 3. | kechiryokimolok /ketʃirjøkimolok/ | sandgrouse |
| | Kechiryokimoloktin /ketʃirjøkimoloktin/ | |
| 4. | kayunti/un /kajuntı/ | namaqua dove |
| | chepirin/<tin /tʃepirim/ | dove |
| 6. | achilkwete/<tin /atʃilkwete/ | two banded cours |
| 7. | chiwiw/<tin /tʃiwiw/ | turaco |
| 8. | mpaw/<tin /mpaw/ | goaway bird |
| 9. | lokwölöng/<tin /lokwaləŋ/ | parrot |



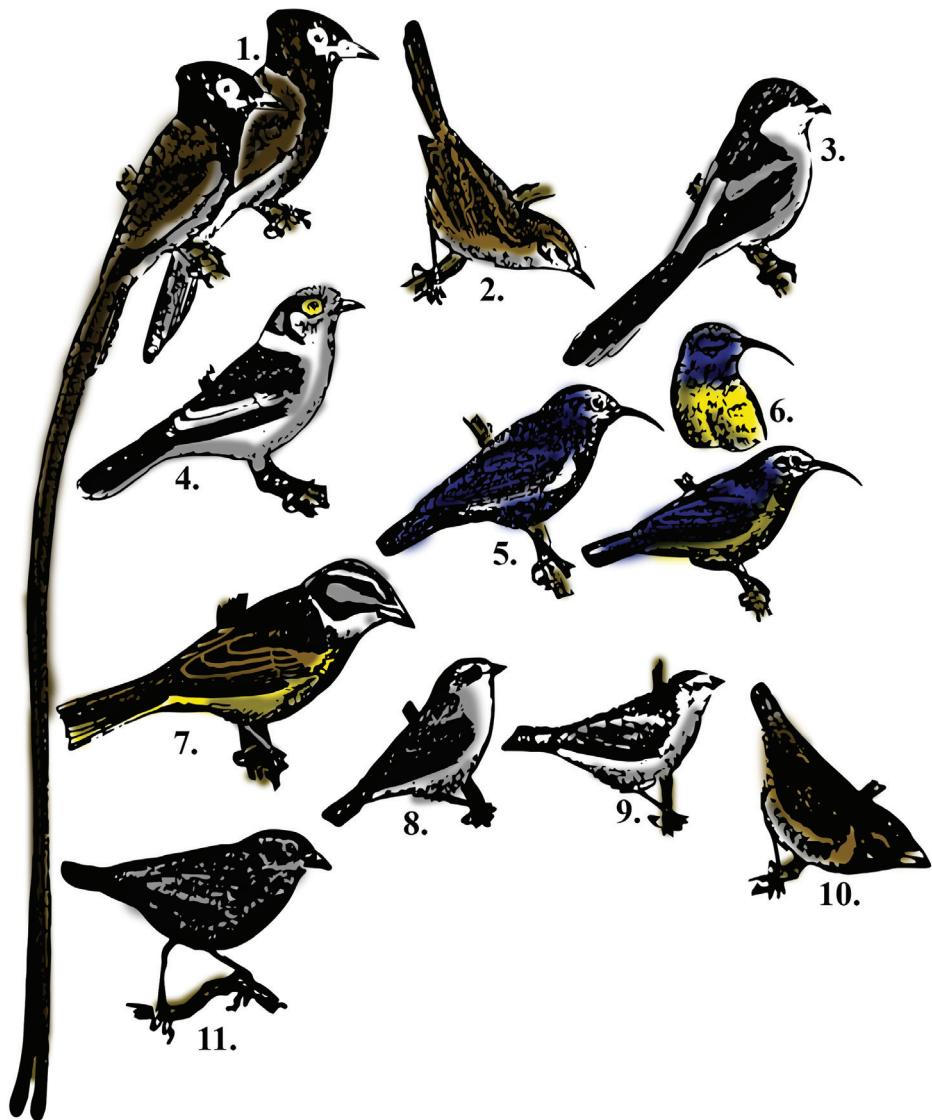
1.	pepekon/<tin /pepekon/	flapper lark
2.	mcharut/<ay /mtʃarut/	pied wagtail
3.	nchiryon/chiren /ntʃirjən/	nicator bird
4.	alipa/<tin /alipa/	robin
	chepnyaril/<tin /tʃepnari:/	robin
5.	chepkiliny/<oy /tʃepkilinj/	african thrush
6.	chesikö/ën /tʃesikə/	olive thrush
7.	sawach/<tin /sawatʃ/	yellow flycatcher
8.	chempawa/<oy /tʃempawa/	redwing warbler
9.	kudkudwas/<tin /kudkudwas/	black flycatcher
10.	terwakong/<tin /terwakonj/	white eyed flycatcher



- | | | |
|-----|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. | loyete/<tin /lojete/ | diamond barbet |
| 2. | pilti/<in /pıltı/ | nightjar |
| 3. | kapiyok/<tin /kapijok/ | scops owl |
| 4. | pyukik/<oy /pjukık/ | eagle owl |
| 5. | kamsitityon/kamsitit /kamsisitjən/ | brown breasted barbet |
| 6. | kapikong/<tin /kapikogn/ | black backed |
| 8. | kipeny/<oy /kırpeñ/ | black coloured barbet |
| 9. | sikitkit/<in /sıkıtkıt/ | double toothed barbet |
| 10. | tyeltyel/<tin/oy /tjeltjel/ | woodpecker |
| | teltel/<tin/oy /teltel/ | woodpecker |
| 11. | mikitkit/<in/ | yellow barbet |
| 12. | plachket/<in /platʃket/ | golden tailed woodpecker |



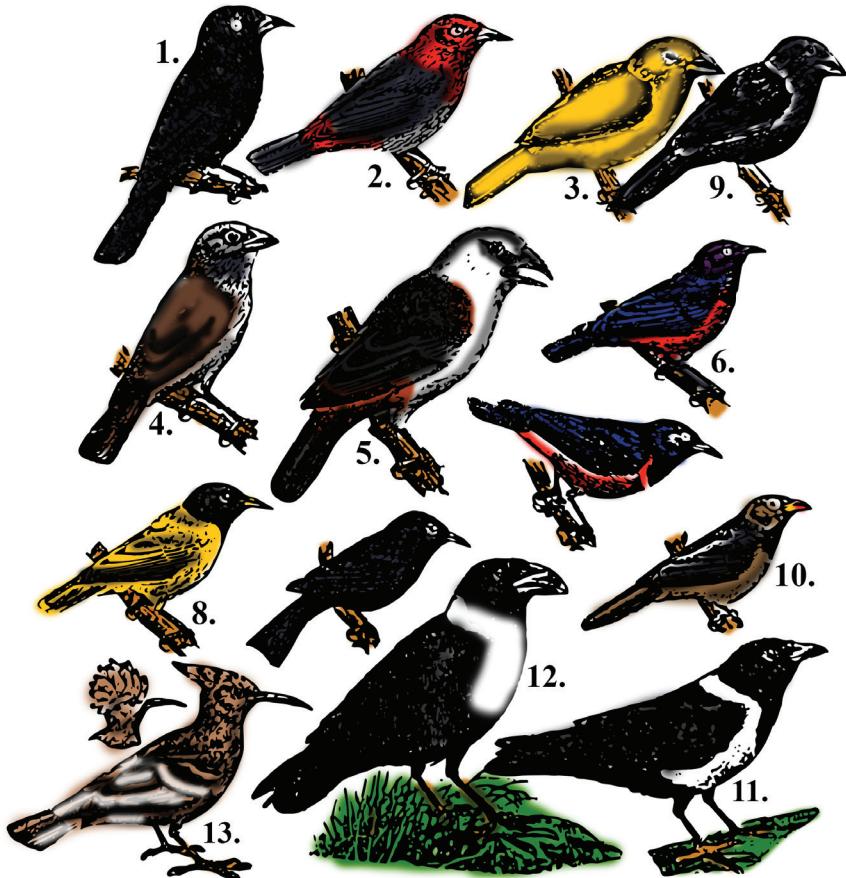
1.	chwachwa/<tin /tʃwətʃwa/	flycatcher
2.	cheptiti/in /tʃeptiti:/	tawny flanked prinia waxbill
3.	chepochemösöy/<tin /tʃeptʃeməsəi/	fiscal shrike
4.	chemeri/<tin /tʃemerı/	helmet shrike
5.	kasökök/<tin /kaʃədək/	blue headed sunbird
6.	kachichin/tin /katʃitʃın/	sunbird
7.	chorwakong/<in /tʃörwakɔ/	golden breasted bunting
8.	sityich/<in /sijtɪtʃ/	pendulin tit
9.	tuntules/<oy /tuntules/	African pendulin tit
10.	chepkasar/<tin /tʃepkasar/	bronze maninikin
11.	tules/<ay /tʃules/	waxbill



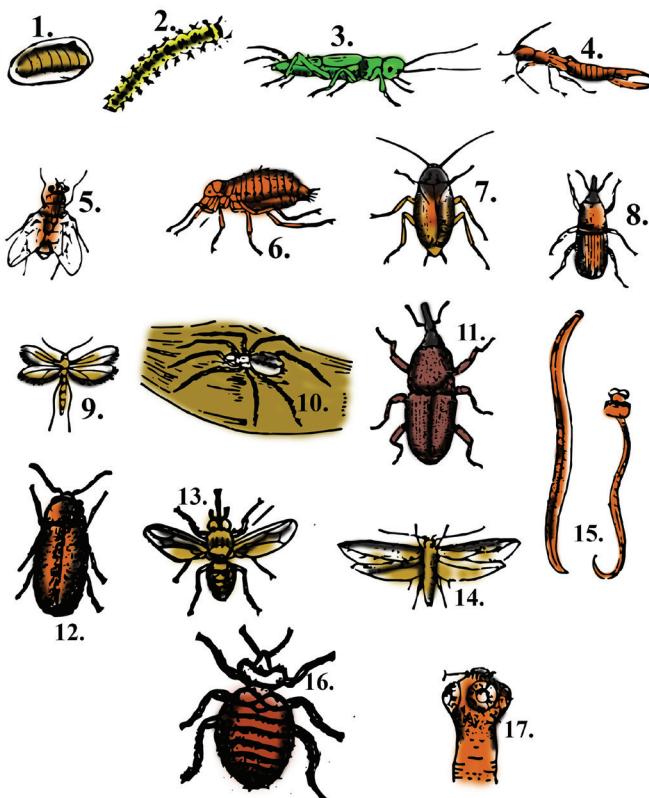
African BIRDS

TORITWO KJORO PICH CHUO TUWOCH

- | | | |
|-----|--|-------------------------|
| 1. | kormich/<ay /kormitʃ/ | black weaver |
| 2. | merewö/<tin /merewə/ | redheaded bluebill |
| 3. | chepayiya/en /tʃepajija/ | goldenweaver |
| 4. | chemiryen/<tin /tʃemirjen/ | grey headed sparrow |
| 5. | chesiryöl/<tin /tʃesirjol/ | whiteheaded weaver |
| 6. | chelökötövö /tʃeləkətwə/ | hilderbrandt's starling |
| | taykong/tin /taikŋɔŋ/ | hilderbrandt's starling |
| 7. | kümuch/kümuchtin /kımum:tʃ/ | superb starling |
| 8. | kanyırpıt/<ay /kańırpıt/ | blackheaded oriole |
| 9. | kormich/<oy /kormıtʃ/ | square tailed drongo |
| 10. | chüriryan/<tin /tʃırıjan/ | billed oxpecker |
| 11. | kukay/<oy /kukai/ | raven |
| 12. | cherelkat/<in /tʃerelkat/ | pied crow |
| | talay/tölöyin /talai/ | pied crow |
| 13. | chepösöküp/<tin//tsepəsəkıp/African hoopoe | |

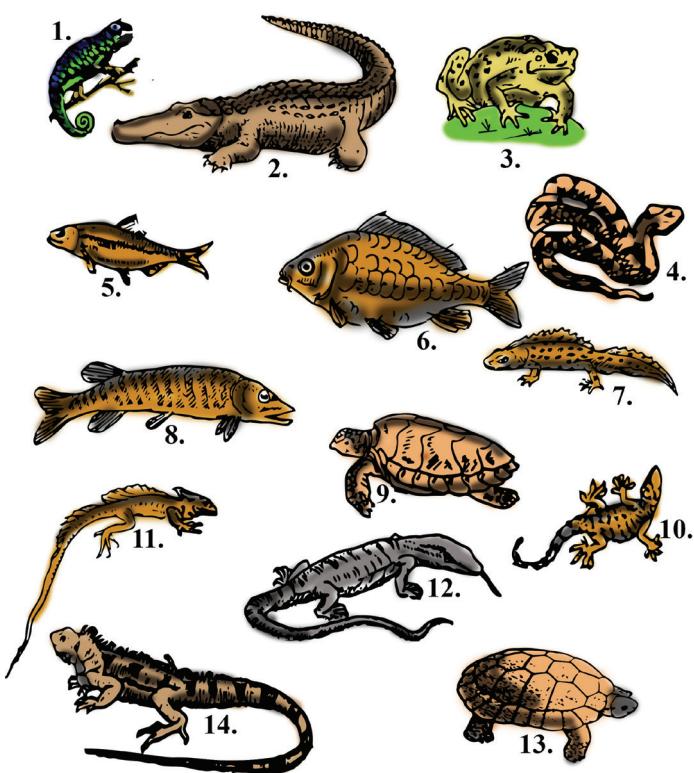


- | | | |
|-----|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. | nkiryon/nkur /nkirjøn/ | earthworm |
| 2. | milmilya/<tin /milmilja/ | caterpillar |
| 3. | tarkak/<ay /tarkak/ | cricket |
| 4. | sokötyö/en /sokətjø/ | earwig |
| 5. | kalalyan/kolyong /kalaljan/ | flea |
| 6. | kimityan/kömöt /kımıtjan/ | flea |
| 7. | sölöpchon/solöp /sələptʃøn/ | cockroach |
| 8. | mengwa/oy /məŋwa/ | glow worm |
| 9. | rimpoyon/rimpö /rımpəjøn/ | mosquito |
| 10. | tamamporö/en /tamamporø/ | spider |
| | Kapamporo/en /kapamporø/ | |
| 11. | susayan/susa /susajan/ | maize billbag weavel |
| 12. | metrang/<tin /metranj/ | tobacco beetle |
| 13. | sosoghyon/taperwak /səsəgjø:n/ | tsetse fly |
| 14. | chepkotö/<tin /tʃepkotə/ | agomois moth |
| 15. | longom/<tin /løŋøm/ | tape worm |
| | kapilili/<tin /kapilili/ | tape worm |
| 16. | sinkorio/sinkoor /sinkorio/ | tick |
| 17. | losaka sarur /losaka/ | parasite |



Ponkos cho mongoy pogh nko cho mongoy wolo tiyame

- | | | |
|-----|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. | nyirit/<tin /nirɪ:t/ | chameleon |
| 2. | kikigh/kukugh /kɪkɪgħ/ | crocodile |
| 3. | mnyakaw/<ay /mɲakaw/ | frog |
| 4. | moroy/<ut /mørøi/ | snake |
| 5. | köghökwo/kaghak /køħøkwa/ | fish |
| 6. | chepitot/<in /tʃepitot/ | carp |
| 7. | wurwur/<tin /wurwur/ | tadpole |
| 8. | lapilyan/<tin /lapiljan/ | trout |
| 9. | karlal/ay /karlal/ | hawksbill turtle |
| 10. | pterngal/<tin /pternjal/ | gecko |
| 11. | lopitik/<tin /lopitik/ | basilisk |
| 12. | martas/mortées /martas/ | monitor lizard |
| 13. | pkoköch/din /pkokətʃ/ | tortoise |
| 14. | pongos/ngoos /pənjas/ | lizard |
| | kapirmöt/<oy /kapırmə/ | red spotted lizard |
| | chemkaka/en /tʃemkaka/ | type of lizard |
| | pterngal /pternjal/ | type of lizard |
| | loduwuko/<tin /lodəwuko/ | type of lizard |
| | kapelkew/<ay /kapəlkew/ | brown desert lizard |
| | kasulkuch/<tin /kasulkutʃ/ | big lizard that eats termites |

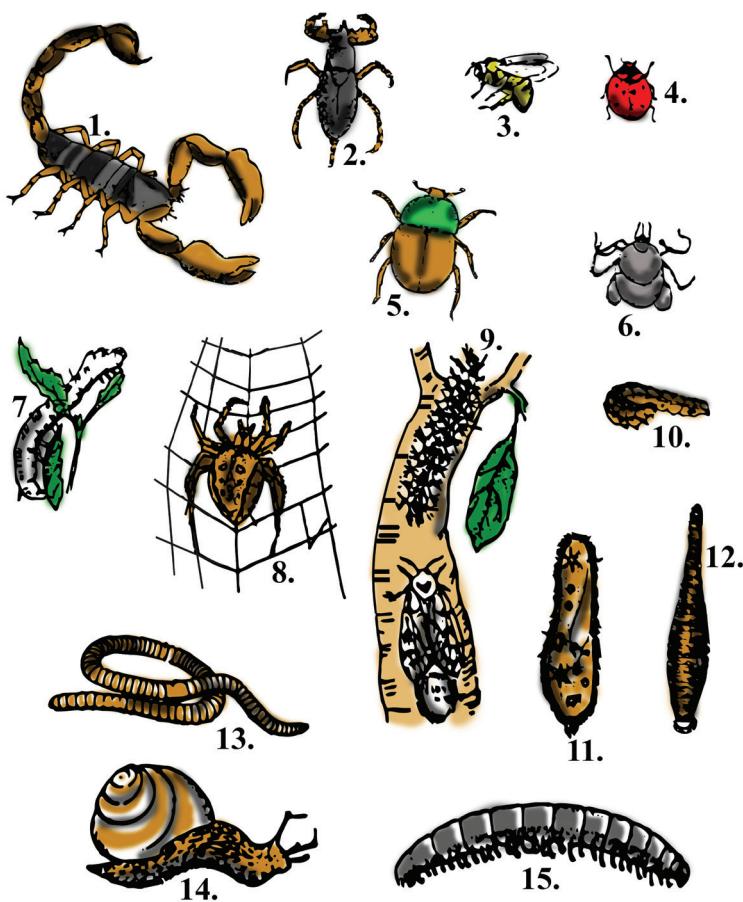


Fungi

1.	piryaket /pirjakət/	truffle
2.	sopopirio/sopopo /sopopirio/	meadow mushroom
3.	kelpömogh/kelyomogh /kelpəmɒg/	chestnut boletus
4.	kahöw/<tin /kahə/	honey fungus
5.	akidöny pö chepöghomin /akidon pə tʃepəɣmin/	funnel fungus
6.	psakar /psakar/	morel
8.	tapa chepkonöw /tapa tʃepkonəw/	parasol mushroom
9.	ortöwos/<tin /ortəwos/	mushroom
10.	to/ato/ /tə/	cep boletus
11.	mötpö lodongol /mətpə lodoŋol/	layer of tubes (hymenium)
12.	töpilo mayna /təpilo maina/	puffball
13.	tepüdö /tepıdə/	ring boletus
14.	tapa kariloch /taps karilotʃ/	mushroom
15.	söpöpir/tin /səpəpɪr/	mushroom



1.	tokol/<onut /tøkø:l/	scorpion
2.	loryong/<tin /lorjjon/	water scorpion
3.	sakam/sökömin /sakam/	bumble bee
4.	modotetanyo /mødøtetajø/	ladybird
5.	chesankirur /tʃesankirur/	beetle
6.	sinkoryö/en/tilisyä/tilis/psay/<tin /sinkorjä/ sinkoor/en/tilisyä/tilis/psay/<tin /sinko:r/	dogtick
7.	tölij/<tin/	silkworm
8.	chochoy/<oy /tʃotʃoi/	hunting spider
9.	kipongol/<tin /kiponjol/	cockchafer
10.	similmil/<ay /sımılmlı/	caterpillar
11.	kelpöchi kep-pöch / kelpətʃi kep-potʃ/	small insect to amoeba
	changkelyon/lotokon/<oy /tʃankeljon/	to amoeba
12.	pinyiny/in/pinyinyay /pininj/	leech
13.	sörungöny/<tin /sərunjən/	earthworm
14.	nyipita/en /nırıpta/	snail
15.	tikaskas/<tin/jay /tıkaskas/	millipede
	monkach/<tin /mørnkatʃ/	millipede



1.	chemontapan /tʃemontapan/	praying mantis
2.	simgang/<tin/siingangay /simganj/	beetle
	tintir pyat /tɪntɪr pjat/	dung beetle
3.	lokolonyo/talam /løkølønø/	locust
	kaperwö/oy/kaperon /kaperwə/	grasshopper
	kapsirwanti /kapsirwantı/	locust
	mu	insect abdomen
	kompakapsirwanti /kømpakapsirwantı/	head (eyes)
	kuti kapsirwanti /kapsirwantı/	mouth
	kuyo kapsirwanti /kujø kapsirwantı/	antenna
	takatu kapsirwanti /takatu kapsirwantı/	insect's thorax
4.	sümiya/en/sümnyö/en /sımnyja/	moth
5.	körömin/karam /kørømi:n/	wasp
	siwowin/siaww /siowin/	wasp
6.	takilkil/<oy /takilkil/	dragon fly
	pyepöywö/pyepay /pjepojwə/	flying termite
	chepönyöwor /tʃepənəwor/	termite
7.	sölöpchon/sölöp /søløptʃø:n/	cockroach
8.	tapirpur/<ay /tapirpur/	butterfly
9.	sökömin/sakam /søkəmin/	bee

